

Great Expectations





Read all about it!

Reading : Compare different newspaper styles

Writing : A persuasive essay

Listening: Understand the key points in a lecture

Speaking: Report an event

Language: Review past simple, past continuous and present perfect tenses

Life skills: Identify bias and exaggeration



Lessons 1 & 2



A Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary

announce (v) (d)	يعلن/يذيع
broadsheet (n)	صحيفة بصفحات عريضة
casualty (n)	ضحية/مصاب
cheat (n) (v) (ed)	خداع/محتال/يخدع
claim (v) (ed)	يزعم/يدعي
compensate (v) (d)	يعوض عن
demand (n) (v) (ed)	طلب/يطلب

investigate (v) (d)*	يفحص/يتحقق	
occur (v) (red)	شعي	
piracy (n)	قرصنة	
ruin (v) (ed)	يدمر	
shocked (adj)	مصدوم/ متفاجئ	
spin (v)	يدور/يدير	
tabloid (n)	صحيفة شعبية	

* The police are investigating the crime.

Vocabulary on Reading

afford (v) (ed)	يتحمل نفقات
amazing (adj)	مذهل
article (n)	مقال
author (n)	مؤلف/كاتب
authority (n)	سلطة/هيلة
block (v) (ed)	يسد/يعوق
booksellers (n)	بائعو الكثب
contents (n)	محتويات
copy (n) (v) (y ied)	نسخة/ينسخ
crime (n)	جريمة
dishonest (adj)	غير صادق/غير أمين
exist (v) (ed)	توذد
extreme (adj)	شدید/متطرف
factual (adj)	حقيقى
fans (n)	مشجعون/ معجبون
financially (adv)	اليا/مالينا
headline (n)	عنوان رئيسي (في الأخبار)
illegal (adj)	غیر شرعی/غیر قانونی

incident (n)	شدث	
media (n)	إعلام/وسائل الإعلام	
nervousness (n)	عصبية/توتر	
product (n)	منتج	
publish (v) (ed)	يطبع/ينشر	
rescuer (n)	منقذ	
result (n)	نتيجة	
rhyme (n)	قافية/قصيدة (أغنية) صغيرة	
route (n)	طريق	
sand (n)	رمال	
security (n)	أمن	
site (n)	موقع	
square (n) (adj)	مربع	
storm (n)	عاصفة	
strict (adj)	حازم/صارم	
tonne (n)	طن	
warning (n)	تحنير	

Vocabulary on Listening

accurate (adj)	دقيق
annoying (adj)	مزعج
apply for (v) (y ied)	يتقدم بطلب
apprenticeship (n)	فترة التدريب في مهنة
celebrity (n)	شخص مشهور
full-time (adj)	دوام کامل
give up (v)	يستسلم/ يتخلى عن
journalism (n)	الصحافة

journalist (n)	منطن
nosy (adj)	مُضولي
obviously (adv)	بوضوح
qualities (n)	سمات
quote (n) (v) (d)	القتباس/يقتبس
reporter (n)	مراسل صحفى
volunteer (n) (v) (ed)	متطوع/يتطوع

Workbook Vocabulary

convict (n)	مدان/محكوم عليه
copyright (n)	حقوق الملكية الفكرية/ حقوق التأليف والنشر
court (n)	محكمة
criminal (adj)	إجرامي/جنائي
Danish (adj)	دنماركى
digital (adj)	رقمى
former (adj)	سابق
lawyer (n)	محام
obtain (v) (ed)	يحصل على
pay (n) (v)	أجر/يدفع

permission (n)	إنن/تصريح
pirated (adj)	مقرصنة
punish (v) (ed)	يعلقب
punishment (n)	عقاب
refer to (v) (red)	يحيل إلى
require (v) (d)	يتطلب
sum (n)	مبلغ من المال
textbooks (n)	كتب مدرسية
violate (v) (d)	يخالف/ينتهك

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

at low cost	بتكلفة منخفضة	
at the same time	فى نفس الوقت	
(be) kept a secret	يحتفظ به كسر	
do an amazing job	يقوم بعمل منمل	
find out	يكتشف	
go around	يدور حول	
open for	مفتوح ال	

find a chance for	يجد فرصة لـ
for that reason	لذلك السبب
return to normal	يعود إلى طبيعته
wait with bated breath	ينتظر بفارغ الصبر
pass through	يمر عبر
share on	يشارك على
travel through	يسافر عبر

Derivatives

Verb Noun		Verb			Adjectiv	е
announce	يعلن	announcement announcer	إعلان/إذاعة مذيع	announced	معلن	
compensate	يعوض	compensation	تعويض	compensatory	تعويضى	
exist*	يوجد	existence	وجود	existent	موجود	
investigate	يحقق	investigation investigator	تحقيق محقق	investigative	تحقيقى	
occur	يحدث	occurrence	حدوث			
publish	ينشر	publishing publisher	نشر ناشر	published	منشور	
warn	يحذر	warning	تحنير	warning	تحذيري	

- Dinosaurs don't exist anymore.
 The existence of dinosaurs was thousands of years ago.
 Dinosaurs aren't existent.

المضاد Antonym

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning	
block	يسدايعوق	ob
claim	يدعى	alle
compensate	يعوض	ma
demand	يطلب	ord
extreme	شدید	int
factual	حقیقی/واقعی	rea
nosy	فضولى	cui
occur	يحدث	tal
result	نتيجة	со
ruin	يدمر	de
strict	صارم/حازم	ste

obstruct/hinder
allege/assert
make up for/repay
order/request
intense/severe
real/realistic
curious
take place/ happen
consequence/outcome
devastate/ destroy
stern

المرانف Synonym

allow/facilitate	يسمح/يسمل
conceal/hide	يخفى
penalise	بعاقب
reply/offer	يرد/يعرض
mild/low	معتدل/منخفض
false/fictional	مزيف/خيالي
uninterested/uncaring	غير ممتم
stop	يتوقف
Cause	سبب
construct/repair	يشيد/يصلح
flexible/gentle	مرن/لطيف

Check Point	1 Choose the correct	answer from a, b, c o	rd:
The store had falsel	ythat its produ	icts were all natural.	
a) improved	b) tried	c) claimed	d) suggested
The court said that	the workers who had bee	n fired without good	reasons should be
a) punished	b) compensated	c) penalised	d) ruled
The Chinese car cor	mpany the laur	nch of its new range o	f cars.
a) announced	b) applied	c) presented	d) repented
4 The government's p	orimary objective of impro	oving roads is reducin	g road
a) builders	b) workers	c) passengers	d) casualties
5 Sami warned me no	ot to play cards with Wael,	saying that he is a big	
a) clerk	b) cheat	c) boss	d) writer



Reading Text (1)

Let's read and focus on the new vocabulary in the texts.

A) New Harry Potter book shown online

Photographs of all 784 pages of *Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows* have appeared on the internet, four days before J.K. Rowling's final book is due to be published.

It is not known who took photographs of the book, whose contents have been kept a secret before the book is published at 12.01 am on Saturday. Some websites have removed the photos after receiving warnings from the publisher's lawyers, but photos of the book can still be read on other sites. It is also claimed⁽¹⁾ that some people were typing up copies of the book from the photos to share on social media.

This all occurred (2) despite the careful security which has been put in place before the book is published. This included asking booksellers not to tell the media when or if they had copies of the book. The incident highlights the problems of online book piracy(3), which is becoming much more common.

B) Internet cheat ruins Potter surprise

Just four days before J.K. Rowling's final book about Harry Potter is published, an internet cheat⁽⁴⁾ has shared every page of the book online. This has ruined⁽⁵⁾ the surprise for millions of readers, who have been waiting with bated breath⁽⁶⁾ to find out what happens to the famous character.

Several websites show photographs of every page of Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows, which means that you can read the whole book online, including the long-awaited ending. Lawyers have demanded that the websites stop showing the illegal photos, and,

fortunately, some websites have agreed. However, other people have typed up the text from the photos and are likely to share the story on other websites.

Fans of Harry Potter were shocked (8) by the news. "It's terrible," says Kate Strong from Cambridge, who plans to buy the new book for her children. "The person who has done this should be put in prison."



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(دىث (2
(قرصنة (3
(محتال (4
(دمر (5
(ينتظر بفارغ الصبر (6
(طلب (7
1	

Reading Text (2)

Ever Given blocks Suez Canal

Rescuers have finally moved a huge ship which was blocking traffic going through the Suez Canal. The ship, called the *Ever Given*, is 400 metres long and weighs 200,000 tonnes. It is one of the largest of this type of ships in the world.

The ship was travelling through the Suez Canal on 23 March when there was a sandstorm. The ship's captain said that a strong wind spun the ship so that both its front and back hit the sides of the canal. The result was that no ships could travel past the ship for nearly a

week.

Yesterday, more than 380 ships were waiting to pass through the canal. Many ship companies wanted to know if there was another route. A few of the ships' captains decided to go around the south of Africa instead, but this added about eight days to their journey.

At the same time, some countries announced that they would send products

by air, but this is about three times more expensive as sending it by ship.

The accident was terrible for businesses around the world. That is because around 12% of the world's business products pass through the canal each day so the accident cost both Egypt and other countries millions of dollars.

Luckily, smaller Egyptian boats were finally able to move the *Ever Given* yesterday. They did an amazing job. They moved around 30,000 square metres of sand under the ship before they took the ship to the Great Bitter Lake, in the middle of the canal. The canal authorities told us that they won't know the true cause of the accident until they investigate⁽³⁾.

Although the canal is open for ships again today, traffic through the canal won't return to normal for many days. Experts are investigating the possible casualties for all sides. They are also studying the accident carefully to see how Egypt can be compensated financially.

Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

(A) Punished for stealing books!

An International Crime Court in Denmark punished a twenty-year-old student for selling pirated digital copies of textbooks. The student said she was only trying to help others buy cheaper books.

The student was punished and required to pay a large sum of money for her crime. The criminal lawyer made it clear that copying e-books without the permission of the author is a crime.

(B) Piracy is a crime!

In recent news, a former Danish student in her late 20s was punished for selling pirated digital copies of textbooks. Her crimes were referred to the country's International Crime Court.

The criminal lawyer stated that the convict has now received a punishment for violating copyright law. He also said that it is important to understand that even though it is easy to do so, it is a crime to copy e-books without the permission of the author. When asked to give a reason why she sold books that she does not own the rights to, the student said she was helping students obtain books at a lower price. It was made clear to her that copying e-books that one does not own the rights to is illegal. In addition to being punished by law, she is also required to pay a large sum of money for the crime of piracy.

March 2021

Listening Text (1)



Reporter: How did you get into journalism ??

Journalist: I started as a trainee on a local newspaper and then I started a three year apprenticeship (2).

I've written for many newspapers

since that time.

Reporter: What advice can you give a student reporter like me?

Journalist: Learn from your mistakes! When I
was first interviewing people, I was asking too many questions. Let
the person talk and always listen very carefully. Give both sides of
the story and make sure any facts or quotes (3) are accurate. When

I first wrote news stories, I often included my own feelings and opinions. This was not good. If you're writing a news story, try to

be objective.

Reporter: Have you ever interviewed anyone famous?

Journalist: I've interviewed lots of celebrities (4).

Reporter: Who was the most annoying person you've interviewed?

Journalist: There was one grumpy person that I remember! I was interviewing a well-known actor when he told me to be quiet. The actor didn't

want to answer my questions!

Reporter : Is it a hard job?

Journalist: It can be. Sometimes I wonder why I'm tired, and I remember that I've worked for twelve hours without a break! But journalists usually love what they do.

Reporter: What kind of person does a good journalist have to be?

Journalist: You obviously have to be good at writing, but you also have to be a naturally nosy⁽⁵⁾ person and you really need to be interested in people. I've worked with a lot of journalists and the best ones have these three qualities.

Reporter: What advice would you give to young people listening who want to become journalists?

Journalist: Get some experience on the school newspaper or work for a local newspaper for free.

And don't give up. Keep trying until someone gives you a chance. I was working as a volunteer of and at a shop while I was at university. And I applied for eighteen jobs before I got my first full-time in job. 12 years later, I'm still here!



دوام كامل (7)

Listening Text (2) (Workbook)

Manal: Mum, Soha has broken the computer! It's not working.

Soha : I didn't break it, Manall

Manal: But you used it last.

Soha : Yes, but it was working when I used it.

Mum : Sorry, girls, I forgot to say that it broke yesterday.

Dad : That computer is always breaking! We need a new one.

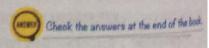
Let's check your memory

Check Point (2)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

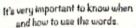
- 1 The tourist booklet gives a detailed and ______ description of each temple in Luxor.
 - a) unclear b) accurate
 - c) vague d) electrical
- 2 Hedaya Malak became a/an _____ after winning two bronze medals at the Olympics.
 - a) detective b) inventor
- c) celebrity d) editor
- 3 A/An _____ neighbour actually videotaped the famous actor's family in their own backyard
 - a) nosy
 b) honest
 d) innocent
- c) loyal

 4 The article about the crime included ______ from the detectives who worked on the case.
 - a) rules b) essays
 - c) proverbs d) quotes
- 5 The famous player has decided to _____up football at the end of this season.
 - a) hold b) take
 - c) give d) get





Vocabulary in Use







cheat	مشاش/محتال
someone who behaves in a dishonest way in order to get something	and the same of th
demand	يطلب
to ask for something in a very strict and serious way	
incident	شد حدث
a formal word meaning 'event'	
piracy	<u> </u>
when someone illegally copies and sells someone's work	+11F(2) //
ruined	ــ دمر
completely spoiled something	
shocked shocked	ـــ مصدوم
an extreme adjective meaning very surprised and upset	
—— wait with bated breath	 ينتظر بفارغ الصبر
a phrase meaning waiting with a lot of nervousness and excitement	Contain a
claim claim	ــ يدعى
say something is true, although it has not been proved	
the first state of the first sta	_ يحدث _
happen or exist in a particular place or situation	

Notes on Vocabulary

factual		based on facts, or involving facts
	واقعى/حقيقى (غير خيالي)	The court makes its decision based on factual evidence.
true		based on real facts, and not imagined or invented
	حقيقى/صلدق	The film was based on a true story.
		واقعی/حقیقی (غیر خیالی) true

newspaper/paper

جريدة/صحيفة

There was an interesting article in the local paper/newspape. today.

the press

الصحافة (تشمل كل المطبوعات الإخبارية كالجرائد والمحلات

The press are always interested in stories about the royal family in England.

the media



وسائل الإعلام (تشمل الصحيف والمجلات والإذاعة والتليفزيون)

 Terrorism is an issue that receives a lot of attention in the media.

tabloid

صحيفــة شـعبية (صغيــرة الحجم وتكثــر غيها الصور والقصص البسيطة) The famous actor earned much money after selling his wedding photos to tabloid newspapers.

broadsheet

صحيفــة ذات صفحــات عريضة (تقل فيهــا الصور وتتناول الأخبار الجادة والدولية)

Broadsheet newspapers are aimed at educated readers with their serious articles.

incident

something that happens, especially something that is unusual or unpleasant, or something that is one of several events حدث غير عادي أو غير ســـار أو جزء من سلســـلة

- من الأحداث > He died after a violent incident outside the club.
 - This latest incident could put an end to his career.

event



interesting حدث مهم أو مشوق

something that happens, especially something important or

There was much attention to the recent political events in the Middle East.

occasion

an important social event or celebration

- She only wore the dress for special occasions.
 - It was his 70th birthday, and friends and family gathered to mark the occasion.

investigate

to try to find out the truth about something such as a crime, accident, or scientific problem يتحرى ا يفحص (لاكتشاف الحقائق عن شيء

- Police officers are investigating an explosion in the city مثل جريمة أو حادث أو مسألة علمية)
 - The aim of the study is to investigate how climate change is affecting animal behaviour.

inspect

to examine something carefully to make sure that it is correct, safe, or working properly, especially when it is your job to do this يفتش (يفحص شيئًا بعناية للتأكد من الصحة

- The building is regularly inspected by a fire-safety officer. والأمان أو العمل بشكل صحيحا
 - Some officials have already been here to inspect the damage caused by the storm.

	site موقع أمسـتخدم لغرض محدد أو حدوث شــىء مهم)	a place, especially one that will be used for a particular purpose, or where something important happened There are plans to develop the site for housing. The area has become a dumping site for nuclear waste.
(5)	scene مشهد(مکان حدوث شیء سیئ)	the place where something bad such as an accident or crime happened • Ambulance crews were at the accident scene within minutes.
	venue موقـع حدث (مكان حــدث كاجتمــاع أو حفل أو لعبة)	a place where something such as a meeting, concert, game takes place The venue for the next Olympic Games is Italy. The hotel is a popular wedding venue.
	announce یعلن عن (خبر/بیان)	• The jury announced the winner of the competition to an excited audience.
	advertise یعلن عن/ یروج (منتج أو افتتاح)	Most companies advertise their products on the Internet.
	occur/ happen یحدث (غالبنا بدون ترتیب)	An accident involving over ten vehicles has occurred/happened on the highway.
	take place يحدث (غالبنا بخطة أو ترتيب)	The next meeting will take place on Thursday.

on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts Notes

Did you notice these notes while reading?

- Some websites have removed the photos after receiving warnings from the publisher's lawyers.
 - لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بعد (after) لعدم وجود فاعل.
- Lawyers have demanded that the websites stop showing the illegal photos.
 - لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بعد الفعل (stop) بمعنى يتوقف عن.
- The ship, called the Ever Given, is 400 metres long and weighs 200,000 tonnes.

- لاحظ اختصار جملة الوصل (called the Ever Given) واستخدام الفاصلتين فالجملة أصلها:

The ship, which is called the Ever Given, is 400 metres long and weighs 200,000 tonnes.

Keep trying until someone gives you a chance.

- لاحظ استخدام صيغة الأمر قبل (until) والمضارع البسيط بعدها للتعبير عن المستقبل.

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

An International Crime Court in Denmark punished a twenty-year-old student for لاحظ استخدام صيغة المفرد في مثل هذه الصفات المركبة. When asked to give a reason why she sold books that she does not own the rights to, لاحظ استخدام جملة كاملة بعد (reason why). In addition to being punished by law, she is also required to لاحظ استخدام اسم أو (verb+ ing) بعد (In addition to) أما (In addition) فيتبعها جملة كاملة. **Check Point** Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 That strange criminal reveals hischaracter to very few people. a) factual b) true c) fictional d) common 2 The police confirmed that an inquiry was started into the killing a) fact c) occasion d) incident b) event 3 The trial was fully reported in the All important TV channels and famous newspapers sent reporters. b) tabloid a) press c) media d) paper 4 The car had been abandoned two kilometres away from the of the robbery. a) site b) scene c) venue d) destination 5 The Tourist Authorities shouldall new hotels to issue a licence for their owners. a) inspect b) investigate c) search d) research Check the answers at the end of the book.





Vocabulary Exercises

a Analysing Evaluating Remembering Understanding Applying The best way to check your understanding is to practise. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Key vocabulary, Reading, Listening, Workbook Vocabulary & Vocabulary Notes 1 The TV channel has the date of the second season of my favourite TV serials. c) announced d) rehearsed a) assisted b) demanded 2 Unfortunately, the movie was broadcasted online by a who had stolen a copy. c) deceit d) cheat a) reverse b) route 3 The news announced that fortunately, the number of of the train accident wasn't high. c) survivors a) passengers d) rescuers b) casualties 4 Nothing could evera mother for the pain of being separated from her children. c) demand d) afford a) compensate b) hire 5 My grandfather is over seventy years old andconstant care. c) demands d) releases a) inquires b) acquires 6 The company said it would any customer complaints very fast. c) ignore b) duplicate a) investigate 7 Great economic changes have in Egypt during the last few days. d) occurred c) placed b) repaired a) punished 8is the act of making illegal copies of DVDs, computer programs, books, etc, in order to sell them. d) Apprenticeship c) Inquiry b) Piracy 0. a) Accuracy 9 The young woman has the sauce by adding too much salt and garlic. d) contracted c) violated b) refreshed 10 The storm has the ship and the captain couldn't control it. c) compensated d) replaced b) spun a) orbited 11 The young man couldn't the money to go on the trip for his honeymoon. d) afford c) stand b) stop a) fill 12 The terrible accident has two lanes of traffic on the freeway. c) blocked d) constructed b) booked a) listed 13 The police reported that the fire had caused severe damage to the of the building. d) directions c) intrusions b) contents 14 The story about the war victims dominated newspaper around the world. c) addresses d) fans b) lines a) headlines 15 Most local newspapers are usually daily to cope with the current events. b) publicised c) spread d) published a) prevailed 16 The tourists studied the map and planned their trip accurately. b) avenue c) route d) view a) method 17 My sister had to go on a/an diet and lost a lot of weight. c) digital b) strict d) easy 18 Ais a newspaper that has large pages and that usually deals with serious subjects. c) broadsheet b) tabloid 19 The famous actress has signed a deal to the company's hair care products. c) claim d) respond b) advertise a) announce

20	The customer serv	rice clerk told me that r	ny complaint was	to the manager.
	a) released	b) retreated	c) referred	d) replied
21	Two people were	shot vesterday in two S	eparatein the	e street.
	a) rounds	b) feasts	c) results	d) incidents
22	A is a per:	son who has been four	nd guilty of a crime an	d sent to prison.
	a) lawyer	b) convict	c) detective	d) jailer
23	All cases of murde	r are tried in a	court because they d	eserve a strong penalty.
	a) criminal	b) lawful	c) ruling	d) political
24	My uncle works as	b) lawful an advisor to a	minister who has re	tired recently.
	a) formal	b) present	c) former	d) clear
25	Doctors need writ			n do a serious operation.
	a) degree	b) licence	c) affection	d) permission
26	Hugeof r	noney have been inves	ted in projects in Sina	i in the last few years.
	a) sums	b) quantities	c) qualities	d) assets
27	The young man w	as arrested for	traffic laws which resi	ulted in a terrible accident.
	a) obeying	b) following	c) denying	d) violating
28	The five-star hotel	in downtown Cairo is a	a popular wedding	because of its fantastic
	halls.			
	a) site	b) scene	c) venue	d) view
29	The new student in	n our class is aper	son who would interfe	ere in anyone's personal affairs.
	a) nosy	b) friendly	c) criminal	d) private
30	Piracy and breaking	g copyrights law is a	that should be	fought severely to encourage
	innovation.	line again.		
)	a) mark	271010		
31	My elder brother o	doesn't like wearing sui	ts. He only wears them	on formal
	a) incidents			d) accidents
32		npany has just launche		the market.
	a) produce	b) product	c) harvest	d) tool
(E	xpressions, Idioms, I	Prepositions, Derivatives	s, Synonyms & Antonym	าร
33				the synonym of
0.4	a) severe	b) mild	c) low	d) regular
34	The shop is about	to close and is colling t		
				ow cost.
	a) in	b) at	c) of	d) out
35	I think you should	b) at take the highway as all	c) of l other roads will force	d) out you to go the city.
	I think you should a) next	b) at take the highway as allb) straight	c) ofl other roads will forcec) around	d) out you to go the city. d) right
	I think you should a) next Experts believe that	b) at take the highway as allb) straight	c) ofl other roads will forcec) around	d) out you to go the city.
	I think you should a) next Experts believe that COVID-19 crisis.	 b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit 	c) of l other roads will force c) around tions will take years to	d) out you to go the city. d) right
36	I think you should a) next Experts believe the COVID-19 crisis. a) fly	 b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive 	c) of l other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return
36	I think you should a) next Experts believe the COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries.
36 37	I think you should a) next Experts believe the COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare a) occur	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i c) occurred	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries. d) occurs
36 37	I think you should a) next Experts believe that COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare a) occur We waited with ba	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the of heart b) occurrence ted for the wi	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i c) occurred	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries. d) occurs
36 37 38	I think you should a) next Experts believe that COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare a) occur We waited with bat a) smell	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the of heart b) occurrence ted for the will b) sight	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i c) occurred nner to be announced c) breath	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries. d) occurs l. d) breeze
36 37 38	I think you should a) next Experts believe that COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare a) occur We waited with bat a) smell All ships know that	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the of heart b) occurrence ted for the wi	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i c) occurred nner to be announced c) breath	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries. d) occurs l. d) breeze
36 37 38 39	I think you should a) next Experts believe that COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare a) occur We waited with bat a) smell All ships know that a) of	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the of heart b) occurrence ted for the will b) sight t passing the S	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i c) occurred nner to be announced c) breath Guez Canal saves time c) at	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries. d) occurs l. d) breeze and money. d) through
36 37 38 39	I think you should a) next Experts believe that COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare a) occur We waited with bat a) smell All ships know that a) of History books have	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the of heart b) occurrence ited for the win b) sight t passing the S b) for	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i c) occurred nner to be announced c) breath Suez Canal saves time c) at factual details arrange	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries. d) occurs l. d) breeze and money.
36 37 38 39	I think you should a) next Experts believe that COVID-19 crisis. a) fly The study compare a) occur We waited with bat a) smell All ships know that a) of History books have	b) at take the highway as all b) straight at the economic condit b) drive es the of heart b) occurrence ted for the will b) sight t passing the S	c) of I other roads will force c) around tions will take years to c) become t disease among men i c) occurred nner to be announced c) breath Suez Canal saves time c) at factual details arrange	d) out you to go the city. d) right to normal after the d) return in various countries. d) occurs l. d) breeze and money. d) through



Lessons 1 & 2



Language

Past simple

الماضي البسيط

Form

التصريف الثاني للفعل + Subject

·I/He/They passed the exam.

-Negative

Subj. + didn't + inf. ▶

•I/He/They didn't watch the match.

-Interrogative

Did + subj. + inf.?/ Wh-word + did + subj + inf.? ▶ • Did the police arrest the criminal?

•Where did he spend the holiday?

Passive

Obj. + was/ were + P.P. ▶

The criminal was arrested.

حدث بدأ وانتمي في الماضي. :For an action which began and finished in the past

- My mother took me to the dentist yesterday.
- Mozart wrote more than 600 pieces of music.

For actions which happened immediately one after the other in the past: للأحداث التي حدثت تباعنا واحدًا تلو الأخر في الماضي.

Yasser worked very fast and finished before everyone else in the class.

For past habits which are now finished: (We can also use: used to) للعادات التي كانت في الماضي ولم يعد لها وجود الآن.

People travelled/used to travel on camels in the past.

For retelling stories:

لسرد أحداث القصص

Usage الاستخدام

When the thief tried to escape, the police attacked him bravely. In the end, he was arrested and sent to prison for life.

The past simple is used with the following time expressions: يستخدم الماضي البسيط مع هذه التعبيرات

yesterday, last night/ week/ month/ year/ Friday, etc, two days/ weeks/ months ago, then, when, How long ago ...?, in 1900/ 2000/2012, the other day, etc.

- He graduated from Assuit University in 1991.
- How long ago did she leave her work?

Using (for) with past simple:

يستخدم الماضي البسيط مع for للتعبير عن سيرة شخص ذاتية أو أحداث استمرت لعدد من السنين أو الشَّهور.

- My father went to the Faculty of Commerce for four years.
- My grandfather lived in Italy for 5 years.

With (always - never - often, etc.) to express habits in the past:

يستخدم مع نفس كلمات المضارع البسيط ليدل على العادة في الماضي.

- When he was a child, he always walked to school.
- I never thought that it would be possible to buy things on the internet.

Unit 1 V Lessons 1 & 2

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

The past simple: be/have/do

الفاعل	be		have		have do		iave do	
	الاثبات	النفى	الاثبات	النفى	الاثبات	النفى		
1	was	wasn't	had	didn't have	did	didn't do		
He	was	wasn't	had	didn't have	did	didn't do		
She	was	wasn't	had	didn't have	did	didn't do		
lt	was	wasn't	had	didn't have	did	didn't do		
They	were	weren't	had	didn't have	did	didn't do		
We	were	weren't	had	didn't have	did	didn't do		
You	were	weren't	had	didn't have	did	didn't do		

G	ot	1
	ALC: N	CO 179

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

: (?)

- he at the gym yesterday?

a) Were

b) Did

c) Has

d) Was

الإدابة هي (d) لأنه بعد الفاعل حرف جر ثم مكان، لذلك نستخدم verb to be



ا)لا ياتي بعد v. to be فعل في الماضي البسيط ولكن اسم أو صفة.

- Ali was a taxi driver ten years ago. (was + noun)
- Ali was ill last week. (was + adjective)

٢) بعض الأفعال المربكة عند استخدامها في الماضي، ولذلك يجب حفظ تصريفها جيدًا.

Some confusing verbs when used in the past:

1. fall	يسقط/يقع	fell	fallen
fell	يوقع/يقطع شجرة	felled	felled
2. find	يجد	found	found
found	يۇسس	founded	founded
3. lie	يستلقى/يضطجع	lay	lain
lay	تضع البيض/تعد منضدة	laid	laid
4. wind	يلف عقارب الساعة	wound	wound
wound	يجرح	wounded	wounded
5. ring	يتصل/يرن	rang	rung
ring	يضع دائرة حول	ringed	ringed

٢﴾ نستخدم الماضى البسيط وليس الماضى المستمر عند الحديث عن العادة في الماضي. • When I was on holiday, I went to the beach every day.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: **Check Point** absent in class yesterday. 1 A lot of students d) don't b) didn't c) aren't a) were 2 |like the film on TV last night. d) haven't c) didn't a) don't b) am not 3 Fifty years ago, peopleused mobile phones. c) didn't d) never a) always b) weren't My mother made me a cake. It of lemons. a) had tasted b) tasted c) was tasting d) is tasting 65 My dadon business trips to Japan four times last year. a) used to go b) was going c) had gone d) went



Past habits: (used to - would)

للتعبير عن عادات الماضي يمكن استخدام:

1 used to

نستخدم used to للتعبير عن المواقف الدائمة وعادات الماضي والروتين والحقائق التي كانت قديمًا ولكنها لم تعد الآن.

- I used to have a bike, but now I don't.
- My father used to be a teacher, but now he is a manager in a big company.
- I used to play for the school team on Fridays when I was a student.

نستخدم used to أيضنا للأشياء التي كانت دائمنا حقيقية ولم تعد الأن.

- This building is now a furniture shop. It used to be a cinema.
- Jeans used to come only in blue. Now you can buy them in any colour.

did + subj. + use to في السؤال نستخدم Subj. + didn't use to في النفي نستخدم

		1167	Yes/ No questions			
Did	subject	use to	base for	m		
	you	Lary p	S. A. Samon, S. Lang, S. Maria	you	were	a Bacq
Did	she	use to	have a mobile phone when	she	was	young?
	they		ong, to a larger little to solve a	they	were	

			Negative	Tay I	- Mariana	
Subject	didn't	use to	base for	m		ALC: Po
I She They	didn't	use to	have a mobile phone when	I she they	was was were	young.

Unit 1 Lessons 1 & 2

Be (get) used to + v.ing

- * (Be used to) means 'be accustomed to', 'be in the habit of:
 - be (get) + used to + v-ing/noun/pronoun عن عادة في الماضي وما زالت تحدث حتى الأن.
 - My father is very active. He is used to getting up early.
 - I didn't like my job at first, but I'm (get) used to it now.
 - She isn't used to living in hot climates.

Object + (be + used to) + inf. = passive

ين جاء قبل be used to مفعول يأتي بعدها المصدر، وفي هذه الحالة يكون المعنى (يستخدم) وليس يعتاد.

This knife is used to cut onions.

Object + (be + used for) + ing.

مستخدم be used for + ving للإشارة إلى الاستخدام العام للأشياء:

Knives are used for cutting things.

▶ Pens are used for writing.

No longer / any longer

سنندم no longer وبعدها فعل مضارع أو any longer ومعها مضارع منفي بدلًا من used to

Osama no longer walks regularly.

= Osama used to walk regularly.

Osama doesn't walk regularly any longer.



ر) في النفي دائمنا نجد didn't use to ولكن يمكن نفي الجملة باستخدام التعبير الأتي used not to.

Long time ago, clothes used not to be expensive.

r) نستخدم used صفة بمعنى مستخدم وهي من الفعل use بمعنى يستخدم.

- It's very dangerous to buy used clothes nowadays because of diseases.
- Used cars are always much cheaper than the new ones.
- 2 would + inf.

ستندم would + inf. للتعبير عن العادات والسلوك النمطي المتكرر في الماضي وليس عن الشيء الدائم وثوابت الأشياء.

At weekends, my father would go and buy fruit and also he would buy me sweets.

هذه الجملة تعبر عن سلوك متكرر لشخص وليس عن مواقف وأشياء حقيقية مثل امتلاك شخص لشيء أو وظيفة لديه.

I used to have a bike when I was ten years old. (NOT: I would have a bike ...)



state verbs لا تستخدم مع would

- I used to know much about football. (NOT: I would know much about football.)
- ولمزيد من التوضيح نقول إن would تستخدم للأشياء التي كان من الممكن فعلها أو عدم فعلها مثل لعب الكرة فكنا نلعب أو لا نلعب ولكن شخص كلنت وظيفته رسامنا مثلًا فهل الوظيفة تتجزأ فتكون في وقت دون آخر بالطبع لا فهنا لا نستخدم would ·
- ▶ When I was younger, I would play with my friends.
- My brother would be a good painter.



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- When I was 10 years old, I bicycle.

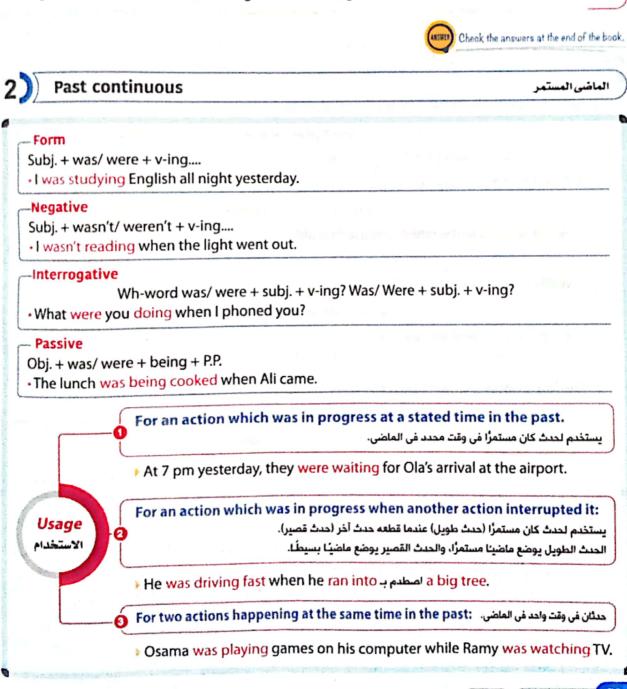
a) would have b) used to be

c) used to have

d) was having

الإجابة هي (c) لأن الفعل have لا يأتي مع would عندما نشير للملكية.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Check Point 5 1 He usuallylate for the training sessions when he was a member in the team. c) used to arrive d) arrived a) arrive b) arrives 🥖 Where did you to play when you were young? a) used d) uses c) use b) using (3) I once the newspaper every day. Now I don't have the time. a) have read b) used to read c) had read d) was reading When we were children, mother accompany us to bed and read us a bedtime story. c) wasn't used to d) didn't used to b) was used to 👸 When we were on holiday, weup early every day and spend all day on the beach. d) will get a) get b) would get c) got Check the answers at the end of the book. Past continuous الماضي المستمر Form



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The past continuous is used with the following time expressions:

سنندم الماضي المستمر مع هذه التعبيرات:

when, while, as, all day/ night/morning, etc.



لاحظ أنه يمكن وضع الماضي المستمر أو البسيط بعد When على حسب معنى الجملة أيهما مستمر وأيهما قاطع:

- She was cleaning the room when she found her ring.
- When she was cleaning the room, she found her ring.

ولكي تصل إلى إتقان هذا الزمن لا بد أن تعلم أن الحدث المستمر يوضع ماضيًا مستمرًا، والحدث القاطع يوضع ماضيًا بسيطًا.

Advanced Points

1 While + past simple (was/ were), past simple.

لا يمكن استخدام being بعد was/ were لأنها فعل لا يستخدم في الاستمرار.

- ▶ While I was ill, many people visited me.
- 2 While + v-ing إذا لم يوجد فاعل

وهنا لا بد أن يكون فاعل الجملة الثانية هو الفاعل المحذوف.

• While walking in the street, she met her old classmate.

وخطأ أن نقول.

While playing football, it rained. X

في الجملة السابقة يفهم من الجملة أن التي أمطرت هي التي كانت تلعب الكرة ولكن نقول.

While playing football, Ahmed fell down.

فهنا الذي وقع هو الذي كان يلعب الكرة وهو أحمد.

3 During + noun = while + past cont.

نستخدم الاسم بعد during ولا نستخدم v.ing، وإذا لزم الأمر نستخدم صفات الملكية قبل .v-ing

- During his stay in London, he met many famous people.
- During my reading, a bird flew into my room.



Language Exercises

Office in the		example of the same		
Cho	ose the correct an	swer from a, b, c or d:		
1	Hehis le	eg in a skiing accident l	ast winter.	
		b) breaks		d) was broken
2	While Yusuf	for the bus, it starte	ed to rain.	
	a) waits	b) had waited	c) waited	d) was waiting
3	First, she knocked	on the door. Then she	inside.	
	a) had gone	b) went	c) was going	d) goes
4			te the best composition	
	a) won	b) to win	c) is winning	d) wins
5	Ahmed's car was h	it by a driver who	at a mad speed.	
	a) was driving	b) drive	c) was driven	d) drives
6	you at h	nome yesterday mornin	g?	
	a) Did	b) Are	c) Will	d) Were
7	What w	hen I called you? You so	ounded very busy.	
	a) did you do	b) were you doing	c) had you done	d) are you doing
8	Yesterday, he	lunch at a splend	lid restaurant.	
	a) has	b) has had	c) had	d) is having
9	As wed	lown the hill, a strange	object appeared in the	sky.
.)	a) drive	b) had driven	c) were driving	d) drove
10	While I was playing	g football, Ia	and broke my leg.	
	a) had fallen	b) fell	c) was falling	d) felled
11	They didn't believe	him and to	laugh.	
	a) begin	b) have begun	c) began	d) had begun
12	How long ago	?		
	a) does she study	in the library	b) will she stay in P	aris
	c) have you known	her	d) did they leave	
13	They th	at bridge when I was h	ere last year. They have	n't finished it yet.
	a) were building	b) built	c) had built	d) are building
14	A: Why didn't you	go to the factory? B: I	no time.	
	a) have	b) had	c) hadn't	d) didn't have
15	When I	my homework, my sist	er was helping my motl	her.
	a) did	b) had done	c) was doing	d) am doing
16	Thirty years ago, p	eoplelittle a	about the internet and i	ts benefits.
	a) had known	b) have known	c) should know	d) knew
17	While I	at home, a man knocke	ed on the door and aske	ed for help.
	a) have been	b) was	c) was being	d) had been

1	18	He gave me back the book and	me for lending it to him.				
	, ()	a) was thanking	b) used to thank				
		c) had thanked	d) thanked				
	19	As my mother was exhausted, she fell as	leep whileTV.				
		a) was watching	b) had watched				
		c) watching	d) being watched				
	20	During to school, I saw some	students quarrelling fiercely				
		a) my walk	b) walks				
ı		c) walking	d) was walking				
	21	How many people to the mee	eting yesterday?				
1		a) did come	b) come				
		c) are coming	d) came				
	22	Shelate for meetings. No wor	nder she was never promoted				
		a) always coming	b) was always coming				
		c) never came	d) had come				
١	23	The dentist my tooth out the	other day.				
		a) was taken	b) is taking				
1		c) took	d) will take				
	24	She while she was working in	the garden last weekend.				
	L	a) was hurting	b) was hurt				
()	c) had hurt	d) hurt				
	25	When I was a student, Iup ear	ly and study my lessons on my own.				
		a) got	b) was getting				
		c) would get	d) was used to get				
	26	Henobody about his secret th	nat day.				
		a) don't tell	b) hadn't told				
	07	c) didn't tell	d) told				
	21	When my father was young, he always	to work.				
١		a) was walking	b) walked				
	28	c) had walked	d) walks				
1	20	Whileat a high temperature, t	he food got burnt.				
۱		a) being cooked c) cooking	b) was cooking				
1	29		d) was being cooked				
.		Which one of the following sentences is g	grammatically correct?				
1		a) When I was young, I was doing my hor	nework every day.				
ı		b) When I was young, I do my homework	every day.				
- Contractor		c) When I was young, I did my homework d) When I was young I was never de-	every day.				
	30	d) When I was young, I was never done m	ny homework every day.				
		Which one of the following sentences isn a) My father was always criticising me wh	t in the past continuous tense?				
		b) While driving fast, Ali had an accident.	ien i was young.				
		c) The film was interesting, so we waited	sill at				
		d) During their stay in England thou last	till the end.				
-	d) During their stay in England, they learnt much English.						

Test Yourself @

Unit 1 Lessons 1 & 2

Applying Analysing Evaluating Creating

Ch	poose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:		
1	The medical company representatives	that their drug pr	events hair loss.
	a) cheat b) claim		
2	There are a number of ways in which the pul	blic can help the police	to fight
ji'	a) accuracy b) affection		
3	By law, it is to drive a car without	having a driving licenc	e. 1
100	a) logical b) legal	c) illegal	d) accurate
4	All my family were deeplyby gran	ndmother's death. We le	oved her very much.
. 1	a) shocked b) pleased	c) strict	d) annoying
5	Wreckage of the plane was seen 300 metres	away from the crash	processors to a 6 story
	a) view b) scenery	c) site	d) position
6	Since his childhood, Dr Moustafa has shown	great leadership	
	a) sums b) articles	c) quantities	d) qualities
7	Ais a newspaper which has small	l pages, large photos a	nd short stories which are
	easy to explain.		
	a) tabloid b) broadsheet	c) comic	d) media
8	The company manager insists that clerks shou	ldall customer co	mplaints and give a report.
	a) inspect b) investigate	c) detect	d) refuse
9	Sameh had an accident as he the		
	a) had crossed b) crossed		
10	Thereenough facilities for local p		
•)	a) didn't use to be b) used to be		
11	His father was a doctor and he to		
	a) wants b) wanted		
12	2 During his school years, my father		
	a) would take b) had taken		
13	I was reading a book when you m		
	a) were phoning b) had phoned		
14	When I was younger, Iswimming with		
	a) am used to go b) would go		d) go
15	While she was doing her homework, my siste		
	a) listens b) is listening	c) had listened	d) was listening
16	When the old lady returned to her flat, she four		
	a) during b) while	c) before	d) until
17	Choose the sentence		
	a) When people think of Paris, they think of t		
	b) The Empire state building is a symbol of N		Volume and the second
	c) Visitors to New York usually want to see th		
10	d) The Golden gate bridge is in San Francisco	od the menue antonto	
18	"Everybody agrees that television has chang	eu trie way we entertai	n. This can be a/an
	of an essay.	b) body	
	a) introduction	d) greeting	
	c) conclusion	-/ greeting	

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

- 19 An expository essay is a kind of essay which
 - a) gives a clear, focused explanation of a topic
 - b) introduces an extended evidence-based argument
 - c) tells a story about a personal experience or an imaginative one
 - d) gives a detailed sensory description of something

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

No matter where you look you will see ads or advertisements (1). They are everywhere: In newspapers, in magazines, on TV, on the radio, on the internet, when you play games on the computer, on clothing on balloons and blimps (2), on... Well, they are a part of your life. There are so many that you might not even notice them.

To advertise means to call something to the attention of the public. That can be done in many different ways. Street vendors advertise by calling out loudly: "Bananas – 3 for 20 pounds!" Others prefer to advertise their products on posters that can be found everywhere. Others again use television and radio for the purpose(4). Advertisements have been around for a long time. In the old days you "advertised" politicians and had election (5) posters, baths, pubs (6) etc.

It is hard to imagine a world without advertisements. They are everywhere and they pay for many things. Just think of all the programmes on television that are sponsored (7) by a company or magazines that are full of ads. You would have to pay much more if they were not part of the magazine. When you surf the net or play a game online, they are there.

Ads are not the same in every country. You have to pay attention to traditions, history and culture. What works in one country might not work in another country.

An important part of advertising and selling products is the idea of brands (8). When you buy a particular brand, you are not just buying a product; you are buying an identity and a lifestyle. In the old days a brand meant something hot or burning. Today it is an identifying logo, a mark or symbol that distinguishes (9) one company or products from others. A good logo is unique and not easily confused with logos of other companies. Many logos (10) are famous and have been around for a long time.



- 20 How do advertisements become part of our life?
 - a) Our life depends on them.
- b) We can find them everywhere.
- c) They solve our problems.
- d) They cause us many diseases.
- 21 Why do different people advertise in different ways?
 - a) To beat each other.

b) To enjoy themselves.

c) To sell their products.

- d) To fight with people.
- 22 Why are advertisements different from one country to another?
 - a) As they depend on traditions.
- b) As they depend on history.
- c) As they depend on culture.
- d) All of these.
- 23 What is the use of the mark or logo on the product?
 - a) It makes the product cheaper.
 - b) It helps people to save money.
 - c) It distinguishes one company or products from others.
 - d) It tells the expiry date.
- 24 What does the underlined pronoun "they" mean?
 - a) Advertisements.

b) Magazines.

c) People.

d) Sponsors.



(9) يميز

(7) يرعى (رعاية) (B) علامات لجارية

SUBTH (5) (6) فندق صفير

(3) بائع متجول

- 25 What is the best title to the passage?
 - a) The advantages of advertising.
 - b) Advertisements and advertising.
 - c) Life without advertisements.
 - d) The disadvantages of advertising.
- 26 What do we mean when we advertise something?
- a) It means having much money.
 - b) It means deceiving people.
 - c) It means competing other companies.
 - d) It means calling something to the attention of the public.
 - 27 A world without advertisements isn't
 - a) imagined

b) unique

c) clean

d) polluted

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- 28 Copyright is a type of intellectual property that protects original works of authorship. Its length of time is the life of the author plus seventy years after his death.
 - حقوق الطبع والنشر هي نوع من الممتلكات العقلية التي تحمى الأعمال الأصلية المؤلفة وعرضها الزمني هو عمر المؤلف مضافًا إليه سبعين عامًا بعد وفاته.
 - حقوق الطبع والنشر هي نوع من الممتلكات العقلية التي تحمى الأعمال الأصلية المؤلفة وطولها الزمني هو عمر المؤلف مضافًا إليه سبعين عامًا بعد وفاته.
 - حقوق الطبع والنشــر هي نوع من الملكية الفكرية التي تحمى الأعمال الأصلية المؤلفة ومداها الزمني هو عمر المؤلف مضافًا إليه سـبعين
 عامًا بعد وفاته.
 - d) حقوق الطبع والنشر هي نوع من الملكية الفكرية التي تحمى الأعمال الأصلية المؤلفة ومداها الزمني هو عمر المؤلف أو قبل سبعين عامًا بعد وفاته.
- 29 Some vocational training is being provided for young people from poorer villages as part of Egypt's "Decent Life" initiative. This will help them find a job which secures a stable income.
 - ويتم تقديم بعض التدريب المعنى للشباب من القرى الفقيرة كجزء من مساهمة «حياة كريمة» في مصر وسيساعدهم ذلك في العثور على
 وظيفة تتطلب دخلاً ثابتا.
 - لتم تقديم بعض التدريب المهنى للشباب من القرى الفقيرة كجزء من مبادرة «حياة كريمة» فى مصر وسيساعدهم ذلك فى العثور على
 وظيفة تؤمن لهم دخلاً ثابتا.
 - يتم تقديم بعض التدريب التثقيفي للشباب من القرى الفقيرة كجزء من بداية «حياة كريمة» في مصر وسيساعدهم ذلك في العثور على
 وظيفة تؤمن لهم دخلاً ثابتا.
 - d) يتم تقديم بعض التدريب التثقيفي للشـباب من القرى الفقيرة كجزء من تعاقد «حياة كريمة» في مصر وسيسـاعدهم ذلك في العثور على وظيفة تؤمن لهم دخلًا ثابتا.
 - 30 ليس التعليم فقط وسـيلة للحصول على فرص العمل واكتســاب المعرفة، وإنما هو أيضًـــا أهم طرق تشــكيل شخصية ووعى الطلاب الذين سيصبحون مواطني المستقبل.
 - a) Education isn't only a means to get job opportunities and acquire knowledge but also it is one of the most important ways of shaping the personality and awareness of students who will become citizens of the future.
 - b) Education isn't only a means to offer job opportunities and require knowledge but also it is the most important ways of shaping the personality and consciousness of students who will become citizens of the future.
 - c) Education isn't only a mean to get job opportunities and acquire knowledge but also it is the most important ways of shaping the personality and awareness of students who will become heroes of the future.
 - d) Education is only a means to get job opportunities and require knowledge but also it is the most important ways of shaping the personality and consciousness of students who becomes citizens of the future.



Lessons 3 & 4



A Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary

balanced (adj)	متوازن	omission
bias (n)	تحيز/انحياز	point of
inaccurate (adj)*	غير دقيق	spin (p) (
mislead (v)	يضلل	spin (n) (

omission (n)	حنف/إغفال
point of view	وجهة نظر
spin (n) (v)	تلفيق/يلفق (قصة)

The information seemed inaccurate, so we had to check the sources.

Vocabulary on Reading

access (n) (v) (ed) anxious (adj)	مدخل/سبیل/یصل إلی قلق متوافر/متاح
	متوافر/متاح
available (adj)	(
check (v) (ed)	يفحص/يراجع
constant (adj)	دائم
cycle (n) (v) (d)	دورة/يركب دراجة
effort (n)	مجھود/جھد
impact (n)	تأثير/تصادم
managing (adj)	إدارى/مسيطر
misleading (adj)	مضلل
objective (adj) (n)	موضوعى/هدف
percent (adv)	بالمائة

recent (adj)	حد <i>یث/م</i> ؤخر
regular (adj)	منتظم
responsibility (n)	مسئولية
share (v) (d)	يشارك/يشترك في
social (adj)	اجتماعي
spread (v)	ينشر/ينتشر
stressed (adj)	مضغوط/مجمد
survey (n)	ىراسة/تقييم
the public (n)	العامة/الجمهور
update (n) (v) (d)	تحديث/يُحدث
whilst (conj)	بينما/في حين

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

affair (n)	شأن/امر
certain (adj)	محدد/مؤكد
citizen (n)	مواطن
course (n)	برنامج تعليمى

حالى/جارٍ
بيانات
محرر/رئيس التحرير
يتخيل

impression (n)	انطباع	reaction (n)	رد فعل
leave out (v)	يغمٰل/يترك	record (n)	رقم قیاسی/دو رقم قیاسی
lecture (n)	محاضرة	slide (n)	شريحة
mention (v) (ed)	يذكر	snowstorm (n)	عاصفة ثلجية
negative (adj) (n)	سلبی/شیء سلبی	spade (n)	جاروف
omit (v) (ted)	يحذف	staff (n)	طاقم العمل
online (adj) (adv)	على الإنترنت	support (v) (ed)	يدعم/يؤيد
persuade (v) (d)	يقنع	traditional (adj)	تقليدى
placement (n)	وضع/ترتيب/تحديد مستوى	trapped (adj)	محتجز/محاصر
position (n) (v) (ed)	وضع/موقع/يضع في مكان	trust (v) (ed)	يثق في
positive (adj) (n)	إيجابي/شيء إيجابي	up-to-date (adj)	حديث
post (v) (ed)	ينشر (على الإنترنت)	up-to-date (adj)	

Workbook Vocabulary

accurate (adj)	ىقىق	long-ter
attract (v) (ed)	يجذب المستحدا	matter (
contrasting (adj)	متناقض	organise
guidebook (n)	دلیل / کتاب إرشاد سیاحی	owner (r
hire (n) (v) (d)	تأجير/يؤجر	recomm
intend (v) (ed)	يقصد/ينوي	regularly
lane (n)	حارة (في طريق)	regularly

long-term (adj)	طويل الأمد
matter (n) (v) (ed)	أمر/يهم
organiser (n)	منظم
owner (n)	مالك
recommend (v) (ed)	یرشح/ یوصی ب
regularly (adv)	بانتظام

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

get anxious	n me meta	يصبح قلقًا
have a social responsibi	elity جتماعية	لديه مسئولية ا
have internet access	نترنت	لديه وسيلة للإ
in general	Sapar.	بشكل عام
agree with	100-10	يتفق مع
careful about	ثان ا	حريص/حذر بية

	في رايي
	بدوره
= 79	يتاكد
	يلتقط صورة فوتوغرافية
	يحفر
	تاثیر علی

Derivatives

Verb		Noun		Adje	ctive
balance	يوازن بين	balance	توازن	balanced	متوازن
bias	ينداز/يتحيز	bias	انحياز/تحيز	biased	متحيز
edit	يحرر	edition editor	تحرير/طبعة _. محرر	editorial	تعریدی
omit*	يحذف	omission	حذف	omitted	محذوف
persuade	يقنع	persuasion	إقناع	persuasive	مقنع
stress	يضغط/يجهد	stress	ضفط	stressed	مضغوط/مجهد
support	يدعم/يساند	support	دعم/مساندة	supportive/s	upporting داعم/مساند

- The editor omitted the repeated expressions.
 The omission of the long articles has its benefits.
 The omitted articles were uploaded available online.

المضاد Antonym

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning
available	متوافر/متاح
balanced	متوازن
bias	تحيز/انحياز
constant	دائم
current	حالی/جارٍ
mislead	يضلل
negative	سلبى
objective	موضوعي
omission	حنف
persuade	يقنع
regular	منتظم
spread	ينشر
support	تدعم
traditional	تقلیدی

accessible	
fair	
preference/prejuc	lice
continual/permar	nent
present/ongoing	
cheat	
adverse	
fair/unbiased	roger 4
exclusion	maria.
convince	
common/usual	
distribute	
back up/assist	100
conventional/ old-fashioned	Tone Per

المرادف Synonym

unavailable	غير متاح
biased/unfair	متحيز/غير عادل
fairness/justice	عدالة
temporary/occasional	مؤقت/عارض
old/past	قديم/ملضِ
advise/guide	ينصح/يرشد
positive	إيجابى
biased/unfair	متحيز/غير عادل
addition/inclusion	إضافة/إدراج
dissuade	يثنى
irregular	غيرمنتظم
gather	يجمع
hinder	يعوق
modern/up-to-date	مىيث <i>اع</i> صرى

Check Point	1 Choose the correc	t answer from a, b, c	or d:	184
1 Every employee sh	nares for the co	mpany's success and	profits.	
a) distinction	b) event	c) responsibility		
2 The disease	rapidly in the poor a	rea because of pollute	ed water.	
a) hid	b) checked	c) hailed	d) spread	3. 8.
3 Pollution has had :	a huge on the	environment and the	climate.	
a) prospect	b) impact	c) result	d) reason	
Scientists proved t	that pollution has disastro	us effects on the	الم البيلي ecosystem	النذ.
a) balanced	b) biased	c) perplexed	d) puzzling	
The hospital cond could be improved	ucted a/anasl d.	king patients to sugg	est ways in which the se	rvice
a) search	b) experience	c) survey	d) edition	3 11
	mann dann a sa		Check the answers at the end of	the book

Reading Text (1)

Social Media has a negative impact on news and society

Social media has become the main source of news. These days sixty-eight percent of people who have internet access get their news from social media. Although this means that we can find news easily and get regular updates⁽¹⁾ on our phones, in my view I think that social media has a negative impact⁽²⁾ on news and society.



To begin with, this constant cycle of news, which is mostly bad, can make people stressed and worried. A recent survey⁽³⁾ found that more than half of Americans say they get anxious and sleep badly because of the news.

Next, not everything we read or see on social media is true or legal. If we share it, before checking the facts, we might spread⁽⁴⁾ false information. In turn, this means that the public⁽⁵⁾ will stop trusting journalists. In addition, piracy is very common on social media. It is very easy to copy books, films and music and to share them, but this means that the people who wrote the books or made the films and music do not get any money for their work.

(1) تحديثات (2) تأثير (2) دراسة/تقييم (3) ينشر (4) ينشر (5) الجمهور (6) الأحداث الجارية (7) مسلولية (8)

Lastly, social media starts to control what news we see and don't see. Our social media 'friends' become the 'managing editors'. They share news stories they like and agree with, so the news we see is not balanced⁽⁶⁾ or objective.

In summary, whilst it is a good thing that we have so much news available and it is easy to keep up-to-date with current affairs⁽⁷⁾, we need to avoid the negative effects. It's important to be careful about where we get our news and how often we check it. We also have a social responsibility⁽⁸⁾ to make every effort not to spread inaccurate or misleading news and not to copy artistic content without permission.

Reading Text (2) (Workbook)

A) Millions to be spent on project that will make our traffic worse!

Car drivers are angry about plans to open a new bus lane from the city centre. The plan, which will cost an enormous LE 200 million, will stop all cars using Yellow Road, one of the most important roads into the city. "Traffic in the city is already terrible," says businesswoman Mrs Joan Bates. "If they close yellow Road, it will be even worse." Another business person who uses South Road regularly, Mr Jason Shelley, says, "Why are they planning to close roads? With so many cars in the city, they need to build new ones. No one wants to take buses because they are too slow."

B) New route to serve university

There are plans for a new bus lane from the city centre to the university. The LE 200-million project will mean closing Yellow Road to cars, but will make the journey by bus 30 minutes faster. The organisers believe the project will help attract students to the university and that the electric buses will also reduce pollution. The bus lane will also be used by bikes and taxis. The project is part of a long-term plan to persuade people to use public transport rather than driving, to help reduce traffic and air pollution.

Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

Tarek loves a football team called The Greens. He writes reports on their matches, online, but the reports do not give a balanced point of view! He always puts The Greens' report at the top of the page when they win, but not when they lose! This is bias by placement. He always puts a spin on his stories, too. For example, when The Greens lose, it is because they did not have their best players. However, he does not report the fact that the other team did not have their best players when The Greens win! This is bias by omission. Nevertheless, Tarek's reports are not inaccurate: he does not want to mislead you and the reports tell you what really happened in the match. After all, he cannot change the result!

Reading Text (4) (Workbook)

We still need guidebooks because we cannot rely on the opinion of people online.

With today's social media, it is possible to find online reviews of everything from a local park or café to a famous restaurant or museum. Before you book a holiday, you can read what other people think of a hotel or car hire company and what they recommend you do when you get there. Although this means you can get information very easily, in my view, this is not as useful information as you can get from a guidebook.

To begin with, we need to ask ourselves why people write reviews online. Whilst it is sometimes because people like writing their opinions, at other times they have a reason for writing it. Perhaps they know the owners of the café, or perhaps they are the owners of the café! That is why they give it a good review.

Secondly, who are the people writing the reviews? It is difficult to know this information. If they are 50-year-old Europeans, will they have the same opinion as you? It is very hard to know if you are going to like the same places that they like.

Lastly, we need to remember that guidebook writers are usually experts. You can trust them for accurate information and a balanced point of view. They also know who is using their books, so if the book is intended to be for young people, they will recommend places that young people will like.

To conclude, online reviews are useful, but it's important to remember that they are just people's opinions. If you want to know what experts think, personally I think you should buy a guidebook.

Listening Text



So, moving on, what exactly is bias⁽¹⁾? First of all, let's look at bias by omission⁽²⁾. This means leaving something out, for example a fact or a quote, which maybe doesn't support the writer's point of view⁽³⁾. Let's look at some examples. Imagine Heba over here every morning checks the same website to read the news. She likes the way the articles are written and feels that she is getting good information. But one day her friend, Marwa over here recommends a different news site. When Heba looks at this, she sees completely different news stories with a very different point of view. Let's say that on Heba's website there is a big story about how angry people are that a local factory is about to close. Marwa's website has the same

(1) تحيز (2) حنف (3) وجمة نظر (4) وضع/ترتيب (5) انطباع (6) تلفيق (6) رد فعل

story, but it doesn't mention that anyone is angry. The writer has omitted this information to make us feel differently about the story.

The second type of bias might be placement⁽⁴⁾. On Heba's website the story is at the top of the page with a big photo and large text. This gives the impression⁽⁵⁾ that it is an important story. But on Marwa's website the story is very short on the third page and very low down on the page where people might not see it.

The third type of bias is spin⁽⁶⁾... the writer tries to make the reader feel the same way they do about a topic and doesn't present a balanced point of view. They do this by choosing certain words, for example 'argued the factory manager' instead of 'agreed the factory manager'. Secondly, they choose to include certain information and leave other information out. Thirdly, they give only one point of view, in our example, the journalist gives the reaction⁽⁷⁾ of the staff in the factory, but not the managers – it misleads the reader into thinking it is a bad thing. On the other hand, in Marwa's story, it is presented as a good thing. It mentions that there is a lot of pollution caused by the factory. The journalist in this case is trying to...

With all the new te	chnology we have, it is l	hard tolife af	ter twenty or thirty years.
a) imagine	b) advance	c) depart	d) decorate
The inspector had	tosome of th	ne staff problems in his r	eport.
a) deny	b) shout	c) mention	d) tell
The police suspect accident.	t that some important	details were	from the report about t
a) developed	b) enclosed	c) included	d) omitted
Both my son and d	aughter have an allergio	to peanuts,	so they never eat them.
a) reaction	b) reflection	c) agreement	
We have a monthly	meeting which is atten	ded by all the factory ac	ministration
We have a monthly			

Vocabulary in Use



متوازن

FOCUS on Vocabulary

- balanced

giving equal attention to all sides or opinions

bias تحيز/انحياز

an opinion about whether a person, group or idea is good or bad that influences how you deal with it

- inaccurate

not completely correct

- mislead

▶ to make someone believe something that is not true by giving them information that is false or not complete

- omission

when you do not include or do not do something

point of view

a particular way of thinking about or judging a situation

تلفيق قصة

the way someone talks about information or a situation, especially in order to influence the way people think about it

Notes on Vocabulary

the people who work for an organisation

The company's sales department has a staff of ten.

1- all the people who work on a ship or plane

2- a group of people working together with special skills

My brother joined the crew of a large fishing boat.

The director chose a the best camera crew for the film.

all the people who perform in a play, film

Part of the movie's success lies in the strength of the supporting cast.

cast

طاقم الممثلين في فيلم أو مسرحية

one of the two or three parallel areas on a road to keep traffic lane apart حارة (أحد أجزاء طريق سيارات) That careless driver changed lanes without signaling. a narrow street between or behind buildings, not usually used alley/alleyway by cars طريق جانبي ضيق بين البنايات عادة يؤدي إلى A narrow alley/alleyway led up between the houses to the الطريق الرئيسي main street. recent All applicants should send a recent photo with their CVs. حديث (مصنوع/تام منذ فترة قصيرة) modern .Modern technology has had a huge impact on all of us وسائل المتحدام طرق أو وسائل spread Rats and flies spread diseases. The fire spread rapidly because of the strong wind. • ينشر/ينتشر (أمراض/شائعات) publish All of these magazines are published by one organisation. ينشر (كتابًا/محلة/صحيفة) prevail In the end, justice prevailed and the men were set free. position First, get yourself into a comfortable position. المائة الموقوف أو الجلوس مثلًا) مكانة الموقوف أو الجلوس مثلًا) مكانة المناه ال We have not found a suitable location for the new offices. location Most of the movie was shot on location in Africa. الموقع امكان (للتصوير مثلًا) on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts Notes These days sixty-eight percent of people who have internet access get their news from social media. - لاحظ استخدام الشرطة (hyphen) مع العدد (sixty-eight). In turn, this means that the public will stop trusting journalists. - لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بعد الفعل (stop) بمعنى يتوقف عن. so the news we see is not balanced or objective. -لاحظ استخدام الفعل في صيغة المفرد (is) مع (news) لأنه اسم غير معدود.

and what they recommend you do when you get there.

ية استخدام صيفة المصدر (do) بعد الفعل (recommend) إذا تبعثه جملة.

The writer has omitted this information to make us feel differently about the story.

ينظ استخدام اسم الإشارة المفرد (this) قبل كلمة (information) لأنها اسم غير معدود.

Check Point (3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 I didn't know you played hockey. In what _____ do you play?
 - a) site

b) location

c) position

- d) sight
- 2 Space travel is one of the wonders of
- science.

a) old

b) recent

c) vague

- d) modern
- 3 Soldiers returning from the war soon
- the disease through most of the region.

a) spread

b) published

c) prevailed

- d) sowed
- 4 We enjoyed the new play as it was very amusing and the
- were very clever.

a) staff

b) crew

c) cast

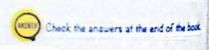
- d) audience
- 5 The lorry was travelling at 50 kilometres per hour in the slow of goods.
- as it carried a lot

a) lane

b) alley

c) passage

d) tunnel







Vocabulary Exercises

Ch	oose the correct ansi	wer from a, b, c or d:		Practice makes perfect,			
((Key vocabulary, Reading, Listening, Workbook Vocabulary & Vocabulary Notes						
		fighting all forms of	The second secon	Contracting to the second of the Asset Street			
	a) omission	b) research	c) justice	d) hias			
2	Some websites give	peopleinforma	ation to sell valueless p	roducts			
	a) accurate	b) inaccurate	c) reliable	d) valuable			
3	The young journalist	a story about	a trip to Athens to mee	t one of the authors as an			
	excuse for not attend	ling the conference.	a cop to mineral to mee	to the of the dathors as an			
	a) spun	b) orbited	c) evolved	d) returned			
4	The news channel wa	s praised for its	view of the two sides o	f the war.			
	a) biased	b) balanced	c) unjust	d) perplexing			
5	You can use a complic	cated password to preve	nt people fromvo	our computer.			
	a) checking	b) stealing	c) accessing	d) repairing			
6	The new medicine w	b) stealing ill be madeafte	er extensive research ar	nd experiments.			
	a) avoidable	b) applicable	c) unavailable	d) available			
7	The interests and rig	hts of the livin	g abroad are protected	by the embassy of their			
	country.						
	a) spies	b) citizens	c) editors	d) staffs			
8	The famous writer wa	s the of a scien	ce magazine as well as a	an article and novel writer.			
	a) musician	b) editor	c) seller	d) photographer			
9	The information in th	is report is very old. Ple	ase, can youit	?			
	a) date	b) up-to-date	c) make up	d) update			
10	A group of terrorists h	ave claimedfo	r yesterday's bomb attac	:k.			
		b) adversity					
11		customer of that sho					
	a) regular	b) gradual	c) irregular	d) sudden			
12	It's nice to have some	one you canyo	our problems with.				
	a) share	b) divide	c) split				
13		women keep in touch w					
		b) sociable		d) hateful			
14	Many language	are run by the Britis					
	a) causes	b) aspects	c) carols	d) courses			
15	The idea that women	shouldn't work is really	a/an and hate	eful view of women's			
	place in society.		Zv. New York				
	a) modern	b) traditional	c) logical	d) imitative			
16	The Ministry of Educat	ion mainly text		materials.			
	a) stretches	b) prevails	c) spreads	d) publishes			
17		oke the world					
		b) promise	c) record	d) law			
18	We need the	of all people to overcor	me the economic effec	ts of the coronavirus.			
-	a) efforts	b) objectives	c) impacts	d) exports			
19	Journalists and TV	were waiting out	side the hotel where th	e wedding of the famous			
	actor was taking place		Marie Land	of althought of tax of			
	a) staffs	b) casts	c) crews	d) citizens			

SHIP OF	20	Don't be by his friendly appearance	he's really a strong c	ompetitor.
		a) defected b) misled	c) inspected	d) oppressed
	21	1 I am surprised by the of the best pla	ever from the team.	
		a) promotion	c) omission	
ij	22	2 Rainfall is a main link in the water at	nd a measure for chang	jing climate.
ı		a) nicture b) programme	c) ring	<u> </u>
ı	23	3 That was the most boring I have ever	er attended in my colle	gc.
		a) article b) lecture	c) essay	d) view
90.00	24	1 Eunanta haliana that was an navy represent f	of the wor	kforce.
-	-	a) per day b) per year The company is in a bad financialbec	c) percent	d) per week
	25	5. The company is in a had financial hec	ause of overproduction	and distribution problems
į		a) position b) location	c) site	d) scene
Į	26	6 The new road to Upper Egypt is a highway w		
		a) streets b) lines	c) lanes	d) alleys
1	27	7 The small of frashly baked cookies 1	the children to the kitch	nen.
1		a) attacked b) attracted	c) contacted	d) conceived
	-	_		
		Expressions, Idioms, Prepositions, Derivatives, S	ynonyms & Antonyms	
	28	lt had taken a great deal ofto get n	ny father to come with	us.
		a) persuade b) persuasion	c) persuaded	d) persuasive
	29	29 The fridge keeps food at a constant low temp	erature. The word "cons	tant" is the opposite of the
		word "".		
		a) permanent b) pegative	c) positive	d) temporary
	30	As a young actor, you have to be extremely	careful the role	es you accept.
1	5.	a) for b) at	c) in	d) about
		31 Before the exams, students feeland	d need to calm down.	
	8	a) stress b) stressful	c) stressed	d) stressless
	32	Working outside can mean too much sun	exposure, which	turn can lead to skin
		diseases.		
		a) in b) for	c) at	d) with
	33	33 The establishment of school libraries contril	butes to improving the	learning process in
	B	a) special b) vain	c) public	d) general
	34	34 Scientists need to be objective when doing		esults. The adjective
		"objective" is similar in meaning to	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2	a) fair b) biased	c) unjust	d) intelligent
	3	35 Winning an Olympic medal had a big impact		life.
		a) at b) for	c) on	d) with
	3	36 Grandfather has a traditional view of wome	n thinking that they sho	ould stay at home.
		The synonym of the word "traditional" is		
		a) modern b) old-fashioned	c) recent	d) updated
	3	37 My brotheranxious when the exam		
		a) got b) fell	c) turned	d) failed
	3	38 Tagree Mr Ahmed, but I cannot acc		
	100	a) to b) with	c) about	
	3	39 My family support me to succeed in life. The v	vero "support" is the anto	
		a) assist b) pledge	c) hinder	d) strengthen
	4	40 The developed world a responsibil		
	100	a) made D) has	c) turned	d) microd



Lessons 3 & 4



Language

1) Present perfect

المضارع التام

Subj. + have	e/ has + P.P. • They are happy. They have won the cup.		
-Negative			
_	en't/ hasn't + P.P. They haven't left the stadium yet.		
-Interrogat	ive		
_	have/ has + subj. + P.P.? What have you done since the morning?		
	+ subj. + P.P.? • Has Karam lost his money?		
	عبر عن حدث بدأ في الماضي وما زال مستمرًا حتى الآن غالبًا مع for وبعدها المدة المحسوبة أو since وبعدها نطة بداية الحدث في الماضي.		
	 Mona has studied English for ten years. (She is still studying.) We have been at this school since 2019. (We are still at the school.) 		
	ستخدم لحدث انتمى قريبًا ونتيجته واضحة في الحاضر.		
	 Hala cannot play tennis because she has hurt her hand. never أيضًا المضارع التام للتحدث عن تجارب أو أحداث سابقة (دون ذكر زمن وقوع الحدث)، غالبًا مع ever أو ever أو 		
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			
Usage I have never eaten Chinese food.			
الاستخدام	Have you ever ridden a camel?		
	ما نستخدم المضارع التام للتحدث عن الأحداث الحديثة التي لا نعتبرها ماضيـًا (غالبـًا مع just):		
	Leila isn't here. She's just gone out.		
	كما نستخدم المضارع التام للتحدث عن الأحداث التي لم تحدث حتى الآن (غالبًا مع yet).		
	I haven't received a reply to my email yet.		
	ما يستخدم لحدث انتهى في وقت غير معروف في الماضي (التركيز يكون على الحدث، ووقت الحدث ليس معمًّا). 🧿—		
	Omar has been to Paris four times.		
	الكلمات والتعبيرات الآتية:		

Key words

Examples

already بالفعل	I have already bought a lot of bread.
just الا	He has just come back from his holiday.
ever من قبل	 Have you ever played hockey? This is the most impressive film I've ever watched.
مطلقًا/أبدًا never	 I have never flown a plane before. I have never met a kinder person than my mother.
عتى الآن (النفى/السؤال) yet	She hasn't finished cleaning the flat yet.Has your course started yet?
so far/up till now حتى الأن	Salah has scored 2 goals in this match up till now.
lately, recently	Have you bought any shirts recently/lately?
على مر (السنين) over	Egypt has changed over the last 8 years.
How long?	▶ How long has he had that camera?
for (duration) منذ مدة	I haven't seen Mariam for 3 months.
منذ نقطة بداية since	She hasn't visited us since last May.

have gone (to)/ have been (to)/ have been in

have been to

نعب إلى مكان وعاد منه

Ahmed, where have you been?

have gone to

نهب إلى مكان ولم يعد أو مَي الطريق إلى هناك

Where has Omar gone? I can't find him.

have been in

I've been in Cairo since 2000.

ہمکٹ می مکان/یعیش

a day/a month/a year

weeks/months/years

several days/weeks/years

2 hours

ages

a long time

the last week/year



Since

+ ماض بسيط he left school.

Friday/Monday

شمور last June/April

2 o'clock ساعات

سنين 2000

+ his childhood عبارة اسمية

last week/last year

منذ ذلك الحين (بدل ماض بسيط) Then



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (?



- -1 as a translator for 20 years.
 - a) worked
 - c) was working

- b) had worked
- d) have worked

لإجابة هي (d) لأن الجملة تذكر مدة العمل كخبرة سابقة وبدون وقت مدد.

Check Point 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 Oh! I my passport. What should I do?

a) have lost b) lose

c) had lost d) am losing

a) had left b) has left

c) left d) leaves

3 Belal is not here. He has to the dentist.

a) been b) gone

c) reached d) visited

We haven't travelled by train years.

a) by b) since

c) last d) for

5 We can't go home by bus because the last bus

a) leaves

b) hasn't left d) left

c) has just left

Check the answers at the end of the book.

Extra Points

- 1 Subject + last + past simple + when + past simple.
 - I last caught fish when I was in Hurghada. (since)

لتحويل الجمل التي بها ast إلى since ننفي المضارع التام.

- ▶ I haven't eaten fish since I visited my uncle in Alex.
- 2 The last time + subj. + past simple + was + مدة + ago. (was in + سنة +
 - The last time Ali played football was 10 years ago. (was in 2012)
 - Ali hasn't played football since 2012. (for 10 years)
- 3 lt's + مدة + since + subj. + last + past simple
 - It's 6 years since I last saw Rania. (since/for)
 - ▶ I haven't seen Rania since 2016. (for 6 years)
- 4 "never" with comparative adjectives and "ever" with superlative ones.

نستخدم never مع صفات المقارنة وever مع التفضيل.

- I've never bought a faster car than Peugeot.
- Peugeot is the fastest car I've ever bought.
- 5 With expressions such as: This is the first time/It's the second time.
 - This is the first time Alaa has visited a European country.
- 6 With words and expressions such as: today/this morning/evening/week/month.

يستخدم مع الكلمات والتعبيرات السابقة إذا كانت هذه الفترات الزمنية مستمرة إلى لحظة الكلام.

He has written 3 reports this morning.

(هذا الصباح لم ينتب فلربما يكتب تقارير أخرى)

- 7 We often use the present perfect with already, yet and still to express surprise.
 خالبنا ما نستخدم المضارع التام مع كلمات still already والتعبير عن الدهشة.
 - Our bus still hasn't arrived. It's too late.
 - Has he finished already? How quick he is!
- 8 We use the present perfect with (after, when, as soon as) to refer to the future. نستخدم المضارع التام مع الروابط الزمنية للإشارة للمستقبل.
 - * When/After/As soon as I have finished my work, I will help you.
 - I'll leave the place when/after I've taken the money.
- 9 The present perfect and the present perfect continuous.
 فد يستخدم المضارع التام والتام المستمر لبيان حدث بدأ في الماضى وما زال مستمرًا، ولكن الأفعال الآتية لا تستخدم في الاستمرار في الماضى على المستمرار التام فقط.

like, dislike, hate, enjoy, love, prefer, believe, think, notice, remember, understand, realise, seem, know, see, hear, feel, taste, look, smell, sound, be, contain, fit, include, belong, own, want, mean, appear, have, cost, owe, need, surprise

- He has owned this car for 5 years. He doesn't intend to sell it.
- I have had this camera since I got married. It's still in a good condition.
- 10 since + noun, present perfect

يمكن استخدام الاسم بعد since والجملة الأخرى مضارع تام.

He hasn't visited us since his graduation.

11 since = as (for giving reasons)

بما أن (لأن)

تُستخدم لبيان سبب اتخاذ شخص قرارًا بالقيام بشيء ما وفي أي زمن.

We decided to go to the beach since it was a nice day.

2)

Present perfect and past simple

·يستندم كلا الزمنين للحديث عن الأحداث والمواقف التي انتمت.

· المضارع التام حدث انتهى وله علاقة بالمضارع. · الماضى البسيط انتهى وليس له علاقة بالمضارع.

- I've made a cake. Would you like a slice?
- I didn't have much to do this morning, so I made a cake'.

Present perfect

يستخدم المضارع التام لحدث تم ولكن له علاقة بالمضارع.

He has gone to Aswan. (He's still there)

Hany has written five reports this morning.

ما زال الوقت في الصباح وله علاقة بلحظة الكلام.

I've spoken to the prime minister.

(He's still alive.)

He has lived in Cairo for two years.

(He's in Cairo now.)

Past simple

بستندم الماضي البسيط لحدث تم وليس له علاقة بالمضارع.

He went to Aswan last year.

نعد متى حدث الفعل مع الماضي البسيط.

Hany wrote five reports yesterday morning.

I once spoke to Professor Zewail.

لس للحدث علاقة بالمصارع لأن الدكتور زويل توفي.

Helived in Cairo for two years.

(He doesn't live in Cairo now.)

A: Have you ever read any of Charles Dickens' stories?

B: Yes, we studied Oliver Twist last year.

أمضارع التام للخبر والماضى البسيط للتفاصيل

Ive found your glasses. They were in the car.

The President has arrived in London. He was met by the Prime Minister.

Check Point (5) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 It's ages since we lastsome good news.
 - a) have heard

b) had heard

c) heard

- d) were hearing
- 2 It's one of the most magnificent views I
 - a) have ever seen

b) have never seen

c) had seen

- d) saw
- 3 It's a month Hend last visited her uncle.
 - a) for

b) since

c) of

- d) to
- 4 It is the first time I of anything like that.
 - a) had heard

b) hear

c) am hearing

- d) have heard
- 5 I Omar for three years we still meet once a month.
 - a) have known

b) have been knowing

c) know

d) had known



Check the answers at the end of the book.





- -1 this car for ten years. I don't intend to sell it.
 - a) have had

b) had

c) have

d) was having





Language Exercises

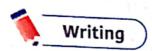
•	Remembering Understanding 6	Applying Sanalysing Evalu	ating • Creating	Check your understand
	Choose the correct ans	wer from a, b, c or d:		
	1 My grandmother			
	a) is	b) was	c) had been	d) has been
	2 The police	the thief yet.		
		b) didn't catch	c) hasn't caught	d) don't catch
	3 I him for			
	a) don't see		c) haven't seen	d) hadn't seen
	4 She has been in Spa	in over thr	ee years.	
THE REAL PROPERTY.	a) since	b) for	c) yet	d) already
	5 A: When are you go	ing to do your homev	vork? B: I've do	one it.
TAN EN	a) yet	b) ever	c) already	d) still
	6 It started raining on	Saturday. It	since then.	
	a) didn't stop	b) doesn't stop	c) hadn't stopped	d) hasn't stopped
	My younger brothe	r three cen	timetres this month.	
	a) grew	b) has grown	c) had grown	d) is growing
	8 Look what you	How can we c	lean the floor now?	
C	a) have done	b) has done	c) will do	d) had done
	9 Let me show the pier			
		b) will be drawing	c) have drawn	d) drew
	10 all my v			
	a) do		c) have been doing	d) have done
	11 I can't phone my pa			
	a) lose	b) have lost	c) would lose	d) had lost
	12 You can stop lookin		b) hasn't found it yet	
	a) had just found itc) has never found		d) has just found it	
	13you ever			
	a) Haven't	b) Was	c) Didn't	d) Usal
	14 It is the best holida			d) Had
	a) had ever had		b) am ever having	
	c) have ever had		d) was ever having	
	No. of the control of	This is the third time ye	oulate this wee	ek.
	a) had been	b) have been	c) were	d) will be
	16 You can't see Tame	r before Wednesday. H	leLondon for a	few days on business.
	a) had been in	b) has been to	c) has gone to	d) was in

17	Since the day heill, he	a lot of medicine.		
	a) was/had taken	b) was/has taken		
	c) is/has taken	d) is/has been taken		
18	A: What's the time? B: I'm sorry I			
	a) don't know/had stopped	b) can't tell/stopped		
	c) didn't know/stopped	d) don't know/has sto	pped	
19	Our maths teacherus a lot of hor	nework last week but h	eus very much	
	so far this week.			
	a) gave/hasn't given	b) has given/didn't gi	ve	
	c) gave/didn't given	d) had given/didn't gi	ve	
20	A:somewhere before?			
	B: Yes, I saw you at your sister's wedding.			
	a) Didn't we meet	b) Hadn't we met		
	c) Aren't we meeting	d) Haven't we met		
21	You'll feel a lot better after youa	rest.		
	a) had b) will have	c) had had	d) have had	
22	Why has nothing?			
	a) been done yet b) done yet	c) been done still	d) never done	
23	Food prices rapidly in the past fe	w months.		
	a) had risen b) have been risen	c) have risen	d) rise	
24	My cousins have Assuit since the	ir childhood.		
	a) been to b) been in	c) gone to	d) gone in	
25	Have you finished your task? You	are very fast.		
	a) ever b) just	c) yet	d) already	
26	I met Ahmed twice last month. I haven't see			
	a) when b) than	c) that	d) then	
27	Pleaseuntil after the plane			
	a) not smoke/ takes off	b) don't smoke/ took		
	c) don't smoke/ has taken off	d) not smoke/ has tak	en off	
28	Which sentence is in the correct form in the		teritor a contrata	
	a) I have done it yesterday.	b) I haven't done it lat	•	
	c) I have done it yet.	d) I haven't ever done	all the second control of the second control	
29	Trineir series is			
	a) He has been to hospital since last Tuesda		The promotion of	
	b) He has gone to hospital since last Tuesda		harattenaria albani. Walio manakamena andraik itawa	
	c) He has gone in hospital since last Tuesday		er en magnesse per agrade, it en let digital de boenan man tractica	
30	d) He has been in hospital since last Tuesday Which sentence is in the correct form in the			
uu	a) Did you have seen him before?	•••		
	c) I didn't have seen him before.	d) I'm here since last		
	-, addit there seem that before	a, here since last	TOOK,	





Lessons 3 & 4





Don't forget to study this part from the Skills Bookle

المقال الإقناعي Persuasive Essay

A persuasive essay is a type of writing where you use logic and arguments to convince readers of your point of view, using solid evidence such as research, stating facts, examples, and quotes from experts. المقال الإقناعي هو نوع من الكتابة حيث يتم استخدام المنطق والحجج لإقناع القراء بوجهة نظرك، باستخدام أدلة قوية مثل البحث، وتوضيح الحقائق، والاقتباسات من الخبراء.

Outlines of a Persuasive Essay

Introduction

Introduce topic
Present both
opinions briefly
State your position
clearly

Main Body 1

Topic sentence Example/supporting statements

Main Body 2

Topic sentence
Example/supporting

Main Body 3

Topic sentence Example/supporting statements

Conclusion

Sum up, re-stating your opinion in different words
Suggest a solution or action

Model Persuasive essay

Social media

Social media sites are a great platform for people to connect with their loved ones. It helps in increasing communication and making connections with people all over the world. Although some people believe that social media sites are harmful, they are also very beneficial.

Social media sites are everywhere now. In other words, they have taken over almost every sphere of life. They come with both, advantages as well as disadvantages. If we talk about the educational field, these sites enhance education by having an influence on the learners. They can explore various topics for their projects.

Furthermore, the business field benefits a lot from social media sites. Companies use social media sites to connect better with their potential clients and business partners. Moreover, regarding finding jobs, people use the sites to connect with employers and firms that give them a broad opportunity to find better jobs.

Social media sites have created a massive presence in today's world. While there are many types of these sites, some are more famous than others. For instance, Facebook is the largest social media site. It has more than 1 billion users which keep increasing every day. Moreover, it also helps you promote your business or brand through advertisements.

In short, social media sites are a double-edged weapon. It depends on how we use them. Anything in excess is harmful; likewise, social media sites are too. Use them for your benefit and do not let them control your life.

Test Yourself (20)

Unit 1 Lessons 3 & 4

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 A great number of people in Egypt have to the internet whether on a computer or a mobile phone. c) entry d) exit a) passage b) access 2 The newspaper published a/an _____ and objective report about the reasons for losing the medals in the Olympics. a) biased b) unfair c) balanced d) misleading 3 The critic is well-known for judging all movies without _____ against/towards any actor or actress. d) basics c) basis b) base a) bias 4 Some websites _____ young people by making them buy cheap products at a high price. d) mislead b) plead c) assist a) promote 5 I receive ______ for the programmes on my mobile phone every now and then, which make my mobile phone better. c) updates d) outdates b) viruses a) dates 6 Businessmen sometimes hire a special consultant who can offer advice on managing his financial a) centres b) affairs c) refers d) consumption 7 Thousands of people were ______ in their houses because of the snowstorm. a) trapped b) freed c) rewarded d) puzzled 8 It is difficult to compare statistical _____ from different countries. a) truth b) data d) timetables c) columns 9 1 ____ Emad for a long time. He is my best friend. c) have known d) knew b) haven't known a) don't know 10 There is no bread left because we _____ it all. c) has been eaten d) had eaten b) have eaten a) have been eaten 11 Don't ask me what cauliflower قرنبيط tastes like. I ______eating it. d) haven't tried c) don't try b) didn't try a) am not trying 12 I'm taking my sister out as she _____ any sun for a long time. c) hadn't been d) will have b) haven't had a) hasn't had 13 "Who _____ this picture?" the teacher asks. d) draws c) has drawn b) drawn a) would draw 14 She is sorry, she so rude. c) has been being d) has been b) will be a) had been England? B: No, I haven't. 15 A: Have you

c) gone to

b) been to

a) being

Limit 1 Lamoons 3 ft-4

d) been in

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

- 16 I've visited many countries, but I to the USA.
 - a) have never been

b) has never been

c) is never been

- d) having never been
- 17 Which of the following is correctly punctuated?
 - a) Mr Ayman who was sitting behind the desk, gave me a big smile.
 - b) Mr Ayman who was sitting behind the desk- gave me a big smile.
 - c) Mr Ayman, who was sitting behind the desk, gave me a big smile.
 - d) Mr Ayman, who was sitting behind the desk gave me a big smile.
- 18 What is a hook?

(O.)

- a) The last sentence of your introduction paragraph that grabs the reader's attention.
- b) The first sentence of your introduction paragraph that loses the reader's attention.
- c) The first sentence of your introduction paragraph that grabs the reader's attention
- d) The first sentence of your conclusion paragraph that grabs the reader's attention.
- 19 If you write a birthday greeting to a colleague, this will be a kind of
 - a) a formal email

b) an informal email

c) a biography essay

d) a narrative essay

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

"She's coming. Hide it quickly!" The girls quickly shoved⁽¹⁾ it under the table and acted as if nothing had happened. When Miss Farida entered the classroom, everyone stood up and greeted her. She gave them a smile. The girls noticed that there was sadness in her eyes.

Poor Miss Farida. They wished with all their hearts that they could do something to help her, but there was nothing that they could do. Miss Farida told them that she would miss them. She explained that she would give anything to stay as their form teacher but she had no choice. Her father was gravely⁽²⁾ ill. Her mother was too elderly to be left alone with him. She simply had to return to her hometown in a neighboring country.

Looking at the list of e-mail addresses in her hand, she promised she would keep in touch with them. She encouraged them to study and play hard and to always give their best. Then she got ready to leave. Our class monitor⁽³⁾ walked over to her and handed her a small package⁽⁴⁾. With tears⁽⁵⁾ in her eyes, Miss Farida opened it. "It's from our trip to Siwa last term. Look at it and remember us always," said our monitor. She nodded⁽⁶⁾. "Thank you. I'll frame⁽⁷⁾ it and put it up on the wall of my room." Then she left. Miss Farida is one of the best teachers who devotes⁽⁸⁾ all her life to people, and she is never forgotten because of her cooperation and tolerance⁽⁹⁾.



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 20 The best title to the passage is "......
 - a) Miss Farida's departure
 - b) The good relation between Miss Farida and her class
 - c) The gift to Miss Farida
 - d) Miss Farida's good qualities and her strong personality



Ī	21	Miss Farida was
		a) the school headmistress
		b) a good student at a secondary school
		c) the class' teacher
		d) ungrateful to her parents
	22	Miss Farida had to leave the school because
		a) she was ill and needed to be looked after by her parents
		b) she hated her work at the school
		c) the students were naughty
		d) she had to return to her hometown in a neighbouring country
	23	Miss Farida planned to keep in touch with the students by
		a) sending letters
		b) exchanging e-mails
		c) visiting each other
		d) meeting at the nearby club
A CASSING	24	The pronoun "It" refers to
4		a) Miss Farida's photo at school
		b) the picture of Miss Farida's house
		c) the picture of Miss Farida's parents
STATE OF		d) the gift for Miss Farida
	25	The synonym of the word "devotes" is
		a) dedicates b) takes
		c) withdraws d) lets
	26	The students will remember Miss Farida because of
		a) the gift they gave her
		b) her wealth and happiness
		c) her good qualities
		d) her care for her parents
	27	Miss Farida encouraged her students to
		a) study hard and do their best
		b) play hard and give their best
Section 2		c) study hard and not to play
		d) both A and B
36.00	Re	ad the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:
September 1	28	Bias is defined as any tendency which prevents balanced consideration of a subject. It is usually
derenta.	-	caused by a writer or reporter's wish to impose his personal attitude on others.
Choresto		 معرف التحيز بأنه أى اتجاه يمنع النظر المتوازن للموضوع، وعادة ما يكون سببه رغبة الكاتب أو المراسل في غرض موقفه الشخصى
CALL PROPERTY.		على الآخرين.
0	9	b) يُعـــرُف التحيز بأنه أى توجيه يمنع النظر المتوازن للموضوع، وعادة ما يكون ســببه رغبة الكاتب أو المراســل فى عرض موقفه الشخصى على الآخرين.
Continue resident		 يُعـــرُف التحيز بأنه أي اتجاه يمنع النظر الموزون للموضوع، وعادة ما يكون نتيجته رغبة الكاتب أو المراســل في فرض موقفه الشـــخصي على الأخرين،
Manual Lines		d يُعـــرُف التحيز بأنه أي اتجاه يمنع النظر الموزون للموضوع، وعادة ما يكون ســببه رغبة الكاتب أو المراســل في عرض موقفه الشــخصي

- يعزو كثير من الاقتصاديين ارتفاع الأسعار إلى جشع التجار الذين يسعون إلى الكسب السريع دون مراعاة الأحوال الاقتصادية للمستملكين.
- a) Many economists attribute the rise in prices to the humility of merchants who seek to make quick profits without taking into account the economic conditions of consumers.
- b) Many economists attribute the rise in prices to the greed of merchants who seek to make quick profits without taking into account the economic conditions of producers.
- c) Many economists contribute the rise in prices to the greed of merchants who seek to make quick profits without taking into account the economic conditions of consumers.
- d) Many economists attribute the rise in prices to the greed of merchants who seek to make quick profits without taking into account the economic conditions of consumers.
 - وه من أهم سمات المدرس الجيد القدرة على تحمّيز الطلاب على الأداء المبدع والإنجاز الحقيقي وإشاعة البهجة بينهم.
- a) The most important characteristics of a good teacher are the ability to innovate students to creative performance and real achievement, and to spread joy among them.
- b) The most important characteristics of a good teacher are the ability to motivate students to creative performance and real achievement, and to spread joy among them.
- c) The most important characteristics of a good teacher are the ability to motivate students to creative performance and factual achievement, and to publish joy among them.
- d) The most important characteristics of a good teacher are the ability to motivate students to creative performance and real achievement, and to prevail joy among them.



Study

Chapter 1 (Great Expectations)

Vocabulary

ankle (n)	كاحل القدم	horror (n)	رع <i>ب ا</i> فزع
arrest (v) (ed)	يقبض على	impression (n)	ولبلنا
blacksmith (n)	حداد	leg-irons (n)	أغلال قدم
Christmas Eve (n)	عشية عيد الميلاد	marsh (n)	مستنقع
convict (n)	مدان/ سجين	missing	مفقود
file (n)	مبرد	mist (n)	ضباب
get away (v)	يهرب	nuts (n)	مكسرات
grab (v) (bed)	يمسك بقوة	orphan (n)	يتيم
graveyard (n)	مقبرة	pie (n)	فطيرة فطيرة
grumpy (adj)	شديد الغضب	set off (v)	يبدأ رحلة/ يتجه الى
guilty (adj)	مذنب	take off (v)	يظع
handcuffs (n)	أغلال/ قيود	warning (n)	تحذير

Phrases, Expressions, Idioms & Prepositions

as usual	كالمعتاد	got my breath back (هدأت)
commit a crime	يرتكب جريمة	الم أتمكن من الركض أكثر من ذلك l could run no more
feel guilty about	يشعر بالذنب بشان	jumped out of my skin خرجت من جلدی(تعبیر یدل علی الخوف الکبیر)
complain about	يشكو من	sorry for حزین من اجل
point to	يشير إلى	walk towards يمشى فى اتجاه





Great Expectations Exercise

Chapter (1)

681	Onderstanding App		Creating	(PROTEST)
	ose the correct answ			
1 1	The ground near the r	iver is very soft and we	t because there's a	
	a) mass	b) marsh	c) maze	d) march
2 /	Ais a persor	whose job is making t	hings by hand out of m	etal that has been heated
	to a high temperature			
	a) shepherd	b) blacksmith	c) guilty	d) blackmailer
3	The police clamped	around the wr	ists of the criminals and	took them away.
	a) handcuffs	b) handicaps	c) handballs	d) handbrakes
4	The little girl nearly ju	mped out of her	when she saw the s	nake.
	a) complexion	b) legs	c) feet	d) skin
5	They used a	to make the sharp rou	gh metal smooth.	
	a) file	b) tire	c) pile	d) tile
6	I reached out a hand	to steady myself agains	t the house while I got	my back.
	a) arm	b) hearth	c) breath	d) breeze
7	He jumped up from t	he table,his h	nat, and ran to the bus s	top.
0.	a) stabbed	b) grabbed	c) rubbed	d) robbed
8	The police reported t	hat two thieves manag	ed to get	
	a) by	b) around	c) ahead	d) away
9	On the way to the jai	l, the overpov	vered his guard, and esc	caped.
	a) convict	b) judge	c) verdict	d) convert
10	People who	serious crimes should	be sent to prison.	
	a) commit	b) make	c) play	d) take
11	The police put		r's ankles to stop him fro	om escaping.
	a) iron-brakes	b) iron-rations	c) iron-legs	d) iron-lungs
12	We'd like to set		ock tomorrow morning.	
	a) up	b) off	c) aside	d) back
13			nurch, where people are	buried.
	a) memorandum	b) hall	c) graveyard	d) pitch
14	Ireally gui		mother's birthday agair	1.
	a) get	b) turn	c) fall	d) feel
15	그는 그 때 등 [명 . 회면의 그런 그래		the path in the	
哥	a) mist	b) avenue	c) air	d) breeze

Unit 1

Advanced & Open General Exercises

•	Rememb	ering • Understanding • Applying • Analysing • Evaluating	Creating	
1	Cho	ose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	كتاب.	جابة هذه التدريبات موجودة بنهاية الك
	1	The conflict between the two companies cou between China and America.	ld have caused a majo	r diplomatic
		a) incident b) event	c) occasion	d) festival
	2	such as "WATCH iT منصات New online platforms	"allow you to watch v	rideos on
		a) call b) offer	c) demand	d) duty
H	3	A silkworma cover that can give 800	metres of pure silk.	
		a) orbits b) revolves	c) activates	d) spins
1	4	The police were that the house was i	robbed by a profession	al gang.
		a) negative b) positive	c) efficient	d) accepted
Ī	5	Meeting Sally, his wife, changed the whole	of Mike's life.	
		a) road b) trip	c) course	
	6	The supermarket sells a special sort of butter		
		a) divides b) publishes	c) prevails	d) spreads
	7	When the two planes crashed, the small plane	e's wing was damaged	on
ě		a) impact b) accident		
100	8	The principal took the that the stude		
i		a) situation b) position		d) post
1	9	My younger sister has a markedfor I		
		a) bias b) balance		d) award
100	10	This digital audio player multiple for		
Ì		a) assists b) supports		
C	11	I sold my flat last week. I it since I gra		
4	•	a) was having b) had		d) had had
900	12	When we		
-		a) have arrived/has been getting	d) arrived/was getting) tin a
Town Control	13	c) arrive/is getting A few years ago, it that certain cells of	of the human body no	ung
1		a) was found/die	b) had been found/di	ver
į		c) has been found/died	d) was found/dies	es .
4.0	14	I just wish theyhere to see me now.		
1		a) are b) had been		d) will be
-	15	Since his motherill, he will clean the		Say will be
		a) is b) was being		d) was
2000	16	A: 'Do you mind if I smoke?' B: 'Well, I'd rather		Fighten and a second
- Capper		a) don't b) didn't	c) aren't	d) hadn't
ı	17	She does not speak our language, yet she see	ems to understand wha	at we say. Yet here
1		means	ad the same type	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF
1		a) so far b) because	c) but	d) till now
Ì	18	She hasn't talked to her neighbours since the	police	
		a) interviewing b) interviewed		d) interview
	19	I have written stories as long as I car		
-		a) for b) since	c) when	
	20	Things have certainly changed; there	lots of small old hous	ses around here when
		Iyoung.	, to 1, 4 × F × F × T	
		a) are/have been	b) would be/was	
		c) were/would have been	d) used to be/was	

Unit 1



Al-Adwaa Test

● Re	Remembering Understanding Applying Analysing Evaluating	Creating	
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:		
	1 The court ruled that the company who own	s the ship "Ever Given" s	should be lined to
	the financial losses of the Suez Canal.	s i maile f	
	a) monthly	c) penalise	d) rule
	2 The aim of the scientific study is to	ow climate change car	affect animal benay
	a) investigate b) duplicate	c) ignore	
	3 A big truck had turned over on its side, and it a) listed b) booked	tthe road.	
	a) listed b) booked	c) blocked	d) constructed
	4 At the school theatre, the play was made sho	rter by theOI I	MO 2CELLES.
	a) Omission b) addition	c) intrusion	a) inclusion
	5 The strong pulled the swimmer out t	o sea and he was rescu	led by a fishing boat,
	a) present b) current	c) drought	a) Currain
	6 The company gives all applicants tes	ts to determine their le	vel of proficiency.
	a) psychology b) clue	c) placement	d) final
	7 The editor refused to publish the report as it	was full of erro	rs about the election
	a) factual b) true	c) fictional	d) common
1	8 Don't be misled into thinking that scientific re	esearch is easy. The ver	b "misled" can be the
	synonym of the verb "".		
	a) cheated b) promoted	c) assisted	d) affected
9	9 A: Where at three? B: I was at the libr		
	a) have you gone b) was he	c) you saw him	d) were you
1	10 We don't live in Assuit now but weth		
	a) have lived b) lived		d) live
1	11 Yesterday while I in class, I felt a terrib		
.)	a) had been sitting b) am sitting		d) sat
12	12 Hamid's hair is wet because hea show		
	a) has just had b) has never had	c) has ever had	d) isn't having
13	Tamera lot of health problems since	he started living in tha	t polluted city.
	a) is having b) has had	c) had	d) has
14	4 The doctor approached the patient with a sm	ile and told him that h	e better.
	a) is looking b) has been looking	c) was looking	d) looks
15	5 Doaa at the nearby school for three ye	ears when she was you	ing.
	a) works b) is working	c) has worked	d) worked
16	6 Mr Yang hospital for three weeks now	because of corona dis	20259
	a) has been in b) was	c) has been to	d) has gone to
17	7 They asked what time the department store v		gene to
	a)?	c)	d);
18	8 Which of the following is correctly punctuated	d? "	
	a) "Looking straight at her," he said, "I can't hel	p you."	
	b) "Looking straight at her, he said," I can't hel	p you."	
	c) Looking straight at her, he said, "I can't help	you."	
	d) Looking straight at her, "he said," "I can't hel	p you."	
19	9 When we send an email, we should write	the and	
	a) the email of the sender and the receiver at	tne end	
	b) the subject of the email at the beginning		
	at the name of the cender at the beginning	. 11	
	d) nothing before writing the body of the ema	all .	

- 20 "In short, smoking is a bad habit which should be fought by all means." This sentence can be of a persuasive paragraph or essay.
 - a) topic sentence
- b) hook sentence
- c) introduction
- d) conclusion

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Human beings are plagued by all kinds of diseases and millions of people die from them. Many of these diseases such as diabetes¹¹¹, polio²³, whooping²⁵ cough and diphtheria²⁶ can be fataiss and in the past, people used to die from them. However, with modern technology and a lot of research, scientists and doctors have come up with various ways to cure these diseases, and consequently[®], many lives are saved.

In doing medical research, doctors have come face to face with many problems. One such problem is the opposition that comes from animal activists⁽¹⁾. They are against the inhuman treatment of animals. They argue that in conducting[®] their medical research, doctors put animals through a very painful process and this should be stopped.

To get their message across, animal activists are even willing to resort to the use of violence. Many animal protection groups have broken into laboratories illegally to 'rescue' animals.

In many cases, the animals were part of research for the cure for various diseases and visual defects in babies. Researchers have come up with many cures in the process of working with animals and on animals. In spite of what animal activists think, most researchers do not treat animals cruelly. In fact, mistreated® animals which are in agony will affect the quality of research so that results obtained are not really reliable. Thus, researchers do try to treat animals as well as possible.

In the long run, animal activists can cause serious damage to the future of medicine. With their persistent campaigning (11), much of the public supports their cause. People with AIDS or cancer need doctors to do research to save their lives, and often it is a case where animal research is crucial(12) before any cure can be found.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 21 A lot of fatal diseases can be cured today because of
 - a) their weakness

- b) the hot weather
- c) modern technology and a lot of research
- d) the existence of animals
- 22 The use of 'plagued' (paragraph 1) suggests that diseases ...
 - a) are deadly

- b) are annoying
- c) have just been discovered by scientists
- d) have been bothering people for some time
- 23 The best title to the passage is '...
 - a) diseases and experimenting on animals.
- b) diseases in the past and present

c) how to cure diseases

- d) the spread of diseases
- 24 The belief of animal activists is that
 - a) animals should not experience any pain in experiments
 - b) animals should not be sacrificed in experiments
 - c) animals should only be used in experiments that aim to cure human disease
 - d) animals should be treated well so that it does not affect the quality of research
- 25 According to paragraph 3, animal activists may resort to . to champion their cause.
 - a) writing
- b) debating
- c) brute force
- d) gentle persuasion

- takes a back seat.

- 26 To save animals,
 - a) improving medical equipment
 - c) improving the livelihood of humans
- b) making better medicine for the rich
- d) finding the cure for diseases



(11) تنظيم الحملات (12) شروری

(9) أسيء لما (10) ألم شبيد

(7) نشطون (N) يجري

(5) معبث (6) ATTE.

(3) مرض البيكي

[1] مرش السكر (2) شلل الأطفال 27 Which of the following statements is false?

a) Fatal diseases like diabetes and AIDS are a thing of the past.

b) A majority of researchers are against cruelty to animals used in research.

c) Many diseases are cured after animal testing had been done. d) A result of the campaigning by animal activists is getting the support of the people.

28 The antonym of the word "various" is

d) few

a) numerous b) several c) countless

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

It was a school holiday for Hazem and Mazen. They were studying in the same primary school They wanted to go to the library that was in their neighborhood. Being the older brother, Hazem was left in charge of Mazen. It took less than ten minutes to walk to the library.

The library was very quiet. Hazem was glad that it was not crowded. Normally when they came, the children's section would be packed with parents and their young children Sometimes, the children obstructed(1) the way and made it difficult for people to walk. Yet, the parents never bothered(2) to correct the children's behavior. This irritated(3) Hazem.

Hazem and Mazen had different interests. Hazem usually read books on the mysteries* while Mazen borrowed non-fiction books on cars. As Hazem was flipping(5) through a book there was a sudden loud crash. At first, he ignored it. Then, a familiar voice called out, "Help! Help! I'm stuck!" He recognized the voice as Mazen's. He immediately put down his book and went in search of Mazen. Instead, he found a pile of books on the floor and an arm sticking out from underneath it. Mazen was under the pile of books. Hazem sighed⁽⁷⁾ and removed the books, freeing Mazen.

"What happened?" Hazem asked Mazen.

Mazen explained that he had found an interesting book, but it was on the uppermost* shelf. He tried to reach for it but could not. Thus, he attempted to climb up to the highest shelf by stepping on the lower ones. In the process, he ended up pulling down the books instead.

By this time, many eyes were on them, Hazem was red as a beetroot (9) from embarrassment (10). The two of them quickly returned the fallen books onto the shelves and scrambled(11) out of the library.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 29 The best title to the passage is
 - a) An embarrassing situation in the library.
 - c) The quiet library.
- 30 Why did Hazem and Mazen go to the library?
 - a) It was a school holiday.
 - c) They wanted to join some friends.
- d) People at the library.
 - b) They wanted to celebrate. d) They were studying in the same school.

b) The two brothers had different interests.

- 31 Which one of the following pieces of information is not true?
 - a) Mazen was the younger brother.
 - b) The library was usually very empty.
 - c) The library was not crowded that day.
 - d) The brothers spent less than ten minutes walking to the library.
- 32 What does "This" in paragraph three refer to?
 - a) The children irritating Hazem.
 - b) The children sitting on the floor.
 - c) The library being crowded with people.
 - d) The parents not bothering to correct their children's behaviour.
- 33 Which one of the following is true?
 - a) The two brothers read mysteries.
 - c) The two brothers read non-fiction books.
- b) The two brothers had different interest
- d) The two brothers were the same age.



pass (11)

(9) البنجر (10) lates

anii (7) (8) الأملي

(5) يقلب الصفحات Aug5 (6)

dejt (3) (4) أشياء غامضة

- 34 What caused the crash?
 - a) Mazen being ignored by his brother.
 - b) Mazen being stuck under a pile of books.
 - c) Mazen trying to reach for a book on the shelf.
 - d) Mazen having different interests from his brother.
- 35 Why did the two of them scramble out of the library?
 - a) They looked like beetroots.
 - b) The library became very crowded.
 - c) They had to return the books to the shelf.
 - d) They were embarrassed by the commotion they had caused.
- 36 The antonym of the word "ignored" is "......".
 - a) overlooked
- b) passed over
- c) noted
- d) unnoticed

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- 37 Egypt started to regain its leading role in the area. It hosts and supports talks to achieve peace and stability in the neighbouring countries.
 - عدات مصر في استعادة دورها الثانوي في المنطقة، وأصبحت تستضيف وتدعم المحادثات لتحقيق السلام والتنمية للبلاد المجاورة.
 - لدأت مصر في استعادة دورها القيادي في المنطقة، وأصبحت تستضيف وتدءم المحادثات لتحقيق السلام والاستقرار للبلاد المجاورة.
 - بدأت مصر في استعادة دورها القيادي في العالم، وأصبحت تستضيف وتدعم المحادثات لتحقيق السلام والاستقرار للبلاد المجاورة.
 - d) بدأت مصر في استعادة دورها القيادي في المنطقة، وأصبحت تستبعد وتستنكر المحادثات لتحقيق السلام والاستقرار للبلاد المجاورة.
- 38 The social media has taken rumours to a whole new level. Celebrities and politicians are easy targets for internet rumours and their careers may be ruined by them.
 - اقلت وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي الشائعات إلى سطح جديد تمامًا، والمشاهير والسياسيون أهداف عصية لشائعات الإنترنت وقد تدمر حياتهم المهنية.
 - نقلت وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي الشائعات إلى مستوى جديد تمامًا، والمشاهير والسياسيون أهداف سهلة لشائعات الإنترنت وقد تدمر حياتهم المهنية.
 - 🕻 غيرت وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي الشائعات إلى مستوى جديد تمامًا، والاحتفاليون والسياسيون أهداف سهلة لشائعات الإنترنت وقد تدفع حياتهم المهنية.
 - d غيرت وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي الشائعات إلى مستوى جديد تمامًا، والمشاهير والسياسيون أهداف سهلة لشائعات الإنترنت وقد تزيد حياتهم المهنية.
 - 39 يتطلع الجميع إلى افتتاح العاصمة الإدارية الجديدة فهي مشروع قومي وستكون مقرًا للحكومة ومركزًا اقتصاديـُــا وثقافيـُــا رائدًا في الشرق الأوسط وشمال إفريقيا.
 - a) Everyone is looking forward to the opening of the New Administrative Capital, as it is a national project and will be the centre of the government and a leading economic and cultural centre in the Middle East and North Africa.
 - b) Everyone are looking forward to the opening of the New Administrative Capital, as it is a national project and will be the seat of the government and a leading economic and cultural centre in the Middle East and North Africa.
 - c) Everyone is looking forward to open of the New Administrative Capital, as it is a local project and will be the seat of the government and a leading economic and cultural centre in the Middle East and North Africa.
 - d) Everyone is looking forward to the opening of the New Administrative Capital, as it is a local project and will be the centre of the government and a leading economic and cultural centre in the Far East and North Africa.
 - 40 يجب على كل وسائل الإعلام مراعاة الدقة وتجنب التحيز في نقل الأخبار حيث إنها تلعب دورًا هامًا في تشكيل اتجاهات الناس في كل مكان. a) All media must inspect accuracy and avoid bias in reporting the news as they play an important role in shaping the attitudes of people everywhere.
 - b) All media must investigate accuracy and avoid bias in reporting the news as they play an important role in painting the attitudes of people everywhere.
 - c) All media must care for accuracy and avoid bias in reporting the news as they play an important role in shaping the attitudes of people everywhere.
 - d) All media must reserve inaccuracy and avoid bias in reporting the news as they play an important rule in shaping the attitudes of people everywhere.







Her sto

Reading : Extract information from three texts

Writing : A report on the results of a survey

Listening: Listen to a podcast about girls in education

Speaking: Make a speech about equality

Language: Comparatives and superlatives; past perfect simple and past perfect

continuous

Life skills : Critical thinking: Identifying inequality and challenging stereotypes



Lessons 1 & 2



A Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary

award (n) (v) (ed)	وسام/يمنح وسامًـا
contribution (n)	مساهمة
determination (n)	تصميم/عزم
karate (n)	رياضة الكاراتيه
lecturer (n)	محاضر
obstacle (n)	عقبة/عائق
overcome (v) *	يتغلب على
pharmacist (n)	صيدلى

physicist (n)	عالم فيزياء
prejudice (n)	تعصب/ظلم/تحيز
qualify(v)(y ied)	يحصل على مؤهل/يتأهل
rank(n)(v)(ed)	مرتبة/يضع في مرتبة
role model (n)	قدوة/مثل أعلى
round (n)	جولة (في دورة تنس)
stereotype (n)	صورة نمطية

The ability to overcome your obstacles is a sign of wisdom.

Vocabulary on Reading

achievement (n)	إنجاز
advance(n)(v)(d)	تقدم/يتقدم
association (n)	منظمة/رابطة
assume (v) (d)	يفترض
athlete (n)	رياضى
attend (v) (ed)	يحضر
attitude (n)	شعور/اتجاه
beat (v)	يهزم/يتغلب على
bronze medal (n)	ميدالية برونزية
celebrate (v) (d)	یحتفی/یحتفل ب
CEO(n)	رئيس تنفيذي
challenge (n) (v) (d)	تحدُ/يتحدى
championship (n)	بطولة
clinic (n)	عيادة
competition (n)	منافسة/مسابقة
confidence (n)	aat
consider (v) (ed)	يعتبر
Court (n)	ملعب تنس
creative (adj)	مبدع
defeat (v) (ed)	يهزم

defy(v)(yried)	يتحدى
demonstrate (v) (d)	يظهر/يبين/يدلل
difficulty(n)	صعوبة/مشقة
electricity (n)	كهرباء
fans (n)	معجبون/مشجعون
female (n) (adj)	أنثى/أنثوى
fixed (adj)	ثابت/محدد
formula (n)	تركيبة
fuel (n)	وقود
generate (v) (d)	يولد/ينتج
Grand Slam (n)	البطولات الأربع الكبرى للتنس
honour(v)(ed)(n)	يكرم/تكريم
influence(v)(d)(n)	يؤثر على/تأثير
innovate (v) (d)	يبدع
inspire (v) (d)	يلهم/يحث
invention (n)	اختراع
knowledge (n)	معرفة
mathematics (n)	الرياضيات
medical (adj)	طبی
medicine(n)	طب ابدواء

minor (adj)	ثانوی/غیر رئیسی	spark (v) (ed) (n)	يئبراشرادة
natural (adj)	طبيعى	specialise (v) (d)	بصصنة
Olympics (n)	الألعاب الأولمبية	state (v) (d)	نان
patience (n)	الصبر	straw (n)	ú
physics (n)	الفيزياء	symbol (n)	ją
planet (n)	كوكب	technical (adj)	نی
private (adj)	خاص	tournament_(n)	ورة مباريات
prize (n)	جائزة	training (n)	ىرىب
produce (v) (d)	ينتج	treatment (n)	بلاج
professional (n) (adj)	محترف/احترافي	unfair (adj)	فير عادل
recognise (v) (d)	يتعرف على <i>ا</i> يدرك	unique (adj)	متفرد/متميز
remarkable (adj)	مميز/راثع	unreasonable (adj)	غير معقول
retire (v) (d)	عداقتي	win (v) (n)	يفوزافوز

Workbook Vocabulary

administration (n)	إدارة/قسم
aeronautics (n)	علم الطيران
aerospace (n)	الفضاء
career (n)	حياة مهنية
college (n)	كلية
community (n)	مجتمع
contribute (v) (d)	يساهم
degree (n) (azsalə ā.a	درجة(وحدة قياس)/درجة (شما
department (n)	قسم
determined (adj)	مصمم/عاقد العزم
device (n)	جماز
emergency (n)	طوارئ
grade (n)	درجة/تقدير
graduate (v) (d) (n)	يتخرج <i>ا</i> خريج
junior (adj)	ناشئ

ير	درجة الماجسة
	مبدالية
	فرصة
	منظم
	يلفت النظر
ب	مندامل/متعص
	مؤهل
	يراجع/مراجعة
	ضاحية
	نلجع
1	نفق
	متطوع
لوعى	نط <i>وع ع</i> مل تم
	نشباب

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

at that time	في ذلك الوقت
do sport	يعارس رياضة
give the confidence	يعطى الثلثة
give advice	يعطى تصيدة
contribute to	يساهم في
look up to	يتطلع إلى
named after	مسمى باسم
need for	حاجة لـ

make a contribution to make successful take advice from win an award	يقوم بمساهمة الـ يجعل ناجحًا بأخذايتيع نصيحة من يفوز بجائزة أو وسام
qualified as return to	مؤهل ک یعودایرجع إلی
specialise in	پِکفصص فی

Derivatives

Delivatives					
Ver	Verb Noun Adjective		Noun		
achieve	يدقق	achievement	إنجاز/تحقيق	achievable	يمكن تحقيقه
celebrate	يمتفل	celebration	احتفال	celebratory	احتفالي
compete	يتنافس	competition	منافسة	competitive	تنافسي
contribute	يساهم	contribution	مساهمة	contributory	مساهم
demonstrate	يظهر/يوضح	demonstration	إظمار	demonstrative	إيضاحي
generate *	يولد	generation	تولید/جیل	generative/generated	تولیدی/مولد
inspire	یلمم/یودی ب	inspiration	وحي/إلهام	inspired	مودني
invent	يخترع	invention	اختراع	inventive	إبداعي
produce	ينتج	production producer	إنتاج منتج	productive	منتجامتمر
qualify	يؤهل/يتأهل	qualification	مؤهل	qualified	مؤهئل
react	يقوم برد فعل	reaction	رد فعل	reactive	متفاعل
recognise	يتعرف على/يدرك	recognition	تمييز/إبراك	recognisable	يمكن تمييزه
treat	يعالج	treatment	علاج	treatable	يمكن علاجه

The stations generate the power needed for the factories.
The generation of the power depends on fuel.
The generated power of the station is sufficient.

المضاد Antonym

(Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning
achievement	إنجاز
award	يمنح وسامنا
defy	يتددي
demonstrate	يظهرايوضح
honour	يكرم
impressive	مؤثر
inspire	يلهم/يحث
prejudice	تعصب/تميز
professional	محترف

accomplishment/success
grant/present
challenge/oppose
explain/illustrate
appreciate/praise
extraordinary/remarkable
influence/motivate

intolerance/bias experienced/skillful

المرادف Synonym

	100
ccess	(
	-
1000	-
Service to	(
24	(
ble	(
	(
a training	1
3039	(i

defeat/failure	مزيمة/فشل
refuse	يرقض
assist/encourage	يساعد/يشجع
confuse/hide	يربك/يخفي
condemn/disregard	يىين
common/unexciting	عادی/غیر شیق
discourage/depress	يثبط/يحبط
fairness/tolerance	عدالة/تسامح
inefficient/untalented	غير كف اغير موهوب

Unit 2 Lessons 1 & 2

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: **Check Point** 1 Dr Magdy Yaccoub made a greatto medicine especially heart surgery. d) affection c) contribution a) defection b) defeat The young writer has won a number offor the books she published during the last few years, d) races c) medals a) presents b) awards 3 As a former footballer, he is well to talk about the game and give advice to the players. d) identified c) purified a) qualified b) classified Women still facein the workplace; they are offered less salaries than men. d) prejudice c) fairness a) reflection b) balance 5 Nour El Sherbini is nownumber one in the list of professional squash players. d) completed c) reached

Check the answers at the end of the book

Reading Text (1)

People who inspire

Firsts for Egyptian women

This week, we are celebrating two remarkable Egyptian women who broke down stereotypes and prejudices, demonstrating that women's place in society is important and continues to

Hilana Sedarous

1904-1998

a) rested

Education: London Medical School

b) ranked

Hilana Sedarous was the first Egyptian woman to become a doctor in modern Egypt and in the Arab world, too. She was born in Tanta and was sent to London in 1922 to study mathematics with five other Egyptian students. However, while she was there, she decided to study medicine instead. They were considered to be the first medical students to study in England. In 1930, after going through many obstacles(1), she qualified as a doctor and returned to Egypt where she opened a private clinic for women. She was treating patients until she was 70 years old. After retiring, she started writing and translating stories for children.

Yasmeen Yehya Moustafa

Born: 1998

Awards: 1st place in the Intel Science and Engineering competition, NASA named a minor planet after her family (Moustafa 31910) recognising her contribution to science.

Education: Maadi STEM School for Girls, Middle East Technical University. Yasmeen is a role model for other young Egyptians. Born in Damietta, she defied stereotypes by moving to Cairo alone to attend the Maadi STEM school. The CEO of Intel Egypt said that Yasmeen has received a "unique" honour, adding that her success in the field of scientific research is considered an achievement for all of the Egyptian society and for Intel which encourages youth to be creative.

Yasmeen's winning invention was sparked by the need for cleaner water in her village. She found that burning rice straw gave clean water and also produced a natural fuel which can be used to generate electricity. She says her school gave her the confidence to innovate and to defy prejudice: 'I believe I can change the world', she proudly states.



عقبات (٦)

يتأهل (2)

قدوة (3) صور نمطية 🕪 تعيز/تعصب 🔄

Reading Text (2)

2021: A great year for Egyptian women athletes!

2021 was an amazing year for Egyptian female athletes. At the Tokyo Olympic Games, **Ferial Abdelaziz** became the first female Egyptian to win the karate gold medal. Ferial studied to become a pharmacist and had played karate since she was seven. Before she won the Olympic gold medal, she had already won a bronze medal at the World Championships in Spain and a silver medal at the 2019 Africa Games in Morocco.

However, Ferial was not the only Egyptian to win a medal at the Tokyo Olympics. **Giana Farouk** won a bronze medal at the same event. Giana had also won a gold medal at the Africa Games in Congo in 2015 and three gold medals at the World Championships (two in Germany in 2014 and one in Austria in 2016).



Also in 2021, Egyptian tennis player **Mayar Sherif** became the first Egyptian woman to be ranked in the top 100 players of the Women's Tennis Association

(WTA), reaching number 74 in September. This was after she reached the WTA finals in Romania, where she lost to Andrea Petkovic. Earlier in the year, she beat Chloe Paquet from France in the first round of the 2021 Australian Open. Up until then, no Egyptian woman had won a match in a Grand Slam tournament.

These great women athletes and many others faced many obstacles and challenges. However, they were able to overcome⁽⁴⁾ them and proudly put Egypt on the world map of sports. The secret formula for their success was hard work, determination⁽⁵⁾ and a lot of patience.

Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

Dr Tahani Amer grew up in a suburb of Cairo. Her love of engineering started while she was watching her father repair a car engine when she was young, although she thought she would study medicine at university.

She then married when she was 17 and moved to the USA in 1983. Although she did not speak any English at that time, this did not stop her from doing well in maths and she got top grades in her exams. She took a two-year degree in science while she was bringing up two young children, and then took a higher degree in engineering. In 1992, she got a master's degree in aerospace engineering and another qualification (4) in engineering after that. It is easy to understand why she believes that education is the key to opportunity!

After she moved to the USA, she was determined to work for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) and she did some work for them while she was at college. This gave her the experience she needed to get a full-time job there. She became a manager at NASA in 2012. Since 2016, she has worked for NASA's technology department. During her time there, she has helped to program computers and test wind tunnels. She invented a new device and helped solve real-life problems. She now reviews NASA's space missions.

While living in the USA, Dr Tahani Amer also did a lot of volunteering for the community. She helps at afterschool science clubs, teaches Arabic and Islamic studies to young children and also works hard to help other women become successful in their careers. Dr Tahani Amer's work has contributed to the increase in the number of women who work at NASA. Today, around 30% of people who work for NASA are female.

Listening Text (Workbook)



In 2021, Fatma was 21. Before this time, Fatma had been playing top handball for many years. Before she went to university, Fatma had already played for the Egyptian youth team (the under 18s) and before she graduated, she had played for the junior team (the under 20s). She became one of the best women handball players in the country.

In 2021, Egypt did not have a handball team for players over 21. When we spoke to Fatma, she said that in the past the country had spent a lot of money on the men's handball team which helped it to become very successful. She hoped that the sports organisers would spend money on a women's team in the future.

She also pointed out that in the past, women had been very successful in other sports, such as Hedaya Malak and Sara Ahmed who won medals at the 2016 Olympics. She said there was no reason women handball players could not do extremely well too.

Let's hope that soon her dream will come true and that there will be an international Egyptian handball team for women over 21. We're sure that they will be very successful!

Change th	e correct answer from a, b, c or d:
1 My son from Cairo Universit	
a) applied	b) ruled
c) enrolled	d) graduated
2 As he is only 17 years old, Mike is a	member of the club's team and hopes to be in the
senior one soon.	
a) professional	b) junior
c) allied	d) broad
The salesman at the gallery	out that not one of the paintings is original.
a) aimed	b) placed
c) pointed	d) breathed
Hodaya Malak wasto win a	second Olympic medal in her new weight and she did.
	b) decided
a) determined	d) blessed
c) depressed	to see the great works of our favouring
The exhibition is a fantastic	to see the great works of our favourite artist.
a) salary	b) wage
c) opportunity	d) competition

Vocabulary in Use



FOCUS on Vocabulary

lecturer

a person who teaches at university

contribution

something you do to help make something successful or someone advance

physicist

a scientist that/who specialises in the field of physics

role model

الدوة/مثل أعلى

a person young people can look up to and try to be like them

qualify

successfully finish a training course so you can do a job

> a fixed idea about what a person or thing is like

award

* a prize or symbol given to recognise an achievement

prejudice

an unfair or unreasonable opinion because you do not have enough knowledge

Notes on Vocabulary

تستخدم court باكثر من معنى منها: ١- ملعب لبعض الرياضات مثل التنس

The tennis players are due on court in an hour.

Four people, who are charged with robbery, will appear in court today.

٣- بلاط ملكي

All court officials denied the rumours about the prince's marriage.

attend

١- بحضر مناسبة أو اجتماعًـا

- The meeting is on the fifth and we're hoping everyone will attend. ۱- پداوم الذهاب أو الحضور إلى مكان مثل جامعة أو مسجد أو كنيسة
- 2 Which school do your children attend?
 - The customer service staff will attend to your complaints.

٤- يعتني بشخص (خاصة عند مرضه)

My grandmother is 70 years old and needs to be attended by us.

	stereotype سورة نمطية (رأى غالبًا غير صحيح)	The new film defies the stereotype of women as passive victims.
3	image سورة (رای عن شخص او شیء خاصة عن طریق عایة ما)	The company needs to create a new image for itself.
	reputation معة (رأى عن شخص أو شركة مثلًا بسبب الماضي)	The restaurant has an excellent reputation and attracts many customers.
-	present دية	△ ► I'm going to buy a wedding present for my sister.
	prize الزة	You can win a prize if you practise harder for the race.
4	reward	The young clerk has received a reward for being hardworking at the office.
	award بائزة رسمية	 Mohamed Salah received the Player of the Year Award in England in 2018.

recognise

۱- یتعرف علی (یعرف شخصًا أو شیئًا لرؤیته أو سماعه أو المرور به من قبل) ۲- یقبل ویعرف أهمیة شیء

- I didn't recognise you in your uniform.
- The new doctor tried to get his work recognised by the medical profession.

realise

- Do you realise you're an hour late?
- She never realised her ambition of winning an Olympic ا- يعرك (يعرف أو يقهم شيئًا) عن يتمناه عن الشيئًا كان يتمناه عن gold medal.

Notes Notes on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts

Did you notice	these	notes	while	reading?
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Hilana Sedarous was the first Egyptian	n woman to become a doctor in modern Egypt
englettylingheid, englet, friends	دحظ استخدام (المصدر + to) بعد التعبير (the first)
After retiring, she started writing and t	translating stories for children.
	لانها لم يتبعها فاعل. (verb + ing) بعد (After) لأنها لم يتبعها فاعل.
Her love of engineering started while	she was watching her father repair a car engine.
فى بعض الحالات.	لاحظ استخدام المصدر بعد الفعل (watch) كما يمكن استخدام (verb + ing) ة
After she moved to the USA, she was Space Administration (NASA)	s determined to work for the National Aeronautics and
هنا ليس ضروريكا، كما يلاحظ استخدام الحروف الكبيرة	ستخدام جملتين في زمن الماضي البسـيط بعد (After)؛ لأن استخدام الماضي التام كلمة المختصرة (NASA).
This gave her the experience she need	
This gave her the experience she need She invented a new device and helped	
She invented a new device and helped	d solve real-life problems.
She invented a new device and helped the check Point 3 Choose the contact the check Point 3	d solve real-life problems. لاحظ استخدام الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. correct answer from a, b, c or d:
She invented a new device and helped the check Point 3 Choose the contact the check Point 3	d solve real-life problems. دخظ استخدام الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. correct answer from a, b, c or d: he'd seen it before. b) recognised
She invented a new device and helped the Choose the company to the Choose the Ch	d solve real-life problems. دخظ استخدام الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. correct answer from a, b, c or d: he'd seen it before. b) recognised d) forgot
She invented a new device and helped the Choose the company that the TV show, he	d solve real-life problems. (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. (hyphen) خط استخدام الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) خط استخدام الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) خط استخدام الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) خط استخدام المركبة. (b) recognised d) forgot hy information about the robbery.
She invented a new device and helped Choose the company of the two shows and the police offered a/an	d solve real-life problems. (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. correct answer from a, b, c or d: he'd seen it before. b) recognised d) forgot ny information about the robbery. b) award
She invented a new device and helped Check Point 3 Choose the company of the com	d solve real-life problems. (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. (hyphen) من الصفات المركبة. (correct answer from a, b, c or d: (b) recognised (d) forgot (ny information about the robbery. (b) award (d) prize
When he watched the TV show, he a) realised c) organised The police offered a/an for ar a) present c) reward Many people still believe that old	d solve real-life problems. (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. (hyphen) من الصفات المركبة. (correct answer from a, b, c or d: (b) recognised (d) forgot (ny information about the robbery. (b) award (d) prize (about women as a housewife only.
When he watched the TV show, he a) realised c) organised The police offered a/an for an a) present c) reward Many people still believe that old an a scene	d solve real-life problems. (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. (hyphen) من الصفات المركبة. (correct answer from a, b, c or d: (b) recognised (d) forgot (e) forgot (forgot answer) (forgot answe
Check Point 3 Choose the company of the Choose the company of the Point 3 Choose the	d solve real-life problems. (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة (hyphen) الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. (correct answer from a, b, c or d: (b) recognised (d) forgot (e) information about the robbery. (b) award (d) prize (about women as a housewife only. (b) image (d) stereotype
Check Point 3 Choose the company of	d solve real-life problems. (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة (hyphen) الشرطة الواصلة (hyphen) في الصفات المركبة. (correct answer from a, b, c or d: (b) recognised (d) forgot (e) information about the robbery. (b) award (d) prize (about women as a housewife only. (b) image (d) stereotype

Check the answers at the end of the book.

Practice (

Vocabulary Exercises

Akmenitering Strickinstending in Acetyling & Acetyling & Everapting Creating

Ch	onse the correct an	swer from a, b, c or a:	mutary N	otes
(K	ey vocabulary, Readir	ng, Listening, Workbook	Vocabulary & Vocabulary N	of authority in som
1	Unfortunately, there	e is still somea	gainst women in positions	0, 444
	PALL 10, 1211 1 C 131 31 31 1 10 10 10			d) prejudice
		b) enthusiasm	c) attitude	
2				d) records
	a) practices	b) influences	c) stereotypes	ginations.
3	The film is quite sca	ry, but it might also	young com	d) share
4	As Ashraf was not a	hard worker, it took him	n seven years to	d) petrify
	m I day a m Cife a	and a militar	CIDEIV	
5	After I watch this m	atch, I will have watched	d all the matches in this ter	d) race
	a) league	h) tranhy	c) tournament	
6	The students who c	omplete the course suc	cessfully will bea	d) qualified
	a) awarded	b) rewarded	c) presented	with his theorie
7	It is believed that Ei	nstein, the great scienti	st, reshaped modern	d) physics
	a) history	b) geography	c) maths	acted to it
8	Tomorrow, there is	an important meeting a	nd the whole staff are expe	d) depend
	a) consider	b) agree	c) attend	u) depend
9	With the new playe	rs, our team will be a tol	ugh one to	d) com
•			c) gain	
10			ics	
			c) professionto fighting pollution in th	
11	Our reliance on ross	b) treatment	to lighting poliution in th	e world.
40	a) merit	duise me to have more	c) change	d) obstacle
12	my parents always o	b) confidence	in my own abilitie	es.
42	a) achievement	are is a system for	c) suspicion	d) advance
13	al presents	b) gifts	for employees who do	
44			because of its red rocks	d) rewards
1.4	a) Region	b) Planet	c) Plant	
15	Lthink it is a/an	for all athletes to r	represent their	d) Space
	a) patience	b) honour	represent their country in t	he Olympics.
16		kinds of fossil	that cause pollers	d) emergency
	a) fuels	b) liquids	c) foods	
17	Have you had any	treatment durin	on the last three	d) materials
- 50	a) natural	b) medical	c) technical	
18		the wind is used to	electricity	d) personal
	a) invest	b) do	el acom	
19	Our teacher of Engl	ish has a great ability to) menerate) menerate students to do b	d) invent
	a) respire	b) conspire	c) aspire	etter.
	-, ,,		-, ashire	

100	the local company don't really deserve the				
	a) image b) stereotype	c) reputation	d) view		
21	Mohamed Salah is nowin the top 1				
l.	a) marked b) rewarded				
22	The hospitalis working hard to imp				
	a) customer b) contribution				
23	This test measures children's in reac				
24	 a) width b) achievement Mohamed Salah has been a positive role 	for many young mor	all over the world		
24	Monamed Salan has been a positive role	for many young mer	all over the world.		
-	a) symbol b) image				
25	Most young people get all theirabo				
	a) formula b) science				
26	The pilot was forced to make a/an I				
	a) emergency b) usual	c) planned	d) prior		
27	The children'sin my favourite clothe	s store sells a wide range o	of good quality clothes.		
	a) college b) department	c) administration	d) clinic		
28	Florence Nightingale, the real founder of nur				
,	the war.				
	a) captain b) leader	c) volunteer	d) fighter		
29	Part of the Giza metro line goes through a				
1	a) spring b) road		d) tunnel		
30	Hilana Sedarous was a verywoman,				
	a) private b) passive				
(E	Expressions, Idioms, Prepositions, Derivatives, Synonyms & Antonyms				
-					
-	The Olympic medal winners have recently	awards for their ach	nievement.		
-	The Olympic medal winners have recently a) rewarded b) won	awards for their ach	nievement. d) rejected		
31	a) rewarded b) won	awards for their ach	d) rejected		
31	The Olympic medal winners have recently a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for	awards for their ach	d) rejected		
31	a) rewardedb) wonMy father's architecture office specialises	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at	d) rejected		
31	 a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for 	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at	d) rejected		
31	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb "	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the		
31 32 33	 a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of sverb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge		
31 32 33	 a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey to the charity in	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside.		
31 32 33	 a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) obey c) contributory	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed		
31 32 33	 a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) obey c) contributory	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday.		
31 32 33 34 35	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb "". b) follow The businessman wanted to make a financia a) contribute b) contribution Forty members of our family got together to a) celebrate b) celebration	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) obey c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed		
31 32 33 34 35	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) obey c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet.	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory		
31 32 33 34 35 36	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb "". b) follow The businessman wanted to make a financia a) contribute b) contribution Forty members of our family got together to a) celebrate b) celebration Mr Sameh	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday.		
31 32 33 34 35 36	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took ualified a doctor. c) in	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke d) as		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took ualified a doctor. c) in	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke d) as tion.		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took ualified a doctor. c) in dis courage and determinate c) up	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke d) as tion. d) through		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took ualified a doctor. c) in dis courage and determinate c) up	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke d) as tion. d) through		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took ualified a doctor. c) in its courage and determinate c) up of cancer in Egypt, e	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke d) as tion. d) through specially the field of		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took ualified a doctor. c) in its courage and determinat c) up of cancer in Egypt, e	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke d) as tion. d) through specially the field of d) treatable		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	a) rewarded b) won My father's architecture office specialises a) in b) for She defied her parents and dropped out of s verb"	awards for their ach c) gained interior design. c) at chool. The verb "defy" is the c) obey c) to the charity in c) contributory my grandfather's c) celebrated ent on a low-fat diet. c) took ualified a doctor. c) in its courage and determinat c) up of cancer in Egypt, e	d) rejected d) on e synonym of the d) challenge the countryside. d) contributed birthday. d) celebratory d) broke d) as tion. d) through specially the field of d) treatable		

Unit 2 Less

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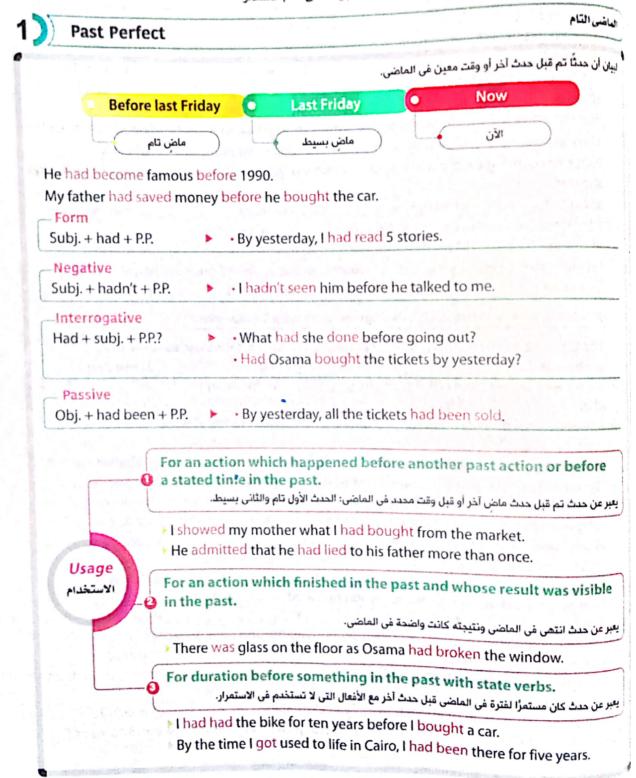
Lessons 1 & 2



Language

The Past Perfect and Past Perfect Continuous

الماضي التام والماضي التام المستمر



The past perfect is used with the following time expressions:

before, after, till/until, when, by, by the time, as soon as:



After I had looked both ways, I crossed the street.



• Before I crossed the road, I had looked both ways.



My son did not buy the phone until he had taken the money.

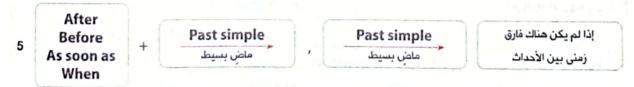


- She refused to marry him until he had bought a new flat.
- He waited at the station until the train arrived.
- I wasn't happy until I had passed my exams.
- I wasn't allowed to enter the country until I had shown my passport.
- He couldn't pass the driving test until he had practised enough.



إذا لم يوجد فاعل بعد After أو Before نستخدم V.ing بشرط أن يكون فاعل الجملة الثانية هو الفاعل المحذوف.

- After finishing his work, he helped me. = After he had finished,
- Before helping me, he had finished his work. = Before he helped,



- *When he entered the flat, he took off his shoes.
- After he paid the driver, he got out of the taxi.
- Before he left, he asked me to close the door behind him.
- As soon as he read the story, he gave it to me.



-They weren't happy because their team the final.

a) hasn't won

b) hadn't won

c) wouldn't win

d) hadn't been won

الإجابة هي (b) لأن عدم السعادة جاء بعد عدم المكسب

ريط الفرق بين جمل when الأثية؛

When + Past simple, Past perfect

When I reached the station, the train had left.

_{نادر ال}قطار قبل وصولى (لم ألحق بـه)

When + Past simple, Past simple

غير القطار عند وصوله (ريما لحقه أو رأه)

When he reached the station, the train left.

When + Past simple, Past simple

When I had reached the station, the train left.

ملت المحطة قبل مغادرة القطار (لحقته)

وver/never/already/yet مع الماضى التام لبيان الحدث الأول.

 I saw Galal last night. I had never seen him before. وجد أكثر من حدثين في الجملة يجب تحديد الحدث الأول ليوضع ماضيًا تامًا والأحداث الباقية إما ماضٍ بسيط وإما مستمر حسب المعنى.

As soon as I saw Ahmed, I realised that I had met him before.

له نضع الماضي التام بعد as soon as مباشرة لأنه ليس الحدث الأول، فالحدث الأول هو (المقابلة).

 After he got to the station, he realised that he had left the train ticket at home. . لم نضع الماضي التام بعد After مباشرة لأنه ليس الحدث الأول، فالحدث الأول هو (ترك التذكرة في المنزل).

I was shopping with my friend when I realised that I had lost my wallet.

الديث الأول فقدان المحفظة.

¡}بسـتخدم الماضي التام مع أفعال مثل think/say/know/realise عند اســتخدامها في الماضي للحديث عن اعتقادات ومحادثات ومعرفة وإبراك لشيء سابق.

- I thought I had finished my homework, but I realised I had forgotten the last page.
- I knew where I had put the keys.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

yesterday
,

a) had finished

b) finished

c) has finished

d) had been finished

2 He felt that he the question wrong.

a) has answered

b) had been answering

c) was answered

d) had answered

3 Before starting to eat, hedown the table.

a) has laid

b) was lying

c) had laid

d) lay

4 Hemy name, so I reminded him.

a) forgets

b) had forgotten

c) has forgotten

d) was forgetting

5 The weather was worse last year than I it to be.

a) had expected

b) have expected

c) expect

d) was expected





Form

Subj. + had been + v-ing

· When I met Ali, he had been walking for 2 hours.

Negative

Subj. + hadn't been + v-ing

· I wasn't tired as I hadn't been driving for long.

-Interrogative

Had + subj. + been +v-ing? ▶

•What had they been doing before I met them?

يعبر عن حدث كان مستمرًا في الماضي (بدأ وانتهى في الماضي) قبل وقوع حدث آخر.

They had been looking for a house for six months before they found the one they liked.

يعبر عن حدث استمر لفترة في الماضي ونتيجته كانت واضحة في الماضي.

- She had been working hard that day, so she was tired.
- At last, the bus came. I had been waiting for 30 minutes.

لا تستخدم أفعال الحالة stative verbs مع الماضي التام المستمر.

It was 5:00 p.m. He had had a headache all day.

Usage الاستخدام

يأتي الماضي النام المستمر عادة مع أفعال يمكن أن تستغرق فترة طويلة مثل:

wait/do/study/live/work/stay/play/watch/sleep/paint/read/write/talk/ run/walk/travel

- She had been training for three years when she entered the race.
- He was out of breath. It was clear that he had been running for a long time.

يستخدم الماضي التام المستمر مع الكلمات الأتية:

for/since/how long/before/until

Ali had been trying to call me for 10 minutes before I finally answered the phone.

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﴾ يرتبط الماضى التام المستمر والماضى التام بفعل ماضٍ أخر معه.

برتبط المضارع التام المستمر والمضارع التام بفعل مضارع آخر معه.

- The garden is dirty because people have left litter everywhere.
- The garden was dirty because people had left litter everywhere.
- Ali is out of breath as he has been running for a long time.
- Ali was out of breath as he had been running for a long time.

٢) لاحظ الفرق بين الماضي التام المستمر والماضي المستمر الذي يعبر عن حدث كان مستمرًا وقطعه آخر:

When the race started, it was raining and the streets were wet.

مازالت تمطر عندما بدأ السباق.

When the race started, it had been raining and the streets were wet.

عندما بدأ السباق لم تكن تمطر ، كانت قد توقفت قبل بداية السباق ولكنما استمرت فترة قبل البداية.

٢) إذا ذكرنا مرأت حدوث الفعل نستخدم الماضي التام وليس الماضي التام المستمر:

When I met Ahmed, he had typed 3 reports.

Check Point 5 Choose the correct a	answer from a, b, c or d:
1 I was very tired when I arrived home. I	
	b) had worked
c) have been working	d) had been worked
2 He for 30 years when he finally gave	ve it up.
a) was smoking	b) had smoked
c) had been smoked	d) had been smoking
My familyan old car for 5 years be	fore buying a smart one.
a) had been having	b) has had
c) had had	d) was having
What had hewhen the accident ha	appened?
a) done	b) been doing
c) been done	d) had
6 We for 12 hours when he woke us	up.
a) have slept	b) had been sleeping
c) were sleeping	d) had been slept
VI	





Language Exercises

	Analysing Cvaluating		Check your understanding.
Ch	oose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	when this course will	
1	Ifor a long time when it suddenly	began to rain.	
	a) had not been walking	b) weren't walking	
	c) had walked	d) had been walked	
2	It was dark and cold. At one moment, he thou		
	a) has lost	b) had been losing	
	c) had lost	d) was lost	
3	How long English before she wer		
	a) had she been learnt	b) was she learning	ALCOND MALLS
	c) had she been learning	d) has she been learning	Trible of section (12)
4	I couldn't imagine what to her.	100 A	
	a) has been happened	b) had happened	
	c) had been happened	d) has been happening	
5	Hefor less than an hour when he		
	a) had driven	b) was driving	
	c) had been driven	d) had been driving	
6	그는 보고 생물이 내려가 되면 이 바로 하면 되었다면 보고 있다.		
	a) already did	b) have already done	
	c) had already done	d) already do	
7	They were very tired in the evening because	and the second s	n all day.
	a) had been helping	b) had helped	
	c) have been helping	d) were helping	
8		day.	
	a) had been reaching	b) were reaching	
	c) had reached	d) reached	CONTRACTOR IN
9	Iall day; so I wasn't tired and visit	ed my friend at night.	
	a) had been working	b) had not been working	
	c) was working	d) have been working	
10	Hehis work before you came.		
	a) had been finishing	b) finishes	
	c) has finished	d) had finished	
11	Theyall day so their legs were so	re in the evening.	
	a) had been cycling	b) had cycled	
	c) were cycling	d) have been cycling	
12	I woke up feeling tired this morning because	Ivery well last r	night.
	a) wasn't sleeping	b) haven't slept	
	c) haven't been sleeping	d) hadn't slept	
13	They for over an hour before Sam	ny arrived.	
	a) had been talking	b) have talked	gasanthyon by
	c) were talking	d) had been talked	
14	As soon as she out of bed, she go	t dressed.	
	a) gets b) has got	c) had got	d) would get

15	My father at the university for m	ore than 30 years before he retired.
	a) had worked b) had been working	c) have been working d) was working
16	I knew that my uncle	
	a) had bought b) had been buying	c) was buying d) has bought
17	We for her ring for two hours and	d then we found it in the bathroom.
	a) had been looking	b) had been looked
	c) had looked	d) were looking
18	I arrived at the bus station late yesterday. Wh	nen I got there, my bus
	a) left b) had been leaving	c) had left
19	I met her at yesterday's party, but I	her by sight for years before that.
	a) have known	b) had known
	c) will have known	d) had been knowing
20	He evidentlyhis shoes for a very	
	a) has been wearing	b) had been worn
	c) was wearing	d) had been wearing
21	Shethe house when I went to he	
		b) had been cleaning
	c) has been cleaning	
22	Mother Ali that he to	
		b) has reminded/promises
	c) had reminded/promised	d) reminded/had promised
23	When I checked my change, I realised they	
0.4		
24	Samysomewhere to live when h	b) had already found
	4.00	d) had been finding
	c) has already found	ay had been infallig
25	Did you know that their plans?	b) have changed
	a) change c) had been changing	
26	Heft home before I realised Imy	
20	a) have forgot	b) forgot
	c) had forgotten	d) had been forgetting
27	Why the bathroom before you took	
	a) didn't you clean	b) hadn't you cleaned
	c) haven't you been cleaning	d) hadn't you been cleaning
28	Why did no one tell me that my glasses	?
	a) had smashed	b) have smashed
	c) were smashing	d) had been smashing
29	Maher was very rude to Karim considering h	ehim for a few days.
	a) only knows	b) knew only
	c) had only been knowing	u) had only known
30	Ahmed looks very tired. Heon the	r) has been t.
	a) worked b) was working	c) has been working d) had been working

Test Yourself (1)

Unit 2 Lessons 1 & 2

Remembering

Understanding

O Applying

Analysing

Evaluation

Creating

Choc	ose the correct ans	wer from a, b, c or d:		
	The tennis player ha		er reaching the third	of the tournament
	a) fight		clraco	d) round
		a, championsinp		
	a) student		a Britishon liter	
			c) official	d) client
3	ine iamous piayer i	nopes to repeat his succ	cess on the grass	of Wimbledon.
			c) courts	_
		, the Egyptian woman	could change the tradition	alof women
	n society.			
i	a) stereotype	b) reputation	c) expression	d) location
5	Teaching young chi	ildren isa ch	allenging and rewarding jol	o. Index and the state of the
	a) defied	b) considered	c) relied	d) denied
6 \	Women still have to	many challe	enges and difficulties to gai	n equality.
			c) overcome	
			of students. The verb "inspir	
	verb "			diff the so is observed as di
- 1	a) aspire	b) depress	c) discourage	d) motivate
			me a lot of confidence in my	
			c) gave	
		nel before he came to S		u) Woll
1			c) will never see	d) had never soon
			use Isince eight	
			b) have waited	OCIOCK.
	a) had been waiting			TWILL SEE THE STATE OF
	c) have been waitin		d) had waited	A TOTAL CO.
			e where wefor f	
	a) had moved/lived		b) have moved/had live	d
	c) moved/had been	of the Table 19 to the Color	d) will move/have lived	
			n she was taken to hospital	
7 .	 a) has been feeling 		b) had been feeling	
	c) was feeling		d) had been felt	
13	We spent hours tall	king about what we	since we left school	
	a) have been doing		b) have done	
	c) were doing		d) had been doing	
14	I wasn't hungry at fo	our because I	a big lunch at one.	
	a) had had	b) was having	c) had been having	d) have
		when we reached the		
		ing and resources a section for	b) was already starting	
	a) has aiready starti			
	 a) has already starte c) had already start 			tina
	c) had already start	ed	d) had already been star	
16	c) had already start	ed I to marry him was the I		

- 17 Which of these sentences has the comma in the right place?
 - a) Please, get me, some eggs milk and some butter.
 - b) Please, get me some eggs, milk and some butter.
 - c) Please, get me some eggs milk, and some butter.
 - d) Please, get me some eggs milk and, some butter.
- 18 Decide which part of speech is the underlined word. If your car isn't working, you can take mine.
 - a) adjective
- b) noun
- c) pronoun
- d) adverb
- 19 Your conclusion should include all of the following EXCEPT
 - a) a restatement of your thesis statement
- b) a transition sentence
- c) a re-connection with your lead
- d) supporting details

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

With the march of time, people and their customs change. In China, before 1949, women were considered second-class people. Girls had to bind their feet to stop them from growing because small feet were considered a sign of beauty. They suffered much and couldn't stay on a job for a long time. After the 1949 revolution, Maozedong, who had done much to make China better, said, "Women hold up half the sky." And from that time, women are treated as men's equals. Many women have become business owners and managers. New mothers are now allowed to take two years out of work to look after their babies. All this looks good but there is another side of the picture. Farm wives do most of the donkey work in their fields and spend about 12 hours a day working.

In the late seventies, a law came out and was obeyed by all. It ordered each family to have one child only, and in case parents had a second child, they had to get rid of him/her or lose their jobs. Many families wished to have a son. Therefore, if they had a baby girl, they drowned her in the river or just threw her away. About half a million female babies were killed each year. Nowadays, there are 118 males for each 100 females. In spite of this, husbands treat their wives badly and beat them. Divorce (5) has become quite frequent (6).

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 20 The Chinese government made the people obey the law by
 - a) allowing all working women to stay at home for two years
 - b) making those who had a second child lose their jobs
 - c) allowing parents to drown the baby girl
 - d) doing all these things
 - 21 Chinese couples prefer to have a son because
 - a) sons love their parents more
 - b) sons have a much better future since women are treated as men's equals
 - c) girls are still considered a shame
 - d) of all the above reasons
 - 22 Women in China suffered much because
 - a) they couldn't stay on a job for a long time
 - b) they were considered less important than men
 - c) they were business owners
 - d) they had small feet



(5) طلاق (5) متكرر (3) **دورة** (4) أغرق

city was a s

500	23	What does the underlined expression "get ri	d of" mean?
		a) Throw away or destroy.	b) Keep in a bad place.
		c) Throw from the window.	d) Send to another country.
	24	Before 1949, Chinese girls, all the	time; day and night.
		a) had a continuous source of pain	b) had held great positions
住には		c) had been considered a first-class people	d) had been less in number than men
Or Call	25	Women consider Maozedong	
4		a) the cause of their divorce	b) the cause of their agony
83		c) the greatest Chinese leader	d) the worst leader over the ages
1	26	The expression "Women hold up half the sky	/," means
Children	1	a) women do nothing in society	b) women have a great role in the society like men
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		c) women should be killed	d) women do the hard jobs only
(MC 347)	27	Although women are less in number than m	en,
Chestife		a) they take most of the jobs	b) they treat their husbands badly
STATISTICS.		c) the man marries more than a woman	d) they are still treated badly
F	Read	the sentences and choose the correct trans	lation from a, b, c or d:
H			ous women in history. They all make great role
			n's Day and on trying to promote women's rights.
	1.66		a) هناك الكثير من النساء المشهورات في التاريخ وهن جميعًا يرفضن نماذج
-	1		b هناك الكثير من النساء المشهورات في التاريخ وهن جميعًا يمثلن أدوارًا ء
-			 هناك الكثير من النساء المشهورات في التاريخ وهن جميعًا يمثلن نماذج:
NAME OF TAXABLE	. 1 - 1		
-	20		d) هناك الكثير من النساء المشهورات في التاريخ وهن جميعًا يمثلن نماذج ع
-	29		r poor women in Upper Egypt, in order to enjoy a
-			erventions that would have great impact on their
ì		livelihoods.	
Contract Con	Line	من أجل التمتع بنوعية حياة افضل كما توفر تدخلات مستدامة من	 تهدف الحكومة المصرية إلى تمكين النساء الفقيرات في صعيد مصر شأنها أن يكون لها تأثير كبير على سبل عيشهم.
1	-	ر من أحل التمتع بنوعية حياة أفضل كما توفر تطورات مستدامة من	ط) تعــدف الحكومــة المصرية إلى تقوية النســاء الفقيرات في صعيد مصــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
-	NL S		شأنها أن يكون لها تأثير كبير على سبل عيشهم.
ı		سر من أجل التمتع بنوعية حياة أفضل كما توفر ورطات مستدامة من	 ا تهدف الحكومة المصرية إلى تمكين النساء الفقيرات في صعيد مم
ı	11/4	[편집 : [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10]	شانها أن يكون لها تأثير كبير على سبل عيشهم.
6	o) ·	من أجل التمتع بنوعية حياة أفضل كما توفر تدخلات مسـتدامة من	d) تمدف الحكومة المصرية إلى تمكين النساء الفقيرات في صعيد مصر
1	1		شأنها أن يكون لها تأثير كبير على حيويتهم.
	6	مما يزيد من دافعيتهم نحو التعلم، إذ يمكن للدروس المملة أن تصبع	30 استخدام التكنولوجيا في التعليم جعل منه أكثر متعة بالنسبة للطلاب،
			أكثر مُتعة لهم عن طريق الأجهزة الحديثة.
		a) The use of technology in education has n	
			boring lessons can become more enjoyable for
Ì		them through modern devices.	
١		b) The use of technology in education has n	
	l te	increases their innovation towards learning	-
	1.5	enjoyable for them through modern devi	ices.
1		c) The use of technology in education has m	nade it more enjoyable for students, which
		decreases their motivation towards learni	ing, as boring lessons can become more
		enjoyable for them through modern devi	ces.
		d) The use of technology in education has n	nade it more enjoyable for students, which
		increases their motivation towards learni	
		enjoyable for them through modern dev	



Lessons 3 & 4



I never argue with my father about his decisions.

Vocabulary on Reading

	and the state of the state of
adventure (n)	مغامرة
alternative (n)	بديل
argue (v) (d) *	يجادل/يخالف الرأى
author (n)	مؤلف
bar graph (n)	رسم بیانی
care (n) (v) (d)	اهتمام/رعاية/يهتم
cheerful (adj)	مرح/مبتهج
cross (adj)	شديد الغضب
cruel (adj)	قاسِ
development (n)	تطور/تنمية
disabled (adj)	معاق
economic (adj)	اقتصادى
equal (adj)	متساو
equality (n)	مساواة
eye contact (n)	اتصال بصرى
figure (n)	رقم
good-natured (adj)	لطيف
grumpy (adj)	غاضب/سريع الاستثارة
heart (n)	قلب
impatient (adj)	غير صبور
inspiration (n)	إلهام/وحي

	10011
key (adj) (n)	رئیسی/مفتاح
majority (n)	أغلبية
minority (n)	أقلية
naughty (adj)	مشاغب/شقى
note (v) (d)	يلاحظ
noticeable (adj)	ملحوظ
obvious (adj)	واضح
pattern (n)	نمط
percentage (n)	نسبة ملوية
quarter (n)	(A
raise (v) (d)	يرفع/يثير
reflect (v) (ed)	يعكس
region (n)	إقليم
related (adj)	متصل/مرتبط
result (n)	نتيجة
significant (adj)	هام/ذو مغـزُي
speculate (v) (d)	يتامل
statistics (n)	إدصاء
summarise (v) (d)	يلغص
swing (n)	ارجوحة
well-behaved (adj)	دسن السلوك

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

abilities (n)	قدراث
activist (n)	ناشط
Alzheimer's disease (n)	مرض ألزهايمر
ambition (n)	طموح
bright (adj)	لامع/ مشرق
carry on (v) (y ied)	يستمر

classmate (n)	with the
colonial (adj)	أميل الفصل
confident (adj)	لستعمالى
conform to (v) (ed)	والتق
cure (n) (v) (d)	يتفق/ينسجم مع
fair (n)	علاج ايعالج
	معرض

generation (n)	جيل	rule (n) (v) (d)	حكم/يحكم محمرايحكم
inequality (n)	عدم المساواة	scientific (adj)	علمي
march (n)	مسيرة/يقوم بمسيرة	sign (n)	لافتة
motivate (v) (d)	يحفز	statement (n)	بيان
parliament (n)	البرلمان	typical (adj)	نموذجي
podcast (n)	تدوین صوتی	vision (n)	رؤية
protest (n) (v) (ed)	احتجاج/يحتج	vote (v) (d)	يصوت في انتخابات
purify (v) (y ied)	ينقى	worldwide (adj)	عالمي

Workbook Vocabulary

aim (v) (ed) (n)	يهدف/هدف	formal (a
character (n)	شخصية	hide (v)
communicate (v) (d)	يتواصل/يوصل (رأى/معنى)	organiser
complain (v) (ed)	يشكو	unable (a
disagree (v) (d)	يعترض المسترض	unable (a

formal (adj)	رسمى
hide (v)	يخفى
organiser (n)	منظم
unable (adj)	غير قادر

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

around the world	حول العالم
a big inspiration to	مصدر إلهام كبير لـ
for a while	لفترة قصيرة
get into trouble	يدخل/يتورط في المتاعب
argue with	يتجادل مع
care about	یمتم بـ
confident about	واثق بشأن
cross with	غاضب من

have equal opportunities	لديه فرص متساوية
in other words	بكلمات أخرى/بمعنى آخر
make the best of things	يستغل أغضل ما في الأشياء
inspiration to	إلهام لـ
look after	یعتنی بـ
pattern to	نمط/نموذج لـ
related to	مرتبط بـ

Derivatives

Verb		Noun		Adjective	
argue	يجادل	argument	جدال	argumentative	جدلى
develop	يطور	development	تطور/تنمية	developed developing	متطور نام
economise*	يقتصد	economy	اقتصاد	economic economical	اقتصادی اقتصادی (توفیری)
notice	يلاحظ	notice	ملاحظة	noticeable	ملحوظ
reflect	يعكس	reflection	انعكاس	reflective	انعكاسي
speculate	يتامل	speculation	تامل	speculative	متأمل
summarise	يلخص	summary	ملخص	summarised	ملخص

In war time, people should economise on their consumption.
 The economy of the our country will improve soon.
 There should be economic solutions to the current crisis.

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning	المرادف Synonym	Antonym Ilaali
alternative	بديل	option/substitute	obligation 5/3/20
argue	يجادل/يخالف	disagree	agree فنب
development	تطور	progress/evolution	backwardness
equality	مساواة	fairness	prejudice/bias بسنواتهم
pattern	نمط	motif/design	disorder الفيطراب/خلل
reflect	يعكس	indicate/show	cover/ignore بغطی/یتجاهل
related	مرتبط	connected/relevant	alien/different منتلف
speculate	يتأمل	contemplate/figure out	disregard/ بعمل/يتجاهل neglect
well- behaved	لطيف	polite	impolite/naughty مؤدب شاغب/غير مؤدب

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: **Check Point** 1 Developing transport plays an important part in the progress of any country. b) funny a) trivial d) economic c) literary 2 My son works with a support group for people who were hurt in accidents. b) healthy a) natural d) strange c) disabled 3 To stay competitive, producers have to increase product as well as cutting prices. b) development a) styling d) custom c) establishment 4 All universities should haveacademic standards for male and female students. b) local a) equal d) unfair c) helpless There is a difference in prices between small shops and hypermarkets which make huge sales. b) displayed a) minor

d) distressed



c) significant

Reading Text (1)

Book of the week

What Katy Did, written by the American Susan Coolidge in 1835, is still an inspiration to many of today's female authors. The story follows the adventures of 12-year-old Katy and her younger brothers and sisters. Katy had no mother and her father was a busy doctor, so the children were looked after by their kind aunt.

sisters, but was often impatient²¹, naughty and liked to have dangerous adventures. One day, she decided to use a new

(1) المام (1) (2) غير صبورة (2) غير صبورة (3) أرجودة (4) غاضب (4) عاض (5) قاض (6) يتصرف (6)

swing⁽³⁾, although her aunt had told her not to use it because it was broken.

Katy fell from the swing and badly hurt her back. She could not walk and had to stay in bed. This made her very unhappy and cross⁽⁴⁾, until she was visited by her cousin Helen.

Helen was disabled and she taught Katy to be patient. She also showed her how to behave in a more caring way to her younger brothers and sisters. After her aunt became ill and died, Katy became the head of the family. At the end of the book, she had become a wiser, better person, and she learnt to walk again.

Reading Text (2)

Share of female doctors in selected countries as of 2015

Latvia	74.39	6
Estonia	73.3%	
Netherlands	51.7%	
Spain	51.6%	
	45.8%	
Italy	40.3%	
Australia	39.4%	
United States	34.1%	
Japan 20.3%	Source: OECD Health Statistics 2	016
֡	Estonia Netherlands Spain United Kingdom Italy Australia United States	Estonia 73.3% Netherlands 51.7% Spain 51.6% United Kingdom 45.8% Italy 40.3% Australia 39.4% United States 34.1%

Female doctors by country

The bar graph shows the percentage of female doctors in certain given countries around the world. It can be seen that there is a very significant difference across countries, from a majority of women doctors in some countries to a small minority in others.

The country with the highest number of women doctors is Latvia which has nearly three-quarters of female doctors, while the country with the smallest number is Japan, where less than a quarter of doctors are women.

نسبة ملوية (1)
هام/دو مغزی (2)
(3) اغلبية (3)
اقلية (4)

Netherlands and Spain have very similar numbers of women doctors; around half the doctors in those countries are women. However, another European country Italy has around 10% fewer women doctors.

ارقام (5)

مرتبط (6)

تطور/تنمية (7)

In conclusion, the most surprising thing about the figures is the big differences across different countries, which do not seem to be related to region, or size or economic development of the country. In other words, there does not seem to be any obvious pattern to the results. It is especially interesting to note the very low number of women doctors in Japan. That may reflect the stereotype that Japanese women are usually expected to look after the home, rather than work in medical or other fields.

Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

Percentage of people who agree that things would be better if women had more important jobs in government and business



From the graph, it can be seen that there is a significant difference between people's opinions when asked the question in the graph. The highest number of people who agreed were in India, where the majority of people (80%) thought things would be better if women had more important jobs in government and business.

Perhaps the most surprising thing about the figures is that nearly 70% of people in the less developed countries, such as South Africa and Turkey, agreed with the question. However, in some of the more developed countries such as Sweden and the USA, fewer than 60% of the people agreed, while in South Korea, over half the number of people disagreed. It is especially interesting to note that in Japan, only 43% agreed. That may reflect the fact that Japan is a very traditional society.

In conclusion, we can see that in most countries, people believe that things would be better if women had more important jobs in business or government.

Listening Text (1)



Why don't more girls study STEM subjects? Despite the fact that in most countries there are more girls at university than boys, fewer girls than boys complete STEM university degrees. More girls are in school today than ever before, but they don't always have the same opportunities⁽¹⁾ as boys to choose the



education or subjects they want. Too many girls are held back by gender biases, stereotypes, and social norms and expectations, which influence the subjects they study.

Research has shown that even though girls often get better grades than boys in

STEM subjects in lower school, they choose not to carry on studying them later

on because they worry they won't be able to follow classes and they will get poor

grades.

Well, one answer to this is all - girls schools, where it seems that girls are less likely to conform⁽³⁾ to stereotypes and tend to be more confident⁽⁴⁾ about their abilities⁽⁵⁾. One school in Cairo has gone one step further than this, the Maadi STEM school for girls, is a school, which specialises in STEM. It is one of two new secondary schools which have opened in Egypt that focus on STEM. One of its

es, stereotypes,
(1) فرص
(2) يستمر
(3) يستمر
(4) يتفق/ينسجم
(5) قدرات
(6) ينقى
(6) متحفز
(7) ممحفز
(8) مرض الزهايمر

students is Hoda Mamdouh, a 17-year-old girl from the Nile Delta. Like most teenagers, she loves playing sport and listening to music, but what makes her different is the scientific research she is doing at her school. Last May, she and two other students took third place in an International Science and Engineering Fair where 1600 of the best and brightest students in the world had presented their ideas. Together these girls have found a way to purify^(o) drinking water using 24% less energy than typically used. Hoda says what they study there is far more interesting than in her old school. She says, "We do real research. Here everyone's a teacher, and everyone's a student."

The aim of the school is to raise a generation of critical thinkers and leaders. Certainly, the girls at Maadi seem inspired and motivated⁽⁷⁾ to become the next leaders. Hoda's ambition after she graduates is to find a cure for Alzheimer's disease⁽⁸⁾, a disease which affects the brains of older people.

Listening Text (2) (Workbook)

Today, I'm going to talk about Women's Day in Egypt.

Egypt's Women's Day is on 16 March, but in 2019, there was a special '16 Days of Egyptian Women' from the 1st to the 16th of March. The organisers had chosen these days to remember the events in 1919, when women marched on the street to complain about colonial rule. This event was to remember women's contribution to Egyptian society.

In my opinion, women are increasingly important in Egyptian society. For example, there are now around 90; women who are members of parliament, more than ever before. In 2021, many women have become judges for the first time. The future is bright for Egyptian women.

Check Point 2 Choose the correct answ	ver from a, b, c or d:
1 This young player is very talented and has a/an	future.
a) uncertain	b) dim
c) bright	d) devastated
2 All workers have to to safety rules in the b	uilding site and this is inspected regularly.
a) conform	b) contradict
c) puzzle	d) produce
3 The water used to make juice isby passing	g it through a special filter.
a) remade	b) disposed
c) damaged	d) purified
4 The people who planned the New Capital had a	of clean modern housing for everyone.
a) sight	b) vision
c) picture	d) review
6 Only three workers said their supervisors know w	hatthem to do their best work.
a) motivates	b) silences
c) punishes	d) threatens



Vocabulary in Use



Focus on Vocabulary

ALCOHOL THE PROPERTY OF	
 development the process of gradually become 	ـــــ تطور/تنمية ing bigger, better, stronger, or more advanced
	ger of the state o
majority	allel —
most of the people or things in	a group
	Companies Additional and a section to the language of the
— swing	içeçes
	ains, usually used by children to play on by moving it forwards
10 m	and the days
IA NA	ofes on Vocabulary
190	

as everyone else.

special needs

if someone has special needs, they have physical or mental

The charity provides opportunities and facilities for

disabled people to take part in sport.

disabilities احتياجات خاص

صعوبات تعلم

Children with special needs are allowed to join the same schools with other normal ones.

learning difficulties/ disabilities

if someone has learning difficulties, they have difficulty learning basic skills or information

Our school has special courses for students with learning aufficulties/disabilities such as dyslexia. عسر القراءة

Unit 2 V Lessons 3 & 4 (89)

figure

ستخدم كلمة figure بمعان مختلفة، منها:

ر رقم يمثل كمية محددة (مثل تقديرات رسمية أو حكومية).

Official figures show that crime rate is falling.

The cost of the new project may be an estimated figure of 200 million.

ور شخص مهم أو مشهور في شأن ما.

Usain Bolt is one of the most popular figures in athletics

و- قوام (شكل الجسم وخاصة الخاص بالنساء).

Most women are keen on watching their figure.

هـ شكل أو رسم توضيحي في كتاب أو مطبوعات.

The results are illustrated in figure 3 opposite.

programme برنامج (تشاهده في التليفزيون أو تستمع له في الإذاعة)	 Something that you watch on television, or listen to on the radi What's your favourite television programme? I watched an interesting programme about the elections landship. 		
documentary فیلم وثائقی	a programme that gives you facts and information about a serious subject, such as history, science, or social problems I watched a moving documentary about homeless people.		
podcast	a file of recorded sound and sometimes pictures that you can		

The interview is available as a podcast. تحميله من الإنترنت

grade تقدير شهادة/امتحان • My brother is in grade six. صف دراسی My brother was promoted to the rank of captain. rank This hotel was used only by people of high rank.

 Osama has been my classmate for years. We are in the same classmate colleague Friends and colleagues will remember him with affection. زميل عمل

Notes

on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts

He got a grade A in his university degree.

What Katy Did, written by the American Susan Coolidge in 1835, is still an inspiration to many of today's female authors.

لأحظ استخدام الفاصلتين هنا وحذف ضمير الوصل، فالجملة أصلها: What Katy Did, which was written by the American Susan Coolidge in 1835, is still an inspiration (1) to many of today's female authors.

which do not seem to be related to region, or size or economic development of the country.

لاحظ استخدام (to be + p.p.) بعد (seem) في حالات المبنى للمجمول.

Like most teenagers, she loves playing sport and listening to music.

لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بعد (love).

Certainly, the girls at Maadi seem inspired and motivated to become the next leaders.

لاحظ استخدام الصفة بعد الفعل (seem) مثل (verb to be).

Check Point (3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Our channel made a TVabout the Grand Egyptian Museum to be shown on the occasion of its inauguration.
 - a) podcast

b) show

c) documentary

- d) programme
- 2 When my brother started his new job, all his were friendly and helpful.
 - a) rivals

b) competitors

c) classmates

- d) colleagues
- 3 The head teacher said that the fifth will perform their annual play this week.
 - a) rank

b) degree

c) grade

- d) course
- 4 These figures mean that almost 7% of the working population is unemployed. We can replace "figures" here by "......".
 - a) numbers

b) shapes

c) characters

- d) bodies
- 5 To download the of the lecture, click on the link below.
 - a) programme

b) podcast

c) show

d) documentary







Vocabulary Exercises

(answer from a, b, c		
-			sbook Vocabulary & Vocabul	ary Notes
1	The researchers	the results o	f the study in three main ta	bles.
	a) phrased		c) raised	d) summarised
2			sil fuels, we must use	sources of energy mor
	and more.			
	a) traditional	b) alternative	c) economic	d) consumed
3	Sameh has a goo	od working relationsh	ip with his newwh	no are very friendly.
			c) companions	
4	We have enjoyed	a period of steady	growth for a few years	which resulted in more jobs
	a) social		c) cultural	
5	Although they h	ave gained many of t	heir rights, women have no	ot yet achieved full
	with men in the	Arab World.		co. Literature reconsti
	a) bias	b) quality	c) equality	d) ability
6	The official	for April show a sl	ight improvement on previ	ous months.
	a) diaries	b) visions	c) sums	d) figures
7	The of th	ne students like the ne	ew school; only two studen	ts said it was bad.
	a) maturity	b) minority	c) majority	d) possibility
8	Many people hav	e changed their spen	dingin response to	o changing conditions.
	a) times	b) patterns	c) losses	d) profits
9	The lawyer	for a reduction in t	of his c مدة حبس the sentence	lient.
	a) voted	b) charged	c) hid	d) argued
10	Whether you can	go to a good faculty	or not depends on what exa	amyou get.
	a) grades	b) ranks	c) degree	d) angles
11	My grandfather su		oss to his Alzheime	er's disease.
	a) puzzled	b) inspected		d) reflected
12	According to the l	health, eight	people die each day waitin	g for a transplant.
	a) facility	b) care		d) statistics
13	STEM students ha	ve a higher level of m	athematical than o	other students of their age.
	a) ability	b) statement	c) fiction	d) reflection
14	Cairo Book	is one of the most i	mportant cultural events in	the Arab world.
	a) Feast	b) Gallery	c) Conference	d) Fair
15	The of the	e musical event said t	hat all the money collected	would go to charities.
	a) organisers	b) authors	c) editors	d)
16	The barsl	hows sales on the left	and cost of sales on the rig	ht.
	a) data	b) signal	c) graph	d) study

17	My mother gets	with my sister if she	e leaves the kitchen in a m	iess.
	a) relaxed	b) cross	c) delighted	d) content
18	The of the	scientific experiment sur	prised everyone that read	about it.
	a) result	b) reason	c) opinion	d) importance
19	The young writer's	new book clearly	. his beliefs about life.	
	a) reacts	b) reflects	c) perfects	d) conforms
20	The news about the	agreementhop	oes for peace in the area.	
	a) faded	b) lost	c) rose	d) raised
21	It is worth	that the most successful	companies had the lowes	t prices.
	a) ignoring	b) noting	c) denying	d) condemning
22	In a formal interview	w, try to maintain a good	eye'with the inte	rviewer.
	a) communication		b) figure	1-25-17
	c) contact		d) cure	
23	Our grandfather alv	vays used to tell us about	hisat sea when he w	orked on a fishing boat.
	a) experiments	b) marches	c) training	d) adventures
24	The young busines	sman had a clear	of what he wanted to a	chieve, so his business
	succeeded.			
	a) sight	b) vision	c) right	d) view
25	Movies are the best	way toideas esp	pecially to the young men	and women nowadays.
	a) link		c) tie	d) communicate
26	More and more peo	ople are watching cooker	yon TV especially	by well-known chefs.
		b) documentaries		d) serials
(E	xpressions. Idioms. P	repositions, Derivatives, S	ynonyms & Antonyms	
	jobs. a) develop	b) developing	c) development	d) developed
28			equal opportunities with	
	a) give	b) have		d) miss
29	My younger brothe		ways gets trouble	e at school.
	a) into	b) at	c) to	d) for
30	I trust that my son i	s well-behaved and would	dn't do anything wrong at	the party. The synonym
	of the adjective "We	ell-behaved" is		
	a) bad-tempered	b) cruel	c) active	d) polite
31	The young actor to	ok direct from th	ne films of Adel Emam.	
	a) inchire	b) inspiration	c) inspired	d) inspiring
32	You must feel confi	dentyour ability	to succeed in life.	
	a) in	b) with	c) out	d) about
33	In these critical con	ditions, we must	the best of things and no	ot waste anything.
-		b) make	c) work	d) do
24	a) take	re was aimprove	ement in my mother's hea	
34	1 Control of the Cont	b) noticing	c) noticeable	d) noting
	a) notice	demanding fairness and	equality in their pay. The	
35	These women are	demanding lairness and	equality in their pay, the	antonym of the moun
	"equality" is	· Ing the section of the section of	and the second second	d) december
	a) patience	b) justice	c) prejudice	d) determination
			(11)	3 1/ 1000000 2 8 4 98



Lessons 3 & 4



Language

Past perfect (extra points)

1. No sooner Hardly Scarcely لم يكد حتى had + subject + P.P. did + subject + Inf. الماضى التام أو البسيط في شكل سؤال

than when when

Past simple

- No sooner had Marwa found the money than she reported the police.
- No sooner did Marwa find the money than she reported the police.

إناجاءت هذه الكلمات في أول الكلام تكون القاعدة السابقة، وإذا لم تأترِ في أول الكلام يكون الأتي:

Subject + had

no sooner hardly scarcely

+ P.P. +

than when when

Past simple ماضِ بسیط

Marwa had hardly found the money when she reported the police.

2.

$$On + v.ing = When + clause$$

On looking at the question, I knew the answer. = When I looked, I knew

3.

Having booked the tickets, I took the train to Assuit. = After I had booked

4.

- It was only when he had finished his work that he helped me.
- It wasn't until he had finished his work that he helped me.

لاحظ

) يجب ملاحظة المبنى للمجمول جيدًا إذا بدأت الجملة بالمفعول، وهنا نستخدم had been + P.P. للماضى التام وwas/ were + P.P. للماضى البسيط.

- After the food had been cooked, it was eaten.
- Before the email was sent, it had been written.

ا) يمكن استخدام الاسم بعد after/before/until وليس جملة كاملة.

- My friends visited me after lunch yesterday.
- Before the war, the two countries had threatened each other.

المن يستخدم الماضى التام للإشارة إلى حدث تم في وقت محدد على عكس المضارع التام، وفي هذه الحالة يمكن استخدام الماضي البسيط بدلًا منه.
He had been to Aswan once in 2000 before he moved there in 2015.

He went to Aswan once in 2000 before he moved there in 2015.

ولكن إذا أشار الماضى التام إلى خبرة وليس حدث محدد لا يمكن استخدام الماضى البسيط.

» He had never seen snow until he moved to Europe. NOT He never saw snow...

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: **Check Point** 1 After the house, it was furnished. d) is painted a) had been painted c) had painted b) has painted 2 Afterin the company for ten years, he left it. d) working c) had worked a) works b) worked 3 No soonera new flat than he moved in. d) was he finding a) he had found b) he found c) had he found 4 Onthe sign "No Parking", he looked for another place to park. d) he had seen b) had seen c) saw a) seeing 5 Having the land for cultivation, he sowed the seeds.

c) prepare

b) had prepared

Past tenses (Summary)

a) been prepared



d) prepared

Tense	Form	Usage
Past simple الماضي	كل الضمائر + التصريف الثاني	For actions which happened immediately one after the other in the past. للأحداث التى حدثت تباعًا واحدًا تلو الآخر في الماضي.
البسيط	- Ola helped	the children with their homework when her husband came home.
		رجع زوجها ثم ساعدوا الأطفال معًا في الواجب. (ليس هناك فارق زمني بين الرجوع والمساعدة)
Past continuous	was/were + v-ing	For an action which was in progress when another action interrupted it. یستخدم لحدث کان مستمرًا (حدث طویل) عندما قطعه حدث آخر (حدث قصیر).
الماضى المستمر	- Ola was he	ping the children with their homework when her husband came home. كانت تساعد الأطفال في واجبهم عندما رجع زوجها. (المساعدة مستمرة والرجوع قاطع)
Past perfect	had + P.P.	For an action which happened before another past action. يعبر عن حدث تم قبل حدث ماضٍ آخر في الماضي؛ الحدث الأول تام، والثاني بسيط.
الماضى التام	- Ola had alro home.	eady <mark>helped</mark> the children with their homework when her husband came كانت قد انتهت بالفعل من مساعدة الأطفال في واجبهم عندما رجع زوجها. (المساعدة أولًا والرجوع ثانيًا)
Past perfect continuous	had been + v-ing	For an action which started and finished in the past before another past action. حدث بدأ واستمر فترة وانتهى قبل حدوث آخر في الماضي.
الماضى التام المستمر		en helping the children for hours when her husband came home. كانت تساعد الأطفال لمدة ساعات عندما رجع زوجها. (كانت المساعدة مستمرة لفترة وانتهت قبل رجوع الزوج

Adjectives (comparatives - superlatives)

	adjectiv	e	Comparison		Superlative
	de de la		er + than		The + est
	tall	doub	taller	than	the tallest
One syllable		in the same	younger	than	the youngest
Offe Syllable	young soft		softer	than	the softest
The period of the desired	SOIL		r + than	e live sta	The + st
	large		larger	than	the largest
One syllable ending in (e)	wide		wider	than	the widest
Ingeland and a second of the s	wide	عرفص	Wide Williams		ضعيف الحرف الساكن وإضافة
One syllable			er + than		The + est
	hia	كبير الحجم		than	The biggest
consonant + vowel +	big hot		hotter		the hot test
	not		TOCKET TO THE PARTY OF THE PART		ىنف درف y ونضيف
we want to have been the			ier + than		The + iest
- United and a	heavy	ثقيل	heavier	than	the heaviest
Two syllables ending in (y)	happy	سعيد	happier	than	the happiest
			More + adjective		The most + adj.
Two or more	modern	عصری د	more modern	than	the most modern
syllables	expensive	غالٍ	more expensive	than	the most expensive
The section of the section of			The same of the same		لات خاصة تحفظ
On the Park of the	good	جيد	better than		the best
	bad	سيئ	worse than		the worst
Irregular adjectives	little	قليل	less than		the least
	much/ many	كثير	more than		the most
ljenej derre byta i poddate. T	far	بعيد	farther/further th	an	the farthest/furthest

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- I think nobody ist	isthan Hish	nam; he wins all the ra	aces.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	c) mast for	

as + adj. + as/not as (so) + adj. + as	تساوى وعدم تساوى الصفات
Omar is as clever as Ahmed.	فى التساوى الصفة بين as as
Eman isn't so/as young as her sister Rana.	في نفى التساوى isn't as/so as
Special cases	حالات خاصة
Rana is the younger of two sisters.	في التفضيل بين اثنين the+er/ more
Gold is much/a lot more expensive than wood.	قبل المقارنة مع الفارق الكبير much/ a lot
Silver is a bit / a little cheaper than gold.	a bit/ a little عند الفرق القليل
No boy in class is cleverer than Ahmed.	نستخدم no في المقارنة.
l've never met a stronger person than Ali.	نستخدم never في المقارنة.
Ali is the strongest person I've ever met.	نستخدم <mark>eve</mark> r في التفضيل.
Summer is less cold than winter.	Less قبل أي صفة في المقارنة.
The fewer mistakes you make, the higher marks you get.	صفة مقارنة + the, the, صفة مقارنة + The كلما كلما



- No sooner had	d my dad	the corporation than h	e asked me to work the	ere.
a) found	b) find	c) founded	d) been found	

CHECK POINT (5) CHOOSE the correct and	
1 Theanimal which I have seen in Egypt	is a camel.
a) most big	b) biggest
c) more big	d) bigger
2 I'm not keen on football. For me, it isim	portant thing.
a) the least	b) the most
c) the best	d) the little
3 Mr Naser is the director that can solve y	our problems.
a) more intelligent	b) intelligent
c) most intelligent	d) intelligence
4 Video cassettes are not	
a) moderner than	b) so modern so
c) as modern like	d) as modern as
5 Some think that the more money you have, the	you become.
a) happy	b) happler
	d) more happy
c) happiest	

(was) Chank the anguers at the end of the book



Language Exercises

Reme	embering Understanding Applying Analysing Evaluation	o Creating
C	hoose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	Lie Her mother
1	Sara went into the kitchen and found lots o	of fresh bread on the table. Her mother
	a) has been baking	DI Was Same
	a) bakad	d) had been baking
2	When he arrived at school, Ahmed's hair w	as wet. It
	a) was being raining	b) nad been rammis
	장에 가장하다 그 아이는 그를 하는데 얼굴 하는데 하는데 그는 그들은 사람들이 되었다.	d) rained
3	By the time he was 12, my brother	three languages. He spoke Arabic, English a
	French.	
	a) learnt	b) was learning
	c) had learnt	d) had been learning
4	When I went to my friend's flat, she	for school.
	a) had already left	b) has already left
	c) had been leaving	d) already left
5	Last year, I spent a month in France. I	of going there since I was a child.
	a) have dreamed	b) had dreamed
	c) dreamed	d) was dreaming
6		for my glasses.
	a) had been looking	b) looked
	c) have been looking	d) had looked
7	than m	y father.
0.	a) youngest b) young	c) smaller d) younger
8		use theyin the park all day.
	a) have been playing	b) were playing
	c) had been playing	d) played
9	I I I am and that Camia	as a secret agent for years.
	a) has acted	b) had been acting
	clacted	d) is acting
10	Mona was tired yesterday because she	for the test all day.
		b) had revised
	clrevised	d) revising
11	He noticed that I the car. It was	smooth and shiny.
	a) was cleaning	b) had been cleaning
	c) had cleaned	d) have cleaned
12	500 miles and we needed so	ome rest.
	b) were driving	c) had been driving
13	After the first course, Dalia became much	in learning English at the
	alinterested	more interested
		d) more interesting
14	Osama hasfriends than I do.	
	a) few	b) fewer
8	c)less	d) several

15	He found everythin	ng rather strange as he	ab	road before.
	a) has/been		b) hasn't/been	
	c) had/been		d) hadn't/been	
16	It was the first time	she ever	a prize.	
	a) would/win		b) had/won	
	c) had/been winnir	ng	d) has/won	
17	By the time I got to	the stadium, they	for ten minutes.	
	a) were playing		b) had already played	
	c) have already play		d) had already been pl	aying
18	The manager gave		instructions on how to op	
	a) far	b) farther		d) both b & c
19	Hardly	the phone down when i	it started ringing again.	
	a) I had put		b) will I have put	
	c) had I put		d) have I put	
20	seeing	the policeman, the thief		
	a) While	b) On	c) As soon As	d) Hardly
21	How many hours	when you wo		-,
	a) had he slept		b) had he been sleepin	g
	c) has he slept		d) did he sleep	
22		ree pounds, so I couldn	i't take a taxi. I had to walk	
	a) have had		c) had been having	
23	After, th			
	a) cooking	b) been cooked	c) being cooked	d) had been cooked
24		efashion in I		
	a) later	b) late	c) last	d) latest
25	-		d that I had answered one	question wrong.
	a) had got	b) got	c) getting	d) had been got
26		larch that Ia	about the death of my unc	le in Australia.
	a) had informed	b) informed	c) was informed	d) was informing
27		d, but after a while I	to be happy.	gradient man hear
	a) had begun		b) have begun	
	c) was beginning		d) began	The transfer of the second of
28		d not to make that mista	ake again after by	the teacher.
	a) being punished		b) punishing	Same March Berger
	c) had punished		d) had been punished	Marchael Committee Committ
9	As soon as the girl	, we told the	police.	Continues were one of
	a) had been disappe		b) disappeared	The Residence of the
	c) was disappeared		d) has disappeared	
30	The pharache helies	ed in life after	Berne in 18 - 16	
	a) they had died	and the first of the second	c) death	d) they die
	a) they had die-		And the second second	nit 2 \ Lessons 3 & 4 99
				TOTAL V STATES OF A SEC.



Lessons 3 & 4



General Skills

Don't forget to study this part from the Skills Bookle

Men

Woman

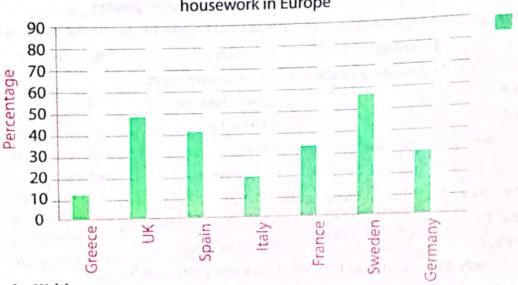


Writing

Report writing

Write a report based on the following graph.

Percentage of men and woman doing housework in Europe



Tips for Writing:

- Start by saying exactly what the graph shows.
- Describe the change as precisely as you can.
- Use the data and numbers from the graph.
- Compare the information.
- Talk about the differences and similarities.
- Conclude by saying what the main changes and their meanings are.

ابداً بذكر ما يظهره الرسم البيانى بالضبط. صف التغير بشكل دقيق بقدر الإمكان.

استخدم البيانات والأرقام من الرسم البياني.

قارن المعلومات.

نعدث عن الاختلافات والتشابهات.

انتتم بقول ما هي التغييرات الرئيسية وما تعنيه.



The bar graph shows the percentage of men and women doing housework in Europe. It is clearly seen that there is a very significant difference across countries, from a majority of men, to a small minority in others. Nevertheless, there are no significant differences in the numbers concerning women doing housework in these countries.

The country with the highest number of men doing housework is Sweden where nearly 60% of men do housework, while the country with the smallest number is Greece, where less than 15% of men do housework.

Greece, England, Italy and Spain have very similar numbers; more than 80% of women do housework. However, in France and Sweden around 80 % of women do housework. The country with the smallest number is Germany, where about 70% of women do housework.

In conclusion, the most surprising thing about the figures is the big similarity across different countries concerning women and a slight difference concerning men. It is especially interesting to note that Sweden has the majority of men and women doing housework. It may show that people in this country share an approach of sharing the responsibilities of life.

Test Yourself 👸

Unit 2 Lessons 3 & 4

1 Leila is one of a small of women working in the engineering department in the company. There are only three. a) majority b) minority c) maturity d) priority 2 There is no distinction between the two designs. They look very similar. a) unclear b) vague c) obvious d) minor 3 Students who are need extra support and special facilities at school. a) normal b) disabled c) ordinary d) super 4 A developed society is the one where women and men are partners. a) equal b) biased c) unfair d) vain 5 Since my father stopped smoking, he has become so that he gets angry at any time. a) excited b) pleased c) relaxed d) grumpy 6 I have known my friend Samy since we were a) buyers b) bosses 7 Hillana Sedarous's life can be an inspiration a) in b) to c) for d) with 8 Technology will play a role in classroom teaching in the next few years in Egypt. a) complicated b) trivial c) minor d) significant 9 I to make an appointment with the manager for two days before I finally succeeded. a) had tried b) had been trying c) was trying d) have been trying 10 How many times to the North Coast before you bought a chalet there? a) were you b) have you been d) had you been c) had you been being d) was studying c) had been studying b) had studied d) had been studying b) had studied d) had been studying d) had been destroyed d) had been destroyed d) had been studying c) was destroying d) had been destroyed d) had been studying b) had shopped d) had been shopping d) had been shopping d) have been shopping d) had been happing d) more inspiring d) had been cleaning d) was cl	LOPES	1976		
1 Leila is one of a small of women working in the engineering department in the company. There are only three. a) majority b) minority c) maturity d) priority 2 There is no distinction between the two designs. They look very similar. a) unclear b) vague c) obvious d) minor 3 Students who are need extra support and special facilities at school. a) normal b) disabled c) ordinary d) super 4 A developed society is the one where women and men are partners. a) equal b) biased c) unfair d) vain 5 Since my father stopped smoking, he has become so that he gets angry at any time. a) excited b) pleased c) relaxed d) grumpy 6 I have known my friend Samy since we were a) buyers b) bosses 7 Hiliana Sedarous's life can be an inspiration young women to succeed in life. a) in b) to c) for d) with 8 Technology will play a role in classroom teaching in the next few years in Egypt. a) complicated b) trivial c) minor d) significant 9 I to make an appointment with the manager for two days before I finally succeeded. a) had tried b) had been trying c) was trying d) have been trying 1 How many times to the North Coast before you bought a chalet there? b) have you been c) had you been being d) had you been c) had you been studying b) had studied d) had been studying d) had studied d) had been studying d) had studied d) had been stroyed c) was destroying d) had been destroyed d) had destroyed c) was destroying d) had been shopping d) had been shopping d) had been shopping e) had shopped c) have been shopping d) had been shopping e) had shopped d) had been shopping d) had been striping d) more inspiring e) most inspiring e) had cleaned e) had been cleaning d) was cleaning e) had cleaned e) had been cleaning d) was cleaning e) had cleaned e) had been cleaning d) was cleaning e) ha		Applying Analysing Evaluating	g • Creating	
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c) much inspiring d) more inspiring 16 Hoda cooked lunch after she			b) most inspiring	
16 Hoda cooked lunch after she			d) more inspiring	
a) has been cleaning b) had cleaned c) had been cleaning d) was cleaning 17 Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly? a) The women's' s dresses are on the second floor. b) The woman's dresses are on the second floor.	16	Hoda cooked lunch after shethe h	ouse.	
c) had been cleaning d) was cleaning 17 Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly? a) The women's' s dresses are on the second floor. b) The woman' dresses are on the second floor.			b) had cleaned	
a) The woman's' dresses are on the second floor. b) The woman's dresses are on the second floor. c) The woman's dresses are on the second floor.		r) had been cleaning		South a highly starting
a) The women's' s dresses are on the second floor. b) The woman' dresses are on the second floor. c) The women's' dresses are on the second floor.	17	Which of the following sentences is punctua	ted correctly?	
b) The woman' dresses are on the second floor.		The women's's dresses are on the second	floor.	of the second
a) The warmen's' dresses are on the second floor.		h) The woman' dresses are on the second flo	or.	
4 degrees are on the second floor		The warmen's' dresses are on the second flo	oor.	
d) The women's dresses are on the second hoor.		d) The women's dresses are on the second flo	oor.	Messel

a) thesis statement c) closing sentence	b) topic sentence d) transition sentence
c) closing sentence	
	d) transition serveryone not to drive when he
"I've never forgotten this bad experience,	d) transition seriteries and I'd like to advise everyone not to drive when he
she is very tired."	
The sentence above is	Berns & La Mile Stuffe &
a) an introduction to a narrative essay	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1
b) the final outcome and the message wh	en concluding an essay
c) a topic sentence to narrate an incident	water and the property of the first of the second
d) a supporting sentence to persuade the	reader to do something
lead the following passage, then answer th	e questions:
were helpful and grateful ⁽³⁾ . They wouldn't let Gehad opted ⁽⁴⁾ to clean the study while dusting ⁽⁵⁾ and rearranging the book and study her late father. It was a picture of them having coming to her eyes. She really missed her wiped ⁽⁷⁾ her tears and busied ⁽⁸⁾ herself with She knew her mother missed him just as must gehad suddenly went to her mother and have mother "Nothing Liust want to tell you	uff ⁽⁶⁾ in the study, Gehad came across a picture of ng a wonderful day at the beach. Gehad felt tears father. When her mother came in, Gehad quickly the shelves. She did not want to upset her mother, uch as her. hugged ⁽⁶⁾ her tight. "What's wrong, Gehad?" asked a that I love you very much. Don't work too hard, at her. The mother thanked her daughters a lot.
hoose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	reserve blightnessatter come to the service of the
The best title to the passage is	b) Gehad and her sister
a) The good and cooperative family	d) The good mother
c) The meal at the restaurant	
1 The synonym of the word "groan" isb) moan	-\ h - l
	a, accept
2 "They had a well-deserved treat at McDon	a) == a a l
a) discuss b) cure	u) beliave
3 The two children groaned because	
a) their mother punished them	
b) they wanted to do their homework	
c) they wanted to have a meal at McDonal	
d) they knew that spring cleaning meant a	lot of hard work.
4 Gehad's mother worked two jobs because	game of the later of
a) she had to support the whole familyc) the father was ill and they wanted mone	b) she wanted to save much money

25	The words 'late father' mean that	맛있다면 하다 하는 바람이라는 맛있었다.
	a) Gehad's father immigrated	b) Gehad's father escaped
	c) Gehad's father died	d) Gehad's father was imprisoned
26	Gehad didn't want her mother to see her cry	ring because
	a) she didn't want her to know that her father	er died
	b) she didn't want to be punished	
1	c) she didn't want to upset her mother	
	d) she didn't want to stop cleaning	
27	What kind of girl do you think Gehad is?	The state of the state of the state of the state of
	a) She is a hard-working girl.	
	b) She is a wasteful girl.	property also
	c) She is a cruel and aggressive girl.	
	d) She is a loving and thoughtful girl.	2.2
Re	ad the sentences and choose the correct tra	nelation from a hoursely
28	Egypt celebrates Women's Day on the 16th	of March which is a special day in the history of
	Egyptian women's struggle towards her right	its. It dates back to its first participation in political
	demonstrations during the 1919 revolution.	its. it dates back to its first participation in political
		 تحتفل مصر بيوم المرأة في السادس عشر من مارس، وهو يوم خاد
s.eug		مشاركتها الأولى في التظاهرات السياسية خلال ثورة ١٩١٩. b تحتفـل مصر بيوم المرأة في السادس عشـر من مارس، وهو يوم خاه مشاركتها الأولى في التظاهرات السياسية خلال ثورة ١٩١٩.
	al le la	تحتفــل مصر بيوم المرأة في الســادس عشــر من مارس، وهو يوم خاد مشاركتها الأملي في الإظهارات السياسية خلال ثورة ١٩١٩،
		 ضربيوم المرأة في السادس عشر من مارس، وهو يوم خاد مشاركتها الأولى في التظاهرات السياسية خلال ثورة ١٩١٩.
	ببر المقبل في شرم الشـيخ. وتأمل أن يكون نقطة تحول على صعيد	29 ستســتضيف مصر الدورة الســابعة والعشــرين لمؤتمر المناخ في نوفه
	3) Egypt will bost the 27th tournament of th	عمل المناخ الدولي.
	El-Sheikh. It hopes it will be a turning poi	e Climate Conference next November in Sharm
9		the Climate Conference next November in Sharm
	El-Sheikh. It hopes it will be a turning poi	nt for international climate race
		nate Conference next November in Sharm El-
	Sheikh. It hopes it will be a turning point	
		mate Conference next November in Sharm El-
	Sheikh. It hopes it will be a backward poi	
	حقوق المرأة المصرية وعلى تفعيل واحترام وحماية هذه الحقوق.	20 المحلس القومي للمرأة إلى ترسيخ الاعتراف بالقيمة الجوهرية ا
	a) The National Council for Women seeks to of Egyptian women's rights and to activa	consolidate the recognition of the intrinsic value
	b) The National Council for Women seeks to	stabilise the recognition of the intrinsic value of
	Fountian women's rights and to prohibit.	respect and protect these viels

c) The National Council for Women seeks to settle down the recognition of the intrinsic value

d) The National Council for Women seeks to consolidate the admittance of the intrinsic value

of Egyptian women's rights and to prospect, respect and protect these rights.

of Egyptian women's rights and to rehabilitate, respect and protect these rights.

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Study

Chapter 2 (Great Expectations)

Vocabulary			
bride (n)	عروس	inn (n)	حانة
candle (n)	شمعة	lamb (n)	حمل /خروف صغير
common (n)	غیر مهذب/ عامی	nearby (adj)	مجاور
curtains (n)	ستائر	position (n)	موقف /مركز
daylight (n)	ضوء النهار	practise (v) (d)	يمارس
dressing room (n)	غرفة الملابس	shake (v)	يهز
eagle (n)	نسر	stir (v) (red)	يقلب
ducation (n)	تعليم	tears (n)	دموع
ortune (n)	ثروة	turn away	يبتعد
	بوابة	ugly (adj)	نبيح
ate (n) rateful (adj)	شاكر /ممنون	veil (n)	نجاب اطرحة

Phrases, Expressions, Idioms & Prepositions

A broken heart	قلب محطم حزنًا	In the distance	على البعد
had a better education	حصلوا على تعليم أفضل	shake my head	اهز راسی
had a good heart	كان طيب القلب	tell the truth	يقول الحقيقة
ashamed of	خجلان من	grateful to	ممتن ل
go out	ينطفئ (مصباح)	hear of	يسمع عن



Great Expectations Exercises Chapter (2)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:				
1	On her wedding day, thelooked truly beautiful.			
	a) groom	b) bridegroom	c) bride	d) pride
2	Yasser just	his head when I asked	him if he was sick.	
	a) stirred	b) caught	c) waved	d) shook
3	My grandfather	a good heart, and	he loves to help people.	
	a) remains	b) has	c) stays	d) takes
4	I'm for all the help you've given me.			
	a) grateful	b) ashamed	c) proud	d) ungrateful
5	It'll cost you aif you stay in hotels instead of youth hostels.			
	a) deal	b) fortune	c) benefit	d) loss
6	The which my daughter chose in her wedding day covered her face.			ner face.
	a) tail	b) vain	c) vein	d) veil
7	When the electricity was cut off, we used a			
	a) candle	b) scandal	c) candy	d) chandler
8	She has a heart because she has lost her only son.			
	a) break	b) broke	c) breaking	d) broken
9	He was deeply	of his bad behaviou	ır.	
	a) shy	b) ashamed	c) happy	d) pleased
10	You'd better	your tea; I put some ho	oney in it, and it all sank to	the bottom.
	a) scare	b) stare	c) stir	d) make
11	I am very grateful	my parents for su	ipporting me while I studi	ed English in America.
	a) with	b) for	c) to	d) at
	a) respected	vas veryand und b) literate	c) celebrated	d) common
13	A lot of people were	moved toby the	ne story of the homeless c	hild.
	a) fun	b) joy	c) tears	d) fierce
14	Salim's main aim is t		through education ar	
	a) location	b) position		d) balance
15	My father always tel	Is me that it's better to		
	a) tell	b) ask	c) hide	d) prevail

Unit 2

Advanced & Open General Exercises

•		bering Understanding App	olying Analysing Evaluating	Creating	
	Cho	oose the correct answ	er from a. b. c or d:	عاية الكتاب.	بابة هذه التدريبات موجودة بنه
	1 -	Mr Ehab's short time in	the army descrit	nim as a military expert as he	e had little experience
		a) reward	b) retrain	c) qualify	d) mature
	2	The team cantain's hor	rois offert	at determination among of	ther players.
		a) accepted	b) inspired	c) aspired	d) intended
No.	3		Il kinds of juice through	c) aspired	
		a) hav	b) straw	c) barrow	d) stick
が発	4	Although it is expension	b) Stidw	lying only organic	from the market.
	Ţ.,	a) produce	b) product	c) productive	d) producer
	5	Many people applied	for those jobs, but only	a few make the	
Sec.		a) access	b) cortificate	c) degree	d) grade
	6	The new law will help	small businesses to com	pete on terms wit	th large multinationa
		corporations.	siriali busiriesses to com	pete off	in the second
		a) straight	b) twicted	c) equal	d) wealthy
を記れ	7	The customer service	dopartment t	he client into withdrawing	his complaint.
	20.5	al fought	b) accepted	c) agreed	d) argued
ALC: N	8	The age of	a Britain was reduced fr	om 21 to 18 in 1970.	Care Care Self to
	Ü	nie age or	h) minority	c) priority	d) superiority
		The workers are upha	nny with this year's nay	They wanted it t	o be higher.
i	9	The workers are unita	b) award	c) present	d) trophy
	40	We finally made it thr	ough the hureaucratic	course and got ou	ır visas
	10	We finally made it this	h) practical	c) obstacle	d) training
T STATE	44	a) academic	dy hehind be	cause of his bad behaviour	
0	Did you know that Hady behind because of his bad behaviour? a) had left b) has left c) had been leaving d) had been left				
Series of the se	40	Ola looked relayed he	cause she to I	music the moment I saw he	r.
STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	12	a) listaned	b) was listening	c) had been listening	d) has been listening
1	42	On socing the thief	et ed . Fig. 1		April 1
100	13	oll seeing the they are	b) the car stopped	c) the police chased him	d) he was arrested
I	14	I'd rather you	to school yesterday.	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	2,000
	17	a) had gone	b) went	c) was going	d) had been going
Care de	15	I wish Ithat	slow bus to the Book Fa	air. It took three hours.	a, naa been g
100	13	a) took	b) take	c) hadn't taken	d) was taking
The same	16	Ahmed's house is	to school than m	ine 191(a	A THE STATE OF THE
		a) further	b) farther	c) far	d) both a & b
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IN COLUM	17	Mossi for Ba	rcelona from 2004 to 20	021.	
ł		it tolered	h) played	c) was playing	d) playing
į	18	Hany looks tired. He	on the garden	for 5 hours.	Semblipes In Applied
Contract of	,0	a) had been working	b) had worked	c) has been working	d) was working
No.	10	a celebrity b	pefore 2020?		
and the same	10	-) Had you really neve	er seen	b) Did you really never see	Soldie en la
Confedence.		- Navo you really nev	er seen	d) Are you really never so	en .
Sec. of Sec.	20	I that Sarah	was American not Egyp	otian.	711
Memoria	20	a) had always been th	ninking	o) ald never think	evit, who all o
Act of the	Section 4.	c) had always though	t	d) have never thought	
à	D)	C) Had divisor		3.0	

Unit 2



Al-Adwaa Test

Cho	ose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:		
1	The caller made an important to	the dehate in the progra	amme.
	a) aspiration b) inspection	c) production	d) contribution
2	We should avoid negativeregard	ding women's role in soci	etv.
	a) paintings b) stereotypes	c) surveys	d) reputations
3	a) paintings b) stereotypes The government is taking more steps to e	liminate all forms of	against women
	a) history	illinate all forms of	d) projudice
4	a) history b) research The village's crowded classrooms	the peed for building and	ather school schools there
1	a) ignore	. the need for building and	other school schools there
5	a) ignore b) argue The Egyptian turtle, which is very rare, is n	c) demonstrate	a) condemn
3	Egyptian turtle, which is very rare, is n	nainly located in the Med	iterraneanin
	Egypt and Libya.		Section and the section of
•	a) district b) zone	c) region	d) village
0	There is a vegetarian on the mer	nu for those who don't eat	t meat every day.
_	a) alternative b) constitution	c) prescription	d) intention
7	My pen-friend claims to be distantly	to the British royal far	mily.
	a) related b) attracted	c) suck	d) communicated
8	The story reflects very modern concerns a	nd issues. The verb "reflec	t" is the antonym of the
	verb		
	a) care b) show How long to contact Sarah before	c) ignore	d) believe
9	How long to contact Sarah befor	e you gave up?	
	a) will you try	b) had you been tryin	g
	a) will you try c) have you been trying my driving test before I bought	d) were you trying	
10			
-	a) had been passing	b) have passed	
•	c) had passed	d) have been passing	
11			
	a) was sitting	b) sat d) had been sitting	
	c) have been sitting	d) had been sitting	
12	When she died, they married for	40 years.	
	a) had been being	c) have been	d) were
13	The apple tree and the pear tree are both to	the same height. They are	each other.
	a) as tall as b) taller than	c) most taller	d) most tallest
14	My father as a police officer for 3	0 years before he finally re	etired.
	a) had been working	b) has been working	
	c) worked	d) was working	teriors empell masses anglis
15	Tennis is a fargame than footbal	· . · . · m is · . m · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	a) hardest b) hard	c) harder	d) hardly
16	Tarek explained that they were hot because	e they tennis fo	r 2 hours.
	a) would play	b) had been playing	
	c) are playing	d) have been playing	
17	Which words of the following sentence has	ve the correct place of the	hyphen?
	The novel The Martian Chronicles has twer	nty two chapters.	A SECURE OF THE PROPERTY.
	a) novel-The Martian Chronicles	b) twenty-two-chapte	rs
	c) twenty-two	d) Correct as is	and the same of the same of
18	Choose the sentence with the correct punc	ctuation.	
	a) You asked for forgiveness, he granted it	to you.	
	b) You asked for forgiveness; he granted it	to you.	
	r) You asked for: forgiveness. He granted it	to you.	
	d) You asked for forgiveness he granted it t	o you.	

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

d) refer to other people's opinion

One of England's greatest writers, Charles Dickens, was born in 1812. His father was careless with money. When he was 12, he had to leave school to work in a shoe-dye⁽¹⁾ factory in London because his father had been imprisoned for debt. This experience deeply shamed and frightened the young boy, and those feelings were later expressed in his writing, particularly in his descriptions of the working conditions of the poor Victorian factories.

When his father came into inheritance⁽²⁾, young Dickens could return to his school, but the family's fortunes were never very secure. At the age of 15, he left school to join a law firm as a clerk. Then, after four years, he went into journalism, reporting law cases and parliamentary debates. These work experiences helped to develop still further his social awareness, which again would later be reflected in his novels.

Dickens' success as a writer began when he started writing *The Pickwick Papers* in 1836. These were originally intended as a humorous an narrative to accompany a series of drawings. Within four months, he had become famous. The Pickwick Papers was not only humorous, but also made a serious attempt to look at the legal system and to show how justice was applied. Also, interestingly, it is a clear illustration of how Dickens' private life was reflected in his work, as Mr. Pickwick spent some time in a debtor's prison, just like Dickens' own father.

Dickens' early life had clearly enabled him to write about the poor and dispossessed with understanding and compassion. This compassion also made itself to be felt in practical ways. He helped to establish a home for destitute women and encouraged slum clearance and developments in sanitary provisions.

-	glap to secretary		which is the same
Cho	oose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:		
21	Charles Dickens was born in the	entury.	
10	a) 19 th b) 20 th	c) 17 th	d) 18 th
22	Why did Charles have to work at an early ag	je?	in the second second
7	a) Because his father had gone to prison.	b) Because his father	er was careless
	c) Because he wanted to leave school.	d) Because his fathe	er died.
23	Dickens' family didn't have enough money		
	a) came to an inheritance	b) went to prison	tonied is
	c) let him leave school	d) allowed him to jo	oin a law firm
24	dearly affected by		
	a) his father's imprisonment c) working conditions of the poor	b) his early workingd) all of these	in a factory
25		b) decision-maker	iter.
- I	c) social reformer	d) social worker	
4	(۱۲) مون فلیر (۱۱) مون (۱۲) م	(5) temis (7) yect (6) adds. (8) attac	مغ الأنبية (3) خفيف الطال ميراث (4) يصطحب

26	The synonym of the word "humorous" is	
	a) funny b) dull	c) dangerous d) serious
27	The best title to the passage is '	
	a) Dickens' suffering in the factory	b) Dickens as a writer
	c) Dickens' suffering and interest in society	d) Dickens' early life
28	The underlined word 'These' refers to	
	a) Dickens' novels	b) Pickwick Papers
	c) Dickens' bad conditions	d) Dickens' work experiences

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Life was not always a bed of roses for Hanan. She was born into a life of poverty and suffering. Her parents were lowly-paid farmers who barely made ends meet. They did not have the means to send Hanan to school.

When Hanan was nine, her parents passed away due to exhaustion and ill health. She was then sent to the local orphanage. There, she was finally given a chance to learn. She was a very bright student who was hungry for knowledge and learnt very guickly. Two years later, Hanan was finally adopted by a rich businessman and his wife.

Hanan lived happily with her new adoptive parents. They sent her to a proper school and enrolled her in many classes to help her catch up with her peers. She devoted much time to her studies and got good grades in school. Her adoptive parents were very proud of her.

Hanan continued to thrive under the loving care of her new attentive and supportive parents. Hanan continued to excel in her studies. This was because she came from a poor background and treasured the chance to be given a proper education. She eventually did well enough to go to university.

There, Hanan studied psychology. She was interested in specialising in child psychology. She wanted to be able to make a difference in their lives. She started volunteering her time and services at an orphanage during her free time. She often told the children in the orphanage her own life experiences. She was a motivation to many of them there. It made her appreciate her life more and strengthened her determination to help other children like herself.

a) She was devoted to them.

c) She was very proud of them.

- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 29 The best title to the passage is b) Hanan's miserable life a) Hanan's determination to excel d) Life with poor children c) Hanan's supportive parents 30 The expression "her parents passed away" means b) her parents immigrated a) her parents were very ill d) her parents died c) her parents dismissed her 31 According to paragraph one, why did Hanan not attend school? a) She was suffering from ill health. b) She wanted to lie in a bed of roses. c) Her parents could not afford to send her to school. d) She wanted to play with other children. Which one of the following pieces of information is not true? a) Hanan spent two years in the orphanage. b) Hanan was deprived of food at the orphanage. c) Hanan's parents passed away when she was nine. d) Hanan was given education at the orphanage. 33 How did Hanan find her adoptive parents?
 - Unit 2 AL-Adwara Test 109

d) She slowly grew to have an affection for them.

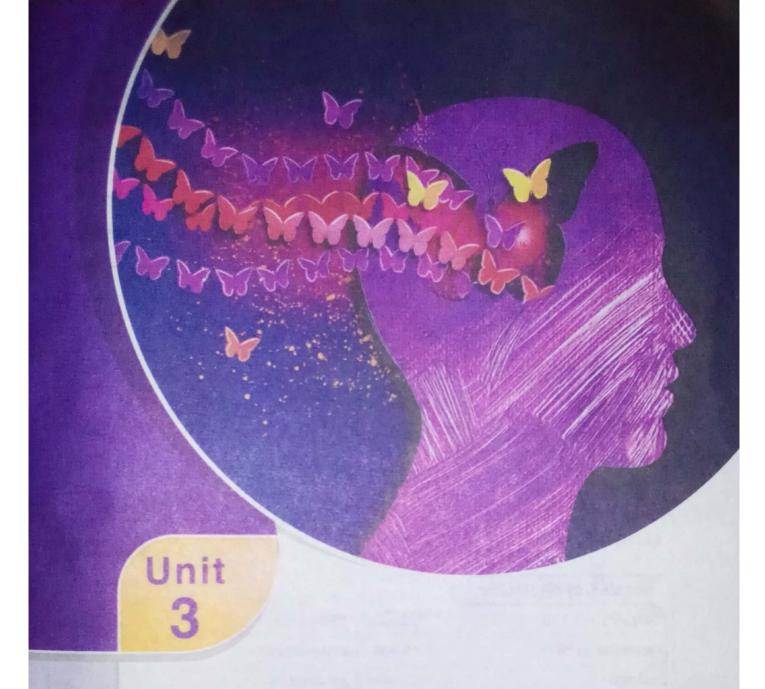
b) She was supportive of them.

- 34 What does 'this' refer to?
 - a) Hanan's doing well in her studies.
- b) Hanan's loving for her adoptive parents.
- c) Hanan's coming from a poor background.
- d) Hanan's treasuring the chance to receive a proper education.
- 35 Why did Hanan choose to study child psychology?
- a) She wanted to volunteer at the orphanage.
 - b) She wanted to be different from her parents.
 - c) She wanted to help other children who had a similar background to hers.
 - d) She wanted to find out why children like herself turned out that way.
- 36 The underlined word" there" refers to the
 - a) orphanage
- b) university
- c) village
- d) school

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- 37 The National Road Project in Egypt will not only improve internal trade but also increase foreign trade and economic movement. Therefore, economic growth will be boosted. لن يؤدي مشروع الطرق القومي في مصر إلى تحسين التجارة الداخلية، بل سيؤدي أيضًا إلى زيادة التجارة الخارجية والحركة الاقتصادي. لذلك، سيتم تعزيز النمو الاقتصادي.
 - لن يؤدى مشروع الطرق القومى في مصر إلى تحسين التجارة الداخلية، بل سيؤدى أيضًا إلى زيادة التجارة الخارجية والحركة الاقتصادية لذلك، سيتم جذب النمو الاقتصادي.
 - لن يؤدى مشروع الطرق القومى في مصر إلى تحسين التجارة الداخلية فحسب، بل سيؤدى أيضًا إلى زيادة التجارة الخارجية والحركة الاقتصادية لذلك، سيتم تعزيز النمو الاقتصادي.
 - d) لن يؤدي مشــروع الطرق القومي في مصر إلى تحســين التجارة القومية فحســب، بل ســيؤدي أيضًا إلى زيادة التجارة الخارجية والحركة الاقتصادية لذلك، سيتم تعزيز النمو الاقتصادي.
- 38 Youth is the future of society. When the young man contributes his/her ideas and energy to resolve social issues, he becomes a leader and can also make a difference in the lives of others.
 - a الشباب هو مستقبل المجتمع فعندما يساهم الشاب بأفكاره وطاقته لحل القضايا الاجتماعية، يصبح قائدًا ويمكنه أيضًا أن يختلف عن حياة الأخرين
 - (b) الشباب هو مستقبل المجتمع فعندما يساهم الشاب بأفكاره وقوته لحل القضايا الاجتماعية. يصبح قائدًا ويمكنه أيضًا أن يختلف عن حياة الأخرين
 - الشباب هو مستقبل المجتمع فعندما يساهم الشاب بأفكاره وأنشطته لحل القضايا الاجتماعية، يصبح قائدًا ويمكنه أيضًا أن يحدث فرقًا في حياة الأخرين
 - d) الشباب هو مستقبل المجتمع فعندما يساهم الشاب بأفكاره وطاقته لحل القضايا الاجتماعية، يصبح قائدًا ويمكنه أيضًا أن يحدث فرقًا في حياة الآخرين 39 لم يكد مدير الشركة يتسلم عمله حتى بدأ الاعداد لخطط جديدة لتطوير إدارات الشركة وخاصة خدمة العملاء.
 - a) No sooner the company manager had taken over his job than he started preparing new plans to develop the company's departments, especially customer service.
 - b) No sooner had the company manager taken over his job than he started preparing new plans to develop the company's departments, especially customer service.
 - c) No sooner had the company manager taken over his job until he started preparing new plans to develop the company's departments, especially customer service.
 - d) No sooner does the company manager taken over his job when he starts preparing new plans to develop the company's departments, especially customer service.
 - 40 لقد أدركت الشـعوب أهمية تعليم الفتيات ومشــًاركتهن الفعالة في المجتمع لذا تهتم الُحكومات ببناء المدارس لهم وتعزز مشاركتهم في الحياة العامة.
 - a) Peoples have realised the importance of girls' education and their active participation in society, so governments pay attention to building schools for them and enhancing their participation in public life.
 - b) Peoples have achieved the importance of girls' education and their active participation in society, so governments pay attention to building schools for them and enhancing their participation in public life.
 - c) Peoples have boosted the importance of girls' education and their active participation in society, so governments are interested in building schools for them and enhancing their participation in general life.
 - d) Peoples have recognised the importance of girls' education and their active participation in society, so governments are interested in building schools for them and enhancing their participation in general life.







Beyond imagination

Reading : A scientific text

Writing : Online comments about the impact of technology; An argumentative

essay about green technology

Listening: A discussion about innovations in medicine

Speaking: Making predictions about the future of technology

Language: Future tenses; present perfect for future use

Life skills: Problem solving; Critical thinking



Lessons 1 & 2



A Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary

approach (n)	مفهوم/منهج
astronaut (n)	رائد فضاء
astronomer (n)	عالم فلك
experiment (v) (ed) (n)	یجری تجربة/تجربة
immerse (v) (d)	يحيط/يغمر
implement (v) (ed)	ينفذ/يجرى/يحقق
inconvenient (adj)	غير ملائم/غير مناسب
mass-produce (v) (d)	ينتج بالجملة
planet (n)	كوكب

process (n) (v) (ed)*	عملية ايقوم بإجراء
solar system (n)	المجموعة الشمسية
spacecraft (n)	سفينة فضاء
speaker (n)	سماعة/مكبر صوت
spectacularly (adv)	بصورة مذهلة
surface (n)	سطح
surround (v) (ed) (n)	بديط/إحاطة
universe (n)	الكون

* Students should be actively involved in the learning process.

Vocabulary on Reading

advance (n) (v) (d)	تقدم/يتقدم	
advertise (v) (d)	يعلن عن	
adverts (n)	إعلانات	
application (n)	تطبيق	
audio (adj)	صوتی	
basic (adj)	أساسي	
burning (adj)	مشتعل/عاجل	
Celsius (n)	مئوية	
competitive (adj)	تنافسي	
ىلى conquer (v) (ed)	يقمر/يغزو/يتغلب ء	
constantly (adv)	بشكل دائم	
create (v) (d)	يخلق/ينتج	
curious (adj)	فضولی/غریب	
director (n)	مخرج/مدير	

Dolby Stereo (n)	نظام صوتى مجسم
essential (adj)	ضروري
evidence (n)	دليل
expand (v) (ed)	يعدايوسع/يتمدد
extreme (adj)	شديد/مفرط/متطرف
illustrated book (n)	كتاب مصور
immersive (adj)	غامر امحيط
innovation (n)	إبداع
instead (adv)	^{بدلا} من ذلك
introduce (v) (d)	يقنم
likely (adv)	من المحتمل
liquid (n)	سننل
method (n)	طريقة
minus (prep)	سالب الناقص

packaging (n)	التعبئة والتغليف	science fiction (n)	خيال علمى
paper-thin (adj)	في سُ مك الورقة	space (n)	الفضاء
permanent (adj)	دائم	step (n)	خطوة
potentially (adv)	من المحتمل	survive (v) (d)	ينجو/يبقى على قيد الحياة
practical (adj)	عملى	system (n)	نظام
predict (v) (ed)	يتنباب	technology (n)	التكنولوجيا
printing (n)	الطباعة	teen (n)	مراهق
provide (v) (d)	يزود/يوفر	temperature (n)	درجة الحرارة
quality (n)	نوعية/جودة	tin (n)	علبة صفيح لحفظ الطعام
require (v) (d)	يتطلب/يحتاج	totally (adv)	كلينًا/تمامًا
roll (n)	لفة	visuals (n)	مرئيات/مؤثرات بصرية

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

يتأقلم Saturn (n)	كوكب زحل
scare (v) (d)	يرعب
suppose (v) (d)	يفترض/ يظن
trainers (n) بوصة (حذاء رياضي
يقع tutor (n)	معلم خاص
	scare (v) (d) suppose (v) (d) trainers (n) يقع tutor (n)

Workbook Vocabulary

cancel (v) (led)	يلغى	popular (adj)	محبوب/شعبي
college (n)	كلية	powerful (adj)	قوي
cycle lane (n)	ممر/حارة للدراجات	seat (n)	مقعد
educational (adj)	تعليمي	shape (n)	شكل
explore (v) (d) face (v) (d)	يستكشف	square (n)	مربع

Expressions, Phrases & Prepositions

after all	على أي حال	on a big scale
at a competitive price	بسعر منافس	on average
make noises	يصدر صوتًا/ضوضاء	on display
(be) able to	قادر على	find out about
discuss with	يناقش مع	interested in
essential for/to	ضروری لـ	search for

Derivatives

The state of the s		Delivati	VC3		Market San Control
Verb		Noun		Adjective	
advertise	يعلن	advertisement	إعلان	advertised	معلن عنه
create	يخلق/ينتج	creation creator	خلق/إبداع منشئ/مبتكر	creative	مبدع/خلاق
expand*	يمد/يتوسع/يتمدد	expansion	تمدد/توسع	expandable	يمكن مده
imagine	يتخيل	imagination	خيال	imaginative imaginary	خیالی (مبدع) خیالی (غیر واقعی)
implement	ينفذ/يجرى/يحقق	implementation	إجراء/تنفيذ	implemented	مُطبَق/منفذ
innovate	يبدع	innovation	إبداع	innovative	مبدع/إبداعي
introduce	يقدم	introduction	تقديم/مقدمة	introductory	تقديمي
process	يجرى عملية/يعالج	process	عملية	processed	معالج
provide	يزود/يوفر	provision	توفير/إمداد	provisional	تمویلی/إمدادی
require	يتطلب	requirement	متطلبات	required	مطلوب
surround	يحيط ب	surround surroundings علية المحيطة	إحاطة الأشياء المحيطة/الب	surrounding	معيط بـ
survive	ينجو	survival survivor	النجاة ناجِ	surviving	نلجى

على نطاق كبير

في العرض

يكتشف عن

يبحث عن

The company expands its business in the city—
 The expansion in the city will benefit their capital.

 Their type of business is expandable.

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning
basic	أساسي
conquer	يقمر/يتغلب على
curious	فضولي
essential	ضروري
expand	يمد/يتوسع
imagine	يتخيل
implement	ینفذ <i>ا</i> یجری
innovation	إبداع
method	طريقة
practical	عملي
predict	يتنبا بـ
require	بللب/بطلب
spectacularly	بشكل رائع
survive	ينجو
totally	كلينًا/تمامًا

main/major
defeat/overcome
interested
necessary/obligatory
extend/enlarge
fancy/suppose
carry out/enforce
creativity
technique/way
feasible/pragmatic
anticipate/foresee
need/desire
amazingly/extraordinarily
remain/last

entirely/absolutely

المرادف Synonym

المضاد Antonym		
minor/unimporta	nt فرعی/غیر هام	
surrender/assist	يستسلم/يساعد	
unconcerned	غير ممتم	
optional/free	اختیاری/در	
decrease/shrink	يقل/ينكمش	
neglect/disregard	يهمل/يتجاهل	
cancel/give up	يلغى/يستسلم	
tradition/imitating	تقليد	
disorganisation/ch	عدم تنظيم/فوضي aos	
irrational/impracti		
	غير عقلاني/غير عملي	
ignore	يتجاهل	
dislike/refuse	يكره/يرفض	
ف badly/poorly	بشكل سيئ/بشكل ضعيا	
die	يموت	
incompletely/part	ially	
	بشكل غير كامل/جزنينًا	

Check Point 1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

a) survey

1 Many scientists believe that the Earth is the or	ily that has life in t	he solar system.
a) plant b) galaxy	c) planet	d) comet
Whengo to space, they float due to the	lack of gravity, so they sho	ould be trained for this.
a) astronomers b) astrologers	c) ostriches	d) astronauts
3 The results about the new vaccine were obtain	ed from four independen	t
a) experiences b) experiments	c) exams	d) examples
4 My friend called me at a/an time, nearl	y 3 o'clock in the morning	expense of order
a) inconvenient b) perfect	c) modular	d) interesting
6 An intension normally forms part of the	of selecting a new emplo	oyee.

c) search

b) process



d) pressure

Reading Text (1)



- سماعات (1)
- محاط بـ (2)
- يغمر (3)
- ينفذ/يجري (4)
- بشكل رائع (5)
- غير مناسب/غير ملائم (6)
- مفهوم (7)
- يجرى تجربة (8)
- عملية (9)
- ينتج على نطاق واسع (10)

'Surround sound' is a system that uses 3 or more speakers⁽¹⁾ to make you feel like you are 'surrounded⁽²⁾ by sound. Surround sound experiments go as far back as the 1930s. In fact, the technology was first introduced in 1940 in the Walt Disney Film Fantasia, which used Fantasound. This was a system designed to totally immerse⁽³⁾ the audience in the film like the visuals did. Unfortunately, it was too expensive to implement⁽⁴⁾ on a big scale, as Fantasound needed 54 speakers. It wasn't until 1975, with the invention of Dolby Stereo, requiring just four basic speakers that 'surround sound' became practical. It was used spectacularly⁽⁵⁾ in the film Star Wars. True surround sound in the home, however, didn't arrive until 1982, with the introduction of Dolby Surround technology. But this still required four speakers, making it expensive and inconvenient⁽⁶⁾.

Now, a whole new approach⁽⁷⁾ has been developed by scientists at the Chemnitz University of Technology in Germany, which uses paper instead of speakers. The team had experimented⁽⁸⁾

before; in 2015, they created an illustrated book which had speakers hidden inside the pages that made noises as readers turned them. Now they have developed a printing process⁽⁹⁾ which can print whole rolls of the paper-thin speakers, rather than one sheet at a time. They have used this to make the T-ring, a 360-degree paper speaker, a sound experience more immersive than even a cinema, and can be potentially mass-produced⁽¹⁰⁾ at a competitive price. Professor Hubler, from the university predicts that one major use of this new idea will be for audio advertising and packaging. Imagine the packaging on bottles and tins playing music or adverts for you in your local supermarket!!

Reading Text (2)

Teen Astronomers is a website for young people who are interested in finding out about the world they live in. If you have any burning questions, please email us at teenastronomers@ theconversation.edu.au.

Why has nobody found any life outside of Earth? – Tarek, age 17, Zagazig, Egypt.

Thank you for your question, Tarek. Astronomers⁽¹⁾ like us are constantly searching for planets⁽²⁾ which may support human life, but they're not easy to find. To start with, it's likely that if such a planet exists, it will be outside our solar system⁽³⁾. Until we have invented the technology to get us to these planets, we won't be able to study the conditions there.

But we'll keep using the technology we have to find out what we can, until we have found some evidence.

One of the most important things is to find a planet with water, because it is essential for all life forms. Scientists recently discovered that there is permanent liquid water on Mars, which made a lot of people excited. After all, it is the closest planet to Earth. However, on average, the temperature on Mars is about minus 60 degrees Celsius. In winter it can go down as low as 125 degrees below freezing. When we've found a way for astronauts⁽⁴⁾ to survive these extreme temperatures, they'll be able to spend enough time on the surface of Mars to collect useful data.

Mars is hopefully just one step into the universe⁽⁵⁾. Once we've conquered Mars, it will be easier to expand into the universe beyond, with future advances in space technology.

Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

Technology in the cinema

When you watch a good film, it is easy to forget where you are. Technology, however, is making the film experience even more real.

In the 1970s, a company called IMAX took a different approach. Their films were shown on very large, tall screens. Special speakers were put behind the screen, which helped to make the sound better and louder. In addition, the films were made using a special process which made the pictures look much more 'real'.

The problem with these types of films was the cost. They had to build special square cinemas, because people needed to watch the film in seats which all faced the screen. You also needed special cameras and couldn't make films of more than an hour long. So these films were nearly all educational, often about nature. One of the most popular was about climbing Mount Everest and when you watched it, you really felt you were surrounded by snowy mountains.

Since 2000, however, similar technology has allowed traditional films to be made in the same way. These are mass-produced and shown in traditional cinemas. As a result, many modern films sound great. Many are in 3D, so that the pictures look real and not flat. Some cinemas even have seats that move while you watch the film to immerse you even more into the experience. Other cinemas have even experimented with allowing you to 'feel' the film using smell, rain and wind. However, the cost of this will probably mean this technology won't be in most cinemas.



911 77 6	
علماء الملك (1)	
کواکب (2)	
موعة الشمسية (3)	المج
رواد الفضاء (4)	

Listening Text (Workbook)



Journalist: Today, I'm talking to a space scientist and astronomer, Professor El-Taweel, about where we are most likely to find life in our solar system. So, Professor, I suppose most people think we'll first find life on Mars, is that right?

Professor: Well, many countries are sending spacecraft to that planet at the moment, so it's possible, yes. I think we'll certainly find water. But once we've finished exploring Mars. I think that we'll find other places that are just as likely to have life.

Journalist: Really? Can you give me an example?

Professor: Yes. Enceladus is one of the planet Saturn's many moons, but it is very interesting. In 2005, a spacecraft took photos of a huge amount of water coming up from the surface of the moon then flying out into space. Once we've sent a spacecraft back to Enceladus that can take some of this water, we'll know where it comes from and if there is life on the moon.

Journalist: That's amazing. Are there any other places like this?

Professor: Yes, Saturn's largest moon, called Titan, has lakes on the surface. These are probably made from gases, not water, but we have already sent a small spacecraft to Titan, When we've sent another one that can study the lakes, we will know more.

Journalist : Anywhere else?

Professor: Yes, there is also one of the planet Jupiter's moons, called Europa. Some scientists think there might be more water here than on Earth. The problem is that the water on Europa lies about 15 kilometres below a frozen surface. We won't be able to study this until we've got powerful machines that can dig into the moon.

Check Point (2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 The gardener advised me to the	roots of the house plant in water for a while if it
looked dry.	
a) flood	b) dive
c) immerse	d) drown
2 The publishing company is specialised in .	books for nursery and primary school
students.	test Her had the same make the
a) academic	b) immersive
c) expanded	d) illustrated
3 The system is the sun and all the	planets that move around it.
a) lunar	b) solar
c) space	d) security
4 Climate change is one of theinter	rnational problems at the present time.
a) burning	b) flipping
c) persuasive	d) affecting
5 The new 3D wallpaper cost me three hundre	d pounds a
a) gram	b) roll
c) weight	d) speck
	wife [2018] - 10 - 2012 - 1 - 2012 (2018) <u>1 - 2</u> 대한방안되었다

Vocabulary in Use



on Vocabulary

• start using a system	ينفذ/يطبق
mass-produced • made cheaply and in large numbers with a machine	منتج بكميات كبي
approach series of steps leading to producing something	ـــ مفموم
spectacularly • extremely good, exciting or surprising	— بشكل رائع
املائم inconvenient • causing difficulty or problems	— غير مناسب <i>اغ</i> ير ،
process • way of viewing or doing something	— عملية
→ surround → be all round (someone or something)	ـــ يغمر
→ speaker device through which sound is heard	ــــ سماعة/مكبر صو
experiment (v) • use scientific methods to find something out or discover something	بجری تجربة
immerse involve yourself deeply in	_ تحتم

Notes on Vocabulary

approach

a way of dealing with a particular problem or situation, especially a way that has been carefully planned مفهـوم (طريقـة تعامـل مع مشـكلة أو موقف

Today's approach to raising children is very different from بطريقة مخططة أو مجربة). 40 years ago.

method

means

and often used طريقــة أداء شــىء خاصــة معروفة أو

a way of doing something, especially one that is well known

• You can choose whichever method of payment you prefer.

a thing that you use to do something or achieve something E-mail has become the most convenient means of

technique

that has to be learned and practised اسلوب/تقنية (طريقة محددة لفعل شيء تحتاج

أو إنجاز شيء)

a particular way of doing something, for which you need a skill

الى مهارة يتم تعلمها أو ممارستها) • More patients are surviving thanks to improved surgical techniques.

evidence

دليل (حقائق أو علامات تظهر وجود أو صدق شيء بوضوح)

facts or signs that show clearly that something exists or is true,

- Scientists are hoping to find evidence that there was once life on Mars.
- There was not enough evidence to convict يدين him of the murder. 👌 لاحظ يمكن استخدام (sign) أو (indicator) بهذا المعنى

symptom

a sign that someone has an illness or that a serious problem exists Some of the symptoms of COVID-19 disease are tiredness عرض (علامة على وجود مرض أو مشكلة خطيرة)

and bone pains.

communication.

signal

have a particular attitude علامة (تدل على أنك يجب أن تفعل شيئًا أو أن

a sign that shows that you should do something, or that you

Severe chest pain is a warning signal that cannot be ignored.

expand

• Sales increased by 25%. يزيد (يصبح أكبر في العدد أو الكمية أو الدرجة)

to become larger in size, or to include a wider range of activities The business has expanded at a rate of 15% per year.

to become larger in number, amount, or degree

- The level of violence has increased.

double/triple

to become twice as much or three times as much

- Since 1950, the number of people dying from cancer has almost doubled.
 - The company's profits tripled last quarter.

process

١- عملية طبيعية أو صناعية لحدوث أو إنتاج شيء ٢- عملية إجرائية (سلسلة من الخطوات لإتمام شيء)

- Coal forms by a slow process of chemical change.
- Learning a language is a slow process.

operation ٢- عملية إنجاز (عمل/نشاط)لشركة أو منظمة

- She's going to have an operation on her knee.
- A huge rescue operation was launched after two divers were reported missing.

120

instead I couldn't afford a new car. Instead, I bought a used one. We didn't have enough money for a movie, so we went to بدلا من ذلك (تسـ تخدم لربط جملتين او تأثي the park instead. instead of You should talk to your teacher instead of just complaining بدلا من (يتبعها اسم او v-ing) to me about the problem. Notes on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts Did you notice these notes while reading? Unfortunately, it was too expensive to implement لاحظ استخدام (too ... to) بمعنى (جداً لدرجة أن لا).. In fact, the technology was first introduced in 1940. Until we have invented the technology to get us to these planets, لاحظ استخدام (the) قبل (technology) رغم أنها من أسماء المعاني (abstract nouns) للإشارة إلى تكنولوجيا محددة أما إذا كانت بشكل عام فلا تسبقها أداة مثل الجملة الأخيرة في النص الثاني. ... with future advances in space technology. But this still required four speakers, making it expensive and inconvenient. لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) اختصارا لجملة الوصل فالجملة أصلها.) But this still required four speakers, which made it expensive and inconvenient. Teen Astronomers is a website for young people who are interested in finding out about the world they live in. لاحظ استخدام (n/v-ing) بعد (interested in). Scientists recently discovered that there is permanent liquid water on Mars, which made a lot of people excited. لاحظ استخدام (which) للإشارة إلى الجملة كلها. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Check Point (3) 1 It is a known fact that metals when they are heated. c) triple a) increase b) double d) expand 2 The criminal's wife was charged with giving false in court to free her husband.

c) evidence d) note b) signal a) symptom 3 Repetition can help the learningespecially for primary school pupils. c) option d) intention b) operation a) process Speed bumps are an effective of stopping cars from going too fast. b) technique c) means d) method a) approach



Unit 3 Lessons 1 & 2 121



Vocabulary Exercises

Ch	oose the correct ar	nswer from a, b, c or d:		
			Vocabulary & Vocabulary N	otes
	4		should make it easier to le	
	a) means		c) application	
2	With new space ted		ontinue to discover new s	
	a) astronomers	b) astrologers	c) astronauts	d) chemists
3			e forgot all about her frier	
			c) immersed	
4			orms in the economy dur	
			c) implanted	
5			mass than the	
		b) present	c) produce	d) innovate
6			four	
			c) recorders	d) stereos
7			ne is sure if there is intellig	
	in the	from public list.		
	a) universe	b) verse	c) star	d) planet
8			a Russiancalled Y	
			c) trainer	
9			formation about this borir	
			c) work	
10	There are plans to	the airport in Sh	arm El-Sheikh to hold big	ger planes.
(4)			c) double	
11	Recentin I	Thave led to important	changes in the work of off	ices.
			c) advances	
12	After the injury of h	is shoulder, the footballe	er is getting fit again, whic	th has been
	a long slow			
	a) operation	b) process	c) system	d) treatment
13			e which we can't live with	
	a) basic	b) minor	c) extreme	d) worthless
14	From 1960 to 1965,	the Soviets launched tw	enty-six knowni	nto space.
	a) systems	b) moons	c) vehicles	d) spacecrafts
15	Yousif Shaheen is co	onsidered one of the bes	t filmin Egypt th	roughout history.
	a) astronomers	b) clients	c) directors	d) customers
16			y qualified young people.	
	a) offer	b) introduce	c) provide	d) give
17	Many recent studies	s couldnew ide	as in treating people of so	me serious diseases.
	a) introduce	b) prevent	c) deduce	d) design
18	Computers and the	internet have become a	/anpart of mode	ern life.
	a) curious	b) essential	c) secondary	d) audio
19	The new magazine	is mainly addressing	between 13 and 19.	
	a) adults	b) infants	c) teens	d) elders
20	traffic problems are	made better by the hug	e project of improving the	e road in Egypt
	a) processions	b) successions	c) presentations	d) systems

	Applicants for the			
-	a) practical	b) valueless	c) visual	d) terrible
22	Industry leaders	that another 8,00	00 jobs could be available	e by the end of the year.
	a) talk		c) reflect	d) speak
23			os she was suddenly	by a crowd of excited
	fans.	A TOUR OF THE STUDY	os, sile was sudderly	by a crowd of excited
	a) ignored	b) required		
24	And the second of			
	a) requires	accident is still unclear an		
	a) requires	b) inquires	c) finds	d) acquires
25	we were	to know why our friend	Waleed left the party sud	denly.
	a) helpful	a, csponsible		d) immersive
26	Essam inherited h	nispersonality fro	om his father, who was ar	nother great athlete.
		b) comparative		
27		vasn't offered the job as h		
	a) normal	b) popular		d) talented
28	I changed my con	nputer with a new and m		,
4010	a) offensive	b) powerful	c) useless	
20	Z	oing tooffers fro	der to the comments are all the same	Manager and the state of the st
23		1 112		
		b) defy		and the second of the second o
(E	xpressions, Idioms,	Prepositions, Derivatives,	Synonyms & Antonyms	ductions and the est of the
30	She was determine the verb			The state of the s
	a) miss			d) submit
31	My uncle sent me	an illustrated book whic		
	a) sends			-I) absorbs
		b) receives	c) makes	
32	The River Nile is e	ssential people's	lives in Egypt.	List the engel year thouse it
	a) about	ssentialpeople's	s lives in Egypt.	d d) for hecouse (a
	a) about Various projects f	b) at people's or constructing new brid	s lives in Egypt. c) in ges and roads are under.	d) for in Egypt.
33	a) about Various projects f	b) at for constructing new brides b) implementation	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented	d) for in Egypt.
33	a) aboutVarious projects fa) implementThe new COVID-1	b) at for constructing new bride b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a bigin ma	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries.
33 34	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1	b) at for constructing new brid b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a bigin ma	d) for in Egypt.
33 34	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu	b) at for constructing new bride b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a bigin ma	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries.
33 34 35	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discuss for	b) at b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road
33 34 35 36	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about the	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at
33 34 35 36	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about the	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at
33 34 35 36	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about th a) advertise The gallery's focu	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an b) advertisement s will expand to include the	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at
33 34 35 36 37	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about th a) advertise The gallery's focu "expand" is	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at d) advertising s. The antonym of the verb
33 34 35 36 37	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about th a) advertise The gallery's focu "expand" is	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at d) advertising s. The antonym of the verb d) shrink
33 34 35 36 37	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about th a) advertise The gallery's focu "expand" is	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at d) advertising s. The antonym of the verb d) shrink d) created
33 34 35 36 37	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about th a) advertise The gallery's focu "expand" is	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at d) advertising s. The antonym of the verb d) shrink d) created rcent.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about th a) advertise The gallery's focu "expand" is	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at d) advertising s. The antonym of the verb d) shrink d) created rcent. d) degree
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	a) about Various projects f a) implement The new COVID-1 a) scale I am used to discu a) for I learned about th a) advertise The gallery's focu "expand" is	b) at for constructing new bridge b) implementation 9 vaccine is now produce b) space ussing all my problems b) in ne job from an	c) in ges and roads are under c) implemented ed on a big	d) for in Egypt. d) implements any countries. d) road d) at d) advertising s. The antonym of the verb d) shrink d) created rcent. d) degree



Lessons 1 & 2



Language

The present perfect for the future

المضارع التام للتعبيرعن المستقبل

تخدم كل من المضارع البسيط والمضارع التام للتعبير عن المستقبل بعد روابط زمنية معينة:

Future simple (will, be going to + inf.) after, before, till/until, when, as soon as, once, now that, the moment

Present simple Present perfect

- After Ahmed finishes/has finished his exams, I'll take him for a picnic.
- The manager is going to see you as soon as he comes out of the meeting.
- He won't say anything until the boss tells him.
- Call me as soon as you get back.

لاحظ أن الفعل الأمر يحل محل المستقبل

- I won't touch (Don't touch) anything before the police arrive.
- في الجمل السابقة استخدمنا المستقبل لحدث سوف يتم بعد حدث آخر في المستقبل أو قبله ولكن إذا كان الأمر عادة أو شيئًا دائم الحدوث نستخدم المضارع البسيط في الجملتين مع أداة الربط:
- After I finish my homework, I usually help my sister with hers.
- I always have a cup of tea before I leave for work.
- I never buy canned food until I check the expiry date.

Check Point

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 I'll be at the airport when a) you will get there
 - c) the plane landed

- b) the plane will take off
- d) you arrive
- 2 |ready as soon as you phone me.
 - a) had been
- b) was

- c) will be
- d) could be
- 3 We will start having dinner as soon as my motherthe food. b) cooked
 - c) is cooking
- d) had cooked

- a) has cooked 4 We'll stay here till she
 - a) returned b) returns
- c) had returned
- d) return

- 5 Iher the news before she leaves.
 - a) had told
- b) told

- c) will be told
- d) 'm going to tell



Check the answers at the end of the book.

ملاحظات هامة

١) نستخدم while لحدث سوف يحدث أثناء حدوث الآخر في المستقبل ويأتي بعدها المضارع البسيط أو المضارع المستمر. While I look for a job, I'll continue to study.

٢) هناك أفعال تعبر ضمنيا على أنها مستقبل ولكن شكلها مضارع بسيط مثل: want, need, must, have to, are to, etc. فنستخدم معها نفس القاعدة

I want you to be in charge until I get back from holiday.

٢٠ يستخدم v-ing بعد after/before/while إذا لم يأت فاعل بعدهم على أن يكون الفاعل في الجملتين واحدًا.

After doing my exercise, I'll help you.

1) لا يأتي المستقبل أبدا بعد الروابط الزمنية

After I will finish my work, I'll help you. (X)

After I finish/have finished my work, I'll help you. (1)

•) يمكن استخدام المبنى للمجهول في المضارع البسيط أو التام والمستقبل.

When this letter is written, it will be sent.





Language Exercises

Check your understanding.

Understanding Applying a Remembering Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 I'll help you with your homework after I the dishes. a) will wash b) washed c) had washed d) wash 2 | this report before I go home. b) had finished a) finish d) finished c) 'll finish 3 He won't go home until he this report. b) has written a) had written d) wrote c) write 4 He will wash up before he to bed. b) went d) had gone c) have gone b) gets a) will get d) was getting c) had got 6 | will pay you when | _____ my cheque. b) will get a) am getting d) had got c) have got 7 She will stay in bed till the clock _____seven. b) strikes a) strike d) struck c) had struck 8 Sheon working until he tells her to stop. b) would go a) will go d) has gone c) goes 9 When he, I'll give him the key. b) will return a) returned d) returns c) return 10 By the time he thirty, he will have a job and get married. b) will be a) was d) be c) is 11 |until the January sales start to buy a new jacket. b) 'm going to wait a) will have waited d) have waited c) wait 12 After I, I'll go out to book the tickets. a) have taken a shower b) will phone you c) went to bed d) would have a cup of coffee 13 I hope he gets here the train leaves. There isn't another train today. b) after a) while d) before c) until 14 We can leave as soon as a) the plane will take off b) they are going to phone d) the train arrived c) you are ready

15 You must wait the traffic light	Changes to green.
a) before	b) until
c) as soon as	d) after
16 When I the car, I'll join you.	The second of the second
a) polished	b) was polished
c) will polish	d) have polished
17 the price of petrol is so high,	I can't afford to run a car anymore.
a) Now that	b) Until
	d) Before
c) As soon as	그는 그 얼마는 그리고 그 이 성은 어떻게 하나요요? 점수 되는
the film is over, I'll go to bed.	b) Until
a) Just as	d) While
c) Once	
19 It is raining now. We'd better wait until it	
a) will stop	b) stops
c) stop	d) stopped
20 Please,us when you arrive.	
a) will call	b) calls
c) have called	d) call
21 They always their curtains on	ice they get home in the evening.
a) have closed	b) will close
c) close	d) closed
22 I like to have the radio on while	
a) I study	b) I'm studying
c) studying	d) all are possible
23 Always turn your television off	
a) before you leave home	b) when you went to bed
c) as soon as you got bored	d) after you have fallen asleep
24 He'll drive you thereyou nee	d.
a) until	b) whenever
c) after	d) before
25 Don't worry! I'll watch you while you	in the lake.
a) swam	b) were swimming
c) swim	d) swimming
26 He'll drink his coffee while he	for the bus.
a) is waiting	b) wait
c) was waiting	d) has waited
27 You can't get experience you	have got a job.
a) while	b) as soon as
c) after	d) until
28 He the letter before he put the	ne stamp on the envelope.
a) writes	b) had written
c) will write	d) can write
29 Now that the rain's stopped,	
a) can you want	b) may you want
c) do you want	d) have you wanted
30 The lift until you press that b	
a) will not start	b) starts
c) will start	d) has started

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner



Unit 3

Lessons 1 & 2

• Applying • Analysing • Evaluating • Creating

Choose t	he	correct	answer	trom	a,	b,	cord	l:
----------	----	---------	--------	------	----	----	------	----

1	Many people agree w	ith the right of scientis	its toon animals	because this helps us.
	a) experience	b) experiment	c) revise	d) improvise
2	The sun is the centre	of thesystem v	whose planets orbit it.	
	a) solar	b) lunar		d) space
	I think visiting your for ready.	riends without telling t	hem is probably	as they would like to be
			c) delightful	
			ucts in order to be able to	
	a) quantity	b) ability	c) quality	d) possibility
			shelves at the back of the	
			c) rules	
6	Only a few of the ear	lier paintings of Leonar	do, the famous painter, st	till
	a) fade	b) diminish	c) survive	d) observe
7	'Surround sound' is a	great which he	lped movie audience to e	njoy art more and more.
	a) reflection	b) perception	c) intention	d) innovation
8	Because of pollution,	, the of many pa	arts of the world was very	high last summer.
	a) grade	b) degree	c) temperature	d) snow
9	I the exam af	ter I study all these boo	oks.	
	a) will be taken	b) take	c) am going to take	d) have taken
10		ort, I home.	the state of the state of	
	a) will go	b) can go	c) have gone	d) won't go
11	When the president	, the audience v	will stand up.	Walter Bridge Committee Co.
		L.) arrivoc	ci nas peen aniveu	a) arrive
12	at 41 t the abil	dran their dinner before	e ner nusbanuio	IIIC.
		() is soming	T CALLE	W VVIII COILIC
13	He'll have to behave	better when he	to scriooi.	
	alia maina	h) will go	C) Welle	u) goes
14	We can't do anything	hetore	b) the doctor didn't con	ne
	a) the doctor comes		d) the doctor doesn't co	
-		_	and "Oliver Twist"	islant particularly
15	l've finished	"A Tale of Two Cities, Till	c) Until	d) Even if
	a) While	D) MOM mar	performance of the second pre-	the return .
16	Once we hear any ne	ews, weyou.	c) 'll call	d) have called
			ated correctly?	ede o su bernita politika i
17	Which of the following	ng sentences is punctua	b) He said, "I want to go	to the party".
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	מה נט נויכ פיייי	d) He said, "I want to go	
	c) He said "I want to	go to the party.		Title, take we are
18	When we write a bio	graphy, we should	ous	Carlot V
	a) invent incidents to	Jillake the j		
	b) tell facts about th	e person's wrong de	eds	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	IIIE Deise		
	d) force people to lo	AC THE Pare		Init 3 Lessons 1 & 2 1127

- 19 Narrative essays
 - a) should be interesting to impress the reader
 - b) should contain imaginative incidents to make suspense
 - c) can tell real or imaginative stories
 - d) all of the above

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Heba was a member of the school's football team. Last Tuesday, her school had a friendly match against another school. It was a gruelling⁽¹⁾ match as both teams were equally skilled. Many of Heba's schoolmates were at the stadium to lend the team their support. They had banners, pom-poms and the school flag.

At one point in the match, Heba had the ball. She was dribbling⁽²⁾ it towards the goal when suddenly, she was tackled⁽³⁾ by a member of the other team. She tripped⁽⁴⁾ and fell. A spasm⁽⁵⁾ of pain shot up her leg and she cried out in agony. Immediately, she was taken off the field. It turned out that she had fractured⁽⁶⁾ her shinbone⁽⁷⁾.

As a result of that match, Heba's leg was in a cast⁽⁸⁾. She had to be pushed around in a wheelchair for the next three weeks. She felt so incapacitated⁽⁹⁾. Heba's classroom was on the third floor. However, due to her temporary immobility⁽¹⁰⁾, the school principal had granted⁽¹⁾⁾ special approval⁽¹²⁾ for her class to shift to the ground floor until her leg had healed.

Despite this, there were still several classes that simply could not accommodate⁽¹³⁾ such a move. The music class was on the second floor and the science laboratories were on the third floor. Heba would have to wheel herself to the stairs, then make use of a pair of crutches⁽¹⁴⁾ to ascend the stairs slowly and carefully. Thankfully, she had wonderful classmates who were ready to help whenever needed.

Heba never forgot the kindness of her classmates. Heba's parents invited them all to their house and treated them to pizza as a way of showing their appreciation. Heba felt very fortunate to have such amazing friends.

ⓓ

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- - a) Heba's injury and the kind people
 - c) The kind classmates

- b) The kind school principal
- d) Heba's troubles at school
- 21 According to paragraph one, why were Heba's schoolmates at the stadium?
 - a) They wanted to watch a gruelling match.
 - b) They wanted to support the football team.
 - c) They wanted to see the skills of the football team.
 - d) They wanted to show off their pom-poms and banners.
- 22 Which one of the following pieces of information is not true?
 - a) Heba fell because she felt a spasm in her leg.
 - b) Heba was in considerable pain after she was tackled,
 - c) Heba was heading towards the goal when she was tackled.
 - d) Heba was taken off the field immediately after she sustained an injury.
- 23 What was Heba's condition when she returned to school?
 - a) She was as active as usual.
 - c) She was not able to do things normally.
- 24 The school principal proved to be
 - a) kind and understanding
 - c) aggressive

- b) She was troubled by her studies.
- d) She did not recognise her surroundings.
- b) cruel
- d) unpleasant



(13) استوعب (14) عكلا (11) أعطى (12) موافقة (9) عليز (10) عدم الحركة (7) قصبة الساق (8) حبيرة (5) تقلص عضلی (6) کسرت

(3) غرفات دة (4) تعثرت

- What does 'this' in paragraph four refer to?
 - a) Heba's injury.
 - b) Heba's class shifting to the ground floor.
 - c) Heba's classmates helping her up the stairs.
 - d) Heba's classes which were conducted in a different place.
- 26 Why did Heba feel very fortunate?
 - a) She had recovered fully from her injury.
 - b) Her parents had organised a party for her.
 - c) Her friends liked the pizza her parents ordered.
 - d) Her friends had been supportive and helpful.
- 27 The expression "treated them to pizza" means
 - a) they treated them kindly
- b) they had a meal of pizza
- c) they offered them a pizza drink
- d) they looked at them happily

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- 28 Technology is important in our lives because it helps to deal with everyday activities. Technology offers various tools to boost development and to exchange information.
 - التكنولوجيا مهمة في حياتنا لأنها تساعد في التعامل مع الأنشطة اليومية كما تقدم التكنولوجيا أدوات متنوعة لتعزيز التنمية وتبادل المعلومات.
 - التكنولوجيا مهمة في حياتنا لأنها تساعد في التعامل مع الأنشطة اليومية كما تقدم التكنولوجيا أدوات متنوعة لاستخدام التنمية وتبادل المعلومات.
 - التكنولوجيا مهمة في حياتنا لأنها تساعد في علاج مع الأنشطة اليومية كما تقدم التكنولوجيا أدوات متنوعة لتعزيز التنمية وتبديل المعلومات.
 - d) التكنولوجيا مهمة في حياتنا لأنها تساعد في علاج مع الأنشطة اليومية كما تقدم التكنولوجيا ماكينات متنوعة لتعزيز التنمية وتبادل المعلومات.
- 29 Entertainment technology helps people not only to relax and enjoy free time. The latest technology has been revolutionised daily entertainment. With computer technology, ways of being entertained have optimized greatly.
 - الا تساعد تكنولوجيا الترفيه الناس على الاسترخاء والاستمتاع بوقت الفراغ حيث أحدثت أحدث التكنولوجيا ثورة في مجال الترفيه اليومي ومع تكنولوجيا الكمبيوتر، تم تحسين طرق الترفيه بشكل كبير.
 - ل تساعد تكنولوجيا الترفيه الناس ليس فقط على الاسترخاء والاستمتاع بوقت الفراغ حيث أحدثت أحدث التكنولوجيا ثورة في مجال الترفيه اليومي ومع تكنولوجيا الكمبيوتر، تم تحسين طرق الترفيه بشكل كبير.
 - لا تساعد تكنولوجيا الترفيه الناس على الاسـترخاء والاستمتاع بوقت الفراغ حيث وفرت أحدث التكنولوجيا ثورة فى مجال الترفيه اليومى ومع تكنولوجيا الكمبيوتر، تم تحسين طرق الترفيه بشكل كبير.
 - d) تساعد تكنولوجيا الترفيه الناس ليس فقط على الاسترخاء والاستمتاع بوقت الفراغ حيث أجلت أحدث التكنولوجيا ثورة في مجال الترفيه اليومي ومع تكنولوجيا الكمبيوتر، تم تخزين طرق الترفيه بشكل كبير.
 - 30 إن ترشيد المياه واجب قومي لتجنب مشــاكل نقص المياه وضمان توفر المياه للأجيال القادمة حيث لا يجب أن يتجاوز اســتهلاك المياه العذبة معدل الإحلال الطبيعى لها.
 - a) Water rationalisation is a local duty to avoid water shortage problems and ensure the availability of water for future generations. The consumption of fresh water should exceed its natural replacement rate.
 - b) Water rationalisation is a global duty to avoid water shortage problems and ensure the availability of water for future generations. The production of fresh water should not exceed its natural replacement rate.
 - c) Water rationalisation is a national duty to avoid water shortage problems and ensure the availability of water for future generations. The consumption of fresh water should not exceed its natural replacement rate.
 - d) Water rationalisation is a national duty to avoid water shortage problems and ensure the availability of water for future generations. The consumption of fresh water should not reduce its natural replacement rate.

Unit 3 | Lessons 1 & 2 129



Lessons 3 & 4



A Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary

drugs (n)	عقاقير/أدوية/مخدرات
operation (n)	عملية جراحية
record (n) (v) (ed)	تسجيل/يسجل
sensor (n)	مستشعر/جهاز استشعار

surgeon (n)*	جراح
surgery (n)	جراحة
treatment (n)	علاج/معاملة

Do you know a famous surgeon in Egypt?

Vocabulary on Reading

addicted (adj)	مدمن
advanced (adj)	متقدم
benefit (n) (v) (ed)	فائدة/يستفيد
blog (n)	مدونة
case (n)	حالة/قضية في محكمة
cause (v) (d)	ı, ı
comment (n) (v) (ed)	تعليق/يعلق
complicated (adj)	معقد المعقد المعتددة
cure (n) (v) (d)	علاج/يعالج
cyber (adj)	إلكتروني
earthquake (n)	زبزال
everyday (adj)	یومی
gamer (n)	لاعب (ألعاب فيديو)

global (adj)	عالمي
hacker (n)	مخترق/قرصان (انترنت)
harm (n)	صرر
individual (n) (adj)	فرد/فردی
issue (n)	قضية/مسألة
log in (v) (ged)	يدخل على موقع نت
nature (n)	طبيعة حمه الالحساس
organisation (n)	addia addia
register (v) (ed)	يسجل/يدرج اسمه ۱۹۹۳
safety (n)	
	امن کا کا در داده
simple (adj)	بسيط هي دي دي
solve (v) (d)	

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

accuracy (n)	ىقة
Artificial Intelligence (n)	الذكاء الاصطناعي
autonomously (adv)	بشكل مستقل
carry out (v) (y ied)	یجری/ینفذ
consultant (n)	استشاری/مستشار
diabetes (n)	مرض السكرى
distant (adj)	عتد ،
dramatically (adv)	ېشكل كېير
empathy (n)	تعاطف
handle (v) (d)	يتعامل مع/يتولى أمر

human (adj)	بشری/انسانی
involve (v) (d)	يتضمن
monitor (v) (ed) (n)	يراقب/شاشة
normally (adv)	بشكل طبيعي
perform (v) (ed)	يۇدى
replace (v) (d)	يستبدل
surgical (adj)	جراحى
task (n)	مهمة
transform (v) (ed)	يحول

Workbook Vocabulary

decade (n)	عقد
shop assistant (n)	بائع في محل
self-driving (adj)	ذاتى القيادة
repair (v) (ed)	يصلح
measure (v) (d)	يقيس
fuel (n)	وقود

recycle (v) (d)	يعيد تدوير
equipment (n)	معدات
terrible (adj)	فظيع
last (v) (d)	يدوم
throw away (v)	يرمى/يتخلص من

Expressions, Phrases & Prepositions

do research	يقوم ببحث	
do tasks	يۇدى مھام	
keep in touch	يبقى على اتصال	
	بعد أخذ كل الاعتبارات/بعد تفكير	
addicted to	مدمن على	
depend on	يعتمد على	
disagree with	يختلف مع	
log in/on (to something	يدخل على (

on the one hand	من ناحية
on the other hand	من ناحية اخرى
on the whole	على العموم
stay healthy	يبقى بصحة جيدة
important for/to	مهم لـ
prefer to	يفضلعلى
talk about	يتحدث عن

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Derivatives					
Verb		Noun		Adjective	
addict	يدمن	addiction	إدمان	addicted	سمن
hack*	يخترق	hacking hacker	اختراق مخترق	hacked	منترق
operate	يجرى عملية/يشغل	operation	عملية	operated	مُشْفَل
organise	ينظم	organisation	منظمة	organised	منظم
perform	یقوم بـ/یؤدی	performance performer	أداء مؤدى		
record	يسجل	record recording	سجل تسجيل	recorded	<u>مسُ</u> جِل
register	يسجل/يدرج اسمه	registration	تسجيل اسم	registered	مدرج اسمه
			E PER PET LE		

replacement

security

استبدال/بديل

replaced

secure

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

يستبدل

يؤمن

replace

secure

Word	Meaning	المرادف Synonym
benefit	فائدة	advantage/profit
complicated	معقد	complex/problemation
distant	بغته	faraway/remote
handle	يتعامل مع	manage/deal with
intelligence	ذكاء	wisdom/brilliance/wit
monitor	يراقب	control/observe
perform	يۇدى	carry out/accomplish
record	يسجل	videotape
safety	امان	protection/security
simple	بسيط	plain/easy
task	مممة	duty/work

advantage/profit
complex/problematic
faraway/remote
manage/deal with
wisdom/brilliance/wit
control/observe
carry out/accomplish
videotape
protection/security
plain/easy
duty/work

فاد Antonym	المم
disadvantage/harm	عيباضرر
easy/simple	سهل/بسيط
near/nearby	قريب
ignore/disregard	يتجاهل
stupidity	غباء
foolishness	حماقة
neglect	يهمل
avoid/forget	يتجنب/ينسي
forget/ignore	ينسى/يتجاهل
danger/jeopardy	خطراتعريض للخط
complicated/difficult	معقداصعب
irresponsibility	
	أنعدام المسئولية

Someone is trying to hack my phone.
 The hacker sends viruses through links.
 My phone is already hacked.

Check Point 1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 asked my son to the football match for me as I had an important meeting at that time. b) broadcast a) transform d) replay c) record Scientists hope to find a for all kinds of cancer someday. b) cure d) release c) theory Students' futureon how well they do in these exams. a) depends b) gives d) bases c) builds Some people have _____ more from modern technology than others. a) won b) moved d) benefited c) wasted 5 After consulting two specialists, it was decided that my father required heart a) surgery b) healing d) implementation c) process Check the answers at the end of the book.

Reading Text (1)

Posted 8 Sept 2021, 17.30

Technology is very important for us here in Mexico City. We depend on (1) smartphones, tablets, computers and especially the internet. I am lucky to have a computer in my house, because my father doesn't live with us, so it helps me keep in touch with him.

On a bigger scale, technology has helped save lives in Mexico. We have very advanced warning systems which give people more time to

escape to safety if an earthquake is coming. On the other hand, cyber(2) security has become a big issue(3). Computer hackers can cause serious harm to individuals and organisations. Important information can be stolen. There have been many cases where this has happened in Mexico, and I'm sure there will be more in the future.

Posted 9 Sept 20221, 13.50

Hadia123

Eduardo

يعتمد على (1)

الكتروني (2)

(3) قضية

(4) sain

(5) **ORAN**

فوائد (6)

علاجات (7)

Technology surrounds us. It's everywhere. It's hard to imagine a life without technology. But, of course, we could live without it. Only forty years ago people survived without smartphones or the Internet. On the whole, I think technology can be dangerous because people can become addicted® to it. They forget about simple things like walking in nature and being with friends.

Posted 11 Sept 2021, 16.30

Joat19

I don't agree with the last comment. The benefits⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ of technology in medicine are obvious. People's lives are saved every day because of new technology in hospitals! In the future, it'll be even more important. It will help us discover new cures in for lots of diseases. Of course, technology has some negative effects, but on balance, we can't live without it now.

Log in ar register to post comments

Lesimona 3 & 4

Reading Text (2) (Workbook)

Possible future uses of Al

Experts all agree that we will see more artificial intelligence (AI) in the future, but how will this affect our lives?

Factories already use AI to build cars and machines. Work that used to be done by factory workers is now done by computers. In the next few decades, computers will also do some work that is now done by office workers and shop assistants. That means many shops and businesses won't need to close: they will be open for 24 hours.

When you use the internet, Al quickly knows what you are interested in and sends you advertisements to sell you things. In the future, Al will know enough about you to be able to tell factories to make things just for you: the things won't need to be mass-produced.

Many people think that self-driving cars will have replaced traditional cars within the next few decades. We will all be calling self-driving cars to take us where we want to go, just like we call a taxi today.

Soon, AI will also be helping us to learn new skills. It will help people produce amazing art or music. AI will also help us to communicate in any language. Mobile phones have changed the way we live in just a few years. In the near future, our lives will have changed again thanks to AI.

Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

The advantages and disadvantages to evolving technology

Technology is always changing. Every few years, you can buy televisions that have larger screens or better pictures. Mobile phones can do more and more things. On a bigger scale, computers in businesses, at airports and in almost every organisation become more and more powerful. We now depend on everything becoming better, bigger and faster.

On the one hand, this makes things easier for all of us. It is not very expensive to buy televisions that are almost as good as cinema screens. Mobile phones mean that you can be connected to the internet anywhere, so you can always find out information or know where you are. Planes and cars are safer and businesses work better.

On the other hand, new technology is very bad for the environment. We all want to buy the latest phone, television or computer game, but that often means throwing away the old ones. You can recycle some parts of old equipment, but a lot of it is never used again. Who wants an old phone that does not connect to the internet?

On the whole, it is good that technology changes. We all want to have things that can improve our everyday lives. On balance, however, I think that we have to find a way to use new technology on old equipment. It is terrible that we have to throw away good equipment just because it does not use the latest technology. If we could build phones, TVs and computers that could last for decades, we could have a cleaner, greener world.

Listening Text



presenter: In the last 70 years, technology has changed dramatically in the field الذكاء الاصطناعي (1) of medicine. Back then they didn't have computers, smart phones or even the internet. These days robots are used to carry out operations. بشكل مستقل (2) They are still controlled by humans but using robots allows doctors يراقب (3) to perform the operations with more control and accuracy. But will robots be performing operations completely on their own one day? جماز استشعار (4) Let's ask our medical expert, Reuben. استشاری (5) :One thing you may've heard about is Artificial Intelligence(1) or Al. Reuben تعاطف (6) A number of companies think within the next year or two, robots will have started to perform some very simple operations autonomously(2) run by computers. Soon surgeons won't even need to be in the room. It'll even be possible to perform an operation from another country. Presenter: Wow! Incredible. Another really exciting development is how we can use our smartphones to monitor(3) our health. What have you got here? Reuben : Well, this app is connected to a little sensor on my arm. It tells me my blood sugar level. I click a button on my phone and place it near the sensor⁽⁴⁾. It makes a little sound, and there you can see my glucose level is 7.3. It's especially helpful for people with diabetes, which is a disease which occurs when your blood sugar is too high. **Presenter**: Amazing! So, what next? : Well, it's my belief that by the next decade Al in particular, will have transformed Reuben health care completely, and will be saving lives. Using data from patients' medical records, AI will be able to identify and name illnesses, design treatment plans, and create new drugs way faster than any doctor or consultant(5). Some people worry that AI systems will replace doctors and nurses, but I don't think so. They'll be able to concentrate on tasks which depend uniquely on human skills instead, such as empathy⁽⁶⁾. But what is certain is that we'll all be healthier and living longer due to

Check Point		the quality of the	products
a) damaging	b) monitoring	c) imaging n hour in the underground.	d) shooting
al amazinaly	b) repeatedly	c) surprisingly	d) normally a somebody else's computer
or phone system	without permission.	c) hacker	d) robber of the illness appears to be
declining.	1) 52505	c) issues rk is done in hospitals, facto	d) rules ories and many other places.
a) transformed	b) transmitted	c) transported	d) damaged Check the answers at the end of the boo

new technology.

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

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Vocabulary in Use



FOCUS on Vocabulary

drugs

عقاقير/أدوية

medicines or substances for making medicines

- operation

عملية جراحية

the process of cutting into someone's body to repair or remove a part that is damaged

to store music, sound, television programmes, etc. on a disc or tape so that people can listen to them or watch them again

sensor

مستشعر/حهاز استشعار

a piece of equipment used for discovering the presence of light, heat, movement, etc.

جراح

a doctor who does operations in a hospital

surgery

medical treatment in which a surgeon cuts open your body to repair or remove something

treatment

something that is done to cure someone who is injured or ill

لمزيد من الكتب انضم الي قناة الحلم الجامعي اكتب في بحث تليجرام @thanawia_3ama



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Notes on Vocabulary

organisation منظمة (تضم مجموعة من الناس أو الشركات أو البلاد تم إنشاؤها لغرض محدد)			
institution مؤسسة (منظمة/شركة هامة مثل بنك أو جامعة)	 a large important organisation such as a bank or university Cairo University is an important academic institution in the Middle East. 		
association منظمة/اتداد (مجموعة من الأشخاص في مهنة أو رياضة أو نشاط لتمثيل الأعضاء بشكل رسمي)	an organisation for people in a particular profession, sport, or activity, which officially represents its members The Football Association is on a meeting to choose a new president.		
global ۱-عالمی/کونی ۲- شامل	 affecting or including the whole world considering all the parts of a problem or situation together The rise of temperature is a global climate problem. We are taking a global view of our business. 		
international دولی/بین آکثر من دولة	 Concerning more than one nation Surely, the international trade was affected by COVID-19 precautionary measures. 		
comment تعلیق شنوی أو مکتوب للتعبیر عن رأی	something that you say or write in order to give your opinion All website members are invited to send in their comments and suggestions.		
remark ملاحظة (شفوية)	something that you say • We must ignore Wael if he starts making rude remarks.		
point نقطة (شــى، مذكور عن موضوع في مناقشة أو مناظرة أو مقال)	something that someone mentions about a subject in a discussion, argument, article He mentions a number of important points in his article.		
treat يعالج شخصًا/يتعامل مع	• Patients are treated with a combination of medication معالجة and exercise.		
Cure یشفی/یعالج من مرض	Many formerly fatal diseases can now be cured.		
a cure (n)	There's no cure for diabetes but the symptoms can be managed.		
heal يندمل/يلتلم (مع الحروق والقطع والجروح والإصابات)	heal (wounds/cuts/injuries/burns) Vitamin K is needed by the body for healing cuts and bruises.		

Notes

on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts

Did you notice these notes while reading?

so it helps me keep in touch with him.

On a bigger scale, technology has helped save lives in Mexico. It will help us discover new cures. لاحظ استخدام فعل في المصدر بدون (to) بعد (help) كما يمكن أيضًا استخدام (المصدر + (to))

They forget about simple things like walking in nature and being with friends.

لاحظ استخدام الأفعال قبل وبعد (and) في صيغة واحدة (verb + ing)

Check Point

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Readers of our Facebook page are invited to send in their and suggestions.
 - a) recipes

b) observations

c) remarks

- d) comments
- 2 Burning oil, coal and gas has a great effect on makingwarming worse.
 - a) global

b) international

c) local

- d) national
- 3 I've broken my leg, but the doctor says it should easily as it's a clean break.
 - a) treat

b) heal

c) cure

- d) stop
- 4 Egypt joined the International Football
- (i.e. FIFA) in 1925.

a) Party

b) Organisation

c) Association

d) Institution

Cheak the answers at the end of the book

دعوه حلوه للشخص اللي صور الكتاب دا ولك بالمثل،،





Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Key vocabulary, Reading, Listening, Workbook Vocabulary & Vocabulary Notes 1 Many doctors have carried out extensive research into the effects of the new
Many doctors have carried out extensive research into the effects of the new for cancer on children. a) sensor b) symptom c) drug d) case The young doctor referred ime to the hospital consultant of to make a decision about my knee operation. a) chemistry b) surgery c) radiology d) invention The enemy soldiers were accused of inhumanity in their form of the war prisoners. a) treatment b) elimination c) solution d) accuracy Doctors warn us that smoking can serious respiratory diseases. a) reason b) research c) cause d) result
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a) treatment b) elimination c) solution d) accuracy 4 Doctors warn us that smoking can serious respiratory diseases. a) reason b) research c) cause d) result 5 Many cancer victims can be if the disease is detected early a result
4 Doctors warn us that smoking can serious respiratory diseases. a) reason b) research c) cause d) result 5 Many cancer victims can be serious if the disease is detected early an august.
5 Many cancer victims can be if the disease is detected early and the
5 Many cancer victims can be if the disease is detected early and the
5 Many cancer victims can be if the disease is detected early an aught
if the disease is detected early enough.
dioperated his and it
6 Scientists believe that a little (c) processed d) cured
a) operated b) healed c) processed d) cured 6 Scientists believe that a child's develops rapidly between the ages of four and five. a) intelligence b) infections develops rapidly between the ages of four and five.
Interrigence () intection () mistake (d) fault
7 Pollution is a problem which needs the cooperation of all countries.
a) local b) simple c) national d) global
8 It is the responsibility of each to defend Egypt against enemies.
a) individual b) hacker c) teacher d) surgeon
a) individual b) hacker c) teacher d) surgeon 9 El Orman is a famous non-governmental charitable that is mainly concerned with
helping the poor.
a) company b) department c) organisation d) section
10 All employees receive basic safety training before any new building project.
a) immunity b) popularity c) charity d) security
11 intelligence is the science of how to make computers do things that usually nee
human intelligence.
a) Normal b) Artificial c) Natural d) Industrial
The new factory will bring a lot of to the area by employing people and refreshin
the economy.
a) harms b) troubles c) benefits d) interests
Theshook buildings throughout the small town, but no serious damage was made
a) earthquake b) accident c) tsunami d) storm
The team's coach waslast week after losing five successive matches.
a) lost b) replaced c) placed d) detected
15 The old secretary was fired for nother duties and this resulted in the delay of man
projects. Projects. Projects Projects Projects
a) working b) carrying c) performing d) producing
Hurghada wasfrom a quiet farming village into a busy tourist resort.
a) transformed b) transmitted c) transfused d) returned
17 It was thought that most animal diseases could not be passed to beings.
a) humane b) human c) inhuman d) humanness
The bank installed security lights with an infrared that come on when a person is
near them.
a) monitor b) machine c) reactor d) sensor
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	19 The police officer re	ported that street-fig	hts are a/anoccur	rence in this area of slums.
1000	a) every day	b) everyday	c) day	d) days
	20 The coach said he d	idn't have any	after losing the match.	
	a) estimations	b) accounts	c) comments	d) issues
-	21 The supermarket ov	vner decided to insta	II a newsystem at	fter it was robbed.
	a) transport	b) surgery	c) maturity	a) security
1	22 The computer progr	rammer has the diffic	cult of organising	the information.
Medical	a) task	h) profession	c) position	a) work
	23 Dr Mandy Yaccoub i	s one of the most far	nous heartall ove	er the world.
	CONT.	• •	nationic	urleaders
premiu	24 Rubbish bags are m	ade of plastic	from old packaging mat	erial.
94004				
120,000	25 Dr Magdy Yaccoub	is one of the doctor	rs who contributed much	to ways of heart
-	treatments.	is one or the doctor		
-	a) distant	h) explanatory	c) autonomous	d) surgical
-	26 The hospital staff	the situation	of the bus accident very w	ell.
	185	1.)	CICIONIT	u) posca
-	27 Critics don't agree t	hat the success of a r	movie is by the en	joyment of the audience.
-				
1	28 It is bolioved that th	e 1990s were a/an	of rapid advances es	specially in communication
-	technology.	ic 19903 Weile ar ar vi		
		b) millennium	c) reign	d) age
	00 0	husinoss usually	working long hours, b	out it's worth the effort.
	On The doctor	not a iob in a	Village in Opper Egyptur	a) 110111
,	- Irolioved	b) sided	c) dramatic	d) distant
6	a) relieved	tit Desirativ	as Synanyms & Antonyms	
			es, Synonyms & Antonyms	
	31 In this way, student	ts will gain maximum	benefit from their classes	maker a live
		a word "henefit" is		
		hllocc	c) difficulty	d) ignorance
		hlon	c) at	W) WILLI
	33 This research was	by a team of	scientists at Alexandria of	iiversity.
	and the second s		C made	u) dolle
	Miles Arthrey	. can be defined as th	e excessive use of the com	nputer.
	2.2	L) addiction	Clandicted	u) picaletea
	ar at a days toomwo	ark is important	companies, so it neips	to be sociable.
	The state of the s	-\ -b-011 +	e wiin	u) at
	36 Most young men a	nd womeni	n touch with their friends	through social media.
	NAME OF THE PARTY	h) miss	c) keep	a) win
	oz Haw many studen	rs were able to	for English classes?	d) registering
		h) registration	c) registered	d) registering
	38 If you want to	healthy, you sno	uld have a nealthy diet an	d a good lifestyle.
		h) ctay	cliose	a) spena
ŕ	an The company hast	n't achieved more pro	ofits, but on it has	nad a successful year.
		hladvance	c) balance	a) remark
	40 The efficient docto	or is very good at har	ndling her patients. The an	tonym of the word "handle
	ic"		역 열리는 그런 경기 마리되었다.	
	a) deal	b) care	c) ignore	d) treat



Lessons 3 & 4



Language

Future tenses

Future simple (will/won't + inf.)

يتقبل البسيط

e.q. I think it will be fine tomorrow.

Form: (will/won't + inf.)

(will + inf.) is used with the following:

On-the-spot decisions (Quick decisions)

القرارات الفورية

- · I like these shoes. I'll buy them.
- · Father: I'm thirsty. Son: I'll get you some water.
- 2 Future facts

- Mazen will be 9 years old next month.
- Today is the 10th of Sept. Tomorrow will be the 11th.
- التنبؤ القائم على الاعتقاد (بدون دليل) Predictions based on what we think (without evidence)
- Egypt will win the next World Cup.
- It will rain heavily tomorrow.
- Some verbs, expressions and adverbs:
- : think/believe/expect/promise/hope/predict
- Expressions : be sure/be afraid
- : perhaps/certainly/probably/possibly
- · I promise I will give you the money needed when I get a pay rise.
- · I hope my brother will pass his driving test.
- My parents think that I'll become an artist one day.
- · I'm sure Osama will win the race.
- Perhaps, my boss will punish me for being late.
- The police will probably find the criminal.
- Offer
- I see that you have difficulty with these questions. Wait a minute and I'll help you.
- Since you're tired, I'll cook dinner tonight.
- Request
- الطلب
- Will you help me with my homework, Hazem? Will you get me two kilos of sugar when you go to the market?
- Threat
- التهديد

If you make these mistakes again, I'll punish you. Behave well or I'll tell your father.

- Warning
- التحذير

Factories must stop polluting the air or we won't be able to breathe. If we don't arrive early, we won't find a place to park.

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hoped, thought + would	I thought (didn't expect) that she would visit us.	
promise + to + inf.	I have promised them to come early tonight.	
or + will (won't) + فعل امر	Get up early or you won't catch the train.	

2)

Be going to (am/is/are going to + inf.)

المستقبل بـ Going to + inf.

e.g. There are black clouds in the sky. It's going to rain.

Form: (am/is/are (not) going to + inf.)

(Be going to) is used with the following:

For plans and decisions we have already made

للخطط والنوايا والقرارات التي اتخذناها بالفعل.

He's going to employ more staff.

I'm going to move to a bigger house next year.

(نية intention/خطة plan) (قرار decision)

To make predictions with present reality or evidence:

التنبؤ بدليل (شيء نراه أو نعرفه)

- Look at him! He is going to win the race. (He is ahead of the other runners).
- The wall is moving. It is going to fall.

فناك طرق أخرى للتعبير عن المستقبل:

3 Present simple

المضارع البسيط

e.g. The train to Assuit leaves at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Form: He/She/It + v. + (s, es, ies). I/They/We/You + inf.

(Present simple) is used with the following:

When we refer to programmes or timetables (planes/trains/buses, etc.).

" يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن المستقبل مع الجداول المحددة والبرامج والمواعيد الثابتة، مثل: مواعيد الطائرات والأتوبيسات والقطارات والسينما والمسرح والتلفزيون والامتحانات ... إلخ.

The film starts at 9 p.m.

(cinema programme)

The plane arrives at Cairo Airport at 7:30.

(timetable)

Present continuous (am/is/are + v-ing)

المضارع المستمر

e.g. I am meeting Mr Ibrahim at his office at 10 a.m. tomorrow.

Form: (am/is/are + v-ing)

(Present continuous) is used with the following:

For fixed arrangements in the near future.

يستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن المستقبل مع الأشياء التى تم الترتيب لها فى المستقبل القريب.

I'm flying to London tomorrow morning.

(I've got the ticket.)

We're giving a party tomorrow.

(Everything has been arranged.)

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Important points

١) الفعل think يأتي معه willولكن إذا كان هناك دليل نستخدم بعده be going to. Bahaa is a careless driver. I think he will have an accident one day. Look! Bahaa is driving dangerously fast. I think he is going to have an accident.

٢) الصفات الثابتة والحقيقية ليست دليلًا على حدوث الفعل، مثل:

Salah is a clever player. I think he will score a goal the next match. (not going to) Salah is shooting a penalty. I think he is going to score a goal. (هذا دليل)

٣) تدل جمل التحذير (Be careful! – Look out! – Take care!) غالبًا على قرب حدوث الفعل.

فالشخص يرى شيئًا قريب الحدوث فيحذر منه، لذلك نستخدم بعد هذه الأفعال be going to.

Look out! We are going to crash! There is a car coming.

- وأما إذا كان التحذير عامًا نستخدم Will .

Be careful or you will fall in the newly dug hole on your way to the market.

.will نستخدم think/expect/predict/be sure بعد الأفعال think/expect/predict/be

would نستخدم thought/expected/predicted/was sure/were sure أما بعد الأفعال I thought they would phone me that evening.

be to/be about to/be due to/be sure to + inf.

بالتأكيد

Rule Example يجب أن - The president is to visit America next Friday. على وشك - Look! The train is about to leave.

c) be due to (timetables) - Their flight is due to arrive at 8:20. d) be sure/certain to

- This plan is sure to succeed.

Shall

a) be to

b) be about to

Usage	Example
a) To make an offer	- Shall I carry the bag for you?
b) To make a suggestion	- Shall we go out for dinner tonight?
c) To ask for suggestions or instructions	- What shall we do tonight?

Check Point Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

a) is going to drown b) will drown

1 The milk is boiling	. I the gas off.		
a) turn	b) am going to turn	c) am turning	d) will turn
2 We to A	lexandria in July. All thing	s are okay.	
a) will be moved	b) are moving	c) move	d) will move
3 My brother has de	cided to immigrate. He	next month.	
a) will travel	b) travels	c) is going to travel	d) is travelling
My English lesson			
a) starts	b) is starting	c) will start	d) will be starting
5 Look That have	. It seems he can't	swim.	
That Duy	***************************************		

c) is drowning

Check the answers at the end of the book.

d) drowns

Unit 3 Lessons 3 & 4

Future continuous

Subj. + will be + v-ing

•I'll be playing at 7 p.m. tomorrow

Negative

Subj. + won't be + v-ing I won't be waiting for you at 10 p.m. tomorrow.

-Interrogative

Will + subj. + be + v-ing? ► • Will you be painting your room at this time next week?

For actions that will be in progress at a stated future time.

ستخدم للأحداث التي ستكون مستمرة عند وقت محدد في المستقبل.

Don't phone me at 11 p.m. as I'll be sleeping at this time.

For actions that will definitely happen in the future as a result of a routine or arrangement (instead of the present continuous).

يستخدم للأحداث التي سوف تحدث بالتحديد في المستقبل كنتيجة لروتين أو ترتيب. (بدلًا من المضارع المستمر).

I'll be playing golf on Friday.

(I play golf every Friday - it's part of my routine)

I'll be seeing Fathy tomorrow. (seeing here means meeting.)

(We work in the same office so we will definitely meet.)

Usage الاستخدام

When we ask politely about people's arrangements to see if they can do omething for us or because we want to offer to do something for them.

يستخدم عندما نسال بادب عن ترتيبات الأشخاص لنرى ما إذا كانوا يستطيعون فعل شيء لنا أو لأننا نريد أن نفعل شيئًا لهم.

Will you be going to the supermarket? Can you buy me some tea?

We use may be + v-ing to refer to future events or trends which are possible but not certain:

سننيم may be + v-ing للتعبير عن الأحداث التي من الممكن أن تحدث ولكن لسنا متأكدين منها.

Many more people may be living in Cairo in the next 50 years.

The future continuous is used with the following time expressions:

منندم المستقبل المستمر مع التعبيرات الزمنية الأتية.

- All night/day tomorrow/next week, etc.
 - This time tomorrow/next week At + مدة tomorrow/next week From tomorrow.
 - In an hour's time

Advanced Points

١ ﴾ أفعال الحالة stative verbs لا تســتخدم في الاســتمرار لذلك لا تســتخدم مع المستقبل المســتمر ولكن إذا تغير معناها يمكن أن تب الاستمرار مثل:

This time next year, I will have had my graduation certificate.

- لا يمكن استخدام will be having لأن الفعل يملك لا يستخدم مستمرًا.

This time tomorrow, I will be having my dinner with my family.

- الفعل have هنا ليس بمعنى يملك بل بمعنى يتناول لذلك استخدم في الاستمرار.

٢) لو وجد رابط زمني نستخدم بعده المضارع البسيط أو المستمر ولا نستخدم المستقبل .

I'll be studying my lessons while my father is watching the match tomorrow.

Check Point Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 I think that Ion the project for the next 15 to 20 years

a) will work was a second of the second of the b) may work to a second of the

c) 'll be working downward dow

- 2 In 20 years, Khaledhis own business.
 - a) will be running b) will be run

c) runs

- d) ran
- 3 Half an hour from now, the cinema will be full. Everyone the film.
 - a) will watch

b) will be watching

c) watch

- d) will have watched
- 4 I can't visit you because Ifor my sister's wedding all next afternoon.
 - a) might have prepared

b) won't prepare

c) will prepare

- d) will be preparing
- 5 Hopefully, Imedicine at university this time next year.
 - b) 'll study

c) 'll be studying

a) may study

d) shall study



Future perfect

ستقبل التام

Form

Subj. + will have + P.P.

I will have finished this report by midday.

Negative

Subj. + won't have + P.P.

▶ • I won't have finished this report until 5 o'clock.

-Interrogative

Will + subj. + have + P.P.?

• Will you have typed all these letters by the time the boss arrives?

Passive

Obj. + will have been + P.P. • Our car will have been repaired by tomorrow.

Unit 3 Lessons 3 & 4

For actions that will or will not be completed before a specific time in the future.

بِعبر عن حدث سوف (سوف لا) يكون قد اكتمل قبل وقت محدد في المستقبل.

- By 8 o'clock tomorrow, I'll have sent all these invitation cards.
- ▶ By next October, the new company building will have been built.



For actions that will or will not be completed before another action in the future.

بِسر عن حدث سوف (سوف لا) يكون قد اكتمل قبل حدث آخر في المستقبل.

- I will have read the book before I return it to the library.
- By the time my father arrives, I'll have finished my homework.

The future perfect is used with the following time expressions:

- Before, by + مترة في المستقبل (21:00), by the time, till/until, in a year's (2 years') time.
- My wife won't have finished preparing the lunch till 4 o'clock.
- In a week's time, we'll have finished our exams.

لانظ استخدام الروابط الزمنية مع المستقبل التام.

Future perfect (will have + P.P.)

Before, till/until, by the time, by

Present simple Present perfect

- Before he arrives, I'll have completed the report.
- By the time he has finished doing the homework, his father will have returned back home.



أنستخدم by/by the time/before لنقصد قبل وقت محدد في المستقبل.

- We will have taken the test by/before June.
- I won't have done all of my homework by the time/before you get home.

أ)ونستخدم in (a year's/week's/2 weeks') time لنقصد في نهاية هذا الوقت في المستقبل.

- In five years, I will have started work.
- How much will you have done on your project in two months' time?

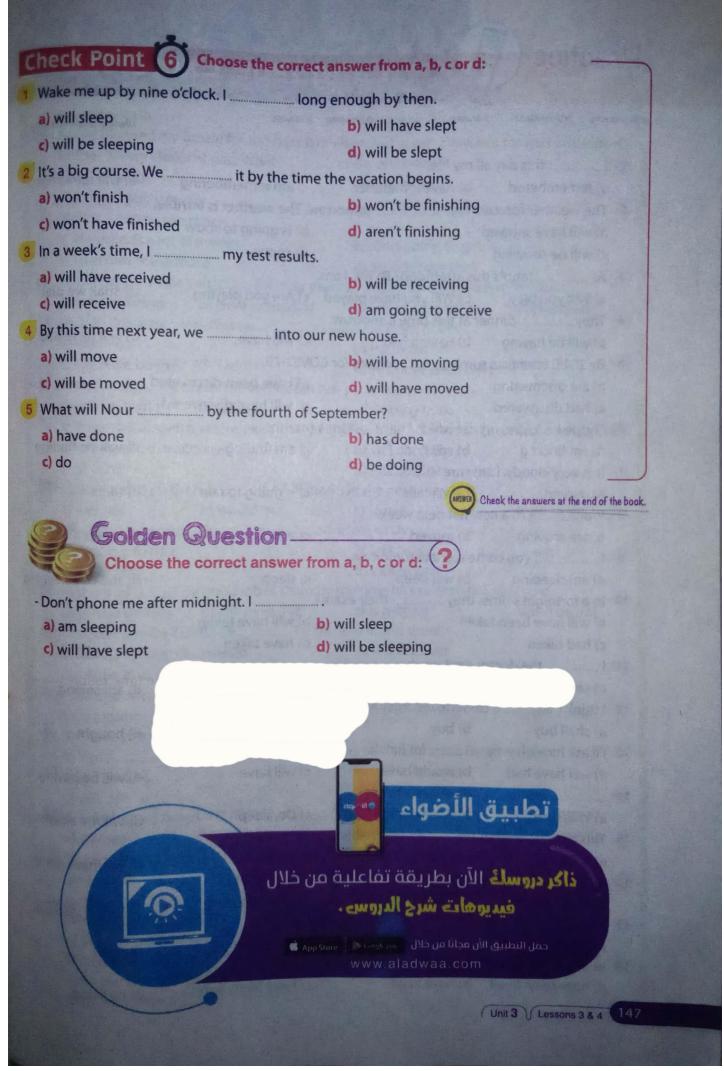
Extra Points

فَنْكُ أَفِعَالَ تَعِبْرُ عَنَ المستقبِلُ تَلْقَائِيًا عَنْدَ استَخْدَامُهَا فَي صَيْغَةَ المَضَارَعُ مثل:

want, expect, hope, predict, wish, need, etc.

to have been + p.p. وعند استخدام المستقبل التام نستخدم بعدهم و to have + p.p. وعند استخدام المستقبل التام نستخدم بعدهم و will وعند استخدام و By 2030, we expect to have built flats for all people in Egypt.

- By 2030, We expect to the barn prepared by 6
- The food is expected to have been prepared by 6 pm today.





Language Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1	Rei	membering Understanding Applying Analysing Evaluating Creating	Check your understanding
1		Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	With the selection
a) remembered b) have remember c) am remembering 2 The weather forecast says it tomorrow. The weather is terrible. a) will have snowed b) is going to snow c) will be snowing d) snows 3 A: tennis this afternoon? B: Yes, I am. a) Will you play b) Will you have played c) Are you playing d) Shall we play 4 They dinner at this time tomorrow. a) will be having b) having had c) will have discovered c) had discovered d) will have discovered d) will be finding d) will be sleeping d) will sleep d) will sleep d) will have taken d) will have taken d) have taken d) have taken d) have taken d) will have seen d) have taken d) will have ead d) will be having d) will be having d) will have had b) would have d) will have read d) will be reading d) will have met d) will			
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a) am finding b) will find c) am finding d) will be finding 7 It is very cloudy. I am sure it	1		
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18 In about forty years' time, we'll probably on pills.		18 In about forty years' time, we'll probably on pills.	d) meet
a) have been lived b) have lived c) have been living d) be living		a) have been lived b) have lived c) have been living	d) be living

19	A: Why have you set your alarm clock to go	off at 5.30?	
	B: Because I then. I have to catch the	ne early train.	
	a) was going to get up	b) am going to get up	
	c) have got up	d) get up	
20	A: I've planned my future for the next five y	a) get up	
	B: That is very clever of you. What	when you retire?	
	a) will you do		
	c) are you going to do	b) have done	
21	Maher is eating too much.	d) do you do	
4	a) He spends a lot of money		
	c) Give him some more	b) He is going to get fat	
22			
-	Next August, while you for your exam	ns, I will be on a Mediterra	
22	a) are preparing b) were preparing	c) will be preparing	d) prepared
23	By 5.30 this afternoon, Osamaat w		
	a) won't be	b) has been	
zio.	c) will have been	d) will have been being	
24	There more electric vehicles in ten	years' time.	
elen.	a) will be being b) will be	c) is going to be	
25	In the years ahead, it seems likely that peop	oleeven greater c	ontrol over nature.
	a) will have been acquired	b) will be acquired	
-51	c) to acquire	d) will acquire	
26	I promised my father the full mark	s in the next exam.	
)	a) will get b) would get	c) to get	d) am going to get
27	My friend is very intelligent. Hethe		
	a) is going to pass	b) will pass	
	c) is passing	d) would pass	
28	Mahmouda good job in Cairo by t	he time he's twenty-five ye	
	a) will be getting b) will have got	c) is getting	d) will be got
29	I hope a cure for COVID-19 by the	end of this month.	
	 a) will have been discovered 	b) will discover	
*1	c) will be discovering	d) will be discovered	
30	Look out! A car towards you.	. 10dag Yimostora	
	a) is coming b) is going to come	c) will be coming	d) will come
31	A: "Have you made plans for tonight?"	and the all and the state of the state of	
	B: Yes. I my sister after work. We no	ed to discuss some family	matters.
	a) am visiting	b) will have visited	Quantity for the
	el mill minis	d) won't be visiting	
3;	2 I'll tell Hesham about the party. Ih	im at work anyway.	
10	, b) will be seeing	C) Illay See	d) was seeing
3:	3 "Shall I carry your bag for you?" We use this	b) promise	•
ì	a) request	d) on-the-spot decision	
ı	c) offer	mmatically incorrect	
3	c) offer Which one of the following sentences is gra	onto	•
	trime i'll be booking the uci	vers.	
	time I Will lide booked the	uckets.	
	a) b I had booked the dekets.		
慧	d) By tomorrow, I'll book the tickets.		
			nit 3 Lassons 3 8 4 1746



Lessons 3 & 4



General Skills

Don't forget to study this part from the Skills Bookle



Writing

تعليقات على الإنترنت Online comments

لكتابة تعليق جيد هناك بعض القواعد التي يجب عليك اتباعها ومنها:

- 1. Make it clear by using simple language.
- 2. Avoid sarcasm.
- 3. Avoid unnecessary abbreviations.
- 4. Use facts.
- 5. Don't confuse facts with opinions.

- اجعل الأمر واضحًا باستخدام لغة بسيطة.
 - تجنب السخرية.
 - تجنب الاختصارات غير الضرورية.
 - استخدم الحقائق.
 - لا تخلط بين الحقائق والآراء.

Modelcomment

Write a comment on the positive and negative effects that technology has on everyday life in your country.

Posted 3 October 2021, 17.30

Nourhan

Technology, especially the internet, has become an important part of life in Egypt. It has helped the government to provide fast service. Now people can get many online governmental services such as traffic services, getting official documents and even arranging for travel online. Through tablets and broadband internet connections at school, the Ministry of Education could improve education in secondary school. Through social media, people can communicate with each other easily. However, the internet and mobile overuse have affected our social life much. Young people now lack a lot of communication skills. Moreover, online games have taken the place of practising sports which affected people's health and physical fitness badly. That's why we need to train our children and young people how to use technology more wisely.

Test Yourself (20



Unit 3 Lessons 3 & 4

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1	The famous band has justits new	alleum in Davis	mark the transfer
	D) (damaged		I a
	a) tracers b) crackers The President's speech addressed a number	ystem yesterday and stol	e millions of pounds.
3	The President's speech addressed	c) hackers	d) gamers
	≥/ 133UES	c) trials	11
1	Ais a web page containing info about a particular subject.	rmation or oninions from	
	a) blog b) paper	c) diane	A A A S
5	a) Motor	ing have become some	a) dairy
, , ,	a) Motor b) Lawful Mum has proven that she are	ol Cubor	n in some countries.
6	Mum has proven that she can any	(problem in side at all	d) Economical
	a) handle b) register	problem inside the hous	e.
7	a) handle b) register The patient is carefully after the o	c) preach	d) retreat
10	a) revealed b) monitored	pen-neart operation.	
8	The website has games to appeal to be the least	c) healed	d) approved
1	The website has games to appeal to both the a) racers b) fighters	PC beginners and the ded	The state of the s
9	Wait I	c) boxers	d) gamers
	Wait! Iyou to the station.		
10	a) drive b) will be driving	c) am driving	d) will drive
10	The English lesson at 8:45.		
2		c) starts	
n	Are you still writing your essay? When you		
42		c) had finished	
12	Wedinner at a seaside restaurant		
	a) are going to have	b) have	
	c) will have had	d) will have	
13	Hossam to London on Monday me	orning.	
	a) will fly b) will have flown	c) flies	d) is flying
14	You're carrying too much. I the do	or for you.	and the contract of
	a) will be opening b) am going to open	c) will open	d) will have opened
15	When they get married in March, they	each other for six yea	ars.
	a) will have been knowing	b) will have known	
	c) will know	d) are going to know	
16	I don't think you any problems wh	nen you land in France.	
	a) will have b) won't have	c) will have had	d) will be having
17	Which of the following is correctly punctual	ted?	- July
	a) me Auman, who was sitting behind the de	esk, gave me a big smile.	
	b) Mr auman who was sitting behind the de	esk: gave me a big smile.	
	the was sitting behind the de	esk, gave me a big smile.	
	d) Mr Ayman, who was sitting behind the de	esk gave me a big smile.	
	Wir Ayman, Who was sitting		1 1

- 18 The first paragraph of any essay is called a/an. d) expository c) body paragraph a) introduction
- "It is an evil that leads to ruin, destruction, hatred and death. The whole nation, the police and the masses should cooperate to put an end to it."This could be a part of an article about
 - c) pollution a) cooperation b) unemployment

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

I'm sure you all know how important recycling⁽¹⁾ is. Recycling keeps our planet healthy, it reduces waste. It also saves energy. Recycling is when you take old things and turn them into new things. It sounds like magic. Only certain materials can be recycled. These include things made out of paper, metal, cardboard, glass and plastic. Can you think of everyday items made out of these materials? Soda cans are a good example. They are made out of metal. Magazines and newspapers are made out of paper. Cereal boxes are made of cardboard. Some bottles of juice are made out of glass. Bags and yogurt containers are made out of plastic. Let's get back to the process(3) of recycling. Once you put all your items in a recycling bin, a truck comes to pick them up. Everything goes to a recycling plant⁽⁴⁾. There, the materials get separated⁽⁵⁾. They go into different piles. There are special machines that crush each pile together. The materials get squashed into square cubes. They are really heavy. You would need a forklift to carry them. Companies buy these cubes and turn them into new products.

You also can recycle by yourself at home. You can save all the cans and aluminum containers and sell them in a local recycling centre, yes cans for cash. Use glass jars as containers for the kitchen or the office, you can paint the bottles and use other materials to decorate them. Use empty water bottles as flower pots, just cut off the bottoms, there are many amazing craft[®] projects you can do with recycled material. You can do your part to save the planet. So just remember the golden rule: always recycle your products!

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 20 What is recycling?
 - a) Giving old things to other people.
 - b) Destroying unimportant things by burning them.
 - c) Taking old things and turning them into new things.
 - d) Painting old bottles and using them again.
- 21 Which one of the following can't be recycled?

 - b) Things made of metal. a) Things made out of paper. c) Things made of cardboard, glass and plastic. d) Things made of cotton and lying food.
- 22 What happens to the materials in the recycling plant?
 - a) They get separated and crushed.
 - b) They are delivered to our homes again.
 - c) Companies buy these cubes and turn them into new products.
 - d) A forklift carries them away.
- 23 What does the underlined word "They" refer to?
 - a) The square cubes.

b) The special machines.

c) The glass jars.

d) The piles of rubbish.



a) yogurt () soda cans and bags containers () soda cans and bags containers () magazines and newspapers () magazines and newspapers () magazines and newspapers () magazines and newspapers () The word		4 The following materials can be recycled e	xcept			
c) soda cans and bags containers The word means "a vehicle used for lifting and moving heavy objects", a) machine c) The recycling plant D) cubes d) forklift truck The best title to the passage is "" a) Recycling cans c) Recycling cans c) Recycling from past to present d) How to recycle bottles Everything goes to a recycling plant. Plant here means a) a room b) a machine c) a factory d) a kind of tree Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d: A rtificial intelligence refers to the use of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like humans and mimic their actions. These machines exhibit things associated with human mind such as learning and problem-solving. A recycling intelligence in machines exhibit things associated with human mind such as learning and problem-solving. A recycling intelligence in machines exhibit things associated with human mind such as learning and problem-solving. A provided in the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d: A rtificial intelligence refers to the use of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like humans and mimic their actions. These machines exhibit things associated with human mind such as learning and problem-solving. A rtificial intelligence refers to the use of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like human mind such as learning and problem-solving. A rtificial intelligence refers to the use of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like human intelligence in machines that are programmed to the war in Ukraine had proved the importance of recognising self-sufficiency in all products, especially agricultural production. B) Successive crises such as the "Covid-19" pandemic and the war in Ukraine have proved the importance of achieving	1					
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	No.	communication between different gene	and the second s			

Study

Chapter 3 (Great Expectations)

Vocabulary			
apprentice (n)	صبی متمرن فی حرفة	note (n)	ملاحظة/يلاحظ
apprenticeship (n)	فترة التدريب في المهنة	pale (adj)	شادب
argument (n)	جدال	pretty (adj)	جميلة
boss (n)	رئيس سائمون د ورددود	relatives (n)	الأقارب
celebration (n)	احتفال	reward (n)	مكافأة
coin (n)	عملة معدنية	spiders' webs (n)	شبكات العناكب
dusty (adj)	مترب	wedding (n)	زفاف
fair hair (n)	شعر فاتح اللون	workman (n)	عامل
gloomy (adj)	كليب	wrap (v) (ped)	يلف

Phrases, Expressions, Idioms & Prepositions

behave yourself کن مؤدبًا	in a few days	فى غضون أيام قليلة
could not put my finger on لم استطع وضع إصبعى على	that's your lot	هذا هو نصيبك
pay for يدفع مقابل	thanks to	بفضل
send away يرسل بعيدًا/ينفى	wrap in	يلف في



a) sad

Great Expectations Exercises Chapter (3)

		aluating Creating				
Choose the correct ar	nswer from a, b, c or	d:				
1 Our headmaster at primary school was a man who never smiled.						
a) delighted	b) glad	c) cheerful	d) gloomy			
2 I certainly hope th	e children will	themselves at the pa				
a) misbehave	b) behave	c) dare	d) scare			
3 He couldn't stay in	theroon	n because of his allergy.	a market 1			
a) dusty	b) lusty	the state of the s	d) clear			
4 He served as an	to the village	ge carpenter for seven yea				
a) appeal	b) appraisal		d) approach			
5 I knew something	she had said wasn't ti	rue, but I couldn't quite pu				
a) leg	b) finger	c) toe	d) heart			
6 My children had a	/an over v	who would get to see the t	elevision program they			
wanted.			A THE PROPERTY OF			
a) consent	b) agreement	c) arrangement	d) argument			
7 Everything in the	deserted room was co	vered with spiders'	brought the manager of the			
a) grips	b) lips	c) webs	d) crisps			
8 He bought tissue p	paper to t	he gift.	Visit of the first			
a) wrap	b) reveal	c) uncover	d) grab			
9 Are you feeling we	ell? You look		en filmingalisation (s			
a) lovely	b) wealthy	c) healthy	d) pale			
10 They couldn't affor	rd a bigir	a famous hotel as their da	aughter, the bride, wanted.			
a) divorce	b) ceremony	c) wedding	d) funeral			
11 We're having a sm						
a) ceremony	b) celebration	c) funeral	d) speech			
12 Ais so		sical work such as building	g, repairing things.			
a) workman	b) boss	c) specialist	d) clerk			
¹³ I inherited a small		listant				
a) opponent	b) enemy	c) relative	d) rival			
14 Thanks	the efforts of the wh	nole team, the project was				
a) of	b) at	c) in	d) to			
15 The bride looked s	so in ner v	white dress. Everyone admi	A STATE OF STREET STATE OF STREET			
a) sad	b) pretty	c) dirty	d) gloomy			

Unit 3

Advanced & Open General Exercises

Ī	Percenturing Alloderstanding Applying Analysing Evalu	كتاب.	فهنه التعريبات موجوده بنهاية ال
e	kemembering bluer standing	ford The	ey should be modern.
ľ	1 Sports teaching at schools doesn't	the required standard.	d) approach
ĺ	1 Sports teaching at schools doesn't	c) leave	such as Vitam
	a) miss b) lose	athen your nervous	d) procedure
į	Some vitamins are very beneficial to streit	of formula	on this tonic The
į	a) system b) process	taba information available	Off this topic. There is
	 2 Some vitamins are very beneficial to strein a) system b) process 3 We have only scratched the	of the imon	4) lover
	a lot more to be known.	c) surface	a) layer
	a lot more to be known. a) depth b) roof	is and two sons to who	m he left his money.
	by ng	YYIIC WILL	d) prescribed
	a) depth b) roof 4 The old businessman isby his a) attached b) survived 5 Our maths teacher is used to calling the c	to know w	ho is absent.
l	a) attached b) survived Our maths teacher is used to calling the c a) roll b) menu	lass	d) jury
į	a) roll b) menu 6 Sewage water can beso that	c) role	some crops.
l			d) salinised
I	6 Sewage water can beso that a) treated b) healed	c) cured	month.
ĺ	a) treated b) healed 7 The number of people claiming unemploy	yment leii last	d) benefit
l	h) fare	c) tax	r friends and relatives
į	-/ P-/	ing which is liked by an	d) unclear
į	b) individual	c) vague	- hie"
1	8 Wafaa has a very way of dress a) team b) individual 9 This photo first appeared in the 20th	of "National Geogra	pnic .
ì	This photo first appeared in the 20 manual a) value b) case	c) issue	d) trial
١	and the second s	acatii iii aii	and the second s
	10 The mountain climber harrows	c) caught	d) escaped
	at a signal at the signal at t	through space for fil	neteen nours.
ı			
١	12 Next weekend, I my proficiency e	exam, so I more or	less 300 questions so to
١	a) am going to have/finished	b) am having/will finish	1
١	c) am having/will have finished	d) will have/have finish	ed
١	13 The team is determined not to leave	they have finished t	the project.
١	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	c) until	d) when
١	a) since b) by the time 14 Scientists expect that by 2050, doctors	the people suffe	ering from certain illne
١	during their space travel in space.	manuscript people surre	anny nome
١	a) will be treating	b) are treated	
١	c) had treated	d) will have been treati	na .
١	15 The young soldier that he	in the battle	ng
١	a) fears/is killed b) fears/will be killed		d) feared/was killed
١	16 He has promised his mothert	, and a second second	d) reared/was kind
١	a) will cook b) to have cooked	c) would cook	
	17 They expected the bridgeby		d) to cook
١	a) to have built b) will have built		huilt
	18 Workon a new factory building	c) to have been built	d) would have built
	a) started b) is about to start		The part of the
	19 His new booknext year.	c) would start	d) will be starting
	a) is due to be published	LV	
	c) will publish	b) will have been publis	shed
	20 After I read this story, I all Taha	d) will be publishing	
	a) will read (his story, tb) am going to read	riussein's novels	A STATE OF THE STATE OF
	a) will read b) all going to read	c) will be reading	d) will have read



Al-Adwaa Test

A10	non the correspond	Total Property	mg • Chlesting.	
Cito	On the Correct an	swer from a, b, c or d:		
3	Duildy Digital, the h	ext generation in	amount to mains to	o be sold soon.
	(a) evene	DI STIFFFH IFER	al emaskar	ell clip
-	tion requireconcent to	les Decome one of the	iccups of the	day.
	D. Martining	DI SOothing	al analism	releasing
3	With the new sound	system, you feel	in the actions of	the movie.
	a) surfed	b) floated	in the actions of	d) immersed
4	Line are entranced art or ord	HIHIU WOLKETS IN FORUM	a casts will be difficult t	D .
	a) implant	b) inspect	c) implement	d) investigate
5	the police think that	it many young people !	to escape t	heir problems.
	a) drugs	b) turns	c) trips treatment to re	d) tablets
6	The doctor said tha	t my uncle needs a	treatment to re	move the cancerous
	tumour.	The City Consumbation in the Samuel	The second of the second of the	and send on the agency in the
			c) conducting	d) connecting
7	At the summer carr	p. I was given the task	of building a fire. The sy	nonym of the noun
	"task" is			
	a) right	b) pay	c) duty	d) luxury
8	We've done a/an	study on the	company's weaknesses	to avoid losses.
	a) global	b) international	c) local	d) national
9	On Friday at 8 o'clo	ck, Imy frie	nd.	to the current terms in the
	a) will have met	b) will meet	c) am meeting	d) meet
10		p, you a lot		
			c) will have left	
11	I will buy cheese fro	om the corner shop wh	en it	_,
	a) will have opened	1	b) will open	
	c) opened	•	b) will opend) opens	
12	Lwill let you know t	the moment the builde	rs decorating	a. Tallering for well a
41	a) have finished	b) finished	c) will finish	d) finishing
13	Once you	your homework, will	l you tidy your room, ple	ease?
	a) did	b) will do	c) 've done	d) can do
14	By novt work she	in London to	or nine months.	
	a) will be being	b) will have been	c) shall be	d) is going to be
15	After three years 1	in a differen	t country. This is my dec	ision.
	a) am going to live		b) will live	
	c) will have lived		d) live	The state of the s
16	This time port wee	k, I on the b	each!	
	- 1	h) will have lain	c) lie	d) will be lying
17	a) will lie	ord or phrase in a specie	al way, such as ironically	, he can put it in
11		old of billage in a speak	b) round brackets	and the State of t
	a) squares		d) square brackets	
10	c) quotation marks	will win the contest		
		h 1 7	C).	d),
10	a)!	are doctors scientists, e	tc.work together, they w	ill learn about unselfishness
19	irteachers, engine	is could be a part of an	article about	Maria de la compania del compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania del la compania del compania d
		is could be a part	b) thinking of others	S A SECTION OF THE SE
	a) good manners		d) employment	
20	c) cooperation	ou will conclude it with	# #	
~U		b) Yours sincerely	c) See you later	d) See you soon
	a) Bye	b) tours since		
				Unit 3 Al-Adwae Test 157

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Travel sickness is confined⁽¹⁾ more to children. The all-too-familiar symptoms of vomiting⁽²⁾ sweating⁽³⁾ and headache affect adults too, more often women than men. Even so, children between three and twelve are most at risk of losing their breakfast when travelling.

Travel sickness occurs when the information supplied to the brain by the eyes, the inner ear and the sense of physical movement are giving contradictory information. This confusion is experienced when a person is subjected to the supplied to the body is still at rest.

The centre that brings about the attack of motion⁽⁸⁾ sickness is the inner ear, providing as it does a complex mechanism⁽⁹⁾ responsible for balance. If the nerve supply to the inner is destroyed, a person no longer suffers motion sickness.

So, it is important for a person who feels a little bit uneasy while travelling, to lie as flat possible and close his eyes. It's advisable to fix his vision on distant objects or on the horizon. Reading, map-reading and some forms of game-playing are inadvisable. Windows should be open as fresh air helps, and adults who are easily attacked by travel sickness should avoid too much drinking or smoking before travelling. As a remedy there are some pills known as K-Wells. They are taken half an hour before travelling. They melt in the mouth and this makes them quick acting. These pills may cause sleepiness or dry mouth. Doctors who prefer natural remedies recommend ginger (12) in one of its many forms.

Choose	the	correct	answer	from a), b,	c or	d:

-	oose the correct answer from a, b, c or a.		
21	The contradictory information given to the	e brain causes	
	a) repeated movements	b) travel sickness	
•	c) balance in the body	d) death at once	
22	The person doesn't suffer motion sickness	if	
	a) the nerve supply to the inner is destroye	ed	
	b) they have more than one nerve in the ir	nner ear	
	c) they are adults		
	d) they are travelling early in the morning		
23	The organ that is responsible for balance in	n the body is the	
	a) sense of physical movement	b) inner ear	
	c) complex mechanism	d) the pills known as K-	Wells
24	Those people who are likely to be attacked travelling.	by travel sickness are not a	dvised tobefo
	a) smoke or drink too much	b) listen to or play musi	c too much
	c) sleep early or get up early	d) open the windows o	f the car
25	A natural remedy of travelling sickness is	in any form	i the tal
	a) coffee b) tea	c) yeast	d) cincot
26	The phrase "at risk of losing their breakfast	when travelling" means	d) ginger
8	a) vomiting b) sweating	c) sleeping	
27	To avoid travel sickness, you may	-, sitting	d) eating
	a) read a book b) play a game	c) look on the horizon	alenna - LL . LL
28	The antonym of the word "confusion" is "	"	d) have big meals
	a) misunderstanding	b) clarity	
	c) mistake	d) chaos	
, cr	The second secon		S. Control Walls
र्	(9) اليد (11) الأنق (10) مسطح (12) انسيار (10)	(5) بعشی (7) خاصع ا (5) بعشی	dar (3)

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Nader was an only child. He was used to getting what he wanted. He had known no other way. When his parents played any games with him, they would let him win on purpose so that he would be happy. Otherwise, Nader would kick up a big fuss(1),

In school, Nader took up football as his co-curricular activity. He was a football fanatic ... His idol⁽⁴⁾ was a famous English football star. Nader was not an <u>exceptional</u> player. He was usually a reserve(5) player in football matches. However, as this was his graduating year, his coach decided to give him a chance to playing a match. Nader was excited upon hearing this piece of news.

Over the next two weeks, Nader put in his all into trainings. Even during the weekends, he would insist that his father should take him to the park to practise. At home, he would watch football matches on television, hoping to pick up some tips.

Finally, the much-awaited day arrived. It was a game against another school in the same neighborhood. Although it was just a friendly match, Nader took it very seriously. He arrived at the stadium early and started his warm-ups. His sport shirt was ironed to a crisp 60 so that he would look his best. Their opponents⁽⁷⁾ were more skilled. Nader's team lost the match.

When the final whistle® blew, Nader stormed off® It was customary to shake the hands of the opponents at the end of a match but he did not care. In the changing room, the coach sought Nader out. He lectured Nader on the importance of good sportsmanship (10). This was the first time anyone had ever reprimanded (11) Nader in public like that. He was shocked and did not know how to react. He felt humiliated⁽¹²⁾ and humbled⁽¹³⁾. From then on, Nader's behavior improved a little.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

29 Which of the following pieces of information is not true?

- a) Nader was a spoilt child. b) Nader did not have any siblings.
- c) Nader's parents did not play games with him.
- d) Nader kicked up a fuss whenever his parents let him win.
- 30 The antonym of the word "exceptional" is "................".
 - a) brilliant
- b) excellent
- c) ordinary

- 31 Why did Nader's coach let him play in the match?
 - a) He was a football fanatic.
 - b) It was his last chance to take part in a match before graduation.
 - c) He was usually only a reserve player.
 - d) His favorite was a famous English football star.
- 32 What did Nader do to prepare for the match?
 - a) He trained and practised very hard.
- b) He spent all his time watching television.
- c) He insisted that his father give him some tips. d) He went to watch football matches at the park.
- 33 What does "it" in paragraph 4 refer to?
 - a) The day of the match.

- b) Arriving at the stadium early.
- c) The match against another school.
- d) Ironing his sport shirt so he would look his best.
- 34 Nader was scolded by his coach because ...
 - a) he had lost the match
 - b) he had displayed poor sportsmanship
 - c) he had not been reprimanded before
 - d) he had not known how to react during the match



(1,3) وحيع

in (11) (12) **معان**

(9) خرج غلطيًا (10) ووح ويلطية 5, to (8)

(5) بىيل (6) arees

Unit 3 Al-Adway Test 159

- 35 At the end of the match, Nader a) stormed off without shaking hands with the opponents b) shook hands with the opponents c) shook hands with his team d) stormed off kicking the ball hard
- b) Having one child is not good 36 The message carried by this story is d) Spoiling children is something bad a) How to play well and win c) Coaches should be more polite

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- 37 The internet is a double-edged weapon. It helped spread news and information; however, it has affected young people negatively. So, it must be used wisely.
 - a) إن الإنترنت سلاح دُو حدين فلقد ساعد على نشر الأخبار والمعلومات لكنه أثر بشكل سلبي على الشباب لذلك، يجب استخدامه بحكمة.
 - إن الإنترنت سلاح ذو وجهين فلقد ساعد على طبع الأخبار والمعلومات لكنه أثر بشكل سلبى على الشباب لذلك، يجب استخدامه بحكمة.
 - و) إن الإنترنت ســلاح ذو فائدتين فلقد ســاعد على نشــر الأخبار والمعلومات لكنه أثر بشــكل إيجابي على الشـباب لذلك، يجب اســتخدامه من الحكماء،
 - d) إن الإنترنــت ســلاح ذو حديــن فقد يســاعد على نشــر الأخبار والمعلومات لكنه أثر بشــكل ســلبي على الشــباب لذلك، يجب اســتخدامه
- 38 The Suez Canal is the safest waterway in the world and an important source of Egypt's national income. The economic projects on its banks will add more to its benefits.
 - a} قناة الســويس هي مجرى مائي آمن ومصدر هام من مصادر الدخل القومي لمصر كما سـتضيف المشاريع الاقتصادية في بنوكها المزيد إلى فوائدها.
 - þ) تعد قناة السويس أكثر الممرات المائية أمانـًا في العالم ومصدرًا هامًا من مصادر الدخل القومي لمصر كما ستضيف المشاريع الاقتصادية على ضفافها المزيد إلى فوائدها.
 - ر تعد قناة السويس أحد ممرات المياه السريعة في العالم ومصدرًا هامًا من مصادر الدخل القومي لمصر كما ستصيف المشاريع الاقتصادية في بنوكها المزيد إلى فوائدها.
 - d) تعد قناة الســويس أقصر المعرات المائية في العالم ومصدرًا هامًا من مصادر الدخل القومي لمصر كما ســتضيف المشــاريع الاقتصادية على ضفافها القليل إلى فوائدها.
 - 39 أحــد عيوب اســتخدام الذكاء الاصطناعي مثل الإنســان الآلي هو فقدان بعض الناس لوظائفهم لكن ذلــك يمكن تعويضه من خلال إعادة تدريب هؤلاء الناس لوظائف أخرى.
 - a) One of the advantages of using Artificial Intelligence, such as robots, is that some people lose their jobs, but this can be compensated for by retraining these people for other jobs.
 - b) One of the disadvantages of using Artificial Intelligence, such as robots, is that some people change their jobs, but this can be compensated for by treating these people for other jobs.
 - c) One of the disadvantages of using Artificial Intelligence, such as robots, is that some people lose their jobs, but this can be compensated for by retraining these people for
 - d) One of the advantages of using Artificial Intelligence, such as robots, is that some people lose their jobs, but this can be replaced for by treating these people for other jobs. 40 أعتقد أننا سنكون مستمرين في تزيين قاعات الاحتفالات عندما يصل الضيوف إذا لم نسرع وسوف يغضب أبي لذلك.
 - a) I think we would decorate the hall when the guests arrived if we do not hurry and my father will be angry about it.
 - b) I think we will have decorated the hall when the guests arrive if we do not hurry and my father will be angry about it.
 - c) I think we decorated the hall when the guests arrived if we do not hurry and my father will be angry about it.
 - d) I think we will be decorating the hall when the guests arrive if we do not hurry and my father will be angry about it.





Revision (1)

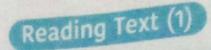
Vocabulary on Reading

area (n)	منطقة	impressive (adj)	مؤثر
area (17)	منطقة	impressive (auj)	
ban (v) (ned)	يمنع	musical (n)	مسرحية/فيلم موسيقي
basis (n)	أساس	partner (n)	شريك/رفيق
character (n)	شنصية	predictions (n)	تنبؤات
checklist (n)	قائمة تدقيق	radioactivity (n)	نشاط إشعاعي
competition (n)	منافسة/مسابقة	reality (n)	حقيقة/واقع
confusing (adj)	مريك	robotics (n)	علم الروبوتات
decade (n)	عقد (عشر سنوات)	senior (adj)	أعلى/أكبر سنًا
detect (v) (ed)	يكشف	spaceship (n)	سفينة فضاء
developer (n)	مطور (برامج)	swarm (n)	سرب
electric-powered (adj)	يدار بالكهرباء	target audience	الجمهور المستهدف
Electronics (n)	إلكترونيات	title (n)	عنوان
Mechanical Engineering (n)	هندسة ميكانيكية	tourism (n)	سياحة
feedback (n)	التغذية الاسترجاعية	wireless (adj)	لاسلكى

Expressions, Phrases & Prepositions

come to life	يعود للحياة
focus attention on	يركز اهتمامه على
dream of	يحلم بـ
feel about	يشعر بخصوص
fill in	يملأ

have in common	لديه أشياء مشتركة
make notes	يدون ملاحظات
hear from	يتلقى خبرًا من
replace with	يستبدل ب
write down	يدون



Digitheatre Review

Scientists from history come to life in a new online show involving wooden puppets, music and theatre called Jina and the Stem sisters. It's a musical with great songs and a wonderful message. The show tells the story of some of the most inspiring women in science and mathematics. In the story, Jina is on a journey and gets lost in a forest. There she meets women who have made important contributions to the history of STEM. The women include Hedy Lamarr, who was both an actress and inventor. Whilst at the top of her film career, she invented a technology called signal hopping, which later was the basis for all modern wireless communication, including that found in mobile phones. Other women that Jina meets are Marie Curie, who was a physicist and chemist famous for her research and experiments on radioactivity, and Mae Jemison, an American engineer and astronaut. Marie Curie was the first woman to win the Nobel Prize award in two different fields. Mae Jemison was the first black woman to travel into space. The scientists share their knowledge with Jina and help her to develop key skills to become a future STEM expert herself. On her journey, Jina also meets computer scientist Ada Lovelace and astronomer who show Jina the stars. The show has been created for schools. It will hopefully encourage young people to find out more about these inspiring women in science and how they overcame the difficulties and prejudice in their way. "The puppets were beautiful and completely immersed me in the characters", Mona, aged 12. "I definitely recommend it."



Listening Text (1)



presenter

: Hi and welcome to the Tech Show. Today, we'll be talking about space travel. If you dream of going into space, the moment seems to be getting closer. Later this year, the first-ever space flight for 'tourists' will take place, the latest project of a space exploration company. The mission will make history because it'll be made up of four members of the public, without an astronaut. If it's successful, it could lead to other space travel for tourists in the near future. The lucky passengers taking part will be receiving astronaut training; they'll learn how to cope in an emergency, and how to operate the spaceship. After they've taken off from a NASA launch site, the spacecraft will spend several days orbiting round the Earth in space before splashing down off the coast of Florida in the US. Astronaut, Tony Gates who's in the studio today, knows what it's like to experience the feeling of being in space. Tony, what exactly does it feel like to be up there looking down on Earth? What can the tourists expect?

Tony Gates: It's an amazing feeling, difficult to explain in words. It's not like seeing it in a film. When you look out at the universe from the spaceship, it makes you feel connected to the Earth in a special way.

Presenter: So, for hopeful astronauts out there, how much will a trip like this cost in the future?

Tony Gates: For short trips, like these, at least \$250,000, for longer trips millions of dollars ...

Presenter: Is it worth it?

Tony Gates: For some people who have that kind of money, obviously yes. Companies like Virgin Galactica, some companies have been developing commercial space craft for many years, and have very long waiting lists for their first passenger flights.

Presenter: And how do you think space travel in general will have advanced by the end of the decade?

Tony Gates: Let's hope we'll have made our first human journey to Mars. ... perhaps by then we'll even have found signs of actual life outside our planet.

Presenter: That's an exciting thought!

Listening Text (2)

Interviewer: How did you get into working with robots? Have you always wanted to be an engineer?

Sara

: It was my dad, really, he's worked as a computer scientist all his life, and was always playing with computers. He bought me my first computer when I was about 7, and I loved it. I was always experimenting on it.

Interviewer: And you studied computer science at university?

Sara

Sara

: Yes, actually it was computing and electronics engineering. Then I carried on

studying and did a PhD in Swarm Robotics.

Interviewer: What's that?

: It's using groups of autonomous robots to work together to perform a task. Sara

Interviewer: And, what do you do in your spare time?

: I love music; it's very similar to engineering in some ways. Like computer coding, it's Sara a type of language used to communicate, and you need to work hard and practise a

lot before you can be creative with it.

Interviewer: And what advice would you give to other girls who want to go into robotics? : And what define more women to go into the industry because robots are

fun and they'll enjoy it!

Revision 1 / Units 1, 2 8 3 163



Workbook Exercises

Choose the correct	words to complete the	he sentences:	
1 We think that th	ne person who won th	e quiz is a	poked up the answers online
which was not a		c quiz is a	
	b) bias	c) cheat	d) spin
		nave made a silly mistake!	
	b) pleased		d) ashamed
	some planets in our so		
	b) face		d) surface
	o think that women alv		
Market and the second of the s		c) type	d) incident
	t for a headach	The second of the second secon	alung men termina
			d) surgeon
	k books and join in	c) illness are punished for the	된 요즘 전 이번 글로 사라되다 그 그래에서 어떻었다.
	b) pirates		d) chat
	. dinner, someone knoc		
		c) did have	d) am having
	_		now what illnesses they have
had in the past.		i their patients, so they ki	1044 What Infesses they have
		c) placements	d) figures
9 After he had exa	amined the athlete, the	doctor him nermi	ssion to join the competition.
a) gave	b) given	c) had given	d) gives
•	before we arrived at		u) gives
a) had left	b) has left		d) will leave
11 Mr Ali		pefore he got a job at the b	nank
a) has worked	to the test of the base reactor for	b) is working	outik.
c) will have bee	en working	d) had been working	In this by I; markets
12 The bridge ove	r the valley is built on a	scale than the on	e over the river
a) Dig	D) Didder	c) higgest	
13 When the bus p	dunged off the bridge, i	t was the experie	d) the biggest nce of my life. We were lucky
State of the state			or my me. we were lucky
a) most shockir	ng b) shocking	c) more shocking	d) less shocking
14 For the next ye	ar, Ahmedon a	in engineering project in A	lexandria
a, mas morning		will have worked	
c) will be worki	ng	d) had been working	
a) will have fou	nd b) find	nad been working mew planets outside of	ur solar system
16 We won't he ah	ole to live on Mars until a	c) have found	d) are finding
a) will find	b) have found	veenough water	there.
8	the party, so I v	Will be finding	d) found
a) While	b) when	c) during	
		Guillig	d) on

18	TO BE THE STATE OF	Contract of the Contract of th	social work in her neigh	bourhood. "Contribution" here	
	deprivation	b) donation	c) estimation	d) relation	
19	My brother was	finally that	he had been selected f	for the new position as Sales	
	Manager.			pesition as sales	
	a) asked	b) said	c) informed	d) ordered	
N	You should	your foot in ice-c	old water to reduce the sv	velling	
	3 900ear	b) float	c) inverse	d) immerse	
21	This is the most d	ifficult situation I		and a second second	
	a) had ever been	faced	b) have ever faced		
	c) had ever faced		d) have over been t	faced	
32	Which of the following is punctuated correctly?				
	a) The teacher sat	id, You must follow s	chool rules. Hatem."		
	b) The teacher sai	id, "You must follow:	school rules Hatem"		
	c) The teacher sai	d 'You must follow s	chool rules Hatem"		
	d) The teacher sai	id, "You must follow:	school rules Hatem"		
23	Pollution has a se	erious effect on our h	health However a lot of n	eople are still ignorant of the	
	importance of ke	eping the environme	ent clean. This shows	in ideas	
	a) addition	b) contrast	c) possibility	d) reason	
24	In a hook sentend	ce, you need to	possibility	u) leason	
	a) sum up your es	say by briefly revisiti	ing the information covere	ad the second second	
	b) grab the reade	r's attention to read	the essay	statement to make the	
				pressed in the topic sentence	
	d) analyze two po	ints of view by eithe	r comparing them, contra	sting them, or both	

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Few women had become Queens of ancient Egypt before Hatshepsut, who is one of the most important females in Egyptian history. She was queen from around 1479 BCE to 1458 BCE, making her one of the longest ruling females. During her 21 years of rule, she improved trade with other countries, which had stopped for many years during a war.

Pictures from the walls of ancient temples show Hatshepsut's ships trading with a country called Punt (now part of East Africa), from where her ships brought back gold, valuable stones and animal skins. They also brought back trees, which were planted when they returned to Egypt. This is believed to be the first time foreign trees were grown in a different country. The journey to Punt was probably the first of other trading trips, which included visits to Byblos (now in Lebanon) and Sinai.

Money from this trade helped Hatshepsut to build many amazing buildings and bring many years of peace and wealth to Egypt. The many buildings that Hatsheput had built were usually larger and more impressive than buildings of the past. Her most famous buildings include the temples at Beni Hasan and at Deir el-Bahri, which some people call one of the wonders of the ancient world. But she also helped to repair other older monuments that had been damaged and started a period of artistic creativity.

Hatshepsut had many statues made of herself and you can find them in many of the world's greatest museums today. Many of the statues that were made at this time were in the Thutmoside style (named after her father Thutmose I), which people today consider as the typical ancient Egyptian style.

The mummy of Hatshepsut and lots of information about her can be found at the National Museum of Egyptian Civilisation.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c o	r d:
What was Hatshepsut's main contribu	ition to ancient Egypt?
a) She had statues built.	
b) She brought peace and wealth to t	he country.
c) She helped women become queen	S.
d) She was a female stereotype.	
26 Which of the following do we not lear	n about Punt from the text?
a) Many trees grew there.	b) People hunted animals there.
c) It was a rich country.	d) It had many wars with ancient Egypt.
How could Hatshepsut afford to build	so much during her rule?
a) She improved trade with other cou	ntrios
b) She won wars with other countries.	nuies.
c) She planted trees from other countries.	
d) She had many statues made of hers	nes.
28 What do we know about the statues the	hat were made of Hatchengut?
a) They are unusual.	nat were made of Hatshepsut:
b) They are in a style that people expe	in med transfer to the letter consell is no spine this test
c) They are more impressive than other	CI.
d) They are in a very unpopular style.	er statues.
29 Why do you think many of ancient Four	
Hatshepsut's rule?	pt's older monuments had been damaged before
	M. St. v. Carlot M. M. Barris, Margari Margari, Margari, 1984 A. Barris, 1984 A. Barris, 1984 A. Barris, 1984 Margarithman
In what ways is Hatshepsut a good role	o model f
• January a good for	e model for women today?
31 According to the article, gold, valuable	estones and animal
a) finally kept in Punt	b) sold to As:
c) brought to Faynt	b) sold to African countries
32 People consider Deir el-Bahri one of the	d) restored before the reign of Hatshepsut.
meaning to	world. Wonders is similar in
a) obstacles b) myths	
■ VIIICO Of the following is incorrect.	(I) Slingretitions
a) Not many women had become quee	ens of ancient Format
 b) Hatshepsut improved trade with other 	ens of ancient Egypt before Hatshepsut. The recountries, built many amazing buildings and made
Wars with others during here	many amazing to the
c) We can see the statues made for Hats	hepsut in many of the world's greatest museums today.
d) Thutmose III was Hatshepsut's steps	on. The world's greatest museums today.
The confect the manning of Dalshahent	
	Civilisation
b) iii cast of Affica	
c) in the temples at Beni Hassan	마이 이 이 이 사람이 사용하는 그들이 있는 것이 되었다. 그리 아들 아들은 사람들이 있는 것이 되었다.
d) at a museum in Punt	
35 Trade with other countriesdu	ring Hatshepsur's rule
=/ nounsneu	b) declined
c) stopped	d) was the same

- 36 According to the article, which of the following gives incorrect information?
 - a) During the reign of Hatshepsut, foreign trees were planted in Egypt.
 - b) Hatshepsut had older monuments repaired.
 - c) Hatshepsut ruled Egypt for more than twenty years.
 - d) Today, people consider the Thutmoside style of making statues as a typical modern one.
- 37 Hatshepsutduring her reign.
 - a) had a lot of amazing buildings built
 - b) brought wealth to the country
 - c) achieved peace
 - d) all of the above

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d.

- Innovation is endless. The more man seeks progress and welfare, the more he invents things that make life easier. However, do you think all inventions don't have negative aspects?
 - الابتكار لا نهاية له، فكلما ابتكر الإنسان أشياء تجعل الحياة أسهل، كلما سعى إلى التقدم والرفاهية، ومع ذلك هل تعتقد أن كل الاختراعات ليست لما جوانب إيجابية؟
 - b) الابتكار لا نماية له، فكلما سعى الإنســان إلى التقدم والتطور، كلما اشــترى أشياء تجعل الحياة أسهل، هل تعتقد أن كل الاختراعات ليست لها جوانب سلبية؟
- 39 Women have played a pivotal role in the renaissance of ancient and modern societies. Through this role, they demonstrated their ability to achieve positive change in those societies.
 - القد أظهرت المرأة دورًا محوريًا في نهضة المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة، واستعرضت في تلك الفترة قدرتها على تحقيق التغيير النسبي
 في تلك المجتمعات.
 - لقد لعبت المرأة دورًا محوريًا في بناء المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة، وأظهرت من خلال هذا الدور قدرتها على تحقيق التغيير الإيجابي
 في تلك المجتمعات.
 - ع) لقد لعبت المرأة دورًا محوريًا في بناء المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة، وأظهرت من خلال هذا الدور قدرتها على تحقيق التغيير الإيجابي
 في تلك الحضارات.
 - d) لقد لعبت المرأة دورًا مدوريًا في نهضة المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة، وأظهرت من خلال هذا الدور قدرتها على تحقيق التغيير الإيجابي في تلك المجتمعات.
 - 40 من المتوقع أن تتوقف طباعة الصحف فى العقود القليلة القادمة. سنقرأ الأخبار عبر الإنترنت؛ لذلك سنحتاج إلى معرفة المزيد عن المواقع الإلكترونية الجديدة التى يمكن أن تعطينا وجهة نظر متوازنة.
 - a) In the next few decades, I think that we will have continued printing newspapers. We won't be reading the news offline, so we will need to know about new books that can give us a balanced point of view.
 - b) In the next few years, I think that we will have stopped painting newspapers. We will be borrowing the news online, so we will need to know about new websites that can give us a fixed point of view.
 - c) In the next few decades, it is expected that printing newspapers will have stopped. We will be reading the news online, so we will need to know about new websites that can give us a balanced point of view.
 - d) In the next few decades, I think that we will have stopped printing newspapers. We will be reading the news online, so we will need to know about new websites that can give us a balanced point of view.

- بِهِ مِنْ مَنْتَدَى شَـبِابِ العالم المقام في مصر سنويـًــا إلى الدعم الكامل للشـباب، وتحديد كل المشـكلات التي تولجهم وحلها للاستفادة بشكل فعال في مهارتهم وإمكانياتهم في تطوير المجتمع وتحقيق التنمية الشاملة.
- a) The International Men Forum, which is held in Egypt annually, aims to fully support young people and identify and solve all the problems they face, to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in developing society and achieving comprehensive improvement.
- b) The World Youth Forum, which is annually held in Egypt, aims to fully support youth and identify and solve the problems they face, to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in developing society and achieving comprehensive development.
- c) The International Youth Forum, which is held in Egypt annually, seems to fully care for young people and simplify and solve the problems they face to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in improving society and achieving comprehensive development.
- d) The local Youth Forum, which is held in Egypt annually, aims to fully look for young people and identify and postpone all the problems they face to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in developing society and achieving comprehensive development.
 - 42 تعتم الدولة دائمًا بحماية حقوق الملكية الفكرية للمؤلفين والناشرين، لذا تفرض عقوبة صارمة على القرصنة الفكرية وتسريب الكتب حفاظًا على حقوق المنتجين ودور النشر.
- a) The estate is always takes care of protect the intellectual property rights of authors and publishers, so it imposes a strict penalty on intellectual piracy and book leak in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing homes.
- b) The state is always interested in protecting the intellectual property rights of authors and publishers, so it proposes a strict penalty on intellectual privacy and book diversion in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing houses.
- c) The state is always interested in protecting the intellectual property rights of authors and publishers, so it imposes a strict penalty on intellectual piracy and book leaking in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing houses.
- d) The estate is always interested in protecting the intellectual liberty rights of authors and publishers, so it imposes a strict penalty on intellectual piracy and book lake in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing houses.
- 43 Write an argumentative essay of about 200 words on one of these topics:
 - Write about the advantages and disadvantages of international sports competitions such as the FIFA World Cup and the Olympic Games.
 - 2. Write about the pros and cons of tabloid and broadsheet reports.



Al-Adwaa Test

Units 1, 2 & 3

Menne		Evaluating Creating	
Ch	oose the correct words to complete	the sentences:	
1	Munir waited for a reply to his applic	ation with breath.	
	a) pleased b) relaxed	c) bated	d) scared
2	The team is evenly balanced, with six	members from each comp	any. The synonym of
	the adjective "balanced" is "		
	a) untrue b) false		d) equalized
3	Civil rights include freedom,	between men and women	in law and in employment.
	a) prejudice b) quality	c) equality	d) ability
4	intelligence is the science of	of how to make computers	do things that usually need
	human intelligence.		STATE OF STREET
	a) Normal b) Artificial	c) Natural	d) Industrial
5	Experts believe that exams are not th		
	a) approach b) technique		
6	I promised my son to take him to the	e cinema tohim for	not buying him the bike he
	wanted.	And the lateral and	
	a) reform b) award	c) punish	d) compensate
7	Mohamed Salah is an Egyptian footb		
	a) team b) individual	c) vague	d) unclear
8	8 Egypt was the first African team to for the World Cup in 1934.		
	a) reward b) retrain		
9	One day, the boys found a man in the		
	a) dies		
	c) had died	d) was dying	
10	I to do it but I had no time. I		
	a) have wanted b) want	c) wanted	d) would want
11	Hello! I have been trying to phone yo	ou all week. Where?	
	a) Have you been being	b) have you been	
	c) did you		
12	She went to the cinema as soon as sh	nethe flat.	and the second of the second
	a) is cleaning b) has cleaned	c) cleans	d) had cleaned
13	They for hours before they s	topped for a rest.	
	a) walked	b) nave been walkin	
	c) was walking	d) had been walking	
14	The moment summer	the garden will be so beauti	Tul!
	a) is being b) will be	c) is	d) was
15	At this time tomorrow, Sameh	10r nis exam.	
	a) will sit	b) will be sittingd) may sit	
	c) has sat	European country tomorrow	
16	My boss some V.I.P's from a l	b) has received	
	a) is receiving	d) will be received	
	c) will have received	will be received	

- 17 This punctuation mark is used to separate numerals 21 to 99 when they are spelled out, c) semicolon a) apostrophe b) hyphen Which of these sentences is correctly punctuated? The window was open I looked out over the empty fields. b) The window was open, I looked out over the empty fields. c) The window was open: I looked out over the empty fields. d) The window was open; I looked out over the empty fields. 18 Which of these is not an important feature of a paragraph? d) Coherence a) Length b) Breadth 1 regret to inform you that you were unsuccessful with the interview you attended. The above sentence in an informal email means a) apologising
- Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

c) wishing you hadn't done something bad

b) giving bad news

d) informal language

The environment is everything that surrounds us: plants, animals, buildings, country, air and water. Ecology is the science of how living creatures and plants exist together and depend on each other and on the local environment. Where an environment is undisturbed, the ecology of an area is in balance, but if a creature is exterminated or an alien species introduced, then the ecology of the district will be upset. In other words, the balance of

One of the main causes of the Earth's troubles is that the world is overpopulated and this overpopulation is growing at an ever-increasing rate. At the same time, the Earth is unable to provide enough food since the fertility of some of our richest soils has been lost and vast areas that were once fertile lands have turned into barren deserts. And the trouble with deserts is that they tend to creep outwards onto the fertile soils.

Man is a part of the environment and he has done more to upset the ecology during his short span on Earth than any other living creature. He has done this by his ignorance, his greed, his thoughtless and his wastefulness. Since man has done so much damage, it is up to man to try to put matters right - if it is not already too late. If there is to be any remedy for our ills, that remedy ultimately lies in the hands of the young generations, and the sooner they

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 21 World population is threatened with starvation because
 - a) all our natural resources have run out with no hope of replacing them.
 - b) vast areas of our fertile lands have turned into barren deserts,
 - c) the deserts creep inwards on to the fertile areas.
 - d) overpopulation is increasing and the rich soil is rising.
- What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?
 - a) The young.

b) The ills.

Different creatures.

d) The soils.

23	The writer of the passage thought that ma	on disturbed the environmental balance
24	 a) his moral values c) his good behaviour The Earth can't produce enough food for the earth can't have enough seeds. b) there aren't enough farmers c) vast areas of soils have lost fertility. 	b) his culture d) his bad qualities is because
25	d) the population is decreasing. The more fertile the soil is, the a) less food we have c) fewer people live on Earth What made man upset the ecology?	b) more food we have d) more barren deserts there are
	a) His ignorance.c) His thoughtless and wastefulness.	b) His greed. d) All of the above.
27	The word "fertile" is antonymous to the wo	
	a) rich	b) productive
	c) barren	d) fruitful
28	The most suitable title to the passage is "	
	 a) Man's greed is the cause of upsetting the 	e ecology
	b) Ecology (in balance or upset)	
	c) It's too late to balance the ecology	

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

d) Overpopulation and the Earth's troubles

(

The newspaperman delivers newspapers to us and many other houses in the neighborhood. I hear his motorcycle every morning when he comes to deliver the daily paper. He comes promptly at 6.30 a.m. every morning, rain or shine unless something extraordinary prevents him from doing so.

He is so regular and prompt that I do not need any alarm clock to wake up. At six-thirty, the neighbours' dogs start barking as he arrives and I know it is almost time to get up for school.

Though he comes every day, I do not get to see him. I only pick up and read the newspaper he had left at the door. I only see him once a month when he comes to collect the bill.

Promptly on the first of each month, at six-thirty in the evening, he shows up with his bills. This time he rings the doorbell and I usually have to go and pay him. My mother will have got the money ready one day earlier and instructed me to pay him.

He never smiles. He merely gives me the change, puts the "PAID" chop on the bill and goes off to the next house. It appears that his regular, almost regimental, rounds of newspaper delivery has made him behave like a robot. He is very efficient, very prompt and does not smile. That is certainly very robot-like.

Nevertheless, I appreciate his reliable service. For one thing, I am never without the daily paper. Some of my friends complain that their newspapermen are very unreliable. Not so with mine, he is the best.

	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:			
	29 When does the writer get up for school?	b) after the newsp	anerman leaves.	
	a) When the dogs stop barking.	b) after the newsp	aperme	
	c) when his mother takes the namer	d) At 6:30.		
	30 When does the newspaperman come to tak	e the money?	a month.	
100	a) At six 30 in the morning.	b) At the end of th	e mone	y ready.
100	1 44 5 701 1	Al After the mound	gets	
	The writer appreciates the newspaper's relia	able service becaus	e	
Š	a) He always reads the daily paper		west that he made	
	b) the newspaperman comes early			
1	c) He always goes to school			
(14	d) His friends complain about their newspa	permen		
· A	32 What is strange about the newspaperman?		grant and over	
- 2	a) He is always punctual.	b) He never smiles	on and algorithms	
100	c) He gives the change.			
200	33 One quality of the newspaperman is that h	e is	d) humoro	ous
	a) talkative b) lazy	c) punctual		
	34 The newspaperman is very efficient, very p	rompt and does no	d) the rob	ot
100	a) the actor b) the train	c) the bike	action of Path Month	WHA 317 1
- depart	35 The synonym of the word "promptly" is "	and all and the	d) gradua	llv
	a) on time b) late	c) slowly	7 (7)	.,
	36 The writer seems to the newspape	erman and the servi	d) devalue	3
	a) depreciate b) appreciate	c) criticize	the state of the s	Mark to the
	Read the sentences and choose the correct tra	assacion noma, o, c	vious of the work	d and his
	37 Children's books are an important tool that	can snape a chilu's	VIEW OF THE WORK	u and ms
	personality as well.			
		كيل رؤية الطفل للعالم ولشخد		
		ير رؤية الطفل للعالم ولشخص		
	The state of the s	يل بصر الطفل فى العالم ولش شكيل موقع الطفل للعالم ولش		
	· ·			
	38 Much of the stress that people feel doesn't	come from too muc	h work to do. It co	omes from n
	finishing what they've started at the right	time.		
	ب أداؤه بل من عدم الانتهاء مما يجب عليهم عَى الوقت الصحيح.			
	أداؤه بل من عدم الانتهاء مما عليهم في الوقت الصحيح	ني من العمل الكثير الذي يجب	الذي يكرهه الناس لا يأنا	ا) كثير من الضغم
	ب أداؤه بل من عدم الانتهاء مما بدءوه في الوقت الصحيح.	يأتي من العمل الكثير الذي يج	د الذي يشعر به الناس لا ي	ا) كثير من الضغم
	أداؤه بل من عدم الانتماء مما بدءوه في الوقت الصحيح.	ى من العمل الكثير الذي يجب	الذي بشعر به الناس لا يأد	ا) معظم الضغط ا
		ميع أعمال الإنسان فلن يستط		
	a) Even if the robot was able to do all man	's work, it won't be a	ر الإنسان الدني أن يموم بم	عی تو استطاع
	b) Even if the robot is able to do all man's	work, it won't be abl	e to express rea	elings.
	c) Even if the robot is capable to do all ma	n's work, it won't he	able to	ngs.
	d) Even if the robot is able to do all man's	work, it wouldn't be	able to oppress for	eelings.
	يدة الفقراء	ور برا الكريدة التي تعني بمساء	able to express fe	eelings.
	a) I have often dreamed to joining a charit	لمات الخيرية التي تعنى بمساء نب which is meant	بالانضمام إلى إحدى المنه	حنيرا ما حلمت
	b) I have often dreamed of joining a charit	v which is against w	in neiping the po	or.
	b) I have often dreamed of joining a charit	v which is concerns	nth helping the p	oor.
	c) I have often dreamed of joining a charit	which is concerne	with helping the	e poor.
	d) I would often dream of joining a charity		with helping the	poor.
	+ Assess your progress < 50%	50:64%	the property of the same of the same of the same of	12004
	* * * * A A Study again	Practise more	65 : 84% Take mere skame	85 : 100% Well done!
	1/2			-
	The state of the s			





Taking care of ourselves

: An article about burnout; An excerpt from the poem Suppose by Phoebe

Writing : An email to a friend to offer help; An essay about changes you have

experienced in your life

Listening: Voice messages about well-being

Speaking: Discussion to find solutions for mental health problems

Language: Modal verbs; Making suggestions

Life skills: Self-management; Resilience

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner



Lessons 1 & 2



A Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary

burnout (n)*	إرهاق العمل/انهيار عصبى	prom
cope (v) (d)	يتأقلم مع	scold
exhausted (adj)	منزمق	self-c
frown (v) (ed)	يكشر/يعبس/يقطب جبينه	stres
improve (v) (d)	يحسن	supp
mental health (n)	الصحة النفسية	time
pout (v) (ed)	يتبهم	well-

promote (v) (d)	يشجع ايعزز اينمى ايطور
scold (v) (ed)	پۇنپ <i>اي</i> وبخ
self-care (n)	العناية بالنفس
stress (n)	مغط عصبى/توتر
suppose (v) (d)	يفترض/يظن
time management (n)	إدارة الوقت
well-being (n)	سعادة/رفاهية

Long and unpredictable work hours can lead to burnout and frustration.

Vocabulary on Reading

alter (v) (ed)	يفير	pain (n)	فم
amount (n)	كمية/مقدار	particular (adj)	خاص/محدد
avoid (v) (ed)	يتجنب	perfectly (adv)	بشكل كامل
behaviour (n)	سلوك	please (v) (d)	يسعد
choice (n)	اختيار	poem (n)	نصيدة
clear off (v) (ed)	يصفو/يتدسن (الطقس)	pour down (v) (d)	ينعمر (المطر)
concentrate (v) (d)	يركز	pressure (n)	ضغط
connection (n)	علاقة/رابطة	react (v) (ed)	يقوم برد فعل
creation (n)	الخلق/الكون	reaction (n)	رد فعل
deal with (v)	يتعامل مع	responsibility (n)	مسلولية
decision (n)	قرار	situation (n)	موقف
else (adv)	آخر	skill (n)	معارة
emotions (n)	مشاعر	stressed (adj)	مضغوط
frustrated (adj)	محبط	suffer (v) (ed)	يعانى
headache (n)	صداع	sunshine (n)	سطوع الشمس
increase (v) (d)	ر يزيد/يزداد	surprise (v) (d) (n)	ينمش/يفاده:/مفاحأة

vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

قلق/توتر
بشكل دائم
يساهم/يشارك
أحداث جارية
-ue
إضافي
شدید/متطرف
وجها لوجه

interact (v) (ed)	يتفاعل
issue (n)	قضية
keep up (v)	يواصل
limit (v) (ed) (n)	يضع حدًا/يقلل/حد
psychologist (n)	عالم نفسی/طبیب نفسی
reduce (v) (d)	يقلل
researcher (n)	باحث
schoolwork (n)	عمل مدرسی

Workbook Vocabulary

basis (n)	أساس
caffeine (n)	مادة الكافيين
category (n)	غلة
chemical (n) (adj)	مادة كيميائية/كيميائي
consider (v) (ed)	يعتبر
counsellor (n)	ناصح/مستشار
endorphins (n)	هرمون الأندروفين (السعادة)

physical (adj)		مادی/جسمانی
priority (n)	1. /5	أولوية
promise (v) (d) (n)	pride, use,	يوعد/وعد
revision (n)	, ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	مراجعة
stretch (v) (ed) (n)	لة/إطالة	يقوم بتمرينات إطا
suffer (v) (ed)		يعانى
urgent (adj)		عاجل/ملح

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

as a result	نتيجة لذلك
do a sport	يمارس رياضة
do activities	يمارس أنشطة
do exams	يؤدى امتحانات
do exercise	يقوم بتمارين رياضية
get better	يتحسن
go for a walk	يقوم بالتمشية
afraid of	خالف من
angry at/with	غاضب من
connection between	علاقة بين
conversation with	محادثة مع

have a headache	يعانى من صداع
have a negative effect on	له تأثير سلبي على
in danger of	في خطر من
make decisions	يتخذ قرارات
take care of	یعتنی ب
take responsibility for	يتحمل مسلولية
there's a chance	هناك احتمال
pain in	الم في
pressure on	شغط على
think of/about	يفكر/يعتقد في
unhappy about	غير سعيد بشأن

Derivatives

		Derivativ	Co	Adjec	tive
Ve	rb	Noun			
alter*	يغير	alteration	تغيير	altered	بتغير
behave		behaviour	سلوك	behavioural	ہلوکی
	يتصرف		تركيز	concentrated	مركز
concentrate	يركز	concentration		connected	مرتبط/متصل
connect	يربط/يصل	connection	علاقة/رابطة		Minim
decide	يقرر	decision	قرار	decisive	Pouls
exhaust	يرهق	exhaustion	إرهاق	exhausted exhausting	مُـزَمَـق مرمق
		fundantion	إحباط	frustrated	منبط ا
frustrate	يحبط	frustration		improved	متدسن/محسن
improve	يحسن/يتحسن	improvement	تحسن	and the second s	
press	يضغط	pressure	ضغط	pressing pressured	ضاغط/ملح مضغوط
promoto	يعزز/يطور	promotion	تعزيز/ترقية	promoted	معزز
surprise	يعرر/يطور يدهش/يفاجئ	surprise	مفاجأة	surprised surprising	ىنىمش مىمش

I should alter the sofa because it's about to break
 The alteration of the sofa can't be delayed.
 The altered sofa can be put on the roof.

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning
alter	يغير
burnout	انهيار/إرهاق العمل
concentrate	يركز
connection	علاقة/صلة
cope	يتأقلم مع
frown	يكشر/يعبس
particular	خاص/محدد
pressure	ضغط
promote	يعزز/ينمى
responsibility	مسئولية
scold	پۇنب/يوبخ
suppose	يفترض/يظن
surprise	يفاجئ

المرادف Synonym

change/adjust	
nervous breakdown	
focus	
relation/link	ri da
manage/handle	
pout	
specific/appropriate	
stress/tension	10
boost/develop	
duty	16. Tu
blame/reproach	
assume/guess	
amaze/confuse	

المضاد Antonym

remain/continue	يبقى/يستمر
endurance	غدرة التحمل
distract	يشوش
division/separation	تقسيم انفصال
retreat/yield	بستسلم
smile	يبتسم
general/common	عام اشائع
relaxation/ease	استرخاء/رلحة
block/hinder	بعوق
irresponsibility	ننئ مسئولية
approve/compliment	بستنسن/يجامل
deny/reject	ينكرابينيث
comfort	And the last of th

Check Point	1 Choose the correct	t answer from a, b, c	or d:
1 The children were a) content 2 Magdy has been u a) press 3 There was a meeti a) reduce	b) exhausted inder a lot of	c) relieved ately because of his di c) success een Egypt and China	hey went to bed immediately. d) relaxed fficult exams. d) stress
a) frowning	b) smiling my little brother for brea b) rewarded	c) smelling king the valuable vase c) scolded	d) laughing e that grandfather gave us. d) expelled

Check the answers at the end of the book.

Reading Text (1)

How to avoid burnout

Burnout(1) is a mental health problem that is affecting more and more people today because there's so much pressure on us to work hard and do everything perfectly. When you experience burnout, you feel exhausted(2) and you usually don't spend enough time doing things you enjoy. You might stop doing hobbies that you used to enjoy and you may become ill more often than usual. As a result, people experiencing burnout feel like they can't live their lives normally anymore.

Burnout is usually caused by both decisions you make about things that you can control, for example, the amount of homework you have to do, and situations you can't control, for example if you spend a lot more time on your homework than you have to because you want to do it perfectly. This is your choice or the result of poor time management(3) skills.

If you're in danger of suffering from burnout, you will usually experience a lot of stress(4), find it difficult to sleep and have a lot of headaches or pain in your shoulders and back.

In order to improve(5) your mental health(6), you need to take responsibility for the things that you can control. For example, if you find it difficult to say 'no' when people ask you to do activities outside of school and you feel exhausted

إنهاك عصبي (1) مرهق (2) إدارة الوقت (3) ضغط عصبی (4) ىحسن/ىتحسن (5) رعاية النفس (7) يعزز (8) رفاهية/سعادة (9)

because of this, you could change this behaviour. Then you can start thinking about activities you really enjoy doing. These should be activities that help you to forget about everything else that is happening, such as drawing or painting, doing a sport or having 'real' conversations with your friends and family. Activities like these are examples of self-care(7). They help to promote(8) better mental health and increase your well-being⁽⁹⁾.

Log in or register to post comments.

Reading Text (2)

Suppose

by Phoebe Cary



- 1. Suppose⁽¹⁾ you're dressed for walking, And the rain comes pouring down, Will it clear off any sooner Because you scold⁽²⁾ and frown⁽³⁾?
- 2. And wouldn't it be nicer

 For you to smile than pout⁽⁴⁾,

 And so make sunshine in the house

 When there is none without?
- 3. And suppose the world don't please you,
 Nor the way some people do,
 Do you think the whole creation(5)
 Will be altered just for you?
- 4. And isn't it, my boy or girl, The wisest, bravest plan, Whatever comes, or doesn't come, To do the best you can?

افترض/إذا (1)

يؤنب ايوبغ (2)

رعبس (3)

يتجمم (4)

الظق/الكون (5)

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Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

Studying can be stressful. Here are four tips to make life easier.

- Tip 1: Divide the things you need to do into four categories. These are: (1) urgent and important (2) important but not urgent (3) not important but urgent (4) not important and not urgent. Using this system, you will quickly be able to see what you have to do now and what can wait.
- Tip 2: When studying for a long time, you should know when to take a rest. This will help you to avoid burnout and continue studying. Use a clock with an alarm. After every twenty-five minutes, take a five-minute break and stand up and stretch.
- Tip 3: You should do exercise on a regular basis. Exercise will produce endorphins, which are chemicals that help to reduce stress. If the exercise is outside, you will also benefit from some fresh air.
- Tip 4: You should not eat unhealthily when you are studying. A salad is quick to prepare and fruit is a better snack than chocolate. You should also avoid having too much caffeine. Water is much healthier.

Share your ideas with your friends!

Listening Text (1)



1 Nour

: At the moment, I just feel exhausted all the time. I play computer games with my friends after school every evening. Then I don't start doing my homework until about 9 o'clock in the evening. By the time I finish my homework, it's 11 o'clock or even midnight. So, I don't get

بواصل (1) عمل مدرسي (2) اضافی (3)

to bed until it's really late and then I'm exhausted the next day at school and I can't keep up(1) in my lessons.

- 2 Ibrahim: I spend a lot of time looking after my grandfather, who's seventy-four years old and is ill at the moment. I go to school and then as soon as I get home, I spend the next few hours making him something to eat, reading to him and helping him to wash, things like that. I have to get up early in the morning to do my homework before school and I never seem to have any time to do anything for myself.
- : It's always my goal to get the best grades that I possibly can at school. It seems that 3 Heba the only way to do that is to spend all of my time on my schoolwork. So, I work as hard as I can when I'm at school and then in the breaks we have at school, I do some extra reading or look at my notes again. Then, when I get home, I do my homework all afternoon and evening. I just keep going even if I'm feeling exhausted.

Listening Text (2) (Workbook)

Leifa 1 Hi, Nadia, i haven't seen you for a long time. How are you?

Nadia 116, Lella. Thanks for asking, I'm a bit stressed.

Lette: Oh no! Why don't you sit down and tell me about it?

Nadia: Well, I have three exams this week and don't know when I can revise because I have a big project for science too. I also promised my parents I would help them in the shop in the evenings.

Lella: That sounds like a lot. Have you considered telling your parents you are stressed?

Nadia : I don't want to worry them.

i.ella : You could write down everything you have to do this week in order of priority and say no to the things at the bottom of your list. Also, how about doing your revision while you are in the shop. It's usually quiet in the evenings, isn't it?

Nadia: Have you thought about becoming a student counsellor? You're very good at giving advice!

Leila : Oh, thank you.

Check Point (2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 At nursery schools, desks are arranged in a U-shape, so the teacher can		
	with the children.	
	a) interfere	b) interact
	c) involve	d) contain
2	The young engineer says he can't	up with his work in the desert.
- 17	a) hold	h) leave
	c) keep	d) release
3		ine is that the batteries have to be replaced often.
10.	a) upside	b) advantage
	c) merit	d) downside
4		s attended by hundreds of young
	a) actors	b) researchers
	c) players	d) helpers
5	Experts believe that we should try to	
	a) limit	b) mark
	c) increase	d) develop



Vocabulary in Use





a situation where you can't do anything because you're so tired	l and stressed
cope to deal with difficult situations	يتأقلم مع
exhausted describing the feeling of being very tired	مرهق/منهك
improve to get better/to get things to be better	. يحسن/يتحسن
mental health how a person thinks and the emotions they feel	- الصحة النفسية
promote support and encourage the development of something	_ يشجع ايعزز اپنمي ايطور
— self-care taking care of your body and how you feel	ــ العناية بالنفس
a feeling of being very worried and scared	ــ ضغط عصبی/توتر
— time management organising when you do things and for how long	إدارة الوقت
— well-being the state of being comfortable, healthy and happy	سعادة/رفاهية

Notes on Vocabulary

الأسماء المركبة)

the feeling when part of your body hurts usually suddenly A broken leg can cause a lot of pain.

He felt a sharp pain in his chest.

a continuous pain, especially one that is not very bad, commonly used in compounds I felt an ache in my back after decorating all day. Driving gives me a headache.

I've got a stomachache.

2	m	ou	nt

how much of something there is

Try to reduce the amount of fat in your meal. کمیة/مقدار القدر الموجود فی شیماً

quantity

can be measured. كمية اللقدر المهجود في طعام أو ونسائل أو أي

a particular amount of food, liquid, or another substance that

Make sure that you add the correct quantity of milk. مادة ويمكن فياسعةا the amount of something, compared with the whole amount

proportion

that exists نسبة اعقدار شبىء مقارنية بالكميية الكاملة

المودودة

A high proportion of the students were from poor families.

quota

كوتا أحصة نسبية لا يمكن تجاوزها

a maximum amount of something that can be produced, sold brought into a country

 To protect local industry, the government sometimes impose import quotas on certain products.

yield

محصول/ناتج (المقدار الذي ثم إنتاجه من شيء وخاصة المحاصيل) the amount of something that is produced, especially crops

We are pleased with this year's cotton yield.

skill

He plays the plano with great skill.

The course will help you improve your communication skills.

talent/gift

She was a young artist with a lot of talent.

He showed a natural gift for comedy.

pour

ينهمر/يسقط بشدة (المطر)

The weather was bad with the strong wind and the rain pouring down.

blow

تعب (الرياح)

It was blowing from an easterly direction.

fall

يسقط (المطر)

He stood at the balcony watching the rain fall on the road.

rise

تشرق (الشمس)

 Most Egyptian farmers start work very early just after the sun rises.

set

تغرب (الشمس)

In Ramadan, Muslims start to eat just after the sun sets.

else

.terrible لَحْر/ أيضًا (أدوات الاستفعام كلمات تحتوي

Haven't you got anything else to wear? These clothes look

some- any – no - every على The book isn't here. Where else should I look?

on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts

and you usually don't spend enough time doing things you enjoy.

لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بعد الفعل (spend) بمعنى يقضى الوقت في أداء شيء.

This is your choice or the result of poor time management skills.

لاحظ استخدام (poor) هنا بمعنى (ضعيف) وليس فقيرًا.

If you're in danger of suffering from burnout

لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بعد حرف الجر (of).

Then you can start thinking about activities you really enjoy doing.

لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بعد الفعل (start) كما يمكن استخدام (المصدر + to).

Check Point (3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- high in the sky and temperature increases. 1 By midday, the sun
 - a) falls

b) pours

c) rises

- d) sets
- 2 Customer service jobs require young people with good communication _____ to be able to handle customers' complaints well.
 - a) skills

b) gifts

c) talents

- d) achievements
- 3 The government has decided to raise the on electric car imports to encourage using them.
 - a) amount bottom treat the artifaction
- b) proportion

c) quantity

- d) quota
- The man felt a sudden sharp _____ in his chest, so he was taken to hospital.
 - a) pain

b) ache

c) suffering

- d) agony
- 5 We cancelled the voyage because rain began todown and we felt like a storm was coming.
 - a) blow

b) pour

c) fall

d) rise



Unit 4 Lessons 1 & 2 188



Vocabulary Exercises

Analysing fivaluating Creating Understanding · Applying Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Key vocabulary, Reading, Listening, Workbook Vocabulary & Vocabulary Notes 1 Many of the workers in the factory are suffering from _____ as a result of overworking. c) promotion b) relaxation a) burnout 2 He wasn't able to cope with theand strains of the job, so he left it. c) wages a) surprises b) stresses 3 It's important to avoid the causes of poor mental from the beginning. d) technology c) health b) innovation 4 A good teacher shouldn'this students for not doing very well at school as long as they're doing their best. d) scold c) improve b) frown a) praise 5 Being with my family gives me a wonderful sense of and pleasure. d) revision c) well-being b) sorrow 6 My uncle is a 40-year-old workaholic مدمن عمل who has never paid attention to self- He suffers from diseases. d) promotion a) denial c) assessment 7 We think sport can help to the values of tolerance and understanding in the world. d) contribute b) reduce c) block a) promote 8 The manager said that we cannot move the deadline, so time ______ is very important to finish in time. c) reaction a) management b) wasting d) connection 9 The Ministry of Education's main objective is toeducational systems using the latest technology. a) prove b) reduce c) approve d) improve 10 In order not to be sent off, the playerbeing given a red card by the referee. a) insisted b) avoided c) promised d) interacted 11 You should on passing your final exams and don't let anything distract you. a) pass b) depend c) concentrate d) apply 12 For hundreds of years, an enormous of paper has been used to produce books. a) equality **b)** quality c) amount d) capacity 13 My to leave school when I was only 15 was the worst mistake I ever made. a) decision b) ambition c) behaviour d) revision 14 In the conference, the doctors discussed different ways of with the effects of the disease on the lungs. a) telling b) dealing c) handling d) reporting 15 Exams are stressful, so students fall under when the exams are near. a) decision b) preservation c) creation d) pressure 16 Most coffee shops are offering free internet to attract more customers. b) connection a) radiation c) separation d) reaction 17 Some species of animals exist only in Galapagos Islands and nowhere ______ on earth. b) other

a) another

d) else

c) others

18	otherwise.	ny for the dama	ge to the fence, but t	ne security camera snowed
		b) responsibility	c) response	d) situation
40		severe side effects from	m the treatment, but t	here is no other way.
19	a) deals	b) fears		
20		t marks in English, whic	-/ 5011-1-5	
20	a) failure	b) anxiety	c) sorrow	
21		now much the city has b		
-	a) coped	b) reacted	c) altered	
22	Rice forms the	of the daily diet in ma	any Asian countries suc	:h as Thailand and Indonesia.
	a) basis	b) bias	c) press	d) stress
23	There's a separate	for children in th		
	a) integrity		c) majority	
24	able to feed itself.			the country would easily be
		b) superiority	-, ,	d) inferiority
25				as to prepare your muscles.
	a) pout	b) scratch	c) cope	d) stretch
26		ducts containt		
	a) nutrients	b) crops	c) chemicals	d) seeds
Œ	xpressions, Idioms, Pro	epositions, Derivatives, S	Synonyms & Antonyms	
27	Most students are af	fraid ofexams.	So, they must revise ha	
	a) inspecting	b) revising	c) making	d) doing
28	The children were ar	ngrythe way th	ney have been treated	at school.
	a) in	b) for	c) at	d) of
29		nuch better every day, a	and yet business got w	orse and worse.
	a) getting		c) preferring	
30	The sustamer from	ed impatiently with ang		
30			je. mien die den mas	
			a) close	d) donict
	a) smile	b) pout		d) depict
31	Winners are the peop	ple who are able to		
	a) test	b) play	c) give	d) take
32	It was clear that the	small ship was	danger of sinking.	
	a) for	b) in	c) about	d) out
33	There is a he	etween pollution and th	ne death of trees.	
		b) connection	c) reflection	d) separation
34	a) collection	doctors is increasing s	teadily with the COVID	
34	The same of the sa	QOCTOIS IS INCIDENTING S	c) at	d) on
	a) for	b) with	ro during their -t1	d) on
35	Students should be u	used to deal with pressu	ne during their studies	. The antonym of the word
	"pressure" is	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	a) relaxation	b) stress	c) oppression	d) depression
36	The passengers were	getting verya	t the delay of the fligh	
	a) frustrate	b) frustration	c) frustrated	d) frustrates



Lessons 1 & 2



Language

Making suggestions for the future

ك تعبيرات ومصطلحات كثيرة تعبر عن الاقتراح منها:

	Structure	Rule	Example
	How about	4981	How about visiting the museum?
	What about	r FR	What about buying a new computer?
1.	Have you considered	+ v.ing	Have you considered leaving this area?
	Have you thought about	e de d	Have you thought about selling the car?
	Why don't you	est nio	Why don't you leave your car and take a taxi?
	You should	E #/. P-1-2	You should concentrate on your study.
2.	You could	+ inf.	You could use the bike instead of the car.
	Let's	mittan	Let's meet at the railway station.

Check Point 4

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 It's up to you. with us or you could stay here.
 - a) You should come

b) How about coming

c) Let's come

- d) You could come
- 2 You seem stressed and worried. going to a movie?
 - a) Let's

b) What about

c) You should

- d) You could
- 3 Why don'tOla and Fatma if they want to come with us?
 - a) asking

b) ask

c) we ask

- d) to ask
- 4 Youthe car out of the garage. There is water running on its floor.
 - a) should get

b) needn't get

c) get

- d) getting
- [5] You say you're in a tight corner موقف صعب. Have you thought aboutyour uncle for advice?

a) ask

b) to asking

c) you ask

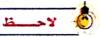
d) asking



Making suggestions (Extra points)

هناك تعبيرات ومصطلحات كثيرة تعبر عن الاقتراح منها:

	Structure	Rule	Example
	Lsuggest		I suggest helping Ahmed with his work.
	Trecommend	Angl.	She recommends doing exercise.
1.	How do you feel about	+ v.ing	How do you feel about meeting Amr?
	Fancy	A L	Do you fancy going to the cinema?
	'd better		You'd better study in the morning.
	suppose you should		I suppose you should play handball.
2.	Shall I/we?	+ inf.	Shall I/we help Ahmed with his homework?
	Why not	F (*)	Why not go and see a film?
	Don't forget	1 11 1996	Don't forget to watch today's match.
3.	I'd like	to + inf.	I'd like to give Ahmed the money he needs.
1	It would be nice		It would be nice to finish early.
4.	If I were you, I'd + inf.		If I were you, I would visit Italy for my holiday.



يأتى بعد suggest/recommend الفعل مضلف له ing ولكن إنا جاء بعدهما that أو فاعل نستخدم المصدر مع أي فاعل قبلها. I suggest phoning Ahmed and telling him the news.

- Isuggest (that) you phone Ahmed and tell him the news.
- Irecommend that Ameer go to Alexandria for his honeymoon.

بعد How about/What about نستخيم v.ing أو الاسم أو الضمير.

- How about visiting Ahmed tomorrow?
- How about having a nice drink?
- How about a nice drink?
- What about (drinking) some more coffee?
- What about a short walk around the park?

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: **Check Point** It would be nicelunch with us tonight. c) you have d) have b) to have a) having Why notout and visit our relatives? c) go d) you go b) going a) to go She _____ do post-graduate studies abroad. c) suggests b) would better d) recommends a) d better If I were you, _____ another flat overlooking the Nile. b) how about buying c) let's buy d) I'd buy a) shall I buy What about _____ for our lunch? c) to have a barbeque d) had a barbeque b) a barbeque a) have a barbeque



Unit 4 | Leasons 1 & 2

Regrets about the past "should/shouldn't have + P.P." for regrets

b) shouldn't cross

	Usage	
should have + P.P.	la l	بير عن الندم (كان ينبغى فعل شيء لم ز
e.g. He should have studied ha	arder to pass the exam.	
shouldn't have + P.P.	to say that something in the past wa	isn't a good idea الماضى وما كان ينبغى فعله الماضى
e.g. I shouldn't have insulted h	im. He was angry and I'm sorry.	
Got it	ver from a, b, c or d:	
- I the street when	the cars were running fast.	d) shouldn't have crossed

could have + P.P.

a) should have watched

c) shouldn't have watched

a) should

Rule	Usage
could have + P.P.	to say that someone had the ability to do something that they didn't do
per the state of the state of	كان في مقدور شخص أن يفعل شيئًا ولكن لم يفعل وتستخدم للانتقاد أحيانًا.
She could have hought a	new phone, but she didn't

c) should have crossed

Check Point 6 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 Haven't they given you the mo	oney back yet?	They it last week.	THE WALL
a) shouldn't have		b) should have done	
c) could have		d) could	TESTAMEN
2 Youhim so much mon	ey when he as	ked. It will take you a lot of time to	o get it back
a) could have lent		b) should have lent	get (Ebuck.
c) shouldn't have lent		d) chould law a	MIT HE THE ME
3 Heat 10, but he was a	most half an h		Jackson &
a) should have arrived		b) should arrive	
c) shouldn't have arrived		d) shouldn't arrive	
4 Heharder, but he was	too lazy.	harden er an er er er general pro-	
a) shouldn't have studied	COMPTO DE LA	b) couldn't have studied	
c) must have studied	被操 了的 (数)	d) could have studied	
5 You television for so lo	na it was a wa	sta of time	September 2 construction



الإدابة (d) لأن الجملة في الماضي ويجب أن تكون منفية.

b) should watch

d) could have watched



Language Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d	• 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
What about sport four times a	Week instead of six?
a) do b) you do	c) to do d) doing
Hi, Youssif. We are going to the mountain	s Why
a) didn't you b) doesn't he	c) don't you d) do you
3 Why don't you some snacks w	ith you so you see to bungsy?
a) taking b) take	o) to take
4 I suggesthim a call before the	c) to take d) about taking
a) to give b) give	
5 Have you considered to your fa	c) giving d) have given
a) to talk b) about talking	c) talk d) talking
6 I'm sorry for shouting at you – I	c) talking
a) shouldn't have raised	b) should have raised
c) could have raised	
•	d) should rise
a) shouldn't ask	you don't understand the lesson.
	d) should have asked
start studying for that exam in	
a) Why don't you	1
c) What about	the second of
I recommend that Chinese foo	
a) to try b) trying	c) try d) you trying
10 We got lost in Siwa. Wea map.	
a) shouldn't have taken	
c) should have taken	
Have yougoing to bed a bit ea	
a) thought b) considered	
12, I'd apply for the job.	
a) If you ask me	
c) How about you	d) Have you considered
13 "I failed the test, Iharder."	1一 美 : 1.8 [[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []
a) shouldn't have studied	b) could study
c) should study	d) should have studied
14 "I fell off my bicycle. Iso careles	SC Commendation Comments on the configuration of th
a) shouldn't have been	b) should have been
c) could have been	a) snould be
If she hates her job, then why	The property of the property o
a) about quitting b) don't you quit	c) didn't she quit d) doesn't she quit
	Unit 4 Lessons 1 & 2 189

16	You plan your revision from now. It's	imports		a) nau to
	a) shouldn't b) needn't	c) could	you	r brother to help you
17	a) shouldn't b) needn't The teacher isn't pleased with your homewo	ork. Youdo't	ask	
	a) let	b) shouldn't	asked	
150		d) could have	E 03.	
18	Ahmed's father got angry. Ahmed	him a lie.	. 1614.2°	
107	a) should the same LL			
	a) shouldn't have told	di must have	told	
40	c) mustn't have told	ofore he makes	a decis	ion.
19	c) mustn't have told I suggest that he more about it b a) thinking	h) should ha	ve thoug	ght
	a) thinking	d) should thi	nks	
00	c) think	-bonos		
20	I'm broke. I my money on mobile	b) should have	ve waste	ed
	a) could have wasted			
04	c) shouldn't have wasted	a) snould wa	wa car?	"The speaker is
21	"Why don't you lend your brother the money	b) offering	udvite)	odek and the
1 A	a) suggesting	b) offering	out tha	-auso
00	c) blaming	d) Asking abo	out the c	Justin Live Co.
22	out and buying some fruit?			
-	a) How about going			
	c) Let's go	٠, ،،، د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د		
23	It's very important the advantage	es and the disac		
	own business.	A TOTAL STATE SECTION		Mails No.
	a) should know b) to know			
24	"Shall we visit the zoo next Friday?" The spea		************	
25	a) requesting b) offering	55		d) asking for advice
25	I suggest thatgrammar more.		dy or let	
	a) study b) studying	c) you studyii	ng	d) you study
26	to save more money? He always u	uses his money	very rec	klessly.
	a) Why doesn't he try	b) How abou	t trying	aris middle.
42	c) I suggest trying	d) Let's try	TETTE	
27	If you don't want to go outside,a	movie?	12.7.56	
gil re	a) let's watch	b) I suggest v	vatching	elece til
11	c) how about watching	d) have you t	hought	V. J. 120 S. 1
28	for a job and try to improve your	living condition	ns?	selfy business
B, 10	a) have you considered applying	b) How about	t applyin	ng ·
e je	c) Let's apply	d) Why don't	you app	lý
29	abroad to complete your studies	There?		
	a) Have you considered travelling c) Why don't you travel	h) What above		
		OI All are noc	-ILI	
30	tiny don't the go to the chieffia to Watch th	e new film?		We've seen the film mal
			As per	The ve seen the in-
	a) Why not? b) OK. Yes, let's.	c) No, let's no	t	d) What a good ideal

Test Yourself (20)



Unit 4 Lessons 1 & 2

-membering

Understanding

Applying

Analysing

***** Eváluáting

@ Creating

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

	Experts say that ea	ating healthy food can	memory and	Concentration
14.5	- LeamOVA	h) improve	c) prove	a) approve
9	The doctor gave the	ne child medicine to ease	his and after h	e fell off the bike.
	-1 dicasca	h) process	c) pain	al timilar.
9	Mr Yasser had to le	eave the party early after	complaining of a terri	ble warmendered
200		h) apprection	tumour	The treatment
4	is the st	tate of being extremely ti	red or ill, either physic	ally or mentally, because you
	have worked too !	nard		
	al Rurnout	b) Relaxation	c) Injury	d) Overdose
c	some people wor	k such long hours that th	ey may suffer from	unimanimum •
	1 strace	h) press	c) relief	a) this c
	The disabled your	ng man is in need of som	eone who can	care of him.
0	a) do	b) make	c) take	d) give
	they very poor to	echnical	ld you help me fix my	computer?
-		b) terms	c) methods	d) skills
	a) skulls	es should learn to contro	theirin ord	der to work perfectly.
8	Doctors and nurse	b) emotions	c) staff	d) gifts
200	a) education	s a new bag. What about	father for h	elp?
9		b) asking	c) ask	d) asked
100	a) to ask	ing in Assiut. I		
10			b) shouldn't have o	aught
	a) should have ca		d) mustn't have car	
	c) needn't have ca	lugnt	A Desired to the second of the	
11		new car? Yours always bre	c) What about	d) Let's
	a) How about	b) Why don't you	to a man of the standard programmer	and the property of the sale of
12		cnic or visiting the muse	b) Let's go	graph on plant and a fill of a
	a) We could go		d) You should go	And the spirit and the second second
eti.	c) How about going	ng		
13		Veour jackets.	h) must have broug	aht
	a) shouldn't have		b) must have broug	
100	c) should have bro	ought	The Part of the Control of the Contr	make the grant to the second
14	Hany 0	r visit him to invite him t	o our party.	Section of the section
	a) We could phon	e		Learn Committee of the
	c) What about pho		•	lered phoning
15	It's too cold in her	e. Youthe win	idow.	
	a) must have ope	ned	b) should open	
200	c) should have op	ened	d) shouldn't have o	pened
16	Don't think much	. WeSpain or I	taly for our holiday.	
	a) should have vis	sited	b) could visit	
13	c) could have visit	red	d) should be visited	

- 17 Which of the following is correctly punctuated?
 - a) "I don't know when he will arrive," said Ola.
 - b) "I don't know when he will arrive?" Said ola.
 - c) "I don't know when he will arrive.", said Ola.
 - d) "I don't know when he will arrive," Said Ola.
- 18 The most important thing in writing an essay is to
 - a) count the words written in it
 - b) get the required number of paragraphs
 - c) write a well-developed essay and make it interesting
 - d) write very long sentences and paragraphs
- 19 Which type of essays would this topic sentence best go with? "The Himalayan Mountains are the tallest mountains in the world."
 - a) Descriptive.
- b) Expository.
- c) Narrative.
- d) Persuasive.

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

People do not always do the things we want them to do. No matter how reasonable or minimal(1) our expectations may be, there are times when we are let down(2). Naturally, we feel upset and hurt when our expectations are not met. We dread confrontations(3) because they are unpleasant and can damage relationships. Yet not confronting a person does not solve the problem because unresolved issues also affect relationships in an adverse way. Actually, the real problem lies in our style of confrontation, not in the issue. Typically, we use characterbased confrontations. They help in venting(5) our anger and hurt, but that is the only thing they do. They lead to angry show-downs and bring all discussions to a grinding halt (6).

It is important to remember that self-image is the most important possession(7) of all human beings. It is the way we view and regard ourselves in our own eyes and in the eyes of others. As self-conscious beings, we are acutely aware of our image and constantly work towards protecting it from any damage. We also seek approval from others about our own self-image. We feel distraught(11) if we sense that there is even a slight threat to our selfimage, because our character is the essence of our lives.

To ensure a balanced (12) dialogue over dashed expectations (13), we need to organise issuebased confrontations. They involve an explanation of which actions have bothered us, in what manner and what changes we would like from the other person.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- - a) Why our expectations are smashed
 - b) Our style of confrontation
 - c) The importance of confrontation in solving problems
 - d) The effect of character-based confrontations
- 21 What happens when our expectations are not met? a) We feel satisfied.

b) We feel upset and hurt.

c) We seek confrontations.

- d) We change our style of confrontation.
- 22 People fear confrontations because
 - a) confrontations damage their self-image
 - b) they want to live in peace
 - c) they know that confrontations are not important
 - d) confrontations cause unsolved problems



4111

(7) امتلاك

23	people don't succeed in solving their problems because	of
	a) the complicated issues	ifferent ages
	c) their style of confrontation d) the day	mage that confrontations may cause
24	24 Confrontations are important because	
		estroy the character
	c) they cause a slight threat to our self-image d) they he	elp in resolving issues
25	25 Our dashed expectations can be resolved through	
0		haracter-based confrontations only
7		al discussions
26	26 Issue-based confrontations are an easier way out becaus	
THE W		the rational discussion
	c) dash our expectations	
	d) involve an explanation of which actions have pleased	us
27	27 The antonym of the word "venting" is	
	a) emitting b) escaping c) blockin	g d) expressing
Re	Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from	n a, b, c or d:
28	28 People experiencing burnout often feel like they have noth	ing left to give and may dread getting
N CO W	out of bed each morning. They may also adopt a pessimistic	outlook toward life and feel hopeless.
	ة أنه لم يتبق لديهم أي شيء يعطونه وقد يخشون النهوض من السرير كل صباح كما	 a) غالبًا ما يشعر الأشخاص الذين يعانون من الإرهاق
		أنهم قد يتبنون نظرة متشائمة تجاه الحياة ويشع
	عاق أنه لم يتبق لديهم أي شيء يعطونه وقد يندفعون للنهوض من السرير كل صباح بشعرون باليابي	را) عابب ما لا يسعر الاسخاص الدين يعانون من الإرا كما أنهم قد يتبنون نظرة متشائمة تجاه الحياة و
	انه لم يتبقُّ لديهم أي شيء يعطونه وقد بخشون النهاب للسرير كال صباح كما أنهم	🧲 غالبًا ما يشعر الأشخاص النين يعانون من الإرهاة
	ي نس. الأن المنظم الم	قد يتبنون نظرة متفائلة تجاه الحياة ويشعرون باا
1 31	ة أنه لم يتبق لديهم أي شيء يعطونه وقد يخشون النموض من السرير كل صباح كما	d) غالبًا ما يشعر الاشخاص الذين يعانون من الإرهاة أنهم قد يتبنون نظرة متفائلة تجاه الحياة ويشعر
	29 A study plan is an organised schedule outlining study time	
29	29 A study plan is an organised schedule outlining study the	opers and projects.
	should include dates of exams, as well as deadlines for pa سة وأهداف التربية ويجب أن يتضمن هذا الجدول مواعيد الاختبارات. وكذلك المواعيد	م خطة الداسة هي جدول فنظم بحيد أمقات الدار
	A. Carrier and the carrier and	التهانية للأوراق والمشاريع.
0)	بسة وأهداف التعلم ويجب أن يتضمن هذا الجدول مواعيد الاختبارات، وكذلك المواعيد	التهانية للأوراق والمساريع.
	اســة وأهداف التعلم ويجب أن يورط هذا الجدول مواعيــد الاختبارات، وكذلك المواعيد	التعالية لحوري والمساريخ.
	سة وأهداف التربية ويجب أن يتضمن هذا الجدول مواعيد الاختبارات، وكذلك المواعيد	استنديت محوراي والمسارك
MERCHAN	ىليە أن يتدرب بشكل أفضل وأن ينفذ تعليمات مديد.	30 بعدما خسر اللاعب المباراة أدرك أنه كان ينبغي ء
STATE OF THE PARTY	a) After the player lost the match, he realised that he show	uld train better and carry out his
100	May 1 par - 4	
200	coach's instructions. b) After the player lost the match, he realised that he mus	t nave prepared better and carry
	out his coach's instructions. c) After the player lost the match, he realised that he mus	
STANKE .		
1000	out his coach's directions. d) After the player lost the match, he realised that he shows that	uld have prepared better and
* San	Carried out his coach's instructions.	September 1997

Unit 4 Lessons 1 & 2 (158)



Lessons 3 & 4



(A) Vocabulary

Vocabulary on Reading

efficient (adj)		دمفع
energy (n)		طاقة
final (adj)		نهائي
get together (v)	and the second of the second o	يجتمع/يتقابل
identify (v) (y ied)*	The state of the s	יבננ
normal (adj)	1	طبيعي
notice (v) (d)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	بلاحظ
offer (v) (ed)		بعرض

plan (n) (v) (ed)	نطة/يخطط
real (adj)	بقيق
reason (n)	سنب
routine (n)	روثين
sign (n)	علامة
specific (adj)	عدمارمان
suggest (v) (ed)	يقترح
teenager (n)	مراهق

Solentists have identified a link between diet and cancer.

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

automatically (adv)	تلقائيًا
aware (adj)	- مدرك/واع
concentrate (v) (d)	يركز
contagious (adj)	معد
disappoint (v) (ed)	يحبط
edition (n)	يحبت إصدار/طبعة/نسخة
expect (v) (ed)	يتوقع
extend (v) (ed)	يمتد/يمد
gratitude (n)	ت شکر/عرفان بالجمیل
memo (n)	مذكرة
naturally (adv)	بشکل طبیعی

optimistic (adj)	متفائل
participant (n)	مشارك
perception (n)	براك/وعي
perfectionist (n)	بادث عن الكمال
perfectly (adv)	ی علی نحو کامل
pressure (n)	شفط شفط
relax (v) (ed)	سترخى
share (v) (d)	بشارك/مشاركة
struggle (v) (d)	بكافح/يناضل/يعانى
trust (v) (ed)	لة. ذ

Workbook Vocabulary

accept (v) (ed)	بقبل
alert (n)	تحنير/إنذار
athletics (n)	ألعاب القوى
external (adj)	خارجي
factor (n)	Unle

influence (v) (d) (n)	<u>ؤثر/داثیر</u>
member (n)	ڊ تر/تاثير نضم
perceive (v) (d)	و الم
raincoat (n)	مطر مطر
step (n) (v) (ped)	فطرقاء

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

في هذه اللحظة	have problems with
يتبع نصيحة	make notes
يستفرق في النوم	make time for
يعطى نصيحة	on his own
يتحدث/يدردش	take action
مدرك/واع بـ	sit at
وم ملقأتي	worry about
	يتبع نصيحة يستغرق في النوم يعطى نصيحة يتحدث/يدردش مدرك/واع بـ

Derivatives

Verb	THE NAME OF	The second second second			
		Nour		Adjective	
expect	يتوقع	expectation	توقع	expected	متوقع
identify	عدد	identification identity	تحدید هویة هویة	identified	محدد هويته
notice	يلاحظ	notice	ملاحظة	noticeable	ملحوظ
relax	يسترخى	relaxation	استرخاء	relaxed	مسترخ
share	يشارك	share	مشاركة	shared	مشترك
suggest*	يقترح	suggestion	اقتراح	suggestive	موح/اقتراحي

- I suggest watching a comic film tonight.
 - My suggestion wasn't agreed on by the majority.
 - The conditions are suggestive of what happened before.

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning	المرادف Synonym	المضاد Antonym
efficient	كفء	skillful/effective	incompetent/incapable غير قادر/غير كفء
expect	يتوقع	anticipate/suppose	overlook يتجاهل
identify	يحدد	recognise/determine	ربك/يسى، فهم confuse/mistake
offer	يعرض	present/suggest	deny/request ينكر/يطلب
relax	يسترخى	calm/cool	irritate/worry يثير/يقلق
specific	مدرد	particular/definite	common/general مام
Suggest	يقترح	propose/recommend	oppose/deny پعارض/ينكر

لديه مشكلات مع

يدون ملاحظات

يخصص الوقت لـ

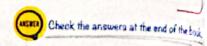
يقوم ايتخذ إجراء

يجلس أمام

يقلق على

بمفرده

Check Point Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: for feeding and sleeping. 1 Experts advise mothers to try to get their babies into a b) system a) red tape d) rest c) routine Since I started eating more healthily, I've got so much more a) product b) energy c) atom d) part 3 The match of the championship was attended by 60 thousand people. a) middle b) prior c) superior d) final 4 Temperatures are expected to be in therange for this month. a) strange b) normal c) foreign d) unexpected 5 The new owner of the company to renew the offices as they look old. a) plans b) rejects



Reading Text (1)

d) refuses



When I talk to teenagers⁽¹⁾ who are suffering from burnout, I start by talking to them about the negative effects of their mental health problems. It's a good idea to ask how they're feeling, for example, they may feel exhausted or they may not have any time for self-care. Then I ask them about their routine⁽²⁾ because I want

مراهقون (1)

روتين (2)

نمائي الخير (3)

to find out how much time they spend doing their homework and how much time they spend on other activities. After that, we can find out if there's anything we can change, for example to have better time management. A final⁽³⁾ important thing to look at is what activities the student really enjoys. We can talk about these and think about how the student can make more time for them.

c) aspects

Reading Text (2)

: Mohamed@mail.com To

From: Karim@mail.com

Hi Mohamed,

I wanted to write because I've noticed that you don't seem to be your normal self at the moment. You used to have so much energy(1), but now you look exhausted a lot of the time at school. I think I can understand how you're feeling because I was suffering from a lot of stress last year too. I couldn't cope with all of the homework I had. Instead of doing the work, I used to just

طاقة (1) (2) Jabas (3) يحدد

يجتمع/يتقابل (4)

sit at my desk and worry about it for hours. I remember that I was exhausted all the time and my teachers weren't very happy with my schoolwork. Time management was something I didn't know anything about back then, but I asked my sister for help and she showed me how to plan(2) my study time better.

Is there something that you're worrying about which is stopping you getting to sleep? Or maybe you're doing too many things at the moment. Everyone suffers from stress and finds it difficult to cope with life sometimes, so don't worry about it. When you understand that, you can start to identify (3) the reasons for your problems.

Why don't you think about what is happening in your life at the moment? Is there anything that you're spending too much time on? How often do you make the time to do something you really enjoy? We could get together(4) to have a talk about what's going on if you want. Just let me know when.

Talk soon.

Reading Text (3)

One way to help you deal with life's problems is to focus only on the things you can change. There are many external factors which may influence how well you can cope with a particular problem. However, you should accept that there are some things you just do not have control over. It is not helpful to worry about these things. For example, when it rains do you get stressed about getting wet? Or do you buy a good raincoat to keep you warm and dry in bad weather? This is an example of how you can find a quick and simple solution to what others might see as a problem. This is also the first step to accepting change as something normal. It is a simple way to make sure you remain positive when you face life's difficulties.

Reading Text (4) (Workbook)

- a) For the last few weeks, I've been feeling like I can't cope with everything in my life. My friend are getting great marks at school and after school they meet up. But I don't have time to join them. On social media they always upload photos and videos of themselves having fun in the park and around town. I don't know how they find the time to do all these things and study too
- b) I like to know what is happening in the world and I have set up my phone to send me news alerts. Recently though, there have been so many problems happening around the world and it's making me feel stressed. It's having a big impact on my well-being. I often feel quite anxious and don't want to leave the house.
- c) I have just started doing sport to calm down because recently I've been quite angry. We have just moved to a new city because of my dad's new job. I had to leave all my best friends, the athletics club I was in and all this happened during an important year at school. I want to study medicine, so I have to get good results in my exams. I often get angry about small things.

Listening Text (1)



ىكافح (1)

ضغط (3)

يحبط (4)

يركز (5)

على نحو كامل (2)

Nevine: This is Nevine and six months ago I was really struggling(1) with my mental health. I was suffering from burnout, and I wasn't spending any time on self-care at all. Fortunately, I'm feeling a lot better now. The first step was to work out what was causing the burnout. In my case, I was doing too many things and I couldn't cope. For example, I was trying to do all of my homework perfectly while also playing in four sports teams and volunteering at an old people's home on Saturdays. I realised that if you're not spending enough time doing things to promote your own well-being, you'll feel exhausted and sad. I decided to stop being such a perfectionist with my homework, only play in one sports team and only

volunteer at the old people's home two weekends a month. I always get enough sleep now. Now, at the weekend when I don't have to do anything, I just relax at home and enjoy spending time with my friends and family.

I always get enough sleep. Recently, I've learnt how to draw animals, but that's just for fun – I don't put any pressure on myself to do it perfectly!

: My name's Hany. I didn't think that I would ever have any mental health problems. I used to be so happy and relaxed all the time. Then last year, I started to feel under a lot of pressure at school because we had some important exams. I was so worried about not doing very well in the exams. I didn't want to disappoint(4) my parents who thought I was a really good student. I suffered from a lot of stress, and it was so bad that I couldn't sleep. Of course, that meant that I was exhausted at school the next day and found it hard to concentrate(5) in my lessons. One day I fell asleep in the library at school and a teacher had to come and wake me up. We talked about how I was feeling, and the teacher helped me to make a study plan I could follow and still get enough sleep! I now spend less time studying, but I learn more than I used to because I manage my time better and take regular breaks. I always get at least eight hours sleep as well.

Listening Text (2) (Workbook)

presenter: Hello and welcome to this week's edition of 'Positive Thinking'. In the studio with us today we have psychologist and popular author George Mitchell. Hello George and welcome to the show.

:Thank you for having me. I'm very happy to be here today. George

presenter: Let's talk about your new book called 'Positive thinking is easy' which was published just last month and has already sold 30,000 copies. Congratulations!

:Thank you. George

presenter: So, tell me. How can I be more positive?

: Well, there are many things we can do automatically so they become habits. The first George one is something I have done twice already while talking to you.

presenter : Really? What's that? : Saying 'thank you'. George

presenter: Ahh, yes. So, you mean we should say 'thank you' more?

: Well, what I mean is we should be more grateful for everything we have. We need to George focus more on all the good things and less on the negative. For example, in one study by psychologists in American Universities two groups of students were asked to keep a diary and each week group one wrote a few sentences about the things they were grateful for that week and group two wrote about the things that caused them stress. After just 10 weeks the first group were more optimistic, did more exercise and visited the doctor less!

Presenter: Wow! That reminds me of a saying my grandmother used to tell me about how some people see the glass half empty and others half full.

: Your grandmother was right. We should be happy for the good things in our lives and George extending this gratitude to other people will also make us feel better.

Presenter: That's an interesting point. Could you tell us more?

: Of course. We naturally feel more positive when we are kind to others. A study in 2017 showed that being kind to others or observing others being kind improved the wellbeing of the participants.

Presenter: Let me check I have understood. So, not only being kind to other people but also watching others being kind to other people can make you feel more positive?

: That's right. The impact is huge. Just imagine, if you are kind to someone and a third George person observes you, that's three people who immediately feel more positive and they might do something good for another person which will impact on others and so these positive feelings become contagious.

Presenter: Well, George Mitchell, this conversation has been very interesting and I'm sorry to have to end it there. We have heard how our own perception of things and being grateful can make us feel more positive. I guess there is just one important thing to say and that is ... 'thank you'!

:Thank you for having me on the show. I've really enjoyed talking to you today. Presenter: Well, listeners that's all we have time for today. Remember being positive all begins

with how you see things. Thank you for listening and stay happy and healthy.

Check Point 2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Many people believe that positive or negative feelings are _____ and can pass from a person to another quickly. a) unhealthy b) desperate c) contagious d) infected We all should show a deep to our teachers who worked hard for us. a) gratitude b) ingratitude c) hatred d) envy Nursery schools play an important role in enhancing children's of the world. a) prescription b) reception c) exception d) perception Most conference expressed their support for the idea of reducing carbon emissions النعاقات a) employers b) participants c) enemies d) venues The young athlete for 10 years to achieve success as an Olympic medal winner. a) released b) puzzled c) relaxed d) struggled Check the answers at the end of the lo تطبيق الأضواء تابع مستوالة الدراسي من خلال تقارير تقييم الأداء شاملة لجميع المواد.

Vocabulary in Use



علامة

FOCUS on Vocabulary

athletics

sports such as running and jumping

identify

to recognise and correctly name someone or something

memo

a short official note to another person in the same company or organisation

___ sign
a movement, sound, etc. that you make in order to tell someone something

Notes on Vocabulary

	NO	TES on Vocabulary
1	energy الطاقة (هــي القدرة على أن تقــوم بعمل دون تعبـا/القوة التي تأتى من الكهرباء أو الفحم أو البترول وتستخدم لتسيير الآلات.	 Children are usually full of energy. Most of the energy used nowadays comes from fossil fuels.
	power نفوذاسلطة/شدة/قوة محركة	The ship was helpless against the power of the storm. He was greedy for power and money.
(2	reason (n) for سبب/مبرر/تبریر	► The police asked her the reason for her visit. ➤ Could you explain your reasons for choosing this job? The reason why + ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹
	cause (n) of سبب/مُسَبُّب (يؤدي إلى نتيجة) يسبب/يحدث	 The major cause of these accidents is drivers going too fast. High winds caused many trees to fall during the night.
	۱- یشارك/یشترك (بدون قسمة) ۲- یشرك (یترك شخصًا یستخدم ما یخصه) ۳- یشترك مع شخص می أفكار أو آراء ٤- یشارك شخصًا آراء أو مشاعر أو خبرة ۵- یوزع	 We don't have enough books, so you'll have to share. When he was young, Samy never shared his toys with anyone. Other parents share their belief in the importance of reading. Students were able to share their experiences. They shared the cake between them.
	ا- يقسم ليفصل ٢- يقسم على رقم أفي الرياضيات)	The book is divided into six sections. If you divide 21 by 3, you get 7.

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routine	Everyone has their own morning routine before starting
لبالذ	their daily activities.
custom	In many countries, it's the custom for women to get married عادة مجتمعية in white.
Notes Con	on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts
but I ask	ked my sister for help and she showed me how to plan my study better.
	- لاحظ استخدام الصيغة (المصدر + how to) بعد الفعل (show).
Everyone suffers fi	rom stress and finds it difficult to cope with life sometimes.
الجمع.	ـ لاحظ استخدام الفعل في صيغة المفرد بعد (Everyone) لكن الضمير الذي قد يشير لها يأتي غالبًا في صيغة ا
on other activities	uch time they spend doing their homework and how much time they spend
	- لاحظ استخدام صيغة جملة وليس سؤالًا بعد (how much time) لأنها جملة غير مباشرة.
	- كما لاحظ استخدام حرف الجر (on) بعد الفعل (spend) بمعنى يقضى وقتًا في.
Check Point Rugby is one of the a) reason	e sports that are most likely to injury as it involves violent actions.
c) cause	b) avoid d) result
2 I know that many	people do not my grandfather's old views about women's role
in society.	y grandather's old views about women's role
a) share	b) divide
c) split	d) device
3 In my opinion, tou	rists should respect theand culture of the country they are in.
a) routines	b) customs
c) activities	d) influe-
4 The Minister annothing homes.	unced that the new wind farm will provide enough for 100,000
a) power	b) gravity
c) influence	d) energy





Vocabulary Exercises

memb		plying Analysing Evaluating Cre	A Charles and the second secon	
ho	ose the correct answ	er from a, b, c or d:	ealing	
		Listening, Workbook Vocabu	dary & Vocabulary Notes	
1	The prison service sho	د تامیل ould try to rehabilitate	the state of the s	san load
	ives when they leave	prison.	prisoners so that they يعيد	can lead and and and a
	a) average	b) normal	a) atamaland	d) terrific
2	The doctor at the sch	ool should be able to	c) standard	a) terrinc
	a) extend	b) alert	c) offer	d) warn
3	prefer the kind of dra	ama that tells you something		
	a) real	b) false	c) optimistic	d) creative
4	Managers can	their employees to get the		
	a) recognise	b) identify		d) trust
5	I didn't really	. Said to come to the party a	s he has important exams	
	a) expect	1.1	c) except	
6	He was always late fo	r work. For this, his		- Partie De la Company
	a) factor	b) reason		d) share
7	After parking his car	under a "No parking"		
	a) notice	b) note	c) sign	
8	My daily beg	gins when my alarm clock go		
		b) custom		d) tradition
9	A went arou	and the office, reminding sta	ff of the date of the next n	neeting.
	a) sign	b) memo	c) signal	d) mark
10	Aircraft are required	by law to carry special electr	ronic devices, so that they	can beall
	through their journe	y. with the same of the same		
	a) extended	b) devised	c) identified	d) allied
11	Facebook groups en	able young men to	ideas and latest news.	
	a) divide	b) extend	c) export	
12	Climate change mad	e people more and more	of the danger of glo	bal warming.
	a) creative	b) normal	c) aware	d) hopeful
13	The firestar	ted only a few minutes befo	re the fire.	
	a) alort	b) tool	c) extinguisher	
14	The walls of	the school were painted ye	llow before the beginning	of the year.
	a) middle	b) external	c) expected	d) perfect
15	Television brings ma	ny benefits, but it can also h	nave a badon peo	pple.
	a) depiction	b) image	c) defect	u) minuence
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16	Students are welcom	e to bring along a family	or friend in the sch	our party.
	a) organ	h) member	c) quest	u) HOST
17	Doctors warn us that	lack of exercise is an impor	tant risk for hear	t disease.
	a) defect	h) fiction	c) factor	-/ Pidil
18	The new boss	that all was not well within	in the organisation due to	the loss rate.
	a) perceived	h) achieved	c) concerned	a) mindenced
19	Karl Luis and Usain Bo	olt, the great runners, are fa	mous figures of the interr	national
	a) politics	b) trade	c) soccer	atmetics
20	The government	a gradual improveme	nt in sales of electric car	s, so they offer rea
	advantages to them.	Report Control of the		
	a) accept	b) expect	c) expel	d) respell
CE	voressions Idiome Bee	positions, Derivatives, Synon	ums & Antonyms	
21	I asked my father to	me some advice ab	out revising for the exam.	
	a) give	b) take	c) suggest	d) request
22	Last night, I couldn't.	to sleep, so I am ve		
-	a) fall	b) get	c) give	d) take
23	Experts say that you r	must set some jobs for your	child that he can do	his/her own.
•)	a) in	b) of	c) at	d) on
24	The government are	reallyaction to con	and pro التضخم and pro	otect citizens.
	a) giving	b) getting		d) owning
25	Don't worry; you'll jus	st have to cope the	situation in the company.	
	a) at	b) with	c) in	d) about
26	My uncle is very weal	thy, so he never has to worr	y money.	
	a) for	b) with	c) in	d) about
27	Mr Hamdi and Mr Nal	bil felt very after the	eir trip to England.	
	a) relax	b) relaxation	c) relaxing	d) relaxed
28	The Ministry of Youth	rejected a that mo	ney should be spent to im	prove the old club
	and decided to rebuil	a it.		
	a) suggest	b) suggestion	c) suggested	d) suggestive
29	The money was coned	rted for a specific purpose. I	he synonym of the adjact	ve "specific"
	15			
20	a) public	yay of contacting a law	Comme	
30	tmail is an efficient v	vay of contacting a large nu	imber of people. The anto	onym of the word
	C.11, C. C.			
	a) vague	b) clear	c) incompetent	d) responsible



Lessons 3 & 4



Language

Modal verbs

لأفعال الناقصة

تستخدم (Modal verbs) وهي الأفعال المشروطة بالمصدر بعدها للضرورة والاستطاعة والاحتمال وإعطاء الإذن والطلب والاقتراح والنصيحة، وقد تم شرح الاقتراح والنصيحة في الجزء الأول وسنتناول بالشرح الأجزاء الباقية في الجزء القادم.

Present perfect

المضارع التام

Present have to	1	Past		Future	
has to	> 4:		۵		sary
must	ssary + Inf.	had to	necessal to + Inf	will have to	eces: + Inf
have got to	nece to	ضرورة في الماضي وتم فعلها			be ne
has got to	for		was for		will b
need to / needs to		needed to	=	will need to	- t

تفيد must الضرورة الشخصية (ظروف شخصية تضطره لذلك) والشخص يكون موافقًا لهذه الضرورة وراضيًا عنها. وتفيد have to ضرورة مفروضة من الخارج ليس لديك اختيار في فعلها أو لا.

- I have to get up early on school days.
- I must visit Ramy on Saturday as I promised to visit him.
- It is necessary for all students to study hard.

All students must / have to/ have got to/ need to study hard.

It was necessary for him to visit Alex.

He had to visit Alex.

كان مضطرًا لزيارة الإسكندرية لذلك زارها.

It will be necessary for the government to build more houses.

The government will have to build more houses.

Lack of necessity

عدم الضرورة

Present		Past		Future	
don't have to		didn't have to	>		>
doesn't have to	ssary Inf.	didn't need to	necessar o + Inf.	won't have to	cessar Inf.
don't/doesn't need to	to +	لم یکن ضروریًا فعل شیء فلم نفعله	nec to +	100 22 145	- B
needn't (to بدون)	It isn't r for	needn't have + P.P. لم یکن ضروریًا فعل شیء ولکن تم فعله	It wasn't for		t won't be for to

It isn't necessary for her to buy more dresses.

She doesn't have to/ needn't / doesn't need to buy more dresses.

It wasn't necessary for me to travel abroad.

I didn't have to travel abroad.

I needn't have travelled abroad.

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3) Prohibition

lt's

banned ممنوع forbidden محرم prohibited محظور

to park here.

Parking is

banned forbidden prohibited not allowed

here.

You mustn't (can't) park here. = You aren't allowed to park here.

Must /mustn't (other uses)

You must come and see us at the weekend.	(a warm invitation)
You must wash your hands before you eat.	(strong advice)
You must buy souvenirs for our friends here. We mustn't forget that tourism is important.	(a strong reminder to ourselves)

Check Point 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1	You pass you	r exams to go to un	iversity.	
	a) can	b) needn't	c) may	d) have to
2	I reallyphone	e Mazen. I promised	I'd phone him as soon as I	had any news.
	a) must	b) have to	c) need	d) needn't
3	Office staffw	ear a suit but they s	hould look smart.	
	a) mustn't	b) shouldn't	c) don't have to	d) can't
4	Youbuy that	book. You can borro	ow mine.	track receives
	a) mustn't	b) needn't	c) shouldn't	d) can't
5	Our school bus broke do	own, so the pupils	walk to school.	a comment and
	a) must	b) ought	c) had to	d) would



4) Possibility

الاستطاعة

		Future
can	could	and the second second
am/ is / are able to	was/ were able to	will be able to

It is possible for surgeons to transplant hearts.

Surgeons can (are able to) transplant hearts.

It was possible for us to beat the other team.

We could beat the other team.

استطاع فعل الشيء could

could have + p.p. كان في الإمكان فعل شيء ولم يفعله

I went to school on foot, but I could have gone by train.

لاحظ استخدام possible للاحتمال إذا جاء بعدها that وفي هذه الحالة نستبدلها بـ may

الاستطاعة lt's possible for + obj

للاحتمال It's possible that + subj+ verb

It's possible for her to speak Spanish well. She can speak Spanish well.

It is possible that it will rain tomorrow. It may rain tomorrow.

Can/ be able to / capable / ability / enable

	can/ could + inf.	speak English.
My friend	is / was able to + inf.	o + inf. speak English.
is / was capable of + v-ing	speaking English.	
	has / had the ability to + inf.	speak English.
مکن Money enables	us to buy what we need. يو	

تفيد be able to الاستطاعة بعد مجمود

- My rival was strong, but I was able to beat him.
- The questions were difficult, but the students were able to answer them.

Probability/Possibility

Present / future	Past
may/ might + inf.	may/ might have + P.P.

It's probable that Ali will visit us tomorrow.

Ali may (might) visit us tomorrow.

Perhaps, they won the match.

They may (might) have won the match.

تستخدم might للاحتمال في المضارع ولكنها أقل احتمالًا من may

My uncle may visit us tomorrow.

(It is possible, but we aren't sure.)

My uncle might visit us tomorrow.

(There's a small chance.)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 My sister is only 6, but she already play the piano.
 - a) needn't
- b) has to
- c) must
- d) can
- 2 Do you see black clouds? Itrain this evening.
 - a) needs
- b) could
- c) may
- d) mustn't

- 3 Nancy is very late. Sheher train.
 - a) may have missed
- b) may miss
- c) had to miss
- d) should have missed
- 4 The boywalk again soon after he had had an operation.
 - a) might

a) couldn't

- b) was able to
- c) is able to
- d) can
- 5 If one person is careless with a library book, then it be read by others.

- b) may
- c) mightn't
- d) can't



Check the answers at the end of the book

Unit 4 Lessons 3 & 4



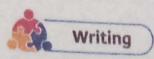
Language Exercises

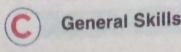
Remembering Understanding Applying Analysing Evaluating	• Creating
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	
1 We leave now or we'll be late.	
a) can	b) will
c) must	d) needn't
2 I'll go out soon. My father is waitin	a for me
a) should	b) must
c) ought to	d) have to
3 A horse go twice as fast as an elep	hant
a) is used to	b) can
c) used to	d) is able
4 Youget the 9.45 train. You could g	
a) don't have to	b) mustn't
c) should	d) must
5 I missed the bus this morning, so I	
a) have to	b) ought
c) had to	d) must
6 Wesee him tomorrow.	tracks of the Theorem
a) would	b) might
c) had to	d) ought
7 Hurry up! It is a quarter past 10. We really	
a) don't have to	b) wouldn't rather
c) needn't	d) mustn't
8 Hetake his medicine three times a	day. The doctor told him so.
a) has to	b) need
c) have to	d) could
9 1buy any food yesterday as there v	vas no one at home.
a) might	b) must
	d) have to
10 Youwatch TV when you are studyi	ng.
a) shouldn't	b) couldn't
c) aren't	d) didn't
11 People who know a foreign language	learn a second one easily.
a) Siloulu	nood-'s
c) mustn't	d) can
iz fuldit want to go there but i	
a) might	b) must
(e) c) had to maked the state of the same of	d) cant
13 Visitorsstay in the hospital after te	en p.m.
a) must not	b) might not
c) needn't	41 married
14 I didn't phone my uncle because n	ny sister did it herself
a) nad to	b) be to
c) must	d) have to

15 A: Hive near my work.	
B: So you go to the office by cro	wurdend besone
a) Have to	b) don't have to
c) are able to	
16 The skier broke his leg andcom	d) can't
a) had to	pete in the recent Olympic Games.
c) couldn't	b) mustn't
17 Does Hanyleave home at 7.30?	d) might
a) have to b) has to	
18 Father is mending the car. After that we	c) must d) had to
a) can	
c) will be able	b) might
	d) may
19 A: I understand the rule;	I take the examination another time?
a) mustn't / must	
c) could / can	b) can't / may
	d) may / can
20 A: we do this work now?	
B:	
a) May / Yes, you may	b) Can / Yes, you can
c) Could / Yes, you must	d) Must / No, you needn't
21 It's a for all of us to protect the c	
a) necessary	b) has to
c) importance	d) must
22 Youget a visa before you go ab	
a) mustn't b) will have to	c) had to d) needn't
23 I feel sick and tired. So Igo to so	
a) could	b) haven't to
c) am not able to	d) can
24 That's a question nobodyanswe	er.
a) can b) cannot	c) must not d) were to
25 It was so warm that we wear ou	r coats. It was very pleasant.
a) had to	b) couldn't
c) didn't have to	d) mustn't
26 We didn't go out last night. We	to the cinema, but we decided to stay at home.
a) needn't go	b) must have gone
c) should go	d) could have gone
27 You find some of the most inter	esting people in this company.
	c) should d) ought to
a) have to b) may 28 You will have to pay a fine. You	
	b) mustn't have driven
a) shouldn't have driven	d) can't have driven
c) must have driven	
29 A: " I have another cup of coffee B: No, you mustn't. You are suffering from	nian bidda bressure.
	b) Would
a) Need	d) Must
c) May	
30 He must study hard. This sentence means	b) it's advisable for him to study bard
alit's war for him to study flatu	d) he ought to study hard
c) he is to study hard	a, ne ought to study fluid
	Unit 4 Lessons 3 & 4



Lessons 3 & 4





Write an email to a friend who seems to be suffering from burnout.

An informal email

Introduction

Possible signs of burnout you have noticed.

Supporting Paragraph(s)

Your own experiences of stress, exhaustion or burnout – real or imagined.

- What you know about the causes of burnout.
- Ideas for things that can help people with stress, exhaustion or burnout.

Closing Paragraph

Some specific advice you could give your friend.

Model email

To : kenzy@mail.com From : nourhan@mail.com

Hi Kenzy,

I would like to write because I've noticed that you are different these days. You don't like to take part in any school trip and you say that you are always tired and exhausted to go to your karate training sessions. You also always refuse to go with us anywhere for the weekend. Our teachers say that you usually neglect your homework and forget your books at home.

I can understand this because I had nearly the same problems last year. My mother was very ill. So, I had to go to school and do the housework at home and look after my mother. I didn't have time to do any kinds of activities. I missed my training tennis lessons and didn't have time to get together with my friends. I then felt the same as you. I read about this case and found that experts say that workload and stress are the main causes of burnout and frustration.

Why don't you think about what is happening in your life at the moment? Is there anything that you're spending too much time on? How often do you take the time to do something you really enjoy? We could get together to talk about this.

Bye for now,

Nourhan

Golden Question

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:



- -Ian email to the company complaining about the 200 pounds extra in the last trip but they replied well.
 - a) shouldn't send
 - c) should have sent

- b) didn't need to send
- d) needn't have sent

Test Yourself (a)



Unit 4

 Understanding Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 The doctor gave the patient _____ instructions on how to care for the wound. a) unclear b) specific c) normal d) public 2 Leila did not tell the boss the real _____ for her leaving the job. b) search c) reason d) recipe 3 Both the father and the mother _____ the responsibility for their children. a) repair b) deny c) divide d) share 4 We replaced the old secretary with a new very one who helped our company a lot. a) efficient b) lazy c) inactive d) useless 5 The first thing I about the room was the colour of the wall paint. a) advised b) commented c) signalled d) noticed 6 To keep healthy, you should make exercise a part of your daily a) red tape b) rule d) research c) routine 7 We need to make people _____ of the effects of their lifestyle on the environment. a) unconscious b) aware c) ignorant d) denied 8 I am used to together with my friends at the weekend. a) getting b) going c) making d) doing 9 You _____ the job. Why didn't you try again? a) may take b) can take c) must take d) could have taken 10 He _____ have replaced the tyre; it was still quite good. b) needn't c) could d) had to 11 You _____ a raincoat. You are wet through. a) should have worn b) could wear d) may wear c) must have worn 12 As my sister was taking an examination, Ilook after her baby yesterday. c) had to b) could d) must a) was able to 13 "Adel _____ in the house now," thinks my mother. a) had to b) might be c) will be d) be 14 My cousin _____ read and write when he was five. c) may b) must 15 A: _____ I smoke here? B: No, you b) Can/may a) May/mustn't d) Can/needn't c) May/need 16 Sorry, Igo with you. I finish my work. b) couldn't / have to a) mustn't / can d) may not / must c) can't / must Which of the following is correctly punctuated? b) If you visit Cairo, come and see me. a) If you visit Cairo; come and see me. d) If you visit cairo, come and see me. c) If you visit Cairo: come and see me. Unit 4 Lessons S & a 411 A message from one company to another company is a kind of

a) a formal email
b) an informal email
c) an expository essay
d) a persuasive essay

In a/an paragraph, the author is writing about what a person, place, or thing is like
a) descriptive
b) persuasive
c) expository
d) narrative

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Kareem was at home reading when he heard a frantic knock on his door. He looked through the peephole⁽¹⁾ and saw that it was his neighbor, Mrs Farid. Puzzled⁽²⁾, he opened the door.

"Sorry to disturb you, Kareem. Can you help me? My husband has fallen down and he's too heavy for me to lift⁽³⁾ him up," Mrs Farid pleaded.

Without hesitation⁽⁴⁾, Kareem went over. When he went into Mrs Farid's house, he was shocked to see Mr Farid lying face down on his bedroom floor, motionless⁽⁵⁾. He did not dare to move Mr Farid for fear that he might have any internal⁽⁶⁾ injury. He called for an ambulance.

Within ten minutes, they heard the ambulance siren. Kareem ran downstairs to meet the paramedics⁽⁷⁾. They gingerly⁽⁸⁾ lifted Mr Farid onto a stretcher⁽⁹⁾ and carried him into the ambulance. Kareem accompanied them to the hospital.

The first thing that the doctor at the hospital did was to send Mr Farid for an X-ray. This was to ensure that there was no blood clot in the brain. Unfortunately, indeed there was. Mr Farid was immediately sent for an emergency surgery. Finally, after three hours, the doctor emerged and reported that the clot was removed and Mr Farid was in stable condition⁽¹⁰⁾. Kareem and Mrs Farid heaved great sighs of relief. It was another hour later that they were allowed to see Mr Farid. By then, Mr Farid was conscious⁽¹¹⁾ but still groggy from the surgery.

In fact, for the rest of Mr Farid's one-week hospital stay, Kareem tried to be with Mrs Farid whenever he could. The couple was very grateful to Kareem for the help he rendered 123.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 20 The best title to the passage is
 - a) Mr Farid's injury and Karim's noble character
 - b) Mrs Farid's worry about her husband
 - c) A week in the hospital
 - d) The paramedics' bravery
- 21 According to paragraphs one, why did Kareem open the door?
 - a) He was feeling frantic.
 - b) He wanted to see who it was.
 - c) He wanted to take a break from his reading.
 - d) He was unsure why Mrs Farid was looking for him.
- 22 Which one of the following pieces of information is not true?
 - a) Mr Farid lay very still.
 - b) Kareem was too shocked to move Mr Farid.
 - c) Mr Farid had fallen down in his bedroom.
 - d) Kareem was afraid that Mr Farid might have injured himself internally.



(11) واغ (12) قدموا (9) نقالة (10) حالة مستقرة

(7) مسعفین (8) بحدر شدید

(5) بلا مرکة (6) باذلی

رق) پرفع (4) ترب ا العين السحوية ا متبير

	2	When the paramedics arrived, they		
100000	20	a) tall to meet wareem		
Personal		c) carried Mr Farid into the ambulance	b) did some stretchin	
STATE OF	24	The paramedics were verywhen they	d) required an explar	ation
outpoor.		a) bota		A) equal equ
2000000	25	What does "This" in paragraph five refer to?	c) strong	d) careless
No. of Spinish		a) Sending Mr Farid for an X-ray.	b) The blood clot in M	As Earld's brain
Ì	(c) Waiting for Mr Farid to have his surgery.	•• •	
Total Section	26	Which of the following best explains which a	Counte was grateful to	o Kareem?
SPESSON!		all the think and the difficultance		, Kareem:
10294000		b) He did not blame Mrs Farid for interrupting	g his reading	
DENTAGE		C) The did this pest to field the couple in whate		
STATE OF		a) he was clevel ellough not to have moved	Mr Farid when he	unconscious.
PACCOUNT.	27	The anterior of the Word groggy Is	• 📆	
thicker.		a) sleepy b) unsteady	c) dizzy	d) alert
1	Rea	ed the sentences and choose the correct tran	slation from a, b, c or	d:
-	28	Mental health means feeling good about who	O VOU are having balan	oco in your life and in
		your thinking, and responding constructively	to life's highs and low	ce in your life and in
	,	ياتك وفي تفكيرك، والاستجابة البناءة لحالات النجاح والإحباط في الحياة.	to mes riigns and low).
	,	ياتك وفي تفكيرك والاستجابة البناءة لحالات النجاح والإحباط في الحياة.	يا عن هوينت، وتحقيق التوازن في ح	ا عنى الصحة العقلية السعور بالره
		ياتك وفي تفكيرك، والاستجابة السلبية لحالات النجاح والإحباط في الحياة.		
Į		اتك وفي تفكيرك، والاستجابة البناءة لحالات الارتفاع والانخفاض في الحياة.		
	•	همة بالنسبة إلى السلامة النفسية. ويشمل ذلك اتباع أنماط نوم صحبة	، تطوير عادات اجتماعية وعاطفية م	29 إن المراهقة فترة حاسمة من أجر
1	,	ومهارات التواصل مع الاخرين. a) Adolescence is a critical period for develop	وير معارات التأقلم وحل المشاكل و	وممارسة الرياضة بانتظام، وتط
1		important to psychological well-being. This		
		exercising regularly, and developing coping		
The same of	١,	b) Adolescence is a critical period for developing		
		to physical well-being. This includes adopt and developing coping, problem-solving a	ing healthy sleep patte	erns, exercising regularly,
		c) Adolescence is a critical period for developing	ng social and emotional	
I		to affection well-being. This includes adopt	ing healthy sleep patte	rns, exercising gradually,
Į		and developing coping, problem-solving ar	nd interpersonal skills.	habitast
		d) Adolescence is a critical period for developing to psychological well-being. This include:	s adopting healthy sl	nabits that are important
Ì		regularly, and developing coping, problem	-solving and interperso	onal skills.
		ة فلديك بالفعل العديد من قطع الملاب التي ذاري الترتيب ما	ن تشترى كل هذه الملابس الجديد	30 أعتقد أنه لم يكن لزامنا عليك أر
Ì		a) I guess you didn't have to buy all these new	clothes. You already hav	e many pieces of clothes
Ì		that It I do		
		b) I guess you don't have to buy all these new o	ciotnes. You aiready hav	e many pieces of clothes
-		41		
		that you don't rarely wear. c) I guess you needn't have bought all these		
-		clothes that you rarely wear. d) I guess you mustn't have bought all these	new clothes. You alrea	dy have many pieces of
Action		clothes that you rarely wore.		
		The that you fatery	6	Juit 4 Lapprine 2 6 4 213

Study

Chapter 4 (Great Expectations)

Vocabulary			
act (v) (ed)	يتصرف	injure (v) (d)	بؤنىايجرح
admire (v) (d)	يعدِب ب	lawyer (n)	محام
attack (n) (v) (ed)	هجوم/يهاجم	marry (v) (y ied)	يتزوج
benefactor (n)	متبرع/فاعل خير	object (v) (ed)	بعترض
condition (n)	شرط	privately (adv)	على انفراد
congratulate (v) (d)	يمنئ	proof (n)	دنيل
crowd (n)	حشد	property (n)	ملكية/ممتلكات
expectations (n)	توقعات/آمال	realise (v) (d)	يدرك
feelings (n)	مشاعر	stairs (n)	سلالم
guest (n)	ضيف فيف	sum (n)	مبلغ من المآل
hammer (n)	مطرقة	suspect (v) (ed)	يشك في
household (n)	أفراد العائلة/أهل البيت	upset (v)	يزعج/يضايق

Phrases, Expressions, Idioms & Prepositions

come true	يتحقق/يصبح حقيقيًا	lead a different life	يعيش حياة مختلفة
find his fortune	يبحث عن حظه	make a mistake	يرتكب خطا
from now on	من الآن فصاعدًا	my heart was set on	كان قلبي موجهًا نحو
in truth	في الواقع	worth the effort	بستحق الجهد
break into	يقتحم	care for/about	يعثم بـ



Great Expectations Exercises Chapter (4)

nementering • Chientanding	Applying € Analysing ● Evelu Wer from a, b, c oz d	ating Creating	
		she will not tole	rate any lateness to class.
a) on	b) over	c) upon	d) then
Everyone believed th about it.	nat Henry had killed his w	rife, but without	nothing could be done
a) groove	b) examination	c) belief	d) proof
The carpenter's thun	nb began to swell after he	e hit it with a	
a) humour	b) hammer	c) hammock	d) hamstring
tt really my	wife when my son lost hi	s Job.	
a) pleased	b) upset	c) excited	d) cheered
A fitness plan will be	the effort and n		dds excitement
a) deserved	b) equal	c) worse	d) worth
He had always	his heart on a career i		A WOLLI
a) set	b) sat	c) taken	d) given
Second language sti	udents sometimes have		out how much they will
learn in a 3-month co	ourse.		The state of the s
a) respirations	b) aspiration	c) expectations	d) memories
He was a great public	cand gave land		
		c) beneficent	d) benefactor
No one will	she killed her husband; t		
a) suspect		c) trust	d) tell
0 I think youv	very wisely when you tolo		
a) rehearsed	b) acted	c) trained	d) believed
1 The immune system	is the body's defense aga	inst by germs.	
a) attach	b) relief	c) attack	d) treatment
2 The karate player	herself during traini	ng and she couldn't take	part in the tournament
a) puzzled	b) inspected	c) trained	d) injured
3 After 40 years, my un	cle's dream of owning a l	nome true.	
a) went	b) came	c) made	d) travelled
4 Someone broke	my car and stole the	radio and the mobile I I	
a) into	b) at	c) of	d) up
of people lir	ned the streets of the city	as the Queen's car pass	ed by.
a) Flocks	b) Herds	c) Crowds	d) Armies
		(U	nit 4 Chapter 4 215

Unit 4

Advanced & Open General Exercises

a Reme	mbering @ Understanding B Applyin	ig Analysing	المعتقالية	See See See	
Ch	oose the correct answer	from a, b, c or d:	director to manager in a few years. d) promoted c) risen		
4	The hardworking clerk w	ras from head di	stricen	d) promoted	
,	a) developed	b) offered	C) tipen		
2		is the H	orth.	d) interested	
-	Most of the country's inc a) related	b) appeared	c) concentrates		
3	The young actress is very	about her clot		d) public	
	a) particular	b) private	c) general	The same of	
4	a) particular All the bad young men	off when they he	ard the police stren.	d) attacked	
				What is	
5	Humans believe that the	the they are the only creatures to have the power of			
	a) cause	b) explanation	c) reason	d) justification	
6	Ibrahim for the company since he left university.				
	a) was working		b) is working		
	c) works	Thurst Turk Turk Turk Turk Turk Turk Turk Turk	d) has been working		
7	The supermarket at 10:00 in the morning every day.				
	a) is opening		c) open	d) opened	
8	There's no point leaving now; the film by the time we reach the cinema.				
	a) was starting	b) going to start	c) will have started	d) had started	
9					
			c) taste		
10	My father didn't	live in a big city.		The Market of	
	a) used to	b) use to	c) used	d) get used to	
11	1 I don't think that Samy has travelled on a plane.				
	a) yet	b) never	c) still	d) ever	
12	Tamer to be fall	ling asleep at his desk.			
	a) appears	b) was appearing	c) is appearing	d) appear	
13	Jehanalready cleaned the kitchen by the time her mother got home.				
	a) has	b) was	c) had	d) is	
14	Hea bath wher	the doorbell rang.			
	a) had	b) is having	c) has	d) was having	
15	Ramy is my closest friend - weeach other for a long time.				
	a) have been knowing	b) have known	c) knew	d) know	

Unit 4

Al-Adwaa Test

	cose the correct answer from	Creation				
Ch						
1	After his long day at work, Omar looks too a) retreated b) relaxed	The State of the S	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH			
	a) retreated b) relaxed	to do any further wo	ork.			
2	It is usually that girls are less	c) pleased	d) exhausted			
	a) advertised h) supp	nan boys.				
3	Experts and doctors say that physical	c) altered	d) perplexed			
9	Experts and doctors say that physical and emotion a) sorrow b) exercise	onal are closely	/ linked.			
	students have a/an between German Face	c) well-being	d) fight			
*	Students have a/an between German, Free	ench, Spanish or Italian	in secondary schools.			
	a) choice b) distraction We were each given a specific topic to talk about Ti	c) obligation	d) fiction			
0		no antonum of the adio	ctive "chacitie" ic			
	a) particular b) private Passengers were asked to	c) common	d) special			
Ď	their own suite	ases before they were	put on the plane.			
2	a) deny b) damage The operation enabled the	c) identify	d) clarify			
7	the operation enabled the wounded soldier to le	ad a/anlife.				
	a) apprormal	-1	d) normal			
3	time that he can't	ne for exercise.				
	a) do b) make	el aire	d) devise			
}	He recommendedstudying a foreign lan	guage if I wanted a be	tter job.			
	a) should I start	c) that I start	d) to start			
0	to the film theatre, then try Italian restau	rant				
	a) I suggested going b) What about going	() How about going	d) Let's an			
1	a) I suggested going b) What about going c) How about going d) Let's go Shall we invite Yasser to the party? The speaker is making a/an					
	a) offer b) suggestion	c) request	d) apology			
2	It's getting late. I suggest wea taxi.	to my mark	u) apology			
	a) take b) taking	c) to take	d) could take			
3	Ola isn't happy. I at her.	c) to take	u) could take			
•	a) should have laughed	b) shouldn't have laug	shod			
		d) ought to laugh				
A		a) ought to laugh				
7	Do you fancy out tonight?	al anima	Caronina do en .			
	a) go b) to go	c) going	a) to going			
9	"Why didn't you come to my party?" The speaker	c) cuancities				
	a) offering b) asking about reason		d) advising			
6	Which one of the following is grammatically corn	ectr				
	a) Let's call Ahmed and ask him what he thinks a	Dout it.	The state of the s			
	h) What about calling Ahmed and ask him what he thinks about it?					
	How about calling Ahmed and ask him what he thinks about it?					
	suggested calling Ahmed and ask him what he thinks about it.					
7	Choose the correct punctuation mark:					
	What an interesting film	4.1				
	t anneation mark	c) question tag	d) exclamation mark			
8	The can be used in compound words, to	link words to prefixes,	and also as a way to			
	thousand breaks					
	show word breaks.	c) hyphen	d) dash			
0	a) apostrophe The goal of a/an paragraph is to convince	e another person to ch	ange, or at least think			
•	ne goal of a/anparagraph is comething.					
	about changing their opinion about some	c) persuasive	d) descriptive			
	a) expository b) narrative					
		Unit	4 Al-Adway Test 217			

<u>20</u>	Which of these is not a medium for an ema		
0.	a) Intranet.	b) Internet.	

c) Extranet.

d) Paper.

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

There are many alternative(1) energy sources: wind power, solar(2) power, geothermal(3) power, and hydroelectric (4) power are some examples.

Wind Power. Wind power is the ability to capture(5) the wind in a way to propel the blades of wind turbines. When the blades rotate⁽⁶⁾, this movement is switched into electrical current with the help of an electrical generator. Wind towers are built on wind farms, and usually there are several towers built together. There are several advantages of this energy source: there is no pollution, it never runs out, farming and grazing (7) can still take place on the same land as the wind turbines, and wind farms can be built anywhere. One disadvantage is that you need a consistent⁽⁸⁾ wind to get enough power. If the wind speed decreases, less electricity is produced. Large wind farms can also have a negative visual effect on people who live nearby.

Solar Power. Solar energy is used for heating, cooking, making electricity, and even taking salt out of saltwater so the water can be drinkable and used for additional purposes that do not need the salt. Solar power uses sunlight that hits the solar thermal panels (9) to convert (10) the sunlight to heat either air or water.

Other methods of using solar power include simply opening up blinds or shades and letting the sunlight pass into the room or using some type of mirror to heat water and produce steam. One advantage of solar power is that it is renewable. As long as there is sunlight, you will be able to harness the power from it. There is also no pollution and it can be used efficiently to heat and light things. You can see the benefits of solar energy in heating swimming pools, spas⁽¹¹⁾, and water tanks in many cities across the country.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

21 Why is wind power considered a renewable source of energy?

a) Because it reduces electricity.

- b) Because the towers are built on wind farms. d) Because wind farms can be built anywhere.
- c) Because it never runs out.
- 22 When is less electricity produced?
 - a) When the wind speed decreases.
 - c) When solar power is produced.
- 23 What is solar energy used for?
 - a) Cooking and taking salt out of saltwater. b) Heating.
 - c) Making electricity.

- d) All of these.
- 24 On what condition is solar power renewable?
 - a) As long as there is sunlight.
- b) As long as there is air.
- c) As long as there are solar panels.
- d) As long as there is petrol.
- 25 One of the following isn't an advantage of wind power.
 - a) It lasts forever.

b) It doesn't pollute the environment.

b) When the wind speed increases.

d) When solar power increases.

- It needs a constant wind to get enough power.
- d) Wind farms can be built anywhere.
- 26 The underlined word "propel" means
- b) prepare
- c) pull

d) switch

- 27 What is the best title to the passage?
 - a) The wind and solar power as renewable energy
 - b) How can we use the wind power
 - c) The wind power as a cheap source of energy
 - d) Why many people use the solar power
- 28 The antonym of the word "nearby" is
 - a) close
- b) neighbouring
- c) immediate
- d) distant



(11) عيون مائية

(9) أتواخ حرارية (10) يحول

(7) رعی

(5) بستجود على

(3) حراری ارمشی (4) کھرومائی

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Henry attended a friend's birthday party today. It was an army-themed⁽¹⁾ party. The moment arrived, he had to give a solve-(2) he arrived, he had to give a salute⁽²⁾ at the door entrance. He was asked to report his name and

"What is your name, soldier?"

"Henry, sir!"

"And why are you here?"

"To attend Matthew's birthday party, sir!" Once the 'commander'(3) was satisfied(4) with Henry's answer, he was allowed to enter.

The first activity was a camouflage competition. There were tubes of camouflage face paint available. Everyone had to apply it on the face like a real soldier. Henry had never done anything like this before so it took him a rather long time to get the hang of it. He realised that putting on different shades of green and black was much more effective. Once everyone was ready, their camouflage had to be tested. A camouflage netting⁽⁶⁾ was placed in front of each person and the person who was the most well-hidden behind the netting was the winner. Surprisingly, Henry won the second prize.

Once the competition was over, there was a short break for lunch. After that, the children were provided with toy guns and army print sunglasses. They formed two teams and played army war games. The two groups had a 'war' and fought to see who would emerge victorious(7). It was chaotic (8) as the children were running everywhere and shooting and shouting. It sounded like a real war.

The last thing before the party ended was the cake cutting. Matthew had a mango sponge cake. The children sang the birthday song and Matthew blew out the birthday candles. That day, Henry had tremendous⁽⁹⁾ fun. He really enjoyed the camouflage competition. He had fun applying the gooey cream(10) on his face and looking like a real soldier.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 29 The best title to the passage is
 - a) Camouflage is a good activity
- b) Henry's prize was a surprise
- c) An enjoyable army-themed party d) The children's war at the party
- 30 According to the passage, which of the following is not true?
 - a) Henry had to salute before he could enter the party.
 - b) Henry had to shout his name before he could enter the party.
 - c) Henry had to put on camouflage before he could enter the party.
- d) Henry had to report his purpose of visit before he could enter the party. 31 Why did Henry take a long time to apply the camouflage paint to his face?
- a) He wanted to look like a real soldier.
- b) There were many tubes of camouflage paint.
- c) He had never done it before.
- d) He wanted to find the most effective way of doing it.
- 32 The winner of the camouflage competition
 - b) used only tubes of black and green paint
 - a) looked like a real soldier c) covered his face with a camouflage netting
 - d) concealed himself the best behind the camouflage netting
- 33 What does "it" refer to?
 - a) The war game.

- b) The two teams.
- d) The shouting of the children.
- c) The children at the party. 34 Henry had tremendous fun at the party because
 - a) he liked dressing up as a soldier
- b) he liked the mango sponge cake
- d) he liked behaving like a soldier in the game c) he liked singing the birthday song
- 35 The synonym of the word "gooey" is b) bright a) faint
 - c) bad

d) sticky

(9) مائل (10) وضع كريم لزج

(7) منتصر (8) فوضوي

(5) مسابقة تخف (6) شبلك

AME (3) (4) راض عن (۱) نو طابع عسکری (2) تحية

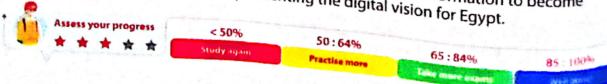
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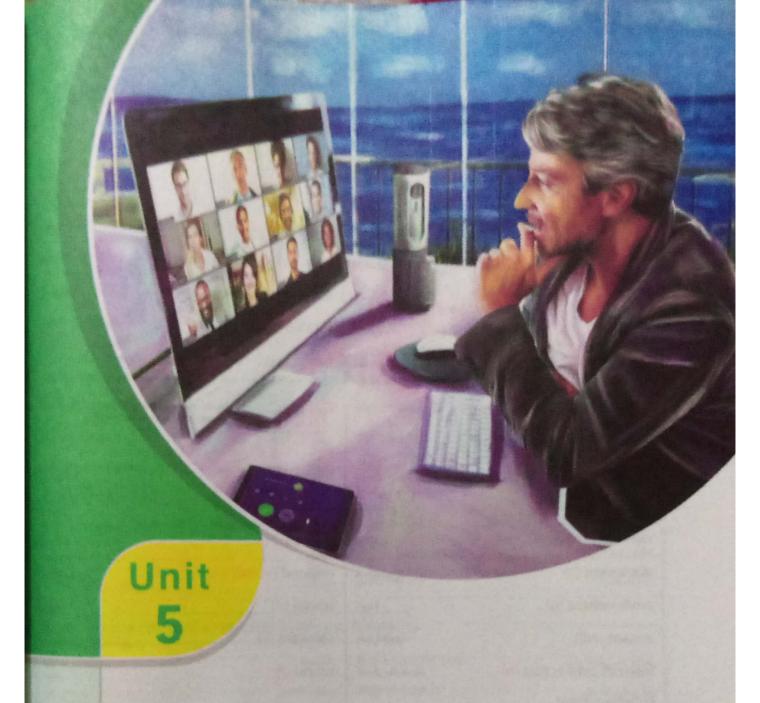
- 36 The party really was a) in an army camp
 - c) in the nearby school

- b) in Matthew's house
- d) in Henry's neighbour's house

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d: 37 Many people deal with stress every day. Work, family issues, health concerns, and financial

- obligations are parts of everyday life that commonly contribute to heightened stress levels . obligations are parts of everyday me that commonly حددة على يوم. العمل، وقضايا الأســرة، والمخاوف الصحية، والحقوق المالية هــي أجزاء من الحيلة اليومية المحدية، والحقوق المالية هــي أجزاء من الحيلة اليومية سيم تساهم بشكل عام في ارتفاع مستويات التوتر.
 - الله عن الناس يتعاملون مع التوتر كل يوم. العمل، وقضايا الأسرة، والمخاوف الصحية، الحقوق المالية هي أجزاء عن الحياة اليومية تسلهم بشكل عام في خفض مستويات التوتر.
 - . كاي رمن الناس يتعاملون مع التوتر كل يوم. العمل، وقضايا الأســرة، والمخاوف الصحيــة، والالتزامات المالية هي أجزاء من الحيلة اليومية تساهم بشكل عام في ارتفاع مستويات التوتر.
 - ل) كثيـر مــن الناس يتعاملون مع التوتر كل يوم. العمل، وقضايا المرأة، والمخاوف الصحية، والالتزامات المالية هي أجزاء من الحيلة اليومية لا تساهم بشكل عام في ارتفاع مستويات التوتر.
- 38 Sports should be a major part of the school curriculum. Sports are important because it helps to teach various skills to students like leadership, patience, teamwork, and social skills إلى يجب أن تكون الرياضة جزءًا رئيسيًا من المناهج الدراسية؛ والرياضة مهمة لأنها تساعد على تعليم مهارات مختلفة للطلاب مثل القبادة والصبر وجهد الفريق والمهارات الاجتماعية.
 - لى يجب أن تكون الرياضة جزءًا رئيسيًّــا من المناهج الدراسية؛ والرياضة مهمة لأنها تساعد على تعليم مهارات مختلفة للطلاب مثل القيادة والصبر والعمل الجماعي والمهارات الاجتماعية.
 - ع) يُجِب أن تكون الرياضة جزءًا فرعيًــا من المناهج الدراســية؛ والرياضة مهمة لأنها تســاعد على تعليم مهارات مختلفة للطلاب مثل القيادة والمثابرة والعمل الجماعي والمهارات الاجتماعية.
 - b} يجب أن تكون الرياضة جزءًا رئيسيًـــا من المناهج الدراســية؛ والرياضة مهمة لأنها تســاعد على تعليم مواهب مختلفة للطلاب مثل التقيد والصبر والعمل الجماعي والمهارات الاجتماعية..
 - 💸 شـمنت مصر طفرة كبيرة في المشــروعات القومية، فعلى مدى السنوات القليلة الماضية نشنت الحكومة المصرية العديد من المشروعات التي تسعم في رفع مستوى الاقتصاد وزيادة الدخل القومي المصري عبر جذب الاستثمارات الأجنبية.
 - a) Egypt has witnessed a great leap in national projects. Over the past few years, the Egyptian government has launched many projects that contribute to raising the level of the economy and increasing the Egyptian national income by attracting foreign investments.
 - b) Egypt has witnessed a great leap in national projects. Over the past many years, the Egyptian government has launched many projects that attribute to raising the level of the economy and increasing the Egyptian national income by attracting foreign investments.
 - c) Egypt has witnessed a great leap in national projects. Over the past few years, the Egyptian government has rebuilt many projects that contribute to raising the level of the economy and increasing the Egyptian national income by attracting strange investments.
 - d) Egypt has witnessed a great pull in national projects. Over the past few years, the Egyptian government has launched many projects that contribute to raising the level of the economy and increasing the Egyptian national income by attracting strange investments. 40 تسعى مبادرة مصر الرقمية إلى تمكين الجيل القادم من الشباب المصرى خريجي كليات الهندسة والحاسبات والمعلومات ليصبحوا قادة
 - a) The Digital Egypt initiative seeks to retrain the next generation of young Egyptian على مستوى عالمي قادرين على تنفيذ الرؤية الرقمية لمصر graduates from the colleges of engineering, computers and information to become worldclass leaders capable of implementing the digital sight for Egypt.
 - b) The Digital Egypt initiative seeks to empower the next generation of young Egyptian undergraduates from the colleges of engineering, computers and information to become world-class leaders capable of implementing the digital sight for Egypt.
- c) The Digital Egypt initiative seeks to empower the next generation of young Egyptian graduates from the colleges of engineering, computers and information to become world class leaders unable of implementing the digital vision for Egypt.
- d) The Digital Egypt initiative seeks to empower the next generation of young Egyptian graduates from the faculties of engineering, computers and information to become world-class leaders capable of implementing the digital vision for Egypt.







The future of work

Objectives

Reading : Text messages between a student and an IT Support worker

Writing : A letter of application for a job; An email asking for clarification

about study tips

Listening: A podcast about the future of work

Speaking: A discussion about new ways of studying

Language: Verb patterns with the gerund and infinitive; Phrasal verbs

Life skills : Problem solving



Lessons 1 & 🙎



A Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary	
catch up (v)	یلحق بـ/یجاری
install (v) (ed)	يركب/يثبت
join (v) (ed)	ينضم إلى/يلتحق بـ
leave (v)	يغادر/يترك
look into (v) (ed)	يفحص

mute (v) (d) (adj) *	يتم صوتــــا/مكـتوم الصوت
share (v) (d)	بشارك
switch on/off (v) (ed)	بشغل/يطفئ جهازًا
turn up (v) (ed)	برفع مستوى الصوت
turn down (v) (ed)	بنفض مستوى الصوت

In online meetings, it is often best to mute your computer when you are not speaking.

Vocabulary on Reading

chat (v) (ted) (n)
create (v) (d)
definitely (adv)
document (n)
environment (n)
instant (adj)
Internet connection (n)
IT (Information Technology) (n)
meeting (n)
messaging (n)

microphone (n)	ميكروفون
project (n)	مشروع
realise (v) (d)	ئىرك
respond (v) (ed)	پردایستجیب
screen (n)	شاشة
software (n)	برمجيات/برامج تشغيل
sound (n)	موت
support (n) (v) (ed)	ىعم/يدعم
technical (adj)	فنی
virtual (adj)	افتراضي

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

advent (n)	ظهور/وجود
analyse (v) (d)	يحلل
check-out (n)	الدفع
communicate (v) (d)	يتواصل
efficient (adj)	كفء

emerge (v) (d)	يظمر/ ينشأ
employee (n)	موظف
fade out (v) (d)	يغفت
independently (adv.)	بشكل مستقل
interviewee (n)	تُعطُور (من يجرى معه الحوار)

motivated (adj)	متحفز
nersonal (adj)	شخصى
predictable (adj)	متوقع /قابل للتنبؤ
prediction (n)	تنبؤ
range (n)	نطاق/ مجال

reliable (adj)	موثوق به
repetitive (adj)	تکراری/ متکرر
trend (n)	موجة/اتجاه
user-friendly (adj)	سمل الاستخدام
workplace (n)	مكان العمل

Workbook Vocabulary

طلب التحاق/تطبيق إلكتروني
يتقدم بطلب
متاح/متوافر
نتيجة
هبوط/انخفاض/يهبط/يقل
يحمل من الإنترنت
سعاعات الرأس
اتصال بشرى
خاص بالتعامل مع الأخرين
مستوى
عبر الإنترنت

plug (v) (ged) (n)	يقوم بتوصيل جهاز/قابس كعربى
position (n)	وظيفة/موضع
race (n)	سباق
role (n)	دور
stressful (adj)	مجهد
suited (adj)	مناسب/ملائم
tool (n)	اداة
type (n)	نوع
version (n)	نسخة/إصدار
video conference	مؤتمر عبر الفيديو
welfare (n)	رعاية/رفاهية

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

by accident	بالصدفة
do jobs	يقوم بالأعمال
have a meeting with	لديه اجتماع مع
apply for	يتقدم بطلب ل
consequences to	نتائج اـ
decline in	انخفاض/هبوط في

have control over	يمتلك السيطرة على
stay in touch	يبقى على اتصال
take control of	يتحكم في
hear from	يتلقى خبرًا من
suited to	مناسب/ملائم لـ
type of	نوع من

Verbs & nouns special Collocations

	The second secon
catch up with your work	تلحق بعملك
install software	يثبت برمجيات
join a virtual meeting	ينضم إلى اجتماع افتراضي
leave a virtual meeting	يغادر اجتماعًا افتراضيًا
look into possibilities	يستطلع الاحتمالات

mute your microphone	يكتم صوت الميكروفون
share your screen	تشارك شاشتك مع
switch your camera on/off	تشغل/تطفئ كاميرتك
turn the sound up/down	يرفع/پذفض صوت

		Deriv	atives		
Ver	b	No	un	Adj	ective
communicate	يتواصل	communication	تواصل معرب	communicativ	e واصلی
create	ينتج/يبدع	creation	إنتاج/إبداع	creative	رداعبا/وبي
decline	ينخفض/يمبط	decline	انخفاض/تراجع	declining	منفض/متراجع
employ	يوظف	employment employee employer	توظیف موظف صاحب عمل	employed unemployed	موظف ماطل/غير موظف
install	يركب/يثبت	installation	تركيب/تثبيت	installed	مثبت
predict	يتنبا ب	prediction	تنبؤ	predictable	بمكن التنبؤ به
realise	يدرك/يحقق	realisation	إدراك/تحقيق	realisable	بمكن إدراكه/تحقيقه
respond	يرد/يستجيب	response	رد/استجابة	responsive	استجابى
suit	يناسب/يلائم	suitability	مناسبة/ملاءمة	suited suitable	مناسب/ملائم مناسب/ملائم

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning	المرابف Synonym	المضاد Antonym
decline	ينخفض/يمبط	decrease/drop	increase/develop برید/بتطور
definitely	بالتأكيد	certainly/absolutely	doubtfully/indefinitely
install	يثبت	set up	remove/uninstall بزیل یلغی تثبیت
instant	فوري	immediate/present	delayed
join	ينضم إلى	enter	leave/avoid ينوك/يتينب
realise	يدرك	comprehend/recognise	misunderstand بسره الفصم
respond	يستحيب ايرد	react/behave	neglect
stressful	مجهد	annoying/nerve-racking	relaxing
suited	- Limita	appropriate/suitable	improper/unsuitable
welfare	رفاهية	prosperity/well-being	misery/depression

check Point 1 Choose th	e correct answer from a, b, c or d:
Using the internet, all the branches head office.	of the bank are linked to thedatabase at the
a) in line b) airline pro experts warn us not to	c) online d) offline grammes from websites that you are unfamiliar with c) detect d) design can from the Appstore to your desktop.
a) download b) create All people have to pay a fixed mer	c) innovate d) reload nbership fee to the local health club.

b) attach

b) attach

connect to the internet everywhere.

a) enroll

a) contact

Check the answers at the end of the book.

d) connection

d) join

Reading Text (1)

One of the advantages of a laptop is having a wireless internet that enables you to

c) connect

c) tie

: Sure. We wanted to have a virtual meeting with a group of students in Egypt for a project. We installed the software for the meeting	يثبت (1) ينضم إلى (2) يرد/يستجيب (3) وثيقة/مستند (4) ميكروفون (5)
: Sure. We wanted to have a virtual meeting with a group of students in Egypt for a project. We installed the software for the meeting	يرد/پستجيب (3) وثيقة/مستند (4)
in Egypt for a project. We installed the software for the meeting	وثيقة/مستند (4)
and that was fine Eventone initially it	market in making a substantial
and that was fine. Everyone joined the meeting. We turned our	(5) init (
microphones on and switched our cameras on. We could hear and	ميحرومون (د)
see everyone without any problems for the first five minutes.	اتصال بالإنترنت (6)
"Support : OK and what happened then?	بالتاكيد (7)
Carla : Then, I shared my screen and everything stopped working.	يدرك (8)
IT Support: So the other students couldn't hear or see you and you couldn't see or hear them either?	يفحص(9)
Carla :That's right. We were talking to them, but they stopped	فنی(10)
it seems that they still couldn't hear anything we said or see us. We can document I wanted to show them now. IT support: Did you mute your microphone? Carla: No, I didn't touch my microphone I was still on. IT support: Did you check your internet connection I was still on. IT support: Yes, I did. The internet connection is fine. IT support: That's strange. Are you definitely it? Carla: That's strange. Are you definitely it? Carla: I'll check. Oh, you're right. I closed the meeting by accident! Sorry. IT support: Don't worry. It happens Maybe you can look into other ways of stands with the students during your meetings if there are technical or instant messaging. Carla: Yeah, good idea. Thanks for your help. I'll go and email the students.	nat you left the
:Yeah, good idea. I nanks for your respecting 5	tone 1 8 2 225

Reading Text (2) (Workbook)

(١) رسايا تادام

عبر الإنترنت (5)

اتجامات (1)

(2) mis

متحفز (3)

IT Support Forum

Nevine: I've bought some new headphones and have plugged them in, but now I can't mute my microphone and everyone can hear me all the time.

Hana: I'm having problems with a video conference call. I can't hear anything when people are talking to me. I have just downloaded and installed the latest version of the software but nothing is happening. I have tried switching off the computer and turning it on again. Any other ideas?

Mazin: I need to show someone what is on my computer when we're on a call, but I don't know how to share my screen. Ziad

:There is a long delay when I'm playing games online and I can never keep up with my friends. I always lose the races in the games. Do I need to look into getting a better

Malak: When I join a meeting online, I can't turn on my camera. So people can hear me, but

Listening Text (1)

Salma: Hello and welcome to my podcast where we look at the world of work and the future. I'm joined now by Mina Mahmoud who looks at future trends in the workplace. Welcome, Mina. Mina: Thank you, Salma.

Salma: So, what do you think is the most important future trend in work we

Mina: I'd say the biggest change will be that companies will stop seeing work بشكل مستقل (4) as something everyone does in the same place and at the same time. A lot of employees were already working from home in 2020 and 2021. Employees will carry on with this and even more workers will join them. The research shows that home workers are very efficient and working from home is good for the environment. We also know that employees are more motivated if they decide their own schedule.

Salma: Does this mean that employees will have more control over other areas of their working lives? Will more people start working on their own rather than in teams?

Mina: Yes. More companies who are already expecting their employees to work independently. will continue doing this and others will soon catch up. Giving employees more responsibility encourages them to work harder. They enjoy making more decisions on their own and deciding how they work.

Salma: Do you think that employees will use technology to help them work more efficiently?

Mina : I think we'll definitely stop sending emails in the next ten or twenty years and use other ways of communicating.

Salma: Why?

Mina: The research suggests people think virtual meetings are a more effective way of solving problems and brainstorming ideas than sending and reading emails. So, these ways of communicating are likely to become more popular and emails will become less popular

5alma: That seems to be logical, I'll definitely remember to invite our team to a virtual meeting instead of sending them a hundred emails from now on!

Listening Text (2) (Workbook)

gresenter: Welcome to 'The Working World' where we are discussing the future of the labour market. Our guests today are Thomas Edwards and Omar Hamed.

: Thank you. Guests

presenter: Let's start with you, Omar. You have been studying the trends in the workplace for many years now. What do you want to tell young people about the future of work?

: Well, after analysing current job offers and interviewing business owners, we omar concluded that Artificial Intelligence will have a significant impact on the type of jobs in the future.

presenter: Now, Thomas, I think you feel quite strongly about Artificial Intelligence.

: Yes, I do. Artificial Intelligence, or 'Al' as we call it, promises to destroy jobs. One study found that 82% of areas in Europe and North America experienced a decrease in jobs as a result of using AI.

: Yes, but although this study appeared to show a decline in jobs, it failed to tell us there omar was an increase of 60% in jobs in areas where AI could not be used. Plus, an earlier study tells us that only 5% of jobs can be completely substituted by machines.

Presenter: So, what jobs will be less affected by Al?

: It is clear that jobs that need to use interpersonal skills are a lot safer from being Omar substituted by AI.

Presenter: You both seem to be suggesting that the job market appears to be changing. Should we risk using Al if it is going to cause so many problems?

Thomas : Change has always happened and always will. Most of our ancestors used to work in agriculture but machines reduced the demand for farmers but increased the need for computer programmers.

Presenter: What new jobs are expected to be common in the future?

: Well, teaching jobs appear to be an area that will be less affected by Al and technology 0mar in general, as well as jobs in medicine, so nurses and doctors.

Presenter: Nurses and doctors? Why is that?

Thomas : Well, the population of the world is getting older and as more people live longer, they will need more health care.

Presenter: Ah. That makes sense! What impact would this have?

: Well, it is expected that by 2030, an average of 600 million people worldwide will have 0mar to change careers or learn new skills.

Presenter: Interesting.... And what are some of these new skills, Thomas?

Thomas : They need to learn about new technology and speak different languages. With the internet we are working much more globally now and we need to speak to people all over the world. I would consider studying English to a very high level and perhaps another language too.

Presenter: OK, we're almost out of time. Can you give our listeners one last piece of advice, Omar?

: First of all, my advice would be not to worry. If you are at school now, do not give up 0mar the idea of your dream job. But remember you may need to learn a few new things to do that job in the future.

Presenter: Thank you. And how about you Thomas?

No.

: Although I don't often agree with Omar, I do on this point. Adapting is the key and you have to continue learning new things. This is more important now than ever.

Presenter: Well, thank you both very much for sharing your advice and giving us all a better idea of the world of work in the future.

	2.	from a, b, c or d:	
Check Point	2) Choose the corre	ct answer from a, b, c or d:	ially in the field of
a) general 2 If an athlete makes a) game 3 I'm worried as my fr	 b) exceptional a false start, the b) competition iend didn't 	c) electrical must be restarted in order c) race ny of my emails for a week	to make it fair. d) league now. d) repay
a) attack 4 A group of police of a) looking	ficers areinto th	ne disappearance of two chi	ldren in the poor distric d) realising
Voice-recognitiona) hardware	takes your speed b) software	th and turns it into text. c) machinery	d) training
			Check the answers at the end of the bo
install	Focus th the same standard as	other people in your class,	يلدق بـ/ يجارى group يركب/ يثبت
join ▶ to become a memb	er of an organisation, so	ociety, or group	ينضم إلى/يلتدق بـ
look into to try to find out the	e truth about a problem	n, crime in order to solve it	يفدمن عدد المستوات ال
mute to make the sound	of something quieter, o	r make it disappear comple	— يكتم صوتًا tely
switch on to turn on a machir	ne, light, radio, etc. using	g a switch	يشغل جهازًا
turn up		en, or a radio so that it produ	يرفع صوتًا

NOTES on Vocabulary

decline ينخفض/يهبط (تستخدم مع الأرقام والكميات ومستوى الشيء)	to decrease – used with numbers or amounts, or about the level or standard of something The standard of living in many countries has declined. Salaries have declined by around 4.5%.
	to become smaller or less important The politician's influence has diminished with time.
install ۱. يركب جهازًا ويعده للتشغيل ۲. يثبت برنامجًا في جهاز كمبيوتر أو تليفون محمول	 Security cameras have been installed in the city centre. We've installed new anti-virus software.
fix ١. يثبت شيئًا في شيء آخر ليبقى مدة طويلة ٢. يصلح	 The shelves should be fixed to the wall by a carpenter. He's outside fixing the brakes of the car.
interview مقابلــة شـخصية (لوظيفــة) مقابلــة (إذاعية/ تليفزيونية/صحفية)	I've got an interview for a job as an interpreter.
appointment موعد/میعاد (ترتیب لرؤیة شخص فی وقت معین)	I have an appointment to see my lawyer next Saturday.
مؤتمر conference	The president arrived for a conference with local officials.
meeting مقابلة/اجتماع	They organised meetings on a number of important political issues.
communicate (with) يتواصل/يتفاهم	Most companies communicate with each other using English.
ontact يتصل بـ	You can always contact me on my home number.
connect يصل/يربط بين شيئين	Cairo metro connects many parts of Cairo together.
download يحمل (ينزل معلومات من الإنترنث)	You can download this software for free.
upload يرفع الملفات إلى الإنترنت	It might take a while for this to upload.
يشحن/يحمل شحنة load	It took an hour to load the van.
unload يغرغ الحمولة	► The driver unloaded some boxes from the back of the truck.
The state of the s	

position

I'm not sure what I would do if I were in your position. = situation Our hotel was in a central position near Tahrir Square. = location Our headmaster took the position that music classes are unimportant. = attitude Bill took up his new position as Director in October.= job/post The position of women in society should be promoted. = importance/role Samia finished the race in third position and were a model. = rank			لنى في اللغة الإنجليزية منها:	positic) باکثر من مع	m) puis
المنافع المنا	Because of my brok	en leg, I struggled up into	a sitting position.		2
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Our headmaster took the position that music classes are unimportant. = attitude Bill took up his new position as Director in October.= job/post The position of women in society should be promoted. = importance/role Samia finished the race in third position and won a medal. = rank On sentences from Listening and Reading Texts Del you notice these notes while reads Can you tell me what the problem is? (Can you tell me) but they stopped responding (Can you tell me) Lim having problems with a video conference call. I'm having problems with a video conference call. I have tried switching off the computer and turning it on again. I have tried switching off the computer and turning it on again. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Many websites allow visitors to videos and pictures from their computers. a) load b) upload c) download c) download d) unload People use more than words when they with each other. a) connect b) contact c) attach d) communicate d) communicate sentence is similar to a) place b) post c) opinion d) location d) location d) location d) location since she had a heart attack. c) dlimipishion since she had a heart attack. c) climinghipsion g) limptonishion g) declining b) decreasing c) climinghipsion g) declining b) decreasing c) climinghipsion g) limptonishion g) declining c) condition d) location					
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c) diminishing d) vanishing	a) declining	b) decreasing	e sne had a heart attac	ck.	
		y and a second	c) aiminishing	d) vanishind	1
Check the answers at the end of the life					THE RESERVE AND DESCRIPTION OF REAL PROPERTY.



Vocabulary Exercises

eperary			
	t answer from a, b, c or		
(ey vocabulary, Re	ading, Listening, Workbo	ok Vocabulary & Vocabulary	Notes
The technician i	s coming tomorrow to	the new washing ma	ichine.
a) support		c) install	d) attach
The two friends	usually have a	over coffee during the break	at the office.
a) speech	b) chat	c) lecture	d) party
You shouldn't sig	in any with items	left blank or containing anyth	ing you don't understand.
a) documents	b) receipts	c) recipes	d) subscriptions
Experts and do	ctors warn us that a dirty	is a breeding grour	nd for germs.
a) trend	b) position	c) department	d) environment
The company s	taff have regular	to discuss achievements an	d problems.
a) interviews	b) lectures	c) meetings	d) views
A good directo	r is the one who apprecia	ates hisefforts and a	lways encourages them
a) employees'	b) employers'	c) consumers'	d) huvers'
At airports, all.	belongings shou	uld be clearly marked with th	e owner's name
a) personnel	b) personal	c) social	d) economical
the link will all	ow you to view and	for current jobs at some	companies
a) comply	b) employ	c) deploy time for all of the people in	d) apply
The economic	depression was a	time for all of the people in	the country
a) distracted	b) stressful	c) stressed	d) repetitive
We believe tha	t all governments should	and invest in scient	tific research
a) report	b) respond	c) support	d) rapport
Women have r	now taken on many	that were traditionally fo	r men
a) roles	b) rules	c) rollers	d) raile
Although he is	nearly forty years old, Re	onaldo's fitnessis be	tter than that of many
20-year-player	S.		the trial trial of many
a) quantity	b) level	c) surface	d) number
Due to the pro	gress of medical technol	logy, many of cancer	. can now be cured
a) amounts	b) predictions	CITYDES	d) lovale
The governme	ent is doing an ambitious	to modernise the ro	oad network.
a) recipe	h) method	C) Wav	d) project
If you miss a lo	ot of classes, it's very diffi	cult toup with your	work.
a) look	h) give	c) catch	d) net
The old singer	r's popularity has	since she issued her latest a	lbum in 2005.
a) declined	b) reduced	c) reflected	d) diminished
The director a	sked us all toou	ir mobile phones before the n	neeting.
a) plua	h) undate	c) analyse	d) mute
Our centre of	fers freesupport	for those buying our softwar	e.
4) exercicine	h) technical	Cilitariciai	a) nealthy
Scientists can	not accurately predict all	the of an increase in	average temperature.
d) featons	h) heliets	Consequences	a) sounds
Kenzy was the	tening to music through	her and she couldn't	near her mother calling.
a) headphon	es b) microphones	c) francophone	d) recorders

	21 The museum website allows	you to take a/antou	Of its various sections.
١.	a) infinite	diction can affect your	skills and make you away from
1			
	your friends.	pological d interpers	onal d) predictable
١.	on two	using old wood and plastic -	Ingl Migterel May harmonism'
	b) creare	r) emply	11.00
	4 Unfortunately, the new build	ing is not really for w	heelchair users.
•	a) develope	lable c) forcible	d) suited
-	6 Companies can use video	as a low-cost alternative	to travelling for meetings.
-	companies can use video	c) hardware	d) investigation
2	6 Calcal Interestitute Isomer	from Arab and African Stu	lents to study in its different colleges
6.7	a) employees b) appli	nom Arab and Amean stoc	d) reflections
~	a) employees b) appli	tations () Contacts	d in hird number
*	7 Scientists have always warned	I that nunting led to a marke	d) destine
			d) decline
24	The time my father spent in h	-	
	a) stressful b) relaxi	_	
25		ecretary to remind him, he w	ouldn't keep many of his
	with clients.		
7	w/ since riserra	ars c) appointm	ents d) disputes
.30	There is no solution to	the problem of rising pollutio	n. It requires much time and efforts
	a) playful b) crippl	ed c) delayed	d) instant
. (Expressions, Idioms, Preposition		
		The second secon	The state of the s
31	Don't forget to off all	the lights before you go to b	ed.
	a) switch b) chance	e c) alter	dl'accent
32	the situation is so uncertain the	hat it is hard to make a confid	ont
	a) predict b) predic	tion () predicted	the state of the s
33	more triair inty people respon	ded to the job advertisement.	The verb "respond" is the opposite
	of the verb	a year form on white this easy	the verb respond is the opposit
	a) reply b) remov	e c) delay	
34	The young lady touched the w	et paint accident an	d) neglect
	a) in b) of	c) by	d spoiled her new dress.
35	in touch with many	of my friends after any	d) with
	a) stayed b) sent		
36	I haven't heard my fri	c) missed	d) lost
	t haven't heard my friend b) from	and since she travelled to Par	is months ago.
37	Unfortunately the slasses and	c) for	d) at
	انده Unfortunately, the closure انده) employ	of the factory left hundreds	of local workers
38	Students should be emplo	yment c) employee	d)analoved
	deposition and the encourage	ed to control of the	d) unemployed eir own learning, rather than just
	depending on the teacher.		own learning, rather than
90	a) take b) give	c) make	
39	There has been a decline	the number of possile	d) do
	There has been a decline a) for b) of	The or people w	o read paperback books.
40	The internet provides instant	Second to	d) in unt of information. The adjective
	"instant" is similar in meaning	o an enormous amo	unt of information. The adjective
	"instant" is similar in meaning t	Management of the Tourspain	
	a) future b) delaye	c) immediate	d) old



Lessons 1 & 🙎



Language

phrasal verbs

الأفعال الاصطلاحية

هي الأفعال التي تتكون من فعل يتبعه حرف جر أو ظرف أو الاثنان معا ويتغير معنى الفعل الأصلى مثل: يشبه look for/ يعتنى بـ look after/ يبحث عن look for/ ينظر

وتنقسم الأفعال الاصطلاحية إلى أفعال تنفصل ويأتى الاسم أو الضمير بين الفعل وحرف الجر مثل:

He turned the light on.

وأفعال لا يمكن مُصلما ويأتي الاسم في النهاية مثل: look at the picture

وفي حالة الأفعال التي تنفصل عن حرف الجر لا نستخدم الضمير بعد حرف الجر ولكن نستخدم الاسم فقط لاحظ المثال التالي:

furn the computer on. 🗸

Turn it on. ✓

furn on the computer. ✓

Turn on it. X

وهذه أهم الأفعال الاصطلاحية التي يجب على الطالب إتقانها:

Phrasal Verb	Arabic Meaning	Examples
absorbed in	منهمك في	Tareq is absorbed in solving the problem.
accused of	متهم ب	He was accused of killing his wife.
apply for a job	يتقدم لوظيفة	▶ He can apply for this job.
back somebody up	يساند	My wife backed me up over my decision to quit my job.
believe in	يۇمن ب	The school believes in letting children learn at their own pace.
block out	يسدايحجب	Close the windows to block sounds out before you start to meditate,
blowout	ينطفئ الضوء	• Make sure the flame in the lamp doesn't blow out. Lighting it isn't easy.
blow up	ينفجر/يفجر	The racing car blew up after it crashed into the fence.
break down	يتعطل	Our car broke down at the side of the highway in the snowstorm.
break down	ينمار سنده و المعادد ا	The woman broke down when the police told her that her son had died.
break in	يقتدم مبنى	Somebody broke in last night and stole our jewellery.
break into something	يقتحم بالقوة	The firemen had to break into the room to rescue the children.
bring about	يحدث المحادث ا	The new government wants to bring about many changes in the way the country is run.
bring somebody up	یربی طفلًا	My grandparents brought me up after my parents died.
call on somebody	يزور شذصًا	• We called on you last night but you weren't home.

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calm down	يهدئ	you drive the car.	
care for	يهتم بـ	 Our company supports an organisation that cares for homeless children. 	
carry on	يستمر	• We can carry on our discussion at night.	
carry out	ينفذ	Surgeons carry out operations.	
catch up with	يلدق بـ	You'll have to run faster than that if you want to catch up with them.	
charge with	يتهم بـ	The police arrested him and charged him with armed robbery.	
check in	يصل ويسجل في فندق أو مطار	• We will get the hotel keys when we check in.	
check out	يغادر فندقًـا	You have to check out of the hotel before 11:00 AM.	
cheer somebody up	يبهج شخصًا	I brought you some flowers to cheer you up.	
come across something	يجد بالصدفة	I came across these old photos when I was tidying the closet.	
come apart	ينفصل	The top and bottom come apart if you pull hard enough	
come from someplace	یاتی من (بلد)	▶ He comes from China.	
concentrate on	يركز على	Please, concentrate on your work.	
consist of	يتكون من	The robot consists of several parts.	
contribute to	يشارك في	That film contributed to the growing awareness of global climate change.	
count on	يعتمد على	▶ I am counting on you to make dinner while I am ou	
cry out	يصرخ من الخوف أو الألم	• We heard someone cry out in the darkness.	
cut down	يقلل	Eating less junk food cuts down the risk of getting heart disease.	
cut something off	يوقف إمداد	The phone company cut off our phone because we didn't pay the bill.	
cut something out	يفصل بالقطع	I cut this ad out of the newspaper.	
deal in	يتاجر في	She set up a successful website that deals in second-hand books.	
deal with	يتعامل مع	Hany is very good at dealing with technical problems.	
decide on	يقرر	I can't decide on which novel to read.	
lepend on	يعتمد على	Children usually depend on their mothers.	
levote to + v.ing	يكرس	Mother Teresa devoted most of her time to helping people in need.	
lie down	يهدا/يخمد سيد	The musicians waited for the applause to die down before starting to play.	

die out	ينقرض	Many animal species have died out recently and disappeared forever.
dispose of	يتخلص من	The hospital was fined for not disposing of its waste properly.
_{do without}	يستغنى	• We'll have to do without the air-conditioning while they fix it.
_{dream} of	يحلم ب	He dreamed of becoming a rich and successful businessman.
dress up	يرتدى أجمل الثياب	It's a fancy restaurant so we have to dress up.
drive out	يطرد	Why did the police drive the beggars out of the park and onto the streets?
drop in/by/over	يزور فجاءة	I might drop in/by/over for tea sometime this week.
drop + شخص + off	ينزل شخصًا	I'll drop you off on my way home.

Check Point 4 Choose the correct ar	nswer from a, b, c or d:	
1 The building was blownby the terrori	sts.	
a) in b) to	c) off	d) up
2 Ineed a mechanic. My cardown.		A feet and the second second
a) got b) turned	c) broke	d) switched
3up children is not an easy task.		
a) Bringing b) Going	c) Cleaning	d) Calling
4 He thanked the nurses who had cared	him.	And the second
a) to b) for	c) of	d) on
5 The report charges cars being respon	sible for half of the century	's air pollution
problems.		
a) to b) on	c) for	d) with

Phrasal Verb	Arabic Meaning	Examples
eat in	يأكل داخل المنزل	If you eat in a lot, make sure you don't just heat up frozen meals.
eat out	یاکل فی مطعم	I don't feel like cooking tonight. Let's eat out.
eat up	يلتمم	Profits are being eaten up by the rising costs of running a business.
end up	الوصول إلى قرار تماثى	We ended up buying two flats instead of building a house.
^{enga} ge in	ينخرط في	Most of our students are engaged in social and sporting activities.
expose to	يُعرض لـ	It's a good idea to expose young staff to various work environments.

Check the answers at the end of the book.

fall down	يقع	The picture that you hung up last night fell down this morning.
fill something in	يملأ استمارة	Please fill in the form with your name, address, and phone number.
find out	يكتشف/يعرف	• We don't know where he lives. How can we find out?
focus on	يركز على	 Our company has always focused on producing high-end products.
get ahead of	يتقدم على	Good market research helped their company get ahead of the others.
get along/on	يتحابان/يتفقان جيدًا	I was surprised how well my new friend and my brother got along/on.
get away with	يفلت من عقاب	 Kamal always gets away with cheating in his tests.
get off	ينزل من مواصلة	• We should get off the bus at the next stop.
get off	يحصل على إجازة	How many days do you get off during the New Yea holiday period?
get on something	يركب	We're going to freeze out here if you don't let us get on the bus.
get on	يتعامل مع/يساير	Tasneem is a very sweet person and she's very easy to get on with.
get over something	يتغلب على مرض أو مشكلة	I just got over the flu and now my sister has it.
get rid of	يتخلص من	I can't get rid of this headache.
get to	يصل إلى	▶ Take the bus to get to the company easily.
get together	يتقابل	Let's get together for a picnic this weekend.
get through	يحصل على/يجتاز	If we work as a team, we can get through the reports much faster.
get up	ينمض من الفراش	I got up early today to study for my exam.
give in	يستسلم	My father didn't want to go to the theatre, but he finally gave in.
give off	تطلق روائح/تبعث	 Coal-powered vehicles give off a lot of damaging atmospheric pollutants.
give something up	يقلع عن	I am trying to give up smoking nowadays.
go after somebody	يطارد	My brother tried to go after the thief in his car.
go after something	يحاول تحقيق	I went after my dream and now I am a published writer.
go off	ينطلق/ينفجر	After we heard the bomb go off, we looked out the window and saw a bus and some cars on fire.

_{grow} up	پکبر/يبلغ	When Galal grows up, he wants to be a pilot.	
hand something in	يرسل/يسلم	I have to hand in my essay by Friday.	
hang on	ينتظر قليلا	Hang on while I grab my coat and shoes!	
_{hang} up	ينهى مكالمة	He didn't say goodbye before he hung up.	
_{hear} about	يعرف	Have you heard anything about the new company our boss is setting up?	
hear from	يتلقى أخبارًا من	If you haven't heard back from them by Friday, call them again.	
hear of	يسمع عن	 Alaa says his cousin is a famous artist, but I've never heard of him. 	
hold on	ينتظر قليلًا	 Please hold on while I transfer you to the Sales Department. 	

CHECK POIL	Choose the co	riect answer from a, b, c	or u.	
1 Thieves	away with computer e	equipment worth 30 000	pounds.	
a) gave	b) run	c) put		d) got
(2) Khalid has deci	ded to givepla	ying football at the end o	of this sea	ason.
a) up	b) out	c) off		d) in

a) up	b) over	c) through	d) rid of
4 Potatoes turn	green when exposed	light.	

a) over b) on c) for d) to 5 I don't know how we're going to get this problem.

3 I finally managed to getmy driving test.

a) to b) over c) up d) through

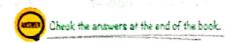


Phrasal Verb	Arabic Meaning	Examples
impact on/upon	يۇثر على	The drought seriously impacted on every farmer in the district.
impose on	يفرض على	 The government has imposed stricter controls on drug companies.
insist on/upon	يصر على	 We now insist on payment in advance مقدما from most customers.
^{interest} in	بثير اهتمامًا	The salesman tried to interest me in the higher- priced car.

invest in	يستثمر في	More and more people are investing in the stock market.
involve in	ينغمس في	Even though she tries not to involve herself in disputes, it still happens.
join in	يشارك	 My students love to have discussions in class, Eventhe shy ones join in.
keep away from	يمنع/يبعد عن	If you're trying to lose weight, keep away from sweets and ice-cream.
keep on doing something	يستمر في عمل شيء	Keep on stirring until the liquid comes to a boil.
keep somebody/ something out	يمنع من المخول	Try to keep the wet dog out of the living room.
known for	مشھور بـ	This company is known for high-quality products and excellent service.
lead to	يؤدى إلى	The latest products will lead to even greater success in the future.
let down	يحبط/يخيب الآمال	The fans hoped to win the cup, but their team let them down.
lie down	يستلقى	We need somewhere for our staff to lie down and relax when they need to.
log in (or on)	يدخل على الإنترنت أو قاعدة بيانات	I can't log in to Facebook because I've forgotten my password.
log out (or off)	يخرج من الإنترنت أو قاعدة بيانات	If you don't log off, somebody could get into your account.
long for	يشتاق إلى	 He longed for freedom, but knew he'd always put his responsibilities first.
look after	یعتنی ب	I have to look after my sick grandmother.
look down on somebody	يحتقر/يعتبره أقل شأذًا	Ever since we stole that chocolate bar, dad has looked down on me.
look for	يبحث عن	I'm looking for a red dress for the wedding.
look forward to	يتطلع إلى	I'm looking forward to the weekend.
look into something	يفحص/ينظر في	• We are going to look into the price of snowboards today.
look something up	يبحث فى مرجع أو قاعة بيانات	• We can look her phone number up on the Internet
look up to	בבדرم ביון בין בין הביביבי	My little sister has always looked up to me.
make something up	يخترع ايختلق قصة	Dalia made up a story about why she was late.
make up	يسامح كل منهم الآخر	We were angry last night, but we made up at breakfast.

make up for	يعوض	We'll have to make up for lost production due to the problems with machinery.
_{make} somebody up	يستخدم المكياج	My sisters made me up for my graduation party.
make up the mind	يقرر	Have you made up your mind about where to go for your holiday?
_{name} after	يسمى على اسم	The new species of beetle was named after the person who discovered it.
object to	يعترض على	The workers objected to the salary cut and protested against it.

check Poin	t 6 Choose the cor	rect answer from a, b, c	or d:
	having her own bed		
-	b) to	c) for	d) with
2 A good manag	ger will try to involve every	onethe decision	on-making process.
a) on	b) with	c) in	d) about
The employee:	s strongly objected	the terms of the conti	ract بنود العقد.
a) on	b) for	c) with	d) to
4 I'm trying to m	nakefor the time	l lost while I was sick.	
a) on	b) up	c) at	d) with
6 A degree in En	nglish could lead	a career in journalism.	
a) to	b) on	c) with	d) about



Phrasal Verb	Arabic Meaning	Examples
Pay somebody back	يرد الدين	Thanks for buying me a ticket. I'll pay you back on Friday.
Pay for something	يدفع ثمنًا	That bully will pay for being mean to my little brother.
Pick something out	يختار	I picked out three sweaters for you to try on.
Pick up	يلتقط	The phone rang and I picked it up.
Put something off	يؤجل	• We are putting off our trip until January because of the hurricane إعصار.
Put something out	يطفئ	 The neighbours put the fire out before the firemen arrived.
^{Dut} up with	يطيق/يتحمل	I don't think I can put up with three small children in the car.

put something on	برتدي	party.
result in	ينتج عنه	The new tax regulations resulted in many small firms starting up.
run after	يطارد	I ran after the thief, but he was too fast for me and couldn't catch him.
run into	يقابل بالصدفة	I ran into an old school-friend at the mall.
run over	يدهس	I accidentally ran over your bicycle in the drivewa
run away	يعرب	The child ran away from home and has been missing for three days.
set off	ينطلق/ينفجر	I'll set off early to avoid the traffic.
show off	يستعرض متفاخرًا	▶ He always shows off on his skateboard.
stand for	يرمز إلى	Do the letters 'PR' stand for 'public relations' or 'public relationships'?
stick to something	يستمر في عمل شيء	You will lose weight if you stick to the diet.
sum up	يلخص	After summing his ideas up, the speaker answered some questions.
switch something off	يغلق	▶ The light is too bright. Could you switch it off?
switch something on	يشغل/يفتح	We heard the news as soon as we switched on the car radio.
ake after somebody	يشبه أحد أفراد العائلة	I take after my mother. We are both impatient.
ake care of	یعتنی بـ	▶ Who will take care of the children while we are away
ake in	يستوعب/يفهم	He was nodding as if he understood, but he wasn't really taking much in.
ake in	يخدع	Don't be taken in by products claiming to help you lose weight in a week.
ake in	يمتص	Fish take in oxygen through their gills.
ike off	تقلع الطائرة	My plane takes off in five minutes.
ke something off	يخلع شيلًا	Take off your shoes and socks and come in the lake
ke up	يشغل حيزًا	He loves chess, but says running the chess club takes up too much time.
ar something up	يمزق	I tore up all the letters he had sent me.
ink something over	يفكر مليًا	I'll have to think this job offer over before I make my final decision.

throw something away	يتخلص من	• We threw our old furniture away when we moved in the new flat.
turn something down	يخفض الصوث أو القوة	Please turn the TV down while the guests are here.
turn something down	يرفض	I turned the job down because I don't want to move.
turn something off	يغلق	Your mother wants you to turn the TV off and come for dinner.
turn something on	يشغل	It's too dark in here. Let's turn some lights on.
turn over	يقلب	 Cook the steak on one side for about 5 minutes and then turn it over.
turn something up	یعلی/یزید	Can you turn the music up? This is my favourite song.
try something on	يقيس ملابس	I'm going to try these jeans on, but I don't think they will fit.
use something up	يستنفد/يستهلك	The kids used all of the toothpaste up so we need to buy some more.
wear off	يتلاشى	Most of my make-up wore off before I got to the party.
work something out	بحسب	• We have to work out the total cost before we buy the house.

Check Point 7 Choose	the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	
1 The thieves ranwhen th	he alarm went off.	
a) into	b) after	
c) away	d) over	
2 Although I had enough money, A	Ali insisted on payingthe drinks.	
a) for	b) to	
c) of	d) at	
(3) I'm the eldest member of the fan	mily and all my younger brothers takes me.	
a) up	tage to the b) after	
c) on	d) in	
4 My neighbours take the	eir garden very well.	
a) in	b) off	
c) after	d) care of	
5 I couldn't have a shower as my s	sister had usedall the hot water.	
a) up	b) off	
c) of	d) in	

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Unit 5 | Lessons 1 8.2 (24)



Language Exercises

@ Rei	membering • Understanding	 Applying Analysing Eva 	stuating Creating	3 an annerstand
1	Choose the correct	answer from a, b, c or	d:	
	1 You can't leave the	he hotel without checki	ng	D. and Land
	a) in	b) out	c) into	d) against
	2 This company de	eals buying a	nd selling cars.	
	a) in	b) with	c) about	d) of
:	He has travelled	for a year. I'm looking fo	orwardhearing	g from him.
	a) on	b) for	c) to	d) about
4	You can count	Osama. He's ve	ery reliable.	
	a) on	b) of	c) to	d) for
5	I never hear	Ragab these days	s. Do you know how he is	?
	a) about	b) of	c) from	d) on
6	Our boss believes		positive thinking and tea	ches us about it.
	a) of	b) in	c) to	d) on
7	The terrorists plan	ned to blow	. the bridge but in vain.	
	a) off	b) to		d) up
8	When he was a ba	aby, Ahmed was	up by his grandfathe	r in Sohag.
	a) brought	b) used	c) turned	d) made
9	Hany cared	his mother while s	he's recovering from her	illness.
	a) on	b) of	c) for	d) to
10	I'm still not sure if	we can play tennis toda	ay. It depends	
1	a) to	b) on	c) for	d) in
11	When he was your	ng, he dreamed	being a famous footb	pall player
	a) on	b) in	c) to	d) of
12	Many soldiers were	e exposedda	angerous chemicals duri	ng the war
	a) to	b) on		
13	We're concentration	ng opening n	new markets for our prod	Usts oversees
	a) to	b) of	c) on	
14	My sister and I use	d to argue a lot, but no	w we get	d) with
	a) up	b) along	c) through	rodine na obia del se
15	The company's dire	ectors were arrested and	d charged tax eva	d) over
	a) to	b) of	c) on	
16	We trust Ola, so we	her up whe	n the company accused	d) with
	a) brought	b) made	c) turned	
		lriving to work her car	, so she took a	d) backed
	a) turned down	b) used up	, so sne took a	
		Maher and see his i	c) broke down	d) fell off
	a) on	b) for		
		to the betal at	c) in	d) over
	a) out	b) on	e porter will take your ba	gs up to your room.
	.,	2) 011	c) onto	
	h make	b bring	Sally up? She's still feeling	d) in g bad about losing her job
) make	b) bring	c) cheer	d) back

feeds that you eat. a) turn off b) cut down c) get through d) use up Would you mind dealing this customer's inquiry? I'm too busy at the moment. a) in b) to c) with d) on She can't do her coffee in the morning. It gets her going. a) without b) with c) to d) well I the new government will focus developing the country's industrial sector. a) ever b) in c) to d) on In inmany developed countries, people get at least four weeks for vacations. a) for b) of c) off d) on I how're you getting with the other people in the office? a) away b) on c) in d) through Companies advertise in order to interest people their products. a) in b) to c) of d) about I companies advertise in order to interest people their products. a) in b) to c) of d) about Show in our staff meetings, we want everyone to join and share their ideas. a) of b) to c) in d) by Old Sohir longs the days when everything was cheap. a) about b) to c) with d) for Wenamed our daughter my grandmother, so now there are two Zainabs in our family. a) with b) after c) for d) before Some people try to impose their views or beliefs other people. a) to b) about c) in d) on How can I get my son to all his vegetables? a) bring up b) make up c) eat up d) back up How can I get my son to all his vegetables? a) bring up b) make up c) eat up d) back up How can I get my son to a restaurant. Let's stay home and eat tonight. a) in/out b) out/in c) in/in d) out/out Many languages are dying because fewer and fewer people are learning and speaking them. a) in/out b) on/to c) to/on d) to/in After her husband's death, she decided devote more time bringing up her children. b) on/to c) to/on d) out b) out of their homes and forced to live in refugee Camps of the analysis of the race. All on b) over c) off/rum d) out/out here are two of their homes and forced to live in refugee Camps of the man and and the refuser of their homes and forced to live in refuse camps of the man and and the refuser of their homes and forced to live in refuse camps of the man and the short of the m	25	if you're overweight	, it's time to	on the amount of fatt	ty food, junk food and snack
# Weuld you mind dealing this customer's inquiry? I'm too busy at the moment. 1	ľ	foods that you eat.			
# Weuld you mind dealing this customer's inquiry? I'm too busy at the moment. 1		a) turn off	b) cut down	c) get through	d) use up
a) in b) to c) with d) on g) Se can't do her coffee in the morning. It gets her going. a) without b) with c) to d) well If he new government will focus developing the country's industrial sector. a) over b) in c) to d) on Is in many developed countries, people get at least four weeks for vacations. a) for b) of c) off d) on Is how'te you getting with the other people in the office? a) away b) on c) in d) through Companies advertise in order to interest people their products. a) in b) to c) of d) about In our staff meetings, we want everyone to join and share their ideas. a) of b) to c) in d) by Old Sohir longs the days when everything was cheap. a) about b) to c) with d) for We named our daughter my grandmother, so now there are two Zainabs in our family. a) with b) after c) for d) before Some people try to impose their views or beliefs other people. a) to b) about c) in d) on How can I get my son to all his vegetables? a) bring up b) make up c) eat up d) back up If we work as a team, we can get the reports much faster. a) through b) up c) to d) over If wow can get my son to condition of their people are learning and speaking them. a) in/out b) out/in c) in/in d) out/out Many languages are dying because fewer and fewer people are learning and speaking them. a) from b) of c) out d) down After her husband's death, she decided devote more time bringing up her children. a) to/or b) on/to c) to/on d) to/in During the war, people were driven of their homes and forced to live in refugee camps on to be of their homes and forced to live in refugee camps on to b) over Her an fast to get ahead his competitors, and now he's feading the race. a) to/of b) of/to c) of/ d) on/of/of the doctor told him to take his shoes and odown on the couch, to of/furn d) in/get the wounded soldier cried in pain as his friends picked him and put him the wounded soldier cried in pain as his friends picked him and put him	22	Would you mind de	aling this	customer's inquiry? I'm to	oo busy at the moment.
## She can't do		alin	b) to	clwith	d) on
a) without b) with c) to d) well If the new government will focus	23	she can't do	her coffee in the	morning. It gets her goir	10.
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a) of/up b) over/of c) up/out a) out/up		on a stretcher.			
		a) of/up	b) over/of	C) up/out	u) out up

Test Yourself (4)





* Recording * Colorated * Appendix * Assessed	
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	the microphone and no one
1 If you press this button on the speaker, yo	M Mili
hear your speech.	c) increase od, so I didn't enjoy the song. d) image
a) mute b) damage 2. The quality of the CD wasn't go	t - Lable't enjoy the song.
a title many distants on the contract	a delak
R VIEW D) SOURCE	to I book tickets in the from
When I go to the movies, I like to sit close to a actors Thirty people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the people applied for the job, but the control or the job applied for the job applie	to the so I book tickets in the front ro
a) actors b) speaker	c) screen
4 Thirty people applied for the job, but the o	director chose only live
a) guards b) employers	c) interviewers d) interviewees
B Most jobs in service industries require peo	ple who are efficient at numan
a) attach b) link	c) contact
6 You can download a free trialo	c) contact d) method f the anti-virus from the website. d) provision
Version by Version	() (EA)2(O))
7 The president is very concerned about the	of the citizens and he exerts great effe
for that.	
a) welfare b) luck	c) aspect d) view
a) welfare b) luck B My uncle runs a shop selling carpentry	such as hammers and saws.
a) seeds b) machines	c) tools d) weeds
9 He cut the funny picture from t	
a) off b) down	c) on the best of d) out
10 Wait until her anger dies	c) out
a) of b) out	c) down d) to
11 You can drop me at the end of	the street
a) on b) off	를 하는 것도
It's too bright in here. Let's close the curtain	ine to the sumble to
a) DIOCK OUT b) turn off	c) tako in
with the candles on his pirtha	av cake and the
a) blew up b) turned on	c) picked up d) blew out
14 Don't forget to give back the room key wh	d) blew out
a) check in b) check out	or the hotel.
15 The terrorists were killed when the bomb	c) ran away d) run out
16 Kathy was born in South Africa, but her pa a) turned b) made	c) got through d) got to
a) turned b) made	her up in England.
17 can be used in place of a comm	c) brought d) backed
of a sentence.	d) backed a, parenthesis, or colon to emphasise the conclus
a) En dash b) Hyphen	
18 Which of the following is seemed	c) Em dash ated2 d) Semicolon
at this man and the transfer of the second o	
a) Yasser has all the ingredients! minced m b) Yasser has all the ingredients: minced m c) Yasser has all the ingredients: minced m	leat, milk, potatoes, and onlone
Ci Yasser has all the ingredient	man, polatoes and oni-
Ol Vaccor has all al	
Moreover when tourists	and think polatioes and and
What kind of sentence is the	hey can visit the places of interest
What kind of sentence is the one above? A a) Introductory b) Topic	Sentence
a) introductory b) Topic	c) Supporting

gead the following passage, then answer the questions:

London is the capital of Great Britain. It is situated in the southeast of England on the River Thames and there are lots of bridges across the Thames. The most famous of these bridges is Tower Bridge. The machinery which draws up the bridge when a ship passes under it is hidden in the two towers. Near Tower Bridge, on the north bank of the Thames there is the Tower of London. It is a big castle, its oldest part, White Tower, dates back to the times of William the Conqueror. Back in history, the tower served as a prison, now it is one of London's main tourist attractions. Tourists are guided by "Beefeaters" in historic uniforms and the Crown Jewels are on display there.

The London home of the Queen is Buckingham Palace where you can see the "Changing of the Guards". The coronation of the Kings and Queens takes place in Westminster Abbey. Near this enormous church, there are the Houses of Parliament, the seat of the British government. They consist of a group of buildings, among them St. Stephen's Tower, the famous clock tower housing Big Ben, one of the world's biggest bells.

Not far from the Houses of Parliament there is Trafalgar Square with Lord Nelson's Column, erected in the memory of Admiral Nelson, who won against the Spanish in the Battle of Trafalgar.

London is also famous for its parks. There is Hyde Park, there is St. James's Park, which is the oldest and there is Regent's Park, which houses the London Zoo. In former times all the parks were royal gardens.

Apart from sightseeing of tourists also love shopping in London. You will find the big stores in Oxford Street and the smaller shops in the little side streets.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

20	What is Big Ben?		والموالين إساء		
	a) A bell. b) A church.	c) A clo	ck.	d) A clock	tower.
21	London is situated			or the color	33
	a) in the centre of England	b) in the	e southwest of	England	
	c) in the north of England	d) in the	e southeast of	England	
22	What is the river running through London of				
	a) The Danube.		hames.		
	c) The Seine.	d)The N	Vile.		
23	How many towers has the Tower Bridge go	t?			
	a) One.	b) Four.			
	c) Two.	d) Three			
24	What is the oldest part of the Tower of Lond	ion?			
	a) White Tower.	b) Black	Tower.		
	c) Bloody Tower.	d) Hyde	Park.		
25	What is the greatest attraction at the Tower	of London	?		
	a) Wax figures.	b)The C	rown Jewels.		
	c) Paintings of the Kings and Queens.	d) Hyde	Park.		
5	(9) ملکی (11) مملات تجاریة (10) زیارة المعلم	(7) امیرال (8) سابق	(5) تتویخ (6) مقام	(3) يعود إلى (4) موقع سياحي	ر) الات () ترنع

- 26 Where does the Queen live?
 - a) In Westminster Abbey.
- c) In the Houses of Parliament.
- 27 Where is the London Zoo?
 - a) In St. James's Park.
 - c) In Regent's Park.

- b) In Buckingham Palace.
- d) In the White Tower.
- b) In Hyde Park.
- d) In the White Tower.

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- 28 The world of work is changing. Technological progress and globalisation are re-shaping the labour market. At the same time, new organisational business models are contributing to the emergence of new forms of work.
 - الم العمل يتغير حيث يعمل التقدم التكنولوجي والعالمية على إعادة تشكيل سوق العمل. في الوقت نفسه تساهم نماذج الأعمال الجديدة في ظمور أشكال عمل جديدة.
 - الم العمل يتغير حيث يعمل التقدم التكنولوجي والعولمة على إعادة تشكيل سوق العمل. في الوقت نفسه تساهم نماذج الأعمال الجديدة ني ظمور أشكال عمل جديدة.
 - علم العمل يتغير حيث يعمل التقدم التكنولوجي والعولمة على إعادة تطوير سوق العمل. في الوقت نفسه تساهم نماذج الأعمال الجديدة في ظهور آليات عمل جديدة.
 - و) علم العمل يتغير حيث يعمل التقدم التكنولوجي والعولمة على إعادة تشــكيل قوة العمل. في الوقت نفســه تساهم نماذج الأعمال الجديدة في ظهور أشكال عمل جديدة.
- 29 According to the World Economic Forum's report, Al is expected to replace 85 million jobs worldwide by 2025. However, the report says that it will also create 97 million new jobs in that same timeframe.
 - a) وفقًا لتقرير المنتدى الاقتصادي العالمي، من المتوقع أن يحل الذكاء الاصطناعي محل ٨٥ مليون وظيفة في جميع أنحاء العالم بحلول عام ٢٠٢٥. ومع ذلك، يقول التقرير إنه سيخلق أيضًا ٩٧ مليون وظيفة جديدة في نفس الإطار الزمني.
 - ونقًا لتقرير المؤتمر الاقتصادى العالمي، من المتوقع أن يحل الذكاء الاصطناعي محل ٨٥ مليون وظيفة في جميع أنحاء العالم بحلول عام ٢٠٢٥. ومع ذلك، يقول التقرير إنه سيخلق أيضًا ٩٧ مليون وظيفة جديدة في نفس الإطار المكاني.
 -)) وفقًا لتقرير المنتدى الاقتصادي العالمي، من المتوقع أن يطور الذكاء الاصطناعي ٨٥ مليون وظيفة في جميع أنحاء العالم بحلول عام ٢٠٢٥. ومع ذلك، يقول التقرير إنه سيخلق أيضًا ٩٧ مليون وظيفة جديدة في نفس الإطار الزمني.
 - وفقًا لتقرير المنتدى الاقتصادى العالمي، من المتوقع أن يحل الذكاء الاصطناعي محل ٨٥ مليون وظيفة في جميع أنحاء العالم بحلول عام ٢٠٢٥. وبالإضافة لذلك، يقول التقرير إنه سيخلق أيضًا ٩٧ مليون وظيفة جديدة في نفس الإطار الزمني.
 - 🎖 ما أقبع الحروب! فهي تسبب انهيار البنية التحتية للدول وتشرد المواطنين وتقتل الأبرياء وتظل نتائجها لسنوات كثيرة قادمة.
 - a) How ugly are wars! They cause the destruction of the government's understructure, displace citizens, and kill innocent people. Its results live for many years to come.
 - b) How ugly are wars! They cause the collapse of the state's infrastructure, dismiss citizens, and kill innocence people. Its results remain for many forward years.
 - c) How ugly wars are! They cause the collapse of the country's downstructure, displace citizens, and kill innocence people. Its results remain for many past years.
 - d) How ugly wars are! They cause the collapse of the state's infrastructure, displace citizens and kill innocent people. Its results remain for many years to come.



Lessons 🍍 & 👍



Vocabulary

Vocabulary on Reading

brainstorm (n) (v) (ed)	عصف ذهني/يقوم بعصف ذهني
centre (n)	مركز/وسط
click (v) (ed)	ينقر (بالفارة)
creative (adj)	مبدع
effectively (adv)	بفاعلية ماء
explain (v) (ed)	يشرح/يفسر
give up (v)	يستسلم/يتخلى عن
heading (n)	عنوان
highlight (v) (ed)	يسلط ضوءًا/يميز
link (n) (v) (ed)	رابط/يربط
list (n)	قائمة
mind map (n)	خريطة ذهنية
order (n)	דرتيب ב בי בייניי

point (n)	نقطة
prepare (v) (d)	يعدايجمز
presentation (n)	عرض
session (n)	جلسة
similar (adj)	مشابه
slide (n)	شريحة لعرض البيانات
summarise (v) (d)	يلخص
technique (n)	تقنية/أسلوب
text (n)	نص/يرسل رسالة نصية
tip (n)	نصيحة/تلميح
topic (n)	موضوع
understand (v)	يفهم
word (n)	كلمة

Workbook Vocabulary

address (n) (v) (ed)	عنوان/يخاطب
arrow (n)	سهم
attach (v) (ed)	يصل/يلحق بـ
background (n)	خلفية
certain (adj)	معین/محدد/متاکد
clip (n)	مقطع (فيديو)
concentration (n)	تركيز
details (n)	تفاصيل
essential (adj)	ضرورى
express (v) (ed)	يعبر عن
^{grateful} (adj)	ممتن/معترف بالجميل

guess (v) (ed)	يخمن/يظن
icon (n)	رمز/أيقونة
mark (n) (v) (ed)	درجة/علامة/يميز
option (n)	اختيار
phrase (n)	عبارة
reduce (v) (d)	يخفض/يقلل
revise (v) (d)	يراجع
shocked (adj)	مصدوم
tend to (v) (ed)	يميل إلى
unit (n)	وحدة
video call (n)	مكالمة غيديو

Expressions, Phrases, Idioms & Prepositions

at the start/end of	فى بداية/فى نهاية
feel free to	لا نتردد ان
get stressed	يتعرض للضغط
in advance	مقدمًا
bring/get together	يجمع
learn about	يعرف/يتعلم عن

it sounds like	هدا يبدو وكأته
keep healthy	بِنِّي بصحة جيدة
make a list	بعد قائمة
make changes	بجرى تغييرات
meet up with	بتقابل/يجتمع مع
surprised by	مندهش من

Derivatives

Vei	rb
attach	يلحق
explain	يفسر
express	يعبر عن
link	يصل/يربط
prepare	يعد/يجهز
present	يقدم
reduce	يقلل/يخفض
shock	يصدم
summarise	يلخص

N	oun
attachment	ملحق
explanation	شرح/تفسير
expression	تعبير
link	رابط
preparation	إعداد/تجميز
presentation	تقديم/عرض تقديمي
reduction	تخفيض
shock	صدمة
summary	ملخص

Adjecti	ve
attached	منصل/مرفق
explanatory	تفسيرى
expressive	معبر/تعبيري
linked	متصل
prepared	معدامجمئز
presentational	تقديمى
reduced	منفُض
shocked	مصدوم
shocking	مادم
summarised	ملخص

(Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning
attach	يربط/يلدق
creative	مبدع
effectively	قيلدلف
essential	صروري
explain	يشرح ايفسر
guess	يخمن/يظن
highlight	يميز
link	رابط/صلة
prepare	يعد/يجهز
reduce	يخفض/بقلل
shocked	مصدوم

connect/stick
artistic/imaginative
efficiently/adequately
important/vital
clarify/illustrate
imagine/suppose
distinguish
contact/connection
arrange/get ready
decrease/lessen
amazed/astonished

المرادف Synonym

Antonym Januar	
detach/divide	بفصل <i>ا</i> يقسم
ungifted	غير عوهوب
doubtfully ineffectively	بارتياب بشكل غير شعال
extra/optional	اضلفی/اختیاری
confuse/question	<i>بربىك ا</i> يتساءل
disbelieve/refuse	بنكواليوغض
neglect	بفعل
detachment	غصل
halt/scatter	بنهقذايبعثو
increase/expand	بالدنيهسع
relaxed	3000

Check Point 1 Choose the co	orrect answer from a, b, c or d:
My best friend and I havehobb	pies and interests. We share a lot of them.
a) similar	b) curious
c) difficult	d) different
	o it which took a long time to download.
a) attached	b) established
c) connected	d) enclosed
3 Fast foods fill children up but do no	t provide thenutrients they need for healthy
development.	
a) unimportant	b) essential
c) introductory	d) affecting
The young actress is so fond of photos	that she has two or three photoa month.
a) roles	b) experiments
c) sessions	d) experiences
	high cholesterol and an increased risk of heart attacks.
a) tie	b) clash
c) sign	d) link



Reading Text (1)

TIP 1: Make a study plan before you start studying.

Start by thinking what you need to learn. For example, if you need to study for a Maths exam, make a list⁽¹⁾ of all the topics⁽²⁾ you need to know. Then, decide how much time you'll need to learn about each one. Finally, decide which topics are the most important and plan to spend more time on these.

قائمة (1)

موضوعات (2)

مبدع (3)

مشابه (4)

يميز (5)

TIP 2: Draw mind maps

This is a creative⁽³⁾ way of bringing information about a topic together in one place. You start by writing the topic in the centre of the page and then draw lines from the centre of the page and then draw lines are the case line. You write a different part of the topic and

from the centre. At the end of each line, you write a different part of the topic and make short notes about it. You could even use pictures instead of text in your mind map too.

TIP 3: Create a study system with colours

For example, if you write the most important points about a topic on cards, you could use the same colour cards for similar topics. This will help you to find information more quickly. You could also get some different coloured pens and highlight different types of words (verbs, houns, adjectives, etc.) in different colours.

Reading Text (2)



To : Monica@mail.com From: Iman@mail.com

Hi Monica,

Thank you for your email about virtual meetings. I understand how to join the meeting by clicking on the link⁽¹⁾ in an email and turning my microphone and camera on and off, but I'm not sure about how to give a presentation⁽²⁾ during a meeting. It sounds like you have to share your screen if you want to show other people a document or PowerPoint slides⁽³⁾, is that right? So, I need to join the meeting, share my screen and then stop sharing when I've finished showing the thing I wanted to show. Have I understood that correctly? If I have

رابط/صلة (1) عرض تقديمي (2)

شرائح (3)

showing the thing I wanted to show. Have I understood that correctly? If I haven't, feel free to let me know how I should be doing it. Maybe we could have a quick call so you can talk to me through it.

Thanks very much in advance for your help. I'm sure I'll be able to give presentations in our meetings without any problems very soon.

Talk to you soon

lman

Reading Text (3)

Hi there,

You asked for some study tips and I have two good ones for you.

Try using the Pomodoro technique⁽²⁾. You concentrate on your work for 25 minutes, then take a break, then do another session⁽³⁾ for the same amount of time, then take another break. After a few of these, you take a longer break. Try teaching another student something you find difficult to understand. Prepare⁽⁴⁾ something before you meet up with them. Then explain to your friend as well as you can.

نصائح (۱)	
ودرو لإدارة الوقت (2)	تلنية بوم
جاسة (3)	
يعد/يجهز (4)	

Let me know how the studying goes.

Talk to you soon.

Reading Text (3) (Workbook)

Studying on my Head

By Hamid Shazly

I was never very good at concentration, so my dad gave me a book called 'Study skills for you'll discovered lots of new ideas.

The first message in the book is that we all learn differently. So, the first thing I did was to learn how I best remember things. I tried making a summary of each unit of the schoolbook, then a summary of the summary until I reduced the essential information into a small mind map. Highlighting important details in different colours helped me so much that I was even able to remember where on the map certain information was.

History was my worst subject. So, while I was making my notes, I played a song in the background. When I went to sleep, I used to listen to the same song again to make me think about the History notes. To avoid too much sitting on my desk, I got up every 20 minutes and walked around my room or went and studied in the park. I also recorded my notes on my phone and listened to them while walking in the park.

So, I guess you're wondering whether all these experiments worked? Well, it certainly helped me discover how I remember things best and it made revising a lot more interesting. This meant Ispent more time doing it. When I got my final results, I was shocked but very happy to tell my dad that the highest mark I got was in History!

Reading Text (5) (Workbook)

Hi Eman,

Thanks so much for your help with sharing documents while in a virtual meeting. I think I have understood everything, but I'd just like to check.

I read your email carefully and from your explanation I understand that there are different ways to share documents. The first is to send each person an email with the document attached. That's a good idea but there are 25 people in my class, and I don't have all their email addresses.

The other option is to attach the document in the chat box. Am I right in thinking that I have to click on the clip icon to do this? After that I need to choose the option which says 'everyone' and click on the arrow to send it to everyone in the video call. Have I understood correctly?

Thanks again for all your wonderful advice which has been really helpful. If I have any more questions, do you mind me emailing you again for your help?

All the best

Heba

Check Point (2) Choos	e the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
	nelped to develop theirabilities.
a) creative	b) affecting
c) recessive	d) oppressive
The PowerPoint presentation h	ad interesting that attracted the staff's attention.
a) programmes	b) slides
c) shows	d) signals
The spelling mistakes in the stu	idents' compositions are in red.
a) spoiled	b) damaged
c) highlighted	d) inspected
To apply for the job, you should	follow the to the online form and send your details.
a) icon	b) painting
C) tie	d) link
Surgicalhave improved	considerably in the last twenty years.
a) wards	b) searches
c) techniques	d) corridors
reciniques	[2017] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10

Unit 5 / Lessons 3 & 4

Vocabulary in Use



FOCUS on Vocabulary

- presentation

مرض تقديمي

an event at which you describe or explain a new product or idea

- session

داسة

▶a period of time used for a particular activity, especially by a group of people

mind map

_ فريطة ذهنية

▶a diagram that presents information with a central idea in the middle and connected ideas arranged around it

- background

7.111

the sounds that you can hear apart from the main thing that you are listening to

· icor

- أيقونة

▶a small sign or picture on a computer screen that is used to start a particular operation

Notes on Vocabulary

	speech خطاب (أخبار عن موضوع خاص أمام مجموعة بشكل رسمى)	In her speech, the minister proposed major changes to the welfare system. People with special needs/learning difficulties
(1	presentation عرض تقديمى (لوصف أو شرح فكرة وخاصة فى مجال العمل)	▶ I had to give a presentation to the board of directors.
	statement بيان (شفوى أو مكتوب أمام جمعور وخاصة الصدفيين)	The minister issued a short statement in which he said he had no plans to resign.
	say يقول (يخبر شيئًا باستخدام الكلمات)	Mariam said she'd probably be late.
(2	announce یعلن عن شیء بشکل رسمی	The results will be announced tomorrow. We will announce the winners next Sunday.
	express یعبر عن مشاعر أو رأی	Young children often find it difficult to express their emotions.
Total Comment	list قائمة (أسماء/أرقام/أشياء) لمراجعتما أو القيام بـما	Make a list of all the things you have to do.
(3	 ۱- قائمة طعام (في مطعم) ۲- قائمة (معام) في جهاز يمكن الاختيار منها 	He looked at the menu and decided to have the salad. Select PRINT from the main menu.

	عنوان مقال/صحيفة	I only had time to read the head book.	
	۲- مسمی وظیفی	The title of this play is "King Lear". The title "Ms" became much more Her official title is Personnel Mana	popular in the 1980s. ager.
address رنت أو بريد إلكتروني	۱ - عنوان (مکان) ۲ - عنوان موقع إنتر	I can give you the address of a go They have changed their website The president delivered his first a	od restaurant.
otes	on senten	ces from Listening and F	Reading Texts
For example, if you know.	need to stud	ly for a Maths exam, make a list of مراب الشرط في الحالة الأولى لـ (if).	all the topics you need to لاحظ استخدام صيغة الأمر (make) ك
This will help you to Well, it certainly he		tion more quickly. ver how I remember things	
		ر أو (المصدر + to) بعد الفعل (help).	لاحظ استخدام الفعل في صيغة المصد
you want to s	how other pe	ople a document or PowerPoint slide	es, is that right?
Partial Day		(is that right)	لاحظ استخدام صيغة السؤال المنيل
lused to listen to th	e song again	to make me think about the history i	notes.
The rest of the Paper - History and H	D. C.	ن (to) بعد الفعل (make).	لاحظ استخدام فعل في المصدر بدور
2004 15000000	o them while	walking in the park.	at a lagran framework Bridge
and listened to		د (while) لأنما لم يتبعها فاعل.	The second of
and listened t			لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) بع
heck Point		he correct answer from a, b, c or d:	A Secretary of the second
neck Point Press the Esc button	if you want to	war for a second market	A Secretary of the second
Press the Esc button	if you want to b) photo	he correct answer from a, b, c or d: o return to the main	d) menu
ress the Esc button picture ve read one of Naga	b) photo uib Mahfouz's b) title	he correct answer from a, b, c or d: return to the main	d) menu d) award
Press the Esc button picture ve read one of Naga aladdress	b) photo uib Mahfouz's b) title	he correct answer from a, b, c or d: return to the main	d) menu d) award
Press the Esc button Press the Esc button Press the Esc button Press button Press button Press button Press button Press button Press the Esc button Press t	b) photo uib Mahfouz's b) title to the m	he correct answer from a, b, c or d: return to the main	d) menu d) award nent's achievements. d) chat
Press the Esc button a) picture ve read one of Nagral a) address de's making a/an	b) photo uib Mahfouz's b) title to the m	he correct answer from a, b, c or d: return to the main	d) menu d) award nent's achievements. d) chat

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Vocabulary Exercises

		* terring * training * training artistries from a, b, c or		
			ok Vocabulary & Vocabula	ry Notes
			eded in establishing a	
		b) centre		d) session
:			mes makes her own clothe	es which we all like.
		b) ordinary		d) imaginary
:			of the planet's surface tha	t are invisible to us.
			c) recipes	
4			our flight timetable to dil	
	the world.			
	a) connection	b) contact	c) link	d) way
5			ke an officialab	out the new branch to the
	press soon.			y telegral and sales of
	a) speech	b) presentation	c) statement	d) proverb
6	You must use a s		the printer to the compu	
			c) attach	
7			their likes and dislikes are	
	a) ambitious	b) similar		d) mature
8	We were	to hear about Mahmou	d's heart attack – he's so y	
		b) shocking	c) grateful	
9	The bark of the tr	ee had made black	on my trousers which	are difficult to remove.
	a) signs	b) corrections	c) marks	d) signals
10	The government h	as a plan to the a	mount of artificial chemica	als used in food production
	a) produce	b) introduce	c) deduce	d) reduce
11	My mother always	s tells me when I am tire	d, it's easy to lose my	
	a) connection	b) investigation	c) concentration	d) reflection
12	The young archite	ects had a meeting to	some ideas about t	he new project.
	a) brainstorm	b) brain drain	c) brain wave	d) brain wreck
13	On reading texts,	the students in	portant vocabulary in the	eir textbooks
	a) attached	b) highlighted		d) expressed
14	Farmers should en	nploy the latest	in farming to increase pro	oduction.
94	a) slides	b) options	c) techniques	d) plans

15 Applicants should	know that most job in	terviews focus on the can	didate's ability to		
communicate					
a) inaccurately	b) reflectively	c) defectively	d) effectively		
16 Paying your bills o	paying your bills online is a/anfor people with Internet access.				
a) option	b) obligation	c) casualty	d) inquiry		
	w that girlsto	be better at languages that	an hovs		
a) blend	b) tend	c) mend	d) repent		
	The clerk sent an email the main points we had discussed in our meeting.				
a) preparing	b) erasing	c) summarising	d) pressing		
The state of the s		e internet because he was			
a) oppressed	b) depressed		d) addressed		
		les policy in the light of th			
a) improvise	b) revise	c) address	d) aspire		
		s, Synonyms & Antonyms	u) uspiic		
	to after the last	A 1/1 1/10 1 111			
21 Students are asked		questions if they don't ur	nderstand.		
a) fall	b) keep	c) feel	d) miss		
2 People were evacu	uated from the coastal	regionsadvance	of the hurricane.		
a) with	b) for	c) at	d) in		
3 You look great. It	like you had a	good time on your trip.			
a) sounds	b) views	c) relies	d) depends		
4 The medical comp	oany brought	researchers from three dif	ferent universities to work		
on the new vaccin	e.		er insurant political state.		
a) up	b) together	in a managed a fell of			
5 loften meet	with my friends at t	he weekends.	Edward Control of the Superior		
a) down	b) of	c) by	d) up		
6 One of the most im	portant tips to do well	in your exams is that you sl	houldn'tstressed.		
2) 000	b) turn	c) make	d) fly		
7 The friendly game	was goodfor o	our team's games at the in	ternational championship.		
alpropore	h) preparation	c) prepared	u) impaired		
8 The old man sold t	he house at a	price because of his finan	cial problems.		
Aug 1 . The same of the	t a direction	c) reduced	a) reducing		
9 I guessed that you	must be related bec	ause you look so similar.	The synonym of the verb		
"guess" is					
	b) assert	c) propose	d) suppose		
Experience to account	atial for this job. The an	tonym of the adjective "es	sential" is		
a) obligatory		c) optional	d) revised		
VYOTEDIIO	ען נטייט וען		their S. W. Laussins T. S. a.		

Study 1

Lessons ᢃ & 🥠



Language

-ing forms or the infinitive

Some verbs are always followed by the -ing form:

) أفعال يأتي بعدها الفعل به ing

admit (to)	بعترف ب	dislike	يبغض/يكره	suggest	يفشح
deny		enjoy	يتمتع بـ	finish	ينفى
avoid		practise	يمارس	go (activities)	بهب
spend		understand	يفهم	recall	يسترجع
appreciate	يقدر	imagine	يتخيل	recollect	يستنضر
consider	يفكر/يتامل	involve	يحتوى	report	يبلغ
continue	يواصل	keep	يواصل/يحافظ	resent	يستاء
delay	يؤجل	mention	يذكر	resist	يقاوم
discuss	يناقش	mind	يمانع	risk	يناطر
escape	يهرب	miss	يخطئ	save	يصون
excuse	يسامح	postpone	يؤخر	stand	تصعد
fancy	يتخيل	prevent	يمنع	tolerate	يتسامح
forgive	يسامح	quit	يوقف/يترك		

- Karim admitted/denied taking my pen without asking me.
- The driver of the car avoided hitting the motorbike.
- He dislikes/enjoys sleeping during the day.
- They're going home as soon as they've finished working.
- Samir and his brother practise playing tennis every day.
- My friend suggested going for a picnic on the beach.

2. Some verbs are always followed by to + infinitive:

to	+	inf.	٢) أفعال يأتي بعدها	
	•			

arrange	ينظم	expect	يتوقع	offer	يقدم
decide	يقرر	hope	يأمل	promise	يغِد
agree	يقبل/يوافق	learn	يتعلم	plan	يخطط
want	يريد	allow	يسمح	advise	ينصع
aim	يهدف	demand	يطلب	hurry	يسرع
appear	يبدو	deserve	يستحق	forbid	يمنع
prepare	يعد/يجهز	pretend	يتظاهر	determine	يصمم
long	يشتاق	prove		ask	يطلب
warn	يحذر	manage	يتمكن	refuse	يرفض
attempt	يحاول	fail	يفشل	threaten	يعسد
care	يمتم	guarantee		neglect	يعمل
wait	ينتظر	choose		happen	يتصلنف
dare	يجرؤ	wish		seem	guy

gueryone agreed/arranged/decided to meet at the airport. Jexpect/hope to finish my homework later this evening. ileamed to swim when I was three years old. she offered/promised to help her mother prepare lunch. What do you plan/want to do in the summer?

Check Point	4 Choose the correc	t answer from a, b, c or d	
1 Idon't enjoy	as much as I used to.		
a) to cook	b) cook	c) cooking	d) to cook
2 Her parents didn't	want herhim.		
a) to marry	b) marrying	c) married	d) to be married
3 Some students de	cidedsnow sculp	otures in a park.	
a) make	b) to be made	c) making	d) to make
4 I'll suggest	to the Sham El-Nessim f	festival in Egypt next year.	
a) go	b) going	c) to go	d) to going
5 Before you go to L	ondon, you should pract	ise English.	
a) to speak	b) speak	c) speaking	d) to speaking
			the state of the s



3. Some verbs can be followed by (to + infinitive) or (the -ing form), with no change in meaning.

۲) أفعال يأتي بعدها .to + inf أو v.ing بدون تغيير في المعنى.

hate	یکرہ	like	يحن محم في الله	love	يحب	intend	ینوی
prefer	يفضل	start	يبدا	continue	يستمر	begin	يبدا

Thate/like/love/prefer to do/doing exercise every day.

A) stop

-{	The same of the sa	
15	top+v+ing	يتوقف عن فعل شيء لفترة أو يقلع عن الشيء تمامًا.
1	TOP TV + Ing	يتوسد عن عام عام المراجعة
1		
15	top + to + inf.	يتوقف عن شيء ليفعل شيئًا آخر (هدفًا) وغالبًا عندما يكون ماشيًا.
1	P F TO + INT.	

Leila stopped listening to the radio.

كانت ليلى تسمع الراديو ثم توقفت .

Leila stopped to listen to the radio.

كانت ليلي تفعل شيئًا آخر ثم توقفت لكي تسمع الراديو.

⁸⁾remember

remember + v.ing	ه مُعل شيئًا. تم الحدوث أولًا ثم تذكر ثانيًا	يتذكر أنه
	the state of the s	متذكر ان
remember + to + inf.		

I remember phoning my mother.

تذكرت أنني اتصلت بوالدتي. تذكرت أن أتصل بوالدتي (لم أنس).

remembered to phone my mother.

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It has started to rain/raining.

^{4.} Some verbs can be followed by (to + infinitive) or (the -ing form), but there is a change in meaning: ٤ ﴾ أفعال يأتي بعدها .to + inf أو v.ing وهناك تغيير في المعنى.

C) forget

forget + v + ing	ثم _{شاو} ث الشيء أولًا ثم نسيه أو لم ينسه بعد ذلك.
forget + to + inf.	نسى أن يفعل الشيء أصلًا. فيعتذر أو يذهب ليفعله بعد ذلك.

I forgot locking the door.

يَثْتَ الباب ولكني نسيت.

• I'll never forget driving my car for the first time.

للهُ في ذاكرتي الرؤية لأول مرة

I forgot to bring my book. I'm sorry.

يبت أن أحضر كتابي.

D) regret

regret + v + ing	فعلى شيئًا ثم ندم بعد ذلك.
regret + to + inf.	ياسف ان يقول شيئًا أو يفعل شيئًا مضطرًا لذلك.

I regret arriving late.

مل متأخرًا وهو نادم الأن.

He regrets to say that he can't go.

واسف أن يقول إنه لا يستطيع أن يذهب.

E) try

try + v.ing	حاول أن يفعل شيئًـا ونجح فيه – يحاول تجريب شيء ويرى نتيجته
try + to + inf.	يحاول أن يفعل شيئًا ببذل الجهد

- The firemen are trying to put out the fire.
- Why don't you try adding some sugar to taste better?
- 5. When "to" means so as to/in order to", it is followed by an infinitive:

) نستخدم المصدر بعد أدوات الربط الخاصة بالهدف والغرض وهي تحتوي على to (بمعنى لكي أو أن).

لکی to/so as to/in order to

I study hard to get good marks.

6. When "to" is part of an expression, it is often following by the -ing form:

')يمكن أن تكون to جزءًا من تعبير وفي هذه الحالة يأتي بعدها ٧.ing، هنا تعتبر to حرف جر.

owing to	نتيجة لـ	in addition to	to a shall	بالإضافة إلى
contribute to	يساهم في/يشارك في	own up to/admit to	The Wines	بعترف بـ
look forward to	يتطلع إلى	take to	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	يعتاد على
object to	يعترض على	(be) accustomed to	The same of the same of the same of	يعتاد على
(be)(get) used to	يعتاد على	lead to		يۇدى إلى

▶ I look forward to/am used to spending the holidays in Sharm.

7. Some expressions are followed by the -ing form:

') نستخدم (v + ing) بعد الأفعال والتعبيرات الأتية:

(be) busy	مشغول في	have difficulty in	
the same of the sa		The same of the sa	لىيە صعوبة في
(be) worth	يستحق	can't help	لايستطيع منع
It's no good	لا فائدة من	can't stand	لايتتمل
It's no use	لا فائدة من	feel like	أشعر برغبة في
how/what about	وماذا عن (اقتراح)	put off	يؤجل
what's the use of	ما فائدة	there is no point in	لا جنوى من الجدال

It's no good/no use wasting time.

I feel like/can't help eating sweets.

g. We use the infinitive without (to) with the following:

أ نستخدم المصدر بدون (to) بعد التعبيرات و الأفعال الأثية:

LL atter		The second secon			
had better	ينبغى	would rather	من الأفضل	let	يسمح
make	يجغل	help (+ inf. or to + inf.)	Sall Late glass	-60 10 10 10	(April 10)

The thieves made the man empty his pocket.

Mona'd better take the umbrella with her in case it rains.

Check Point 5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 She never forgets a cat when she was young. a) to kill b) kill c) killing d) killed

- 2 It was difficult for Nour to get used to in a foreign country.
 a) live
 b) living
 - c) lived
- 3 Would you be so kind and help me the sofa?
 - a) to moving
 b) move
 c) moved
 d) moving
- 4 "Let's go jogging!""No, I'd rathersailing."
 - a) to go b) going
 - c) to going d) go
- 5 Don't forget all of the doors before you go to bed.
 - a) to lock

b) locking

d) moving

c) to locking

d) locked

Extra points



1) go on

The second secon	
go on + v.ing	tum lac tur
vally	يستمر في عمل شيء
90 on + to + inf.	يستمر في عمل شيء بعد الانتهاء من شيء آخر
OF OIL + 10 + Int.	يستمر عي عمل سيء بحد

She went on talking for hours.

After finishing the report, she went on to type some letters.

2) mean

Property of the second		
		-
Mean		
mean + v.ing		ا بشمل/پ
The second secon	A DESCRIPTION OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	- 1
And the second s	The second secon	THE RESERVE AND THE PERSON NAMED IN
mean + to + inf.	بغف الدر	ینوی/یم
+ to + inf		اینوی،یت
The state of the s	The state of the s	,

Finding a job means attending many interviews.

He means to find a job abroad.

unit 5 Lessons 3 & 4

3) see/hear/listen/watch

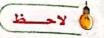
see/hear/listen/watch + v.ing	بسمع او يرى جزءًا من الشيء
see/hear/listen/watch + inf.	بسمع أو يرى الشيء كله

I watched my father painting the living room.

أنت والدى يدهن الحجرة (جزء من الحدث).

I watched my father paint the living room.

أن والدى يدهن الحجرة من البداية إلى النهاية.



to + inf. وصفات التفضيل نستخدم it's the first/second/last, etc. وبعد كلمة only والتعبيرات

- Ahmed was the last one to arrive at the party.
- He called me only to say that he would be late.

'd like/'d love/'d prefer بعد (to + inf.) نستخدم (to + inf.)

I'd love to go for a walk.

٢) لاحظ أننا نستخدم (not) قبل(verb + ing) أو (to+infinitive) عند النفي:

- I regret not warning him about the drop in the road. He fell off the bike.
- ▶ They decided not to buy this house. It's old fashioned.

الأفعال advise/permit/allow/forbid يأتي بعدها v.ing إذا لم يأتِ بعدها مفعول.

My teacher advised taking a course during the summer vacation.





Language Exercises

1	He hopes	ver from a, b, c or d: a prize for his school v		
	a) winning	b) to win	vork.	
2	a) winning She offered	me to the station to	c) to winning	d) that win
١	a) to take	h) taking	her car.	
•	a) to take	b) taking	c) took	d) take
J	We all noticed that she	e avoided	at us.	
	a) looks	b) to look	c) looking	d) to be looked
٠	My parents want me .	hard and g	et high marks.	
	a) studying	b) studied	c) study	d) to study
5	We've just finished	a TV program	nme about Fountian histo	ry.
	a) to watch	b) watching	c) to watching	d) watch
6	When did you decide	biology at	university?	Curt Stoy of the Stoy
	a) to study	b) studying	c) study	d) to studying
ī	We've arranged	my brother up t	from the airport.	a, to studying
	a) picking	b) to picking	c) pick	d) to pick
8	Tamer and I agreed	seven poun	ds each.	a) to pick
	a) paying	b) pay	c) to pay	di marana
9			sing for next week's maths	d) was paying
	a) spending	b) to spend	c) to sponding	
0	Hany and his sister or	actice ton	nis every day after school.	d) spend
	a) playing	b) to play	is every day after school.	
11		b) to play	c) played	d) play
•	My parents suggested			
10	a) go	b) to go	c) to going	d) going
•	l'd likesor	nething on this for ou	r project.	
	a) being done	b) doing	c) to do	d) do
13	How about	at that festival for or	ur project?	
	a) to looking	b) looking	c) to look	d) looked
4	I regret to	the cinema. It was no		
	a) to go	b) go	c) going	d) went
5	If you can't find the key	y, try the lo	ck with something else, like	a knife or a screwdrive
	a) open	b) to open	c) to opening	d) opening
16	lam not used	a suit and tie ever	ry day.	Fermig
	a) to wear preferb	b) having worn	c) to wearing	d) to have worn
17	prefer by	bus toby	train.	
	a) to travel/travelling		b) being travelled/ha	Iving travelled
	c) travelling/to travel		d) travelling/travelling	ig and verified
18	We spent a very enjoy	vable evening	about old times.	
		h) talk	c) having talked	d) to talk
19	a) talking It's no use	to him He's asleep.		ur to talk
		L L An Illianti	c) to talk	d) bauta
50	a) talk Would you care	a look at my lat	est report?	d) having talked
7	would you care	b) having	c) to have	d) have
21	a) had	when you fell do		-/ Have
172	couldn't help	b) to laugh	c) at laughing	d) laugh
	a) laughed	p) (O (aug)		d) laughing

			alaccroom and s	eeing my teacher,
22	On my first day at scho	ol, I remember	into my classroom and s	d) to going
	a) going	b) to go	c) went	
23	3 She can't get used to	for such a la	rge company.	d) worked
	a) work	b) working	c) being work	Marie and American and the second
24	4 Nehad regrets	her mother on her	birthday. She should have a	d) not to phone
	al not phoning	b) wat whamad	c) not phone	
2	5 completely forgot	you my electror	nic dictionary. I thought I had	d) lending
	a) lend	b) to lend	c) to lending	a) lending
2	6 It's no good	to fix this machine. I	t's completely broken.	A) to trains
		b) to try		d) to trying
2	7 Amina admitted not	how to ope	n the door.	
	a) to be known	b) knowing	c) to know	d) known
2	28 I asked my father to le	et me the m	natch at the stadium.	a Comedia
	a) watch	b) to watch	c) watching	d) to watching
2	29 Hesham likes	a nap in the aftern	oon.	
	a) to be taken	b) to taking	c) to take	d) take
:	30 I'm looking forward to	o more on 1	this project.	
	a) be done	b) do	c) did	d) doing
١:	31 Hala hoped	to Jana's party.		
2	a) for being invited		b) she will be invited	
Ÿ	c) being invited		d) to be invited	
	32 Would you please	this case into	the boot of the car?	
	a) help lift	b) help to lifting	c) help me lifting	d) to help lift
	33 Pupils are made	very hard at thi	s school before the exams.	
ı		b) working		d) works
ł	34 He advised		stead of my used Fiat.	
ı	a) to be bought		c) to buy	d) to buying
ı			nabout the match	٦.
		b) to talking	c) talking	d) to talk
	36 There is no point in .		Marin parent	
	a) to argue	b) arguing		d) to have argued
	37 I went to the airport			
	a) to have expected		b) to expect	
	c) expecting 38 A: Why does your si	stor hito har pails?	d) to be expected	
	B. She doesn't enion	them she	just can't bar	
	a) biting / to do	b) biting / doing	just can't helpit.	
	39 She is afraid of the	dentist, so she always n	c) bite / do	d) to bite / doing
	a) to go	b) go	uts off till the last	possible moment.
	40 I always look forwa		- dolle	d) going
	a) chose	b) choosing	c) choose	
	363		-/ C11003E	d) being chosen



Lessons 3 & 4



General Skills



Writing

A reply to an email

You receive an email from a friend who's trying to help you to study more effectively. Plan a reply to this email.



Hi there,

Thank you for your email about helping me to study more effectively. I understand how to arrange my study sessions following Pomodoro technique taking short breaks between my study sessions and then a long one after finishing a certain task such as studying for an important exam. This would benefit me to refresh my energy and enable me to get good results. Have I understood that correctly?

You also advised me to teach what I have studied to another classmate. I've already had a deal with one of my classmates to do that. Moreover, she would also do the same with me. I would explain maths lessons for her and she would explain history lessons for me. Really I expect this would be very useful for both of us.

Thanks very much for your tips. They have really made a difference to my study and exam results. I think I will do better in the near future.

Talk to you soon.

A Letter of Application

Write a letter of application for a job as a student welfare officer in your local university. Include the following information:

How you can help other students.

What skills you have that will help them.

Why you would like to work on this post.

Model Letter



Dear Sir/Madam,

lam writing this letter to apply for the position of student welfare officer. I believe that I am suited to the role because I have good skills to help people feel more positive and enthusiastic. This has been one of my best qualities which made my friends call me 'Positive Energy' for all the support I gave them in their problems.

At school, I did a course in dealing with stressful situations. That's because I wanted to be a psychiatrist, however. I didn't get enough grades to join the Faculty of Medicine. However, I studied psychology in the Faculty of Arts, Cairo University. I like using my free time to help other people. I also do a lot of voluntary work helping in a children's hospital.

lam very excited to apply and I hope you decide to offer me the position. I hope to hear from you soon.

Yours faithfully, Mahmoud Ahmed Helmy

Test Yourself



Unit 5 Leveons 3 & 4

	in the correct accor	wer from a b, car d:	electricists . Conseque	
1	People wonder if	there is a	etween illnesses and radioacti	ve waves.
	a) link	bi contact	c) communicating	d) connecting
2	The article contain	nt tome weeful hazar	which women sho	uld follow.
	a) taps	hi taner	tons	d) tips
3	People	to be bander if the	c) tops have a successful career and g	nod family relationship
	a) trend	b) tond	c) pretend	d) attend
4	We did our best to	O femair the analysis to	out in the end, we had to	it un as impossible
	a) stay	b) bring	c) give	d) do
5	The names of the	Students in the slave	c) give	u) do
	a) order	blantom the class	were listed in an alphabetical	unated so made a
6	I am extremely	b) system	c) request	d) menu
	a) efficient	to all my teac	thers for all the help and suppo	ort they gave me.
7	The documents	b) graterul	c) doubtful	d) intensive
	alrian	y began with a	from a battle in the Second	d World War.
8	Wahadta	b) grip	c) gap	d) clip
	al make	changes to our ho	oliday plans because of urgent	financial matters.
	a) make	b) miss	close	Al douber
-	Our teacher fefus	ed our que	stions as we were talking down	
	at the such states	Dianswering	c) arressor	
10	THE PERSON LABOUR THE	ISSUED OF CHARGE	Cannors for the	
	m Kitair	D) to visit	c) visiting	d) to visiting
11	the state of the state of the state of	TANKS SOMEONE STREET, BUILD II	it! City diffing the forther	
	a) travel	b) to travel	r) travalling	d) to term allian
12	really want	to Hong Kong f	or the Chinese New Year	d) to travelling
	a) go	b) going	* to	
13	then reaction is a	ised tostud	lents with their homework	d) to go
	A PAGNEY	n na named		
14	She tried	him the terrible tri	uth, but she just couldn't !	d) helps
	a) tell	b) to tell	c) telling	herself to do it.
15	Gehan forgot	her money, so	Hent her ten pounds.	d) to telling
	a) bring	b) to bringing		
16		first oneat	c) bringing	d) to bring
	a) to arrive	b) arrives		
17	and the same of th	ples of punctuation n	c) to arriving	d) arrived
	a) Commas and			경험이 어떤 것이 많아 되었어야 됐다. 생활하였다.
	at Ohio and minu	e clane	b) Dollar and pound	d sions
48	film namer force	a aigna. Man this had avenue	d) Abbreviations ar	d phonesis
***	ha (sha la constitu	uen mis dad expene	d) Abbreviations an ince, and I'd like to advise ever	Voncernities,
	The same is very tir	eu.	Tele and the second	your not to drive when
	The sentence ab			
	a) an introductio	on to a narrative essa	y	
	b) the final outco	ome and the messag	e when concluding an essay	
			dent e the reader to do something	

- 19 Narrative essays
 - a) should be interesting to impress the reader
 - b) should contain imaginative incidents to make suspense
 - c) can tell real or imaginative stories
 - d) all of the above

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

If the sun were turned off suddenly, like an electric lamp, our Earth would begin to cool. Ice would form but never melt. The temperature would drop towards the absolute zero point". Life would stop. The Earth would begin to resemble the planets Jupiter and Saturn, which get almost no heat from the sun.

Distance from the sun is necessary for the amount of heat a planet receives. If you've ever sat around a campfire during a chilly night, you know how pleasant it is to be near the fire. The outer planets, like campers kept at a distance, get very little heat. On the other hand, Mercury and Venus⁽³⁾, which are closer to the sun than we are, get more heat than we could stand without protection.

While almost all our heat comes from the sun, a small amount of it comes from the Earth itself. Most scientists think the Earth was formed several billion years ago, it was a fiery, glowing liquid mass. Gradually this mass cooled like hot chocolate sauce cooling and turning into solid on the sides of a pan, and the hot liquid material of the Earth cooled and turned slowly into the solid rock crust⁽⁵⁾ we live on today. But deep inside the Earth, the heat was held in by the solid outside crust. There the cooling was so slow, in fact, that enormous amounts of heat are left in the Earth's core⁽⁶⁾. Miners⁽⁷⁾ going to work feel the increasing heat as they go down inside the mine. Even those of us who stay on the surface of the Earth sometimes see violent evidence of the imprisoned heat. A volcano erupts (8), spewing up (9) fiery liquid lava from deep inside the Earth. The lava flows down the volcano's sides and cools, turning into solid rock.

Thus, we see that there are two important sources of heat to keep us from cooling down to absolute zero. The sun is the most important one, giving off a steady amount of heat at just the right distance from us. The Earth also helps a bit to keep us warm with the heat that comes very slowly from its centre. But neither of these could keep us alive without the life-saving blanket that circles our Earth, the air.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 20 The amount of heat a planet receives depends on
 - a) how far it is from the farthest planet
- b) its atmosphere
- c) its distance from the outer planets
- d) its distance from the sun
- 21 As miners go down inside the mine for work, they feel the
 - a) increasing air

b) decreasing heat

c) increasing heat

- d) rising light
- 22 The underlined "chilly" in the second paragraph means
 - b) rather cold

a) very hot

d) dark

c) pleasant

- 23 The two sources of heat on our Earth are
 - b) the sun and the moon

a) the sun and the earth

d) Mercury, Venus and the sun

c) the earth and the moon

	24	The heat from inside	the earth comes up in the	form of	d) earthquakes
		a) tornadoes	b) volcanoes	c) winds	a) cartiquakes
	25	The antonym of the w	vord "erupt" is		d) subside
		a) flare up	b) blow up	c) go off	u) subside
	26	The underlined word	"There" refers to		A) in also and
)	a) in the sun	b) outside crust	c) deep inside the Earth	d) in the rock
- 83	27	One of the following i	is untrue		
		a) the heat from the s	un and earth doesn't keep	o life without the air	
		b) almost all our heat			
1			erupts, it sends fiery solid	lava	
		d) most of our heat co	omes from the earth	The party of the p	
			carti		

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- A virtual meeting is a form of communication that enables people in different locations to use their internet connected devices to meet in a virtual room. They are used for connecting with family and friends, or in business.
 - الاجتماع الافتراضى هو شكل من أشكال الاتصال يمكن الأشخاص فى مواقع مختلفة من استخدام أجهزتهم المتصلة بالإنترنت للالتقاء فى غرفة افتراضية ويتم استخدامها للتواصل مع العائلة والأصدقاء أو فى العمل.
 - الاجتماع الافتراضى هو شـكل من أشـكال الاتصال يمكن الأشـخاص في مواقع متشـابهة من اسـتخدام أجهزتهم المتصلة بالإنترنت
 للالتقاء في غرفة افتراضية ويتم استخدامها للتواصل مع العائلة والأصدقاء أو في العمل.
 - الاجتماع الافتراضى هو شكل من أشكال الاتصال يمكن الأشخاص في مواقع مختلفة من استخدام أجهزتهم المتصلة بالإنترنت للالتقاء
 في غرفة وهمية ويتم استخدامها للتواصل مع العائلة والأصدقاء أو في العمل.
 - الاجتماع الوهمى هو شــكل من أشكال الاتصال يمكن الأشــخاص فى مواقع مختلفة من استخدام أجهزتهم المتصلة بالإنترنت للالتقاء
 فى غرفة ويتم استخدامها للتواصل مع العائلة والأصدقاء أو فى العمل.
 - 29 يعتبر التخطيط الجيد للدراســة من أهم الأعمال التي يسـعى لها الطلاب المتميزون للحصول على الراحة عند أداء دراسـتهم ولتوفير كثير من الوقت والجهد للحصول على النجاح والتفوق.
 - a) Good study planning is one of the most important tasks that distinguished students seek to obtain comfort when performing their studies and to keep a lot of time and effort to obtain success and excellence.
 - b) Good study planning is one of the most important tasks that distinguished students seek to obtain comfort when performing their studies and to save a lot of time and effort to obtain success and excellence.
 - c) Good study planning is one of the most important responsibilities that distinguished students seek to obtain comfort when performing their studies and to save a lot of time and effort to refrain success and excellence.
 - d) Good study planning is one of the most important tasks that ordinary students seek to obtain comfort when performing their studies and to waste a lot of time and effort to obtain success and excellence.
 - a) After he fell ill, my eldest brother promised that he would stop to smoke, which hurt him but he could not keep his promise.
 - b) After he fell ill, my eldest brother promised that he will stop smoking, which hurt him but he could not meet his promise.
 - c) After he fell ill, my eldest brother promised that he would stop smoking, which hurt him.
 - d) After he fell ill, my eldest brother promised that he would stop to smoke, which hust him

Study

Chapter 5 (Great Expectations)

Vocabulary			
adopt (v) (ed)	يتبنى والمحادث المالية	fiancé (n)	فطيب المستحد والم
afterwards (adv.)	بعد ذلك	footsteps (n)	فطوات أقدام
alive (adj)	على قيد الحياة	grumpy (adj)	سهل الغضب
behave (v) (d)	يتصرف	half-brother (n)	اخ غير شقيق
cheerful (adj)	مرح/ مبتهج	handsome (adj)	وسيم
clerk (n)	موظف	inherit (v) (ed)	يرف ۱۹۹۹ ۱۹۹۹ د
coach (n)	وسيلة نقل عام	jealous (adj)	غيور جيبرين يسيد
comfortable (adj)	مرتاح	lodging (n)	مسكن
convince (v) (d)	يقنع والماد الماد والماد	ordinary (adj)	عادی شاهدی
cruel (adj)	قاس	secret (adj)	سر/ سری
dare (v) (d)	يجرؤ المحادثة المحاددات	share (n)	نميب
disappointed (adj)	محبط عدم ده	suitable (adj)	مناسب
engaged (adj)	مخطوبة	unpleasant (adj)	غير سار

Phrases, Expressions	, Idioms & Prep	ositions	Turk belega yay se
at once	مَّى الحال	in a few days' time	في خلال سنوات قليلة
9ot engaged	تتم خطبتما	take revenge on	يثارمن
angry with	غاضب من	scared of	مرعوب من
jealous of	غيور من	speak to	يتحدث إلى



Practice Great Expectations Exercises Chapter (5)

Choose the correct	answer from a, b, c or d:		
	a job as an account		
a) diary	b) clerk	c) book	d) keeping
2 We found a	for the night in a beautif	ul little bed and breakfast	right off the bicycle trail
a) ledge	b) ledger	c) legging	d) lodging
3 They have no ch		ry're hoping toa	child from the orphanae
a) adopt	b) adapt	c) adjust	d) inherit
4 I was t	that the lazy secretary was	part of the problem in the	office.
a) infected		c) convinced	d) conveyed
5 Hanan was so	of Leila's new dres	s that she went out and b	ought herself one.
a) concerned	b) jealous	c) victimised	d) cold
6 Farida's	gave her a big diamond	ring on her birthday.	
a) fiancé	b) opponent	c) victim	d) genius
7 The rich man's s	on will the facto	ry when his father dies.	
a) intake	b) inhale	c) inhibit	d) inherit
8 It can be benefi	cial toyour feeling	ngs with someone you tru	st.
a) share	b) divide	c) split	d) use
9 She got	last summer, and the we	edding is set for next mon	th.
a) engage	b) engaged	c) engaging	d) engagement
10 Most people do	n't like the new manager,	but they don'tto) say so.
a) care	b) share	c) bare	d) dare
11 The king took	on those who acc	used him of treason.	-, date
a) revenge	b) treaty	c) bravery	d) confidence
12 Mr Ahmed had	been in a mood		a) confidence
a) grump	b) grumpily	c) grumpy	d) anumas
13 Someone's	is a boy or man who	has either the same moth	er or the same father 3
\$45.14 d. a. d. 00.00 (1956) .		The state of the s	er or the same father a
a) half-brother	b) half-sister	c) step-father	
14 Please don't be	angry me for bro	eaking the table. It wasn't	d) step-mother
		Clavith	
15 The old man wa	as kept on a life-	support machine.	d) of
a) injured	b) fainted	c) dead	
268		그림 그녀를 맛있다. 그림하는 하는 생이다.	d) alive

Unit 5

Advanced & Open General Exercises

nerth !	gerry	Analysing Subjusting	◆ Dreating	
a	oose the correct ans	wer from a, b, c.or di		ببابه هده التدريبات مومودة ينعاية الكا
1	I didn't want to get_	up in endless a	rouments about this s	ubject
	a) brought	b) caught	rilost	d) releases
2	We arranged to mee	et at 7.30, but Reda neve	un saving h	e was busy.
	a) played	b) returned	c) turned	d) caught
3	We politely	our neighbour's invitat	ion to his son's birthda	y party.
	a) declined	b) decreased	c) diminished	d) increased
4	Doctors say that Ma	laria is through	dirty drinking water.	
	a) spoken	b) contacted	dlinked	d) communicated
5	The of the	b) contacted final match will be show	n in the news later thi	s evening.
-	alicons	b) defects	c) highlights	d) aspects
6	Since her husband to	ravelled abroad, Mary has	had trouble keeping h	er teenage sons in
Ť		b) order		
7		xandria, I always take the		
		b) impress		
8	Adel Imam has beco	ome a/an in the	movie business.	(d)
-	a) clip	b) icon	c) flag	d) inferior
9	The book explains t	he complex historical	to the Second	World War.
ľ	a) playground	b) result	c) background	d) research
10	School teachers say	that the internet has be	come one of the impo	rtant reasons for the
	in studen		Landa Charles	
ì	a) influence	b) impact	c) jump	d) slide
1	Mu father is too hus	his relatives	everv week.	
1	a) visiting	b) visit	c) visits	d) to visit
1:	2 As he had a serious	illness, he was advised	by a specialist	in medicine.
	alto see	b) to be seen	c) seeing	d) being seen
13	When I caw a man	in my neighbou	ir's flat, he ran away.	
		L\ broke	c) breaking	d) to break
1.	Ahmed was the firs	t one who to t	he meeting.	
	Nillied was the mis	b) to come s me to smoke in his hom	c) coming	d) come
1	5 Although he allows	me to smoke in his hom	ne, he doesn't allow	in the office.
	a) to smoke	b) smoking	c) to smoking	d) us smoke
1	This pen is used to	on wood.		
	a) be written	b) being written	c) writing	d) write
1	7 "Ha san's hala think	ing about the past" mea	ns that	
	alba an ehin	b about the past, but he	Cant	
1	111 .11.1	-baut the nast as it was t	ai cuai ai	
		Last the Dani did cuit		
1	a) ne wants someo	careful about whic		
				d) be
1	a) being		ou at all times.	
				d) to carry
1	o She in the street	a suit to attend the w	edding.	
N.	a) he wearing	h) to wear	c) on him wearing	d) on him to wear
	a) ne wearing		Time & V Advance	N. A. Drawe Continue of Taxana

Unit 6

Al-Adwaa Test

	- I Carrie	One of the control of		and the second of the second	
1	Ch	Oose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	Creating		
1	1	1 The style of is very important in a museum as it attracts visitors.			
		a) sale	useum as it attracts visitors.	d) angests	
1	2	My friend sent me a		d) ancestors	
١		My friend sent me a to say he would a) book b) click My daughter has a weekly karate at a) fiction b) session	d be late for the meeting.		
1	3	My daughter has a weekly t	c) signal	d) text	
1		a) fiction	the club on Saturdays.		
1	4	The library's only once	c) conference	d) seminar	
1		The library's only open at times of d a) certain b) sure	ay, so it wouldn't be open thi	is evening.	
1	5				
1		Modern technology has become one of the methods.	most important to	enhance teaching	
1					
1	6	a) imaginations b) sections Before a	c) machines	d) tools	
ı		Before a meeting, all participants s comfortable with the major features	hould test the devices and r	make sure they are	
Ì		comfortable with the major features.			
١	7	a) fictional b) virtual Doctors believe that pollution can	c) verbal	d) musical	
ı		Doctors believe that pollution cana	lot of health problems.		
ı		WI addiv	_\	d) sell	
1		Our house has been much less hot since my fa	ather had an air conditioner		
١			c) installed	d) made	
C		l advise yousmoking.		a) made	
1	10	a) to start b) starting How about	c) not to starting	d) not to start	
ı		and teacher about the hi	est way to study English?	u) not to start	
ı				d\+a a.l.t.	
1	•••	The school arrangeda new charity t	his year.	d) to asking	
Ì		a) to supporting b) supporter	c) to support		
I	12	Kareem finishedhis dinner at 6.30.		d) supporting	
ı	12	a) being eating b) eating	c) to eat		
	13	I have promised my sonhim to the z	200 after the exame	d) eaten	
ı		b) to be taken	c) to told		
ı	14	if you can't remember an English word, try	it.	d) to take	
ı	15	a) guessed b) to guess	c) guessing		
ı	15	It was a mistake the door unlocked.	of back	d) to guessing	
1	46	a) to leave b) leaving	c) to leaving		
ı	10	We regretyou that your application	has been refused	d) left	
1	47	a) informing b) to inform	c) to informing		
ı	17	If a writer uses a word or phrase in a special was squares	ay, such as ironically t	d) informed	
ı		a) squares	b) round brackets	out it in	
	-	c) quotation marks	d) square brackets		
	18	Choose the correctly punctuated sentence:	- acvet2		
	a) Because, doctors are concerned about COVID-19, they wanted to know its causes. b) Because doctors are concerned about COVID-19, They wanted to know its causes.				
		b) Because doctors are concerned about COVID	-19, They wanted to know its o	auses.	
	C) Recause doctors are conserved about Cours				
1		d) Because Doctors are concerned about COVID	1-19", they wanted to know its o	auses.	
	270	[10] 10] [14] [14] [14] [14] [15] [16] [16] [16] [17]	wanted to know its	Tauror.	

In an essay about"The advantages and disadvantages of a thing."

The introduction sentence should

a) refer to the two different points of view
c) refer to one point of view
d) refer to the writer's point of view
d) refer to other people's opinion

20 A message to your manager is a kind of
a) a formal email
b) an informal email
c) a descriptive essay
d) a narrative essay

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Whales are the largest animals in the world, even larger than some species of dinosaurs. Ironically, whales are among the gentlest creatures we know. There are people who go through great lengths to help them.

In 1988, when three young whales were trapped in the sea. It was close to winter and the sea had begun to freeze over. Whales require oxygen from the air, so the frozen ice was a great danger as it prevented them from getting any air. Volunteers from all over soon turned up to help these creatures. They cut holes in the ice so as to provide more breathing holes for the whales. This effort was a success although one whale drowned.

Although the whale is very huge, it is not hindered at all by its size when it is in water. Whales have tails that end like flippers. With just a gentle flick, it can propel itself forward. The skin of a whale is so smooth that it does not create any friction that can slow the whale down. A whale's breathing hole is located on the top of its head, so it can breathe without having to completely push its head out of the water. Whales are protected from the cold seawater by body fat that is called blubber.

Whales live in the ocean but in terms of behaviour, they are more similar to humans than fish. They live in family groups and they even travel in groups when they have to migrate from cooler to warmer waters. The young stay with their parents for as long as fifteen years. Whales are known not to desert the ill or injured members; instead, they cradle them. Moreover, female whales have very strong maternal instincts.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

21 The best title to the passage is b) How to save whales a) Whales and their life d) Whales are big creatures c) Whales and the different seasons 22 Volunteers helped the three young whales as a) whales are gentle creatures and they were trapped b) winter is near c) they wanted to hunt them d) it was hot around them, and they were about to die 23 By using the word 'ironically' in the second sentence, the writer suggests a) it is not true that whales are very gentle b) it is difficult to believe whales are gentle despite their humungous size c) whales may not be as gentle as they look d) whales are definitely the gentlest creatures in the world 24 Winter poses such a danger to whales because a) they cannot swim in icy cold water b) whales can drown without sufficient air c) they cannot eat when the weather is too cold d) the water is too cold for them as they are warm-blooded 25 Whales can move easily in water because of their b) flippers a) tail d) tail, skin and breathing hole c) tail and skin 15) A(6) (9) يعلم [11] غرائز أمومية (۱۶) شدم 161 sees ana (16)

unit 5 | AlAdwas Fest 271

رز) أنواع

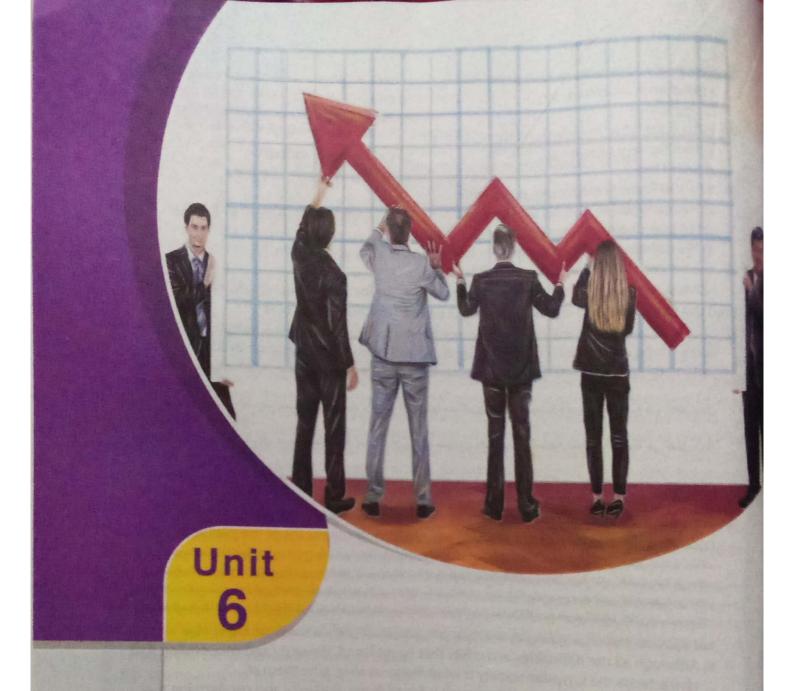
- 26 The human qualities of whales are not highlighted by the fact that a) they do not desert the ill or injured members b) they migrate from cooler to warmer waters c) they live in family groups and travel in groups d) they young stay with their parents for almost fifteen years 27 The phrase 'maternal instincts' (last paragraph) suggests that female whales a) are close to her family and other whales in the group b) strongly believe in living and travelling with her own family c) are very caring towards their young d) tend to leave their young to fend for themselves once they are ready 28 The synonym of the word "drown" is ... d) swim c) drift a) sink b) float Read the following passage, then answer the questions: It was the beginning of the school holidays and Ramy was looking forward to spending time with his friends from his neighbourhood, playing football and running around the playground. He was very upset when his mother told him that he was going to stay at his grandparents' house as both she and his father were going on a business trip. He had no friends there and had no computer games to play with. Even the television programmes were boring because he and his grandparents had different preferences. However, he had no say in the matter. Ramy loved his grandparents but being elderly. they could not take him out or play games with him. His younger sister was not interested in the same things as he was. She only liked to play with her dolls. During the initial couple of days, Ramy killed time by doing his holiday homework. One day, he devised a plan. When his grandparents were taking their naps , he sneaked out of the house. He attempted to take a public bus back to his neighbourhood to find his friends. This was a whole new experience for him. However, on the bus ride home, he fell asleep on the bus. By the time he woke up, he was in a strange place. This worried him. He then borrowed the telephone of a nearby shop to call his grandfather. An hour later, Ramy's grandfather arrived in a taxi. He was silent throughout the ride back. Ramy was feeling very guilty⁴¹. He knew that his impetuous²⁷ behavior must have caused his grandparents a lot of worry. He apologised to his grandparents profusely. Seeing his remorse, they decided to give him a second chance and did not report the incident to his parents. Ramy was relieved. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 29 The best title to the passage is Ramy's holiday wasn't a success a) Ramy's adventure at a new place d) Ramy's grandparents c) Ramy's holiday with his grandparents 30 According to paragraph one, why was Ramy feeling upset? a) It was the start of the school holidays. b) His parents did not allow him to watch television. c) His father was going on a business trip without him d) He had to stay with his grandparents for the holidays. 31 Which one of the following pieces of information is not true? a) Ramy was an only child. b) Ramy loved his grandparents. c) Ramy had holiday homework. d) Ramy felt bored at his grandparents' house 32 Why did Ramy devise a plan?
 - - a) He wanted to get enough rest.
 - b) He wanted to get out of the house.
 - c) He wanted to irritate his grandparents.
 - d) He wanted to let his grandparents have their afternoon nap.







33	Ramy's grandparents proved to be				
	a) kind and understanding	b) cruel			
	c) aggressive	d) unpleasant			
34	What does "This" in paragraph three refer to? a) Feeling very grown-up.				
	c) Being lost.	b) Calling his gra			
35	Why did Ramy feel relieved at the end?	d) Falling asleep	on the bus.		
00	a) He managed to find his way home.				
	c) His grandparents were not worried about t	b) His grandfathe	er came to pick	nim up in a	taxı.
	d) His grandparents forgave him for his action	ne			
36	The synonym of the word "remorse" is				
	a) happiness b) regret	c) pride	d) to	lerance	
Rea	ad the sentences and choose the correct tran	slation from a. b.	cord:		
37	Sooner or later, youth will face huge responsible	litios so thou shoul	فترين لمم مسمم مطالما	th determina	ation
	and a strong with School is the pest place to pre	nare them for the	a rocnoncibilitie	00	
	ونوا مسلحين بعزم وإرادة قوية، والمدرسة هي أفضل مكان لإعدادهم	يات جسيمة، لذا يجب أن يك	يواجه الشــباب مسئوا	عاجلًا أم آجلًا، ســ	(a
				Take Hemilabel	
	كونوا مسلحين بالصبر والوصية القوية، والمدرســة هي أفضل مكان	وليات ضخمة، لذا يجب ان يـُ			(b
	نوا مسلحين بالتصميم والمستقبل القوى، والمدرسة هي أفضل مكان	البات هائلة، لذا يجب أن يكو	تمستونيات. دواجه الشياب مستاه	لإعدادهم لهذه اا عادلًا أم أدلًا. ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1-
			ا مساما بات	الحدياء معامذه ال	(c
	ونوا أصحاب أذرع قوية وعزيمة للمستقبل المدرسة هي أفضل مكان	وليات عملاقة، لذا يجب أن يك	يواجه الشباب مسلو	عاجلًا أم أجلاً، ســ	(d
38	The government pays great attention to deve	-1	لمسئوليات.	لإعدائهم لهذه ا	
	The government pays great attention to devinecessary services for a better life. This will su	eroping slums and	providing the	m with the	
	مة لحياة أفضل وهذا بالتأكيد سيغير حياة الناس الذين يعيشون هناك.	arely promote the	life of the peop	ole living the	
4.4	ة لحياة أفضل وهذا بالتأكيد سيعدل حياة الناس الذين يعيشون هناك	ى وإمدادها بالخدمات اللازمة	تماما حبيرا بنطوير الله خمرًا كبيرًا بتطوير القر	تدفع الحكومة اها	(a (b
	زمة لحياة أفضل هذا بالتأكيد سيدون حياة الناس الذين يعيشون هناك	ئيات وإمدادها بالخدمات اللا	أذاكس التطوب العشوا	holosta Hair	(c
	لازمة لحياة أفضل هذا بالتأكيد سيطور حياة الناس الذين يعيشون هناك	وائيات وإمدادها بالخدمات الا	نمامًا كبيرًا بتطوير العشر	تولى الحكومة اهت	(d
9	بن التي يتميز بها المجتمع المصري هي ما جعلتنا نتغلب عليها كلها.	ما مصر إلا أن الوحدة والتعاو	، والأزمات التي واجهته	رغم كل الصعوبات	39
	a) Although all the difficulties and crises that	t Egypt faced, the i	unity and coop	eration that	03
	characterise the Egyptian society is what r	nade us overcome	them all.		
	b) Despite all the difficulties and crises that E characterise the Egyptian society is what it	nade us overcome	itty and cooper	ration that	
i,	c) Though all the difficulties and crises that E	gypt faced, the un	ity and cooper	ation that	
	specialise the Egyptian society is what ma	de us overcome th	iem all.	Jenj none	
	d) Dosnita all the difficulties and crisis that E	gypt faced, the un	ity and cooper:	ation that	
	privatice the Egyptian society is what made	de us overcome the	em all.		
	كيماويات سبب له كثيرًا من بالهجر ، بي حسيد	لان عمله الجديد في مصنع ال	. ت كه وظيفته السابقة	لقد ندم العامل علر	40
	a) The worker has regretted to leave his prev factory caused him a lot of health problem	nous iod because i	IIIS HEW IOD IN F	ho -b	
	b) The worker has regretted leaving his prev	ious job because h	is new job in th	s. he chemical	
	c) The worker has regretted leaving in problem	os despite the incr	ease in wages	ne chemical	
	factory caused him a lot of fleath pro-	us ich harause his	new joh in the	chemical	
	d) The worker has regretted leave his previous factory caused him a lot of health problem	ns although the in	crease in fees.	- inical	
	factory caused nim a lot of the			-	
	Assess your progress < 50%	50 : 64%	65 : 84%	85:100%	
	Assess your program study again	Practise many		Well dime:	
	And the second s		Voit 5 V AL	Adwara Test	73





Let's get it done!

: A report on a study into productivity Reading

: A reflective text Writing

Listening : An interview with an expert on productivity

; Brainstorm and discuss ideas to improve productivity

Language : Get something done; Causative verbs

Life skills : Productivity; Self-management



Lessons 1 & 2



Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary

assess (v) (ed)	يقيم/يحلل
decline (v) (d) (n)	ينخفض/انخفاض
efficiency (n)	كفاءة
productive (adj)	منتج

productivity (n)	إنتاجية
progress (n) (v) (ed	تقدم/يتقدم
raise (v) (d)	يرفع/يزيد
vary (v) (y-ied)	يتغير/يتنوع/ينوع

Vocabulary on Reading

achieve (v) (d)	يحقق/ينجز
aim (n) (v) (ed)	هدف/يهدف
analysis (n)	تحليل
conclusion (n)	استنتاج/ختام
diary (n)	يوميات/مذكرات
finding (n)	اكتشاف
habit (n)	عادة
individual (n)	فرد
mention (v) (ed)	يذكر

	The second section is a second
period (n)	فترة من الوقت
positive (adj)	إيجابى
regularly (adv.)	بانتظام
repeat (v) (ed)	يكرر
researcher (n)	باحث
rest (v) (ed)	باقِ/راحة/يرتاح
significantly (adv.)	بشكل كبير
state (v) (d) (n)	يعلن/يصرح/حالة
varying (adj)	مختلف/متنوع

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

avoid (v) (ed)	يتجنب
level (n)	مستوى
manage (v) (d)	يدير/يتحكم في
owl (n)	بومة
Private (adj)	خاص
fesearch (n)	بحث علمي
response (n)	رد/استجابة

result (n)	نتبجة
specific (adj)	محدد
stress (n)	قلق/توتر
task (n)	مممة
tip (n)	كيملة/عميمن
worry (n) (v) (y ied)	قلق/يقلق

Workbook Vocabulary

analyse (v) (d)	يطل
delay (v) (ed)	يؤجل/يؤخر/تأجيل
distracted (adj)	مشتت
effectiveness (n)	فاعلية
error (n)	خطأ
excuse (n) (v) (d)	عذر/يعذر
fail (v) (ed)	يفشل/يرسب

hand (v) (ed)	ملسن
honest (adj)	مخلص/صادق/أمين
interrupt (v) (ed)	يقاطع/يعترض
procrastinate (v) (d)	بماطل
procrastination (n)	مماطلة
result in (v) (ed)	هند چتنی
tidy (v) (y ied) (adj)	پرتب/مرتب

Expressions, Phrases & Prepositions

at the same time	في نفس الوقت	
draw conclusions	يستخلص استنتاجات	
in detail	بالتفصيل	
change to	تغ <u>ىىر</u> ل	
come over	يزور	
effects of	تأثير لـ	

keep a diary	بكتب يوميات بانتظام	
make a study plan	يعد خطة للمذاكرة	
on time	في الوقت المحدد	
happy with	سعيد بخصوص	
increase in	زيادة في	
lead to	يؤدى إلى	

Derivatives

Verb		No	Noun		Adjective	
analyse	يحلل	analysis	تحليل	analysed	ئم تحليله	
assess	يقيم/يحلل	assessment	مييقت	assessable	قابل للتقييم	
distract	يشتت	distraction	تشتث	distracted	مشتت	
effect	يفعل	effectiveness	فاعلية	effective	فعال	
excuse	يعذر	excuse	عذر	excusable	معنور	
interrupt	يقاطع/يعترض	interruption	مقاطعة/اعتراض	interrupted	عقلطع	
repeat	يكرر	repetition	تكرار	repetitive	متكرر	
vary	يختلف/يتنوع	variety	تنوع/اختلاف	various	مختلف اعتنوع	

words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning	Synonym المرادف	المضاد Antonym
aim	مدف	goal/target	avoidance بنبت
assess	لمتوآ	analyse/evaluate	ignore/neglect يتجاهل
interrupt	يقاطع/يعترض	interfere/stop	continue پستمر
mention	يذكر	refer to/report	conceal/neglect ریخفی/یتجاهل
productive	منتج	energetic/fruitful	idle/inactive کسول/غیر نشیط
progress	تقدم	advance/evolution	decline/failure انخفاض/فشل
state	يعلن	declare/confirm	confuse/hide يربك/يخفى
vary	يختلف/يتنوع	differ/modify	رینفق/یبقی conform/remain

Check Point 1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 Kareem for three days saying he was getting ready and missed the application deadline. a) hurried b) procrastinated c) inspected d) aspired 2 I had a very day. I finished school, went to the training session and helped my mother. a) puzzling b) idle c) negative d) productive Experts say that it's important that parents teach their children good eatingat an early age. a) habits b) expectations c) studies d) costumes The lawyer says that the DNAshows that the blood and the saliva come from the same person. a) inspection b) prediction d) prospection c) analysis The reason Igood results is because I work hard – and so could you. a) achieve b) ignore c) lose d) miss

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

Unit 6 | Lessons 1 & 2

Check the answers at the end of the book.

Reading Text (1)

A report on a recent study into productivity amongst students

In our research study, we assessed the productivity levels of sixteen to eighteen-year-old students. The aim was to find out which situations led to an increase in the students' productivity levels while they are studying. We chose a group of 250 students and asked them to keep a diary over a six-month period. In these

diaries they wrote down how much time they spent studying every day and what they achieved⁽³⁾.

At the start of the study, we asked all the students to make a change to their study habits^[4]. We wanted to find out what effect this change would have on the students' productivity. We repeated this process at the start of every month for the rest of the study to look at the effects of varying study habits.

Our analysis (5) of the students' diaries resulted in some interesting conclusions.

We noticed that most students' productivity levels increased significantly when they got up earlier to study before school. This was even true for students who had said they weren't very efficient when they studied early in the morning.

On the other hand, most students' productivity levels declined significantly when they regularly studied until late into the evening. Another interesting finding was that studying with other students had a very positive effect on some students' productivity levels, but a very negative effect on other students' productivity levels.

In conclusion, we can state that studying in the morning seems to help most students to become more productive⁽⁷⁾, but the effects of other factors, like whether or not students study alone, vary, depending on the individual.

Reading Text (2)

1. Don't procrastinate

There is one common error⁽¹⁾ which stops students from being productive: procrastination⁽²⁾. Procrastination is when we delay⁽³⁾ doing something important. Students often look for an excuse to do other things, such as tidy their bedrooms, when they should be studying. Make a study plan and then make yourself follow it!



2. Don't study all night

Another bad habit that some students have is studying all night. (Sometimes this is because they have been procrastinating in all day!) Studying at night instead of sleeping does not allow the body and brain to rest. It's important to switch off to study effectively the next day.

يۇجل (3) مشتت (4)

نطا(١)

مماطلة (2)

يقيم (1)

إنتاجية (2)

يحقق (3)

عادات (4)

تطيل (5)

ينخفض (6)

منتج (7)

3. Put the phone away

Some teachers allow students to keep their phone with them in class. But students shouldn't let themselves be distracted by their phones. Even better, hand it to the teacher at the beginning of the class – they will let you have it back at the end!

Listening Text (1)

eman : I try hard to finish my homework on time, but I can never get it all done. After just a few minutes my productivity levels start to decline(1), and I start looking at my phone.

منتج امتمر (2)

رقيم (3)

ينوع ايغير (4)

تقدم (5)

amany: It sounds like you need to raise your productivity so you can get more homework done.

Fman : So, I need to become more productive(2)?

Amany: Yes, exactly. You need to do good work, but get it done faster by increasing your efficiency. First, assess⁽³⁾ when and where you find it easiest to work. You could try to vary⁽⁴⁾ the time and place where you work and see what happens at different times and in different places.

Eman : That's a good idea. I'll try doing that and hopefully I'll soon be making more progress(5) with my homework.

Listening Text (2

Productivity means managing(1) your study or work time so that you get all your work done in the time you have, but also doing that work well.

When people ask me for tips(2) about how to be productive, the first thing I tell them is that everyone's different so different things will help different people.

Let's start with the place where you work. It's a good idea to try out different places and assess where you can concentrate the best and get the most work done. For example, going to a café to work or study might help some people to

make faster progress, but it may make it harder for other people to concentrate and they'll get less work done. You need to find the best place for you.

The same is true for the time of day you study. Some people are 'early birds' and their efficiency tends to be higher in the morning. Whereas other people are 'night owls' who are most productive in the evening. Try working at different times of day and find out which time of day is best for you. Then make sure that you always work or study at that time.

Whatever type of person you are, your productivity levels(3) will decline when you try to do Several different tasks at the same time, or you quickly move from one task to another. So that's definitely something to avoid if you want to raise your productivity levels. Instead, you should complete one task and then move on to the next.

Stress and feeling worried also make us less productive. Assess how you're feeling before you down to work. If you are experiencing stress or feeling worried, try to relax by doing exercise or maybe writing your worries down so you stop thinking about them. This should make it easier for you to concentrate on your work rather than other things that are happening in your life and therefore increase your productivity levels.

يدير/ ينحكم في (1)

نصائح (2)

مستویات (3)

(4) plan

رحنب (5)

قلق/توتر (6)

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Listening Text (3)

•	Woman 1	: Do you think you would get the same results with younger students
	Researcher	: Hmm, good question. We're actually going to let younger state.
		take part in our next study. And I would expect that we is see
		similar results. By which I mean: some students will become more
		productive in response ⁽²⁾ to the changes we make, and others
		won't.
	Man	: Did you have any situations where a student really didn't want to

make the changes that you asked them to make?

Researcher: Well, we definitely didn't want to make anyone study in a specific way. That isn't what it's all about and it probably isn't going to work. Fortunately, all the students who took part were happy to make the changes we suggested. In fact, sometimes it was difficult to stop them from continuing with the change when we needed to move on to the next one.

Woman 2 : I wanted to know if the students in the study allowed you to share their diaries with other researchers.

Researcher: Oh no, we agreed to keep all of that information within our research⁽⁴⁾ team.

We saw that as private⁽⁵⁾ information and we're just sharing our analysis⁽⁶⁾ of it.

Check Point Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: The doctor says you'll get the results when the blood. b) cell a) pattern d) disease c) analysis 2 I am writing an email in _____ to the company's email of last week. a) activity b) response d) hacking c) refusal bathroom in his / her room. 3 In a five-star hotel, each guest has a ... a) public b) general d) private c) special In this video game, players advance to the nextby collecting all the pieces and constructing the spaceship. b) floor a) level c) standard d) route This week's health programme has some on healthy eating. a) taps b) tapes

d) traps

نظلج (٦)

(3) محدد

خاص (5)

تحليل (6)

ودانستجابة (2)

ىدث علمى (4)

c) tips

Vocabulary in Use



Focus

on Vocabulary

assess	يقيم/يحلل
to make a judgment about a person or a situation after thinking carefully abo	out it
decline	usant, nit
to decrease in quantity or importance	يندغض
efficiency	كفاءة
the quality of doing something well and effectively, without wasting time, mo	oney, or energy
— productivity	انتاحية
the rate at which goods are produced, and the amount produced	
The second of th	
— progress	تقدم
the process of getting better at doing something	11, 4, 1
— raise	ىرنىد
to move or lift something to a higher position, place, or level	
Vary	1
Vary	يتغير/يتنوع
if several things of the same type vary, they are all different from each other	

Notes on Vocabulary

delay يؤجل أينتظر حتى وقت لاحق لفعل شيءاً.	to wait until a later time to do something He decided to delay his decision until he had seen the full report.
Procrastinate (معلل (يؤجل مُعل شيء يجب معله)	to delay doing something that you ought to do Don't procrastinate – make a start on your assignments as soon as you get them.

progress تقدم (عملية التحسن في أداء شيء)	 We have made good progress towards meeting our objectives.
advance تقدم (اكتشاف أو اختراع أو تغير يجلب التقدم)	 a discovery, invention, or change that brings progress There have been a lot of advances in scientific knowledge lately.
	In recent years, there have been enormous economic and social advances in Egypt. an important discovery or achievement, especially one that happen
breakthrough إنجاز/اختراق (اكتشاف أو إنجار هام خاصة ما يحدث	after a long period of trying Scientists have described the discovery as a major
بعد فترة طويلة من المحاولة)	 breakthrough. The breakthrough in the investigation came when polic found a stolen car.
reason سبب (تبرير لسبب حدث أو القيام بفعل)	why something happens, or why someone does something Nhat was the reason for the delay? I don't know the reason why he left his last job.
explanation	a set of reasons that halves
تفسير (مجموعـة من الأسـباب توضع سـببـ حدوث شيء)	happens There are various possible explanations for climate change Is there any explanation for his behaviour?
excuse عذر (تبریر لشـیء فعلته او کان یجب ان تفعله وغالبًا غیر حقیقی او دقیق)	a reason that you give to explain why you have done something bad, or haven't done something that you should have done She said she couldn't come because she had to work late but it was just an excuse.
aim = goal مدف (شیء تأمل آن تحققه بفعل شیء)	The main aim of the plan was to provide employment for the country can achieve its.
target مستمدف (کمیة او مقدار ترید ان تحققه)	The country can achieve its goal of reducing poverty by a third a particular amount or total that you want to achieve profits by 10%.
ambition	something that you very much want to achieve in your future Ferial Ashrafa and in
طمــوح (شــىء تأمــل أن تحققه فــى حياتك أو مهنتك في المستقبل)	Ferial Ashraf achieved her ambition of winning a medal in
diary بوميات/ مذكرات (لتسجيل أحداث أو آراء)	I've put the date of the party down
journal دوریة (یومیات یکتبها شخص هام) blog	journals.
مدونة (مذكرات أو تسـجيل آراء على أحد مواقع الإنترنت)	The chef has a food blog in which she shares recipes, tips

Notes

on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts

Did you notice these notes while reading?

we assessed the productivity levels of sixteen to eighteen-year-old students. and asked them to keep a diary over a six-month period.

لاحظ استخدام صيغة المفرد وليس الجمع مع العدد (year - month) في مثل هذه التعبيرات.

Studying at night instead of sleeping does not allow the body and brain to rest.

In conclusion, we can state that studying in the morning seems to help most students to become more productive

لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) كفاعل بمعنى الاسم (الدراسة أو المذاكرة) كما لاحظ استخدام الفعل معه في صيغة المفرد.

Another bad habit that some students have is studying all night.

لاحظ استخدام (verb + ing) هنا كمفعول بعد الفعل(is) وليس بمعنى المضارع المستمر.

Try working at different times of day and find out which time of day is best for you ... levels will decline when you try to do several different tasks at the same time, ...

لاحظ استخدام (verb+ing) بعد الفعل (try) بمعنى يجرب واستخدام (المصدر + to) بمعنى يحاول.

If you are experiencing stress or feeling worried, try to relax by doing exercise or maybe writing your worries down so you stop thinking about them.

لاحظ استخدام المضارع المستمر في فعل الشرط في الحالة الأولى لـ (if) كما لاحظ صيغة الأمر في جواب الشرط.

Well, we definitely didn't want to make anyone study in a specific way.

لاحظ استخدام الفعل في صيغة المصدر بدون (to) بعد الفعل (make) بمعنى يجعل.

Check Point

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The doctor decided to my grandfather's surgery for a week for more tests.
- a) delay b) procrastinate
- c) forward
- d) delete
- The owners of the new club are setting a/an of 2,000 new members.
- a) aim
- c) ambition
- d) result
- Because of being late for work, I made up someabout my car breaking down. d) cause c) excuse
- a) reason
- b) explanation

- 4 Regular tests enable the teacher to monitor the of each child. a) progress b) advance c) breakthrough d) result
- You can post anything on a— a message, link, photo or video clip.

d) blog

- a) diary
- b) journal
- c) research

Check the answers at the end of the book.

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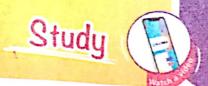


Remembering

Vocabulary Exercises

F	Rememi	bering 👩 Understanding 👸 🖰	pplying 👩 Analysing 👩 Evaluatin	g 💍 Creating		
ē	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:					
	Key vocabulary, Reading, Listening, Workbook Vocabulary & Vocabulary Notes					
-	1	The teacher is satisfie	ed with our at	school but he thinks we	can do better.	
			b) progress		d) respect	
	2			, so it continued for three	hours.	
100		a) explained	b) repeated		d) interrupted	
	3	For years, the politici	an had kept a detailed	and he intends	to publish it in a book.	
		a) blog	b) journal	c) diary	d) research	
The second second	4	The directors of the d problems.	ifferent departments w	vill meetto discus	s the company's financia	
The state of		a) regularly	b) totally	c) accidentally	d) significantly	
Section 2	5	The rooms in this ho	tel mayin size	but they all have a televi	sion and a telephone.	
Manual Com		a) evolve	b) vary	c) manage	d) raise	
September 1	6	The young man will	be in a wheelchair for t	heof his life afte	r the accident.	
S. Service Co.	7	a) change	b) part	c) rest	d) conclusion	
)		a/an	vere pains, the secretar	ry never complained or us	sed her illness as	
No. of the last		a) excuse	b) roscan			
	8		b) reason	c) explanation	d) intention	
Manney San		a) failed	• • 6 1.	shion line to mee	et its sales targets.	
No. of the last	0	The second of th	b) felt	c) fell	d) filled	
Carlo paris	9	The monthly tests ar	e used toindi	vidual students' ability an	d knowledge.	
	90	a) redirect	b) assess	c) decline	d) delay	
	10	I was impressed by t	newith which	the new secretary types	documents.	
September 1		a) analysis	b) deficiency	c) efficiency	CONTRACTOR STATE	
	11	Successful managers	s are always looking for	r effective ways to increas	e employees'	
		a) stress	b) ininiobility	c) laziness		
Signature of the second	12	The police officer sai	d that the chemical	of the victim's dress	revealed traces of blood	
		a) treatment	W) arrarysis	c) result		
	13	The new strategy is h	nelping children devel	op the of reading	I for fun	
		a) nabit	D) Custom	c) fiction		
The Case of	14	Your mobile phone of	can make you	, so it is better to put it aw	ay while studying.	
200		ajunanjaca	b) concentrated	c) focused	d) distracted	
1	104	V .			w distracted	

15	Some people tend to	owhen it com	es to paying their bills.		
	a) duplicate	b) procrastinate	c) hibernate	d) recuperate	
16	The opening of the r	new branch of the bank	k isuntil the Nev	v Year.	
10	a) damaged	b) forwarded	c) procrastinated	d) delayed	
17	My brother's teacher	complains that he is a	lways making fo	r his low test marks.	
	a) results	b) plans	c) excuses	d) space	
18	My boss told me tha	t I can trust the secreta	ry – she's completely		
	a) regular	b) honest	c) deceitful	d) specific	
19	The news announced	d that the crash	in the deaths of 14 pas	sengers.	
	a) resulted	b) reasoned	c) persuaded	d) varied	
20	Police investigations	proved that the accide	ent was caused by humar	1	
	a) task	b) aim	c) error	d) quality	
21	The nurse th	ne patient a glass of lem	nonade and told him to dr	ink and try to calm down.	
	a) warned	b) delivered	c) treated	d) handed	
(E	xpressions, Idioms, Pre	epositions, Derivatives, S	Synonyms & Antonyms		
	- Line officer and	at Armiliana (r. 1991).	some conclusions from	the investigations.	
22			some conclusions from	d) give	
	a) refuse	b) draw			
23	The teachers will exp		sdetail in their ne		
J.)	a) at		c) of		
24	My teachers always a	advise me toa	study plan to get high m		
	a) make	b) do	c) discard	d) replace	
25	While I was travelling	g, Ia diary eve		B	
	a) read	b) kept	c) lost	d) missed	
26	Her investigations ul	timately ledth	ne discovery of the missin	g documents.	
	a) with	b) for	c) in	d) to	
27	The of the C	COVID-19 vaccines are s	still questioned by some s	cientists.	
	a) effect	b) effectiveness	c) effective	d) affecting	
28	The jacket is availabl	e incolours yo	ou can choose from.		
	a) varv	b) variety	c) various	d) varying	
29	She didn't mention t	/ montion" is similar in mouning			
	to				
	bcel (6	b) leave	c) ignore	d) refer to	
30	We need to tidy the	house before the guest	ts arrive. The verb "tidy" is	the opposite of the	
200	verb	nouse some some	4 - 5 A) 1-4 PM		
	a) realise	b) organise	c) disorganise	d) evaporate	
	· · calise	U) Organise		Init 6 Lessons 1 & 2 285	



Lessons 1 & 2



Language

Causative verbs

فعال السببية

make/let/allow/stop

ينهم هذه الأفعال لنقول إن شخصًا ما أو موقفًا لجبر أو سمح لشخص ما آخر بفعل شيء ما أو أوقفه عن عمل شيء:

Rule	Example
1) make + obj. + inf.	My parents make me tidy my room.
2) let + obj. + inf.	Ali lets me use his mobile phone.
3) allow + obj. + to + inf.	Ali allows me to use his mobile phone.
4) stop + obj. + from + v.ing.	The cold weather stops us from going out.

ت استندام make يعنى إجبار الشخص بقعل شيء وهي تعني force

فاستندام let/allow يعنى السماح لشخص بفعل شيء وهي تعني permission

بشنغم السببية أيضنا لبيان أننا غالبًا لا نفعل الشىء بأنفسنا ولكن شخصًا آخر يقوم بفعل الشىء لنا وهى قسمان

۲) مجمول

ا) معلوم

الأفعال المستخدمة هي have - get:

Causative

Active

Have + علقل + Inf.

I have my son clean the room every Friday.

Get + علقل + to +Inf. = persuade

Ali got his mother to make a cake.

Passive

Have/get + غير عاقل + P.P.
I have my room cleaned every day.
Ali had his car repaired yesterday.
She will have a ring bought tomorrow.

الم العسظ

ask يعنى الطلب أو سؤال شخص أن يفعل شيء وهي تعنى have

* persuade وإن كان لها معنى «يجعل» أيضًا بدون إقناع شخص أن يفعل شيء وهي تعنى persuade وإن كان لها معنى «يجعل» أيضًا بدون إقناع مثل:

My stomach pain got me to stay in bed for a week.

Causative (Passive)

ونبدأ السببية في المجهول بالشخص صاحب الشيء .p.p + الشخص صاحب الشيء (المفعول) + v. to have/ get + الشخص صاحب الشيء

		Causative (F	Passive)	
	have	es de la companya de	-	present simple
	had			past simple
	am having	A SERVICE	8.1	present cont.
	was having	R. Santa		past cont.
Ī	have had	my car	repaired	present perfect
	had had		gag it too	past perfect
	will have	Section of the	g. et	future
	can have	at sugar and the st	uygayalan gilin et	infinitive
	must have	Arprings on p	e a jedných na vále Ljedných na vále	infinitive

Check Point 4 Choose the correct ans	wer from a, b, c or d:
1 My friend allowed mehis car twice.	1 250 OF DISSE
a) borrow	b) to borrowing
c) borrowing	d) to borrow
2 Let's this crossword puzzle together.	
a) did	b) doing sky see restant watte Trace of the
c) do	d) to do
We'll get the plumber the pipes.	
a) to fix	b) fixes
c) fixing	d) fix
What made you that?	and a second of
a) to do	b) do
c) doing	d) done
The rain didn't stop usthe trip.	The state of the s
a) enjoy	b) to enjoy
	d) enjoyed ———
c) from enjoying	Check the answers at the end of the book

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Language Exercises

1	Remembering @Understanding	iting Creating	
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d	:	
	1 I had my friend me to the airp	ort.	d) driven
	a) to drive b) driving	c) drive	,
	2 She grabbed the rail to stop herself		d) fall
	a) from falling b) falls	c) to fall	- / run
	3 The teacher made usthe whol		d) rewrite
	a) to rewrite b) rewritten	c) rewriting	
-	4 His wife got himwasting much	n money on buying useless to	d) stopping
	a) stops b) to stop	c) stop	a) stopping
200	5 I don't allow my guestsin my f	lat.	d) to smoking
-	a) smoking b) smoke	c) to smoke	a, to smoking
me410.22	6 I can let youanother 10 pound		d) be having
Carl Street	a) to have b) have	c) having	d) be naving
Name and Address of the Owner, where	7 You should have your visabefo	ore it expires.	d) extended
		c) to be extended	u) exteriueu
l	8 Before the meeting, the manager always g		d) tumo
-	a) typed b) to type		d) type
	9 Ia plumber to fix the dripping		# No. 10 A 10
	a) am having b) got		d) made
	10 We usually have a chefour foo		State of the State
Sec. of	a) cook b) to cooking		
7	11 My glasses are broken. I'm going to have a		
	a) to make b) will make		d) make
	12 Some people seem to let their kids	•	0.000 / 400 / 400
	a) have done b) doing		d) do
	13 Nothing can stop uswhat we was a) from achieving b) to achieve		e en \
	14 We must allow young peopleii		d) achieve
	a) develop b) to develop		- (207
		c) developing	d) developed
	a) get b) allow		meters 1 4 5 x 2 1
		c) make	d) persuade
	16 The examiner made usour idea	al abases to be adm	
- 100 m	17 Would you approve if I had this article	c) showed	d) show
Report of the second			
200		c) been copied	d) to copy
	18 She tries hard to finish her homework on ti	me, but she can never	it all done.
No. Control	a) has b) gets	, 3 - 4	d) let
No. Cont.	19 Don't allow your problemsyou		
Description of the last	a) to dominate b) dominate	c) will dominate	d) dominating
	20 The internet has stopped young people		
	a) talked b) talk		d) from talking
	21 If you ask nicely, mum will probably		
	a) make you have b) let you have	<) get you to have	d) to let you have

4 02	22 Samy's parents shouldhim study because					
4	a) get b) make c) allow					
02	23 have got a technicianmy washing mach	d) let				
23	a) to check b) checked c) check	ine recently.				
	we had a maid	d) checking				
24	24 We had a maidour house last Tuesday. It a) to cleaning b) cleans					
	25 You can't stop peoplewhat they think.	d) to clean				
25	a) from saying b) say					
L	a) from saying b) say c) to say	d) to saying				
26	26 Let him the calculator to finish the mathe					
	a) to use b) using c) uses	d) use				
27	27 A 24-hour ceasefire allowed the two armies	an agreement.				
	a) to reaching b) to reach c) reaching	ng d) reach				
28	28 Someone stole my bike last night. Have you ever					
STANDARY OF STANDA	a) had stolen your bike b) stolen	your bike				
	c) had your bike stolen d) been s	tolen your bike				
29 My father alwaysmy homework before going to bed.						
	a) makes me done b) made i	me to do				
	c) makes me do d) makes					
30	30 mmy house decorated last week and it look	ks wonderful.				
	a) had had b) got c) have	d) was got				
31	31 I'll have the clothes and and					
	a) wash / iron b) washed	d / ironed				
	c) to wash / to iron	ashed / ironed				
32	32 Are you going to have your shoes polished? - No, I will	myself.				
ر.	a) polish them b) polish it c) have th	em polished d) get it polished				
33	all the time?					
	a) coughing/watering b) to coug c) cough/water d) coughs	h/to water				
ST COLOR	c) cough/water d) coughs	/water				
34	34 Mind you don't get your fingersin the doo	r. 1981				
Ì	a) to catch b) caught c) catching	g (a) catch				
35	35 The boss made the employees stay for another 3 hour	s after work. This means he				
	them # # 15th OZ	ana walis sabiusas ni sasa sili 61 jili				
	- Degged	led d) forced				
36	36 It is high time we the car serviced.	d) to have				
	a) had b) have c) having	to nave				
37	Which of the following is correctly structured?	Trepely purificulty stage and				
MINNE	a) Lallowing myself to get distracted very easily.	Wedge to TE TE TO THE TOTAL OF				
	b) Lallow myself to get distracted very easily.					
NIAZIN NIAZIN	c) lallow to myself to get distracted very easily.					
0	d) I = II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I					
38	90 M. C	uaded him to do it				
	D) he pers	d him to do it				
20		This means that				
49	My uncle trims the trees in his garden every 6 months.	someone to trim them				
	a) he doesn't trim them himself. c) he a in the many himself. d) he has t					
dn	he trims the trees himself.	되었다. 등 등 등 그렇게 하고 한 국가 무슨 물 전해 그 [편한 그]				
10	Ali had his car washed the other day. This means that	e washed Ali's car color and the color				
Ali washed his car himself						
C) Ali's car is still dirty Unit 6 Lessons 1 & 2 289						
		Out o ficesons i d s				

Test Yourself Co



Unit 6 Lessons 1 & 2

Remembering Understanding Applying Analysing Evaluating Creating

	Choo	se the correct answ	er from a, b, c or d:			
		The Minister of Healththat standards at the governmental hospitals were developing				
		a) denied	b) relied	c) stated	d) prospected	
	2				are morein the morning	
		a) defective		c) reflective		
	3	After the storm, th		ials the town's ne		
		a) accused		c) insisted		
	4	In the last few yea	rs, scientists have m	ade greatin the	fight against diseases.	
		a) progress		c) race		
	5	The cost of a room at most hotels canaccording to the season.				
		a) carry	b) vary	c) reply	d) deploy	
	6			ied out by at Oxf	ord University.	
		a) consumers		c) researchers	_	
	7	The editor asked me to rewrite the report as it contained a lot of typing				
		a) sorts	b) rights		d) errors	
1	8			rs differ from tho		
				c) reflectively	d) repulsively	
لِ	and the same of	I don't let the cats				
C).)		b) to sleep	,	d) sleeping	
	10	I had my eyeglasses when I was at the stadium.				
	40	a) stole	b) stealing		d) stolen	
	11your brother do some of the work. a) Make b) Tell c) Allow d) Ask					
	40				d) Ask	
-	12	My parents would				
	40	a) go			d) gone	
	13	Parents should	their children to ii	imit the amount of time th	ney spend using mobile phones	
	44	•	b) make	c) get	d) let	
	177	There's nothing to	b) to apply			
	15	a) apply		c) of applying one broke into my garde	d) from applying	
opening the	10	a) had	b) let	c) made		
Carlo City	16	7			d) caused	
100	My boss let me leave early. This means that he to leave early. a) forced me b) gave me permission					
SHALL SHE		c) persuaded me		d) asked me	sion	
Service Service	17 Which of the following is correctly punctuated?					
The Control	4.67	a) My pin number has two 5's. It's easy to remember. b) My pin number has two 5s. It's easy to remember.				
	10 10 10 10					
-		c) My pin number has two 5s. It's easy to remember.				
0		d) My pin number has two 5s!. It's easy to remember.				
-	-	-, my partialist.				

18 Choose the essay topic that best suits this statement. "It's important that we always follow traffic rules to reduce the chances of accidents, keep pedestrians safe, and prevent traffic jams." a) How to prevent highway traffic jams. b) How to ensure pedestrian safety. c) Ways to prevent traffic accidents. d) Advantages of following traffic rules. On the one hand, technology has rendered us great services, but on the other hand, it has caused us some problems. The underlined expressions show a) similarity between two different facts b) comparing two different facts c) addition d) expressing cause and result Read the following passage, then answer the questions: $Computers\ are\ gradually {}^{(1)}\ replacing\ human \ labor {}^{(2)}\ in\ many\ areas\ of\ our\ lives.\ An\ important$ area in computer technology is the use of computer systems to perform jobs which require intelligence, such as learning how to sing or spotting(3) familiar objects. Most computers cannot do these things because they do not have a 'brain' to think. However, things are changing as people come up with newer and smarter computers. Computer scientists have come up with computers which can 'think'. These special computers do not actually have 'brains' but are fed with many facts and pieces of information about the job they are built to do. For example, there are computers which can identify(4) which area contains gold or other materials. They learn about the important qualities of the mineral⁽⁵⁾ such as its color, weight and the areas it is most likely to be found. This makes it easier for computers to spot the mineral in different parts of the world. Computers can also be used in factories. Businessmen and factory owners use computers in the form of robots. These robots contain computer systems that enable them to perform the job they are programmed to do. A single robot can do a job which would take three people to do; this saves businessmen precious (6) time. There would no longer be any need to train workers for different tasks and it would be cost-effective for employers as well. In time to come, it is possible that computer systems would take away many jobs. However, there is also an increased need for people who can build, design and repair computers. Thus, not all jobs will run out in the near future. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 20 The best title to the passage is: a) Computers in factories b) Having a computer is something useless c) The computer is a great invention d) The computer will destroy man According to paragraph 1, what are some tasks which need 'thinking' that computers are not able to do? b) Learning. a) Performing jobs. d) Coming up with newer computers. c) Replacing human labor. The phrase 'things are changing' (paragraph 1) refers to a) people buying computers b) computers looking like people

c) people thinking like computers

d) computers being able to perform intelligent tasks

(1) تدريجيًا

(3) التعرف على

putilist in a but eve

	23	What is different about today's computers?	()	d) They can 'fly'.			
		a) They can 'think'.b) They can 'sink'.	c) They can 'sing'.	a) They can try			
	24	The word "fed" (paragraph 2) suggests that	*************				
		a) computers are given food to eat to do wo	ork				
		b) information has to be input into the com	puters				
		c) nourishing vitamins have to be provided	to computers				
		d) information has to be obtained from con	nputers and given to	another source			
	25	Robots save time for businessmen by					
6	4	a) training other workers	b) being built in fa	ctories			
		c) doing the job of one person	d) not being need	ed to be trained			
	26	According to paragraph 3, employers can sa	ave on money by usi	ing robots as			
		a) robots need not be paid	b) robots are not e	xpensive			
		c) robots cannot be trained	d) robots can crea	te more jobs			
	27	The antonym of the word "precious" is					
		a) valuableb) priceless	c) worthless	d) important			
	Rea	ad the sentences and choose the correct tra	inslation from a, b,	c or d:			
		Having a lot of work to do can lead to pro			. Therefore		
		students should learn how to prioritize task	s they should be wo	rking on.			
		امل لذلك يجب أن يتعلم الطلاب كيفية تحديد أولويات المهام التى	المماطلة وإيقاف الإنتاجية بالك	لقيام بالكثير من العمل إلى	a) قديؤدي ا		
				ىملوا عليها.			
and with		امل لذلك يجب أن يتعلم الطلاب كيفية تحديد أولويات المهام التى	المعالجة وإيقاف الإنتاجية بالك				
Ì			ZII. INIAII 218 1 811 1 1	عملوا عليها. 			
Political		امل لذلك يجب أن يتعلم الطلاب كيفية تحديد أولويات المهام التي	ى المماطلة وإيقاف الإنتاج بالك	ى القيام بالكتير من العمل إلـ نملوا عليها.			
		امل لذلك يجب أن يتعلم الطلاب كيفية تحديد أولويات المهام التي	المماطلة وزيادة الانتاجية بالك				
-		The state of the state of the state of		سيام بالعليز من العمل إلى تملوا عليها.			
	29	Motivation is what energizes, and controls b	oehaviour. Motivate				
		level of innovation while producing higher- quality work at a higher level of efficiency.					
STREET, STREET		ن المحبطون بمســتوى عالٍ من الابتكار مع إنتاج عمل عالى الجودة					
(%	0			لى من الكفاءة.	بمستوى اء		
1		ن المتحمسون بمســتوى عالٍ من الابتكار مع إنتاج عمل عالى الجودة	ــلوك حيث سيحتفظ الموظفور	ا ينشـط ويسـيطر على الس	b) الدافع هو م		
				لـ ، من الكفاءة.	بمستوى أع		
		ن المتحمسون بمســتوى عالٍ من الابتكار مع إنتاج عمل عالى الجودة	ــلوك حيث سيحتفظ الموظفور	ا ينشـط ويسـيطر على الس	🤇 الدافع هو م		
		w u u u la alti a distat su la cat la catal	Charles and a second	لى من الكفاءة.	بمستوى اء		
		المتحمسون بمستوى عالٍ من الاستهلاك مع إنتاج عمل عالى الجودة	وك حيث سيحتفظ الموطفون ا				
		مأذ من حدودها في مرامدة الأذبين والتفاري مل المتالم المناف	Wall and the same	لى من الكفاءة.	بمستوی اء		
	ر.	، وأخرون يجدونها في مساعدة الأخرين والتغلب على لحظات الفشر The reasons of happiness different from	فالبعض يجدها في جمع المار	ب السعادة من شخص لأخر،	تختلف أسبار		
		a) The reasons of happiness different from	one person to anoth	ner, some find it in	collecting		
		money and others find it in helping other	one person to	moments of failure	2.		
	. <u> </u>	b) The reasons for happiness different from	rs and everes-i	her, some find it in	collecting		
		money and others find it in helping othe	nerson to an att	noments of failure			
		c) The causes for happiness differ from one	vercoming another, s	ome find it in savi	ng money		
		and others find it in helping others and o	perconting moment	s of failure.			
		d) The causes of happiness differ from one properties and others find it in helping others.	re and everages:	ome find it in colle	cting		
		money and others find it in helping othe	is and overcoming r	Noments of failure			

الممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

23 What is different about today's computers?

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Lessons 3 & 4



A Vocabulary

Vocabulary on Reading

alarm (n)	إنذار/منبه
area (n)	منطقة/مساحة
carry on (v) (y-ied)	يستمر في
drawback (n)	عيب سيد الله الله
evaluate (v) (d)	يقيم كالمال المال
exactly (adv)	بالضبط
experience (n) (v) (d)	خبرة/تجربة/يجرب
impact (n)	تأثير/اصطدام

logic (n)	منطق
manage (v) (d)	ينجح/يتمكن/يدير/يتحكم في
mean(v)	يقصد/يعنى
naturally (adv)	بشكل طبيعى
overall (adj) (adv)	إجمالى/شامل/بصورة شاملة
task (n)	مهمة
unpleasant (adj)	غير سار

Vocabulary on Listening & Video Script

add (v) (ed)	يضيف
alone (adj)	بمفرده المفردة
anxiety (n)	قلق
beliefs (n)	معتقدات معم إوموهار
brainstorming (n)	عصف ذهني
burned out (adj)	منهك/محترق الأعصاب
chaos (n)	فوضى
commuter (n)	مسافر يوميًّا إلى العمل
cortisol (n)	هرمون الكورتيزول
create (v) (d)	يخلق/ينتج
decision (n)	قرار
definition (n)	تعریف
detail (n)	تفصيل
discussion (n)	مناقشة يهدون
Q.	يزعج
for	متقدم المسادرة أراروا والا
horm	هرمون العصالية

involve (v) (d)	يتضمن
option (n)	اختيار
performance (n)	أداء
point (n)	رأى بالمعتودين
priority (n)	أولوية
process (n)	عملية به الله ١٥٠٠ تا
quality (n)	نوعية/جودة
reflect (v) (ed)	يتامل/يفكر مليًا
reflection (n)	تفكير/تامل
revise (v) (d)	يراجع
session (n)	جلسة
stressful (adj)	مجهد
summarise (v) (d)	يلخص
take part (v)	يشارك
tough (adj)	فيند/سِلة
valuable (adj)	قيم/نفيس
workplace (n)	مكان العمل

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Workbook Vocabulary

absolutely (adv)	بالتأكيد/تمامًا
alternative (n)	بديل
blog (n) (v) (ged)	مدونة/يقوم بالتدوين
coach (n)	مدرب
copy (v) (y-ied) (n)	ينسخ/نسخة
cycling (n)	ركوب الدراجات
cyclist (n)	راكب الدراجة
diet (n)	حمية/نظام غذائي
ear plug (n)	سدادة الأذن
evidence (n)	دليل
fan (n)	معجب/مشجع

focus (v) (ed)	_{بر} کز/ترکیز
grade (n)	تقدير (اختبار)/صف دراسي
massive (adj)	ضخم/شاسع
mentally (adv)	ليِّسفن/ليْلقد
Olympic (adj)	أولمبى
Olympics (n)	الدورة الأولمبية
performance (n)	أداء
pillow (n)	وسادة/مخدة
practice (n)	ممارسة/تدريب
refreshed (adj)	مسترخ/منتعش
strategy (n)	استراتيجية

Phrases & Expressions & Idioms & prepositions

a waste of time	مضيعة للوقت
add to options	يضيف إلى الاختيارات
at least	على الأقل
come up with ideas	يستنبط/يخرج بافكار
feel comfortable	يشعر بالراحة
feel my best	أشعر بأفضل حالة
make a difference	يحدث فرقًا
add to	يضيف إلى
dislike about	يكره/يمقت بخصوص

make sure	عناكد
pros and cons of	مميزات وعيوب
put into practice	يضع موضع التنفيذ
set world records	يحقق أرقامنا قياسية عالمية
share ideas	يشارك أفكارًا
take action	يتخذ إجراء
take/ have break	ياخذ فترة راحة
feel about	يشعر بشان
focused on	مرکز علی

Derivatives

	/erb	Noun		Adjective	
add	يضيف	addition	إضافة	additional	إضافي
evaluate	يقيم	evaluation	تقييم	evaluative	تقييمي
focus	يركز	focus	تركيز	focused	مركز
manage	يدير/يتحكم في	management	إدارة	managerial	إدارى
mean	يعنى/يقصد	meaning	معنى	meaningful	^{نو مفزی/} دو معنی
perform	يۇدى	performance	أداء	performing	مؤذ
practise	يمارس/يتمرن	practice	ممارسة/تدريب	practised	معارس
refresh	يسترخى/ينتعش	refreshment	انتعاش	refreshed	منتعش/مسترخ

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

Word	Meaning	Synonym المرانف	المضاد Antonym	
alarm	إنذار	alert/warning	quietness	هدو،
discussion	مناقشة	argument/debate	agreement/silence	اتفاق/صمت
drawback	عيب	disadvantage/demerit	advantage	ميزة
evaluate	بثيم	judge/assess	neglect	يهمل
focus	يركز	concentrate/aim attention	ignore	يتجاهل
manage	يدير	handle/control	mismanage/fail	يمشل
overall	شامل	comprehensive	specific	محدد
practice	ممارسة/تدريب	training	idleness	كسل
priority	أولوية	preference	inferiority	دونية

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: Check Point 1 11 The computer programmer has the difficult of organizing the information. b) profession a) task d) work c) position 2 You can find aamount of information on the Internet through thousands of websites. b) tiny a) useless d) strange c) massive The pilot skillfully to land the plane on the runway and saved the passengers. b) managed a) directed d) accepted c) passed Planning your study well helps you get the best in exams. b) ranks a) grades d) courses c) degrees § A healthyhelps build the body's natural defences against diseases. b) right a) plight d) diet c) fight



(Reading Text (1)

Trying to raise my productivity levels: Week 1

I tried dividing my study time into twenty-five minute periods and taking breaks between them. I can understand the logic (1) of doing this and I'm sure it helps some people to concentrate better because they only have to concentrate for short periods. However, the big drawback(2) for

me was that I kept looking at the time to see when it was time to have a break. Looking back, I suppose I should have set an alarm instead so I didn't have to do that and then it might have been more helpful for me.

I decided to always do the $task^{(3)}$ that I found the most difficult first and, of course, this was quite hard to do at first because it isn't what you naturally want to do. However, I kept going with it and after a few days, I noticed how it was helping me

to manage⁽⁴⁾ my time better and meant that I made a better job of the unpleasant tasks than I did before. This definitely had a positive impact on my productivity.

I liked the idea of making a study plan because I thought it would help me to get better organised. It definitely helped me to feel less stressed about what I needed to do because I wrote down exactly what I had to do in a list and that made it seem easier to get everything done. I was surprised by what a big difference the study plan made. I'm definitely going to carry on (5) making study plans.

Reading Text (2) (Workbook)

Huge benefits from small changes

The last time I blogged, I was worried about my exams. Well, you won't believe what happened!

A teacher told me about a coach called David Brailsford. He helped the British Olympic cycling team set 7 world records in the 2012 London Olympics. But how did this coach change their performance? Well, he analysed absolutely everything and improved each thing by 1%. He made lots of small changes to the cyclists' clothes, their diet and even their pillows! It had a very positive impact on their productivity.

So, I thought I'd do the same to help me study more effectively. I looked into the following areas:

- when I concentrate best
- for how long I can concentrate for before I need a break

منطق (1)

(2) سد

مهمة (3)

يستمر (5)

بدير/يتحكم بـ (4)

how I sleep best

what food makes me feel my best

At first, I thought it was a waste of time but I kept going with it. I realised I was more mentally active in the morning and after 6 pm so that's when I studied the most difficult subjects. I also reduced the amount I ate for dinner and bought some ear plugs. I now wake up feeling really refreshed and ready to go.

Did it work? Well, I was surprised by what a big difference this strategy made. In Maths and History, my worst subjects, I got the second highest marks in the class and my grades in all my other subjects increased by 48% in just one month! Looking back, I should have done this before! Making a 1% change in different things made a massive difference for me and I'm sure it'll help you too! So why not try it yourself? Adam

Listening Text (1)



zeinab: OK, we're all here now and we have everything we need. So, we need to come up with ideas for how we can welcome new students to our school and make them feel comfortable here. Does anyone already have any ideas they want to share(1)?



Nabila: I was thinking that we could put every new student together with a student who's already here. That student could show the new student and be there to help them when they need it.

يشارك (1) حلول (2) أولوية (3)

Zeinab: That sounds like a nice idea. Would you be happy for us to add that to our possible solutions⁽²⁾, Reem?

اختيارات (4)

Reem: Sure, yes. I was just thinking how that would work. But I think it could work well.

Nabila: Well, it might lead to a new student spending a lot of time with just one other student, but at least the new student will get a lot of support.

Reem: Yes, exactly and that's our priority⁽³⁾.

Zeinab: Great. So, do we all agree that this could be a good solution?

Nabila: Well, I clearly do!

Reem: Yes, I think it's a good idea too. Let's add it to our options⁽⁴⁾.

Listening Text (2) (Workbook)

Sami: Ok, Rami, do you want to summarise what we have so far?

Rami: OK, we have two ideas so far. One is close your bedroom door and ask your family not to disturb you and the other one, which Adel mentioned, is to leave your phone in another room. Does anyone have any other ideas they want to share?

Sami: How about making a study plan? It might lead to using some valuable study time but at least you have things clearly organised and know when you should take a break and what subjects you need to concentrate more on. What do you think, Adel?

Adel: That's a good idea. Let's add it to our options. Another way to be more productive when revising for exams is to revise with a friend.

Rami: Yes, but don't you think that might lead to you chatting about other things?

Adel: Perhaps. But at least it makes the revision more interesting, and you can test one another too.

Sami: I see your point. It could be useful. Would you be happy for us to add that to our possible solutions?

Adel: Yes, of course. Can you think of other ideas?

Rami: I think it's important to eat healthily and practise self-care when we're stressed about studying.

Sami: Really? Can you expand on that?

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Rami: Well, revising for exams can be really stressful. When we're stressed, we produce a hormone called cortisol in our bodies. If we have too much in our bodies for a long time it can lead to heart problems, depression and anxiety which is not good for our well-being at all.

Adel: Wow! Where did you hear that?

Rami: My mum's a doctor. She told me about it when she made me create a study plan because she said good organisation and forward planning is the best way to avoid negative stress.

Organising ourselves well should be a priority because it helps to reduce stress.

Adel: Interesting point. So, we have five solutions, but we need to decide on which is the most efficient way to be more productive when revising for exams. What do you think Sami?

Sami: That's a tough one. I'm between 'making a study plan' and 'leaving your phone in a different room'. What about you Rami?

Rami: Yes, both ideas are good. But speaking from experience, I'd go for the study plan as the most effective. How about you Adel?

Adel: At first, I thought that eating healthily was the most efficient idea but after hearing what Rami's mum said I've come round to that idea too.

Sami: So, do we all agree that this is the best option?

c) recession and the hard and additional differential and recreation

Rami: Yes, I think so.

Adel: Yes, I agree.

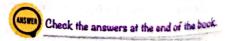
Check Point (2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 My son'sat school has greatly improved since he started making a study plan. a) activation b) performance c) acting d) interference 2 By 7:30 the Cairo metro is jammed with the usual morning going to work and students going to school. a) opponents b) enemies c) scorers d) commuters 3 I couldn't work with the kids aroundmy concentration. a) assisting **b)** conveying riddling c) disturbing 4 Every trainingstarts with a series of stretching exercises. a) access b) session

(5) My father always says thatplanning is important to get good exam results.

b) backward

d) restarted



a) forward

c) middle

Vocabulary in Use



FOCUS on Vocabulary

blog	مدونة
a web page containing informa particular subject, to which new	tion or opinions from a particular person or about a vinformation is added regularly
drawback	
ha disadvantage of a situation, pl	lan, product, etc.
grade	ــــــ درجة/تقدير
a mark that a student is given fo	or their work or for an examination
logic	منطق
Pa way of thinking about somet reasons for doing something	hing that seems correct and reasonable, or a set of sensible
priority	أولوية
the thing that you think is most	important and that needs attention before anything else
No	on Vocabulary
method طريقة (لفعل شيء خاصة المعروفة أو المستخدمة)	
strategy استراتیجیة (مجموعة مخططة بعنایة من الطرق لتحقیق شیء صعب او یستغرق وقتًا طویلًا)	The firm is considering a change in its marketing strategy.
tactics تكتيكات (طرق مستخدمة لتحقيق ما تريده ^{في} لعبة او مسابقة او معركة)	The team was discussing tactics for the game.
د (یصنع او ینتج شیئًا مثل شیء آخر)	Many people have tried to copy his paintings.
Photocopy یصـور (مسـتندًا أو ورقــة مكتوبــة أو یصـور باستخدام آلة)	▶ I'll photocopy the letter and give it to you.
forge یزور (ینسخ شیئًا مکتوبُا او مطبوعُا بطریقهٔ غیر قانونیهٔ)	▶ He forged my signature on the contract.
Pirate يقرصن (ينسخ شيئًا ويبيعه بطريقة غير قانونية مثل الكتب والأسطوانات وبرامج الكمبيوتر)	A survey suggests that 27% of software in the UK has been pirated.

practice

ممارســة/اعتياد (على شــيء كجزء من العمل أو الحياة اليومية) The hotel has ended the practice of leaving chocolates in quests' rooms.

3 habit

عادة شخصية (شيء تفعله عادة بدون تفكير)

- Biting your nails is a bad habit.
- I always go to the same supermarket, out of habit.

عـادة مجتمعيــة (شــيء يفعله النــاس كتقليد مقبول في المجتمع)

▶In Japan, it is the custom to take off your shoes when you enter a house.

discussion

مناقشة (إعطاء آراء عن شيء مهم)

- I had a discussion with my son about his school work.
- debate مناظرة (حدال) غالبًا أطراف الجدال مختلفون
- There has been a great debate about genetically modified food.

manage

أو المصدر + to)

- I don't think I can manage a long walk today.
- We managed to persuade him to come with us.

succeed (in)

Notes

ينجح/يتمكن من

- Many women were able to succeed in politics.
- My brother succeeded in passing his final tests.

(يتبعما noun أو + verb + ing)

on sentences from Listening and Reading Texts

Did you notice these notes while reading?

A teacher told me about a coach called David Brailsford.

لاحظ حذف ضمير وصل يتبعه (verb to be) فالجملة أصلها.

- A teacher told me about a coach who is called David Brailsford.
- I now wake up feeling really refreshed and ready to go.

لاحظ استخدام (verb +ing) هنا يمعنى الحال (أصحو شاعرًا بـ).

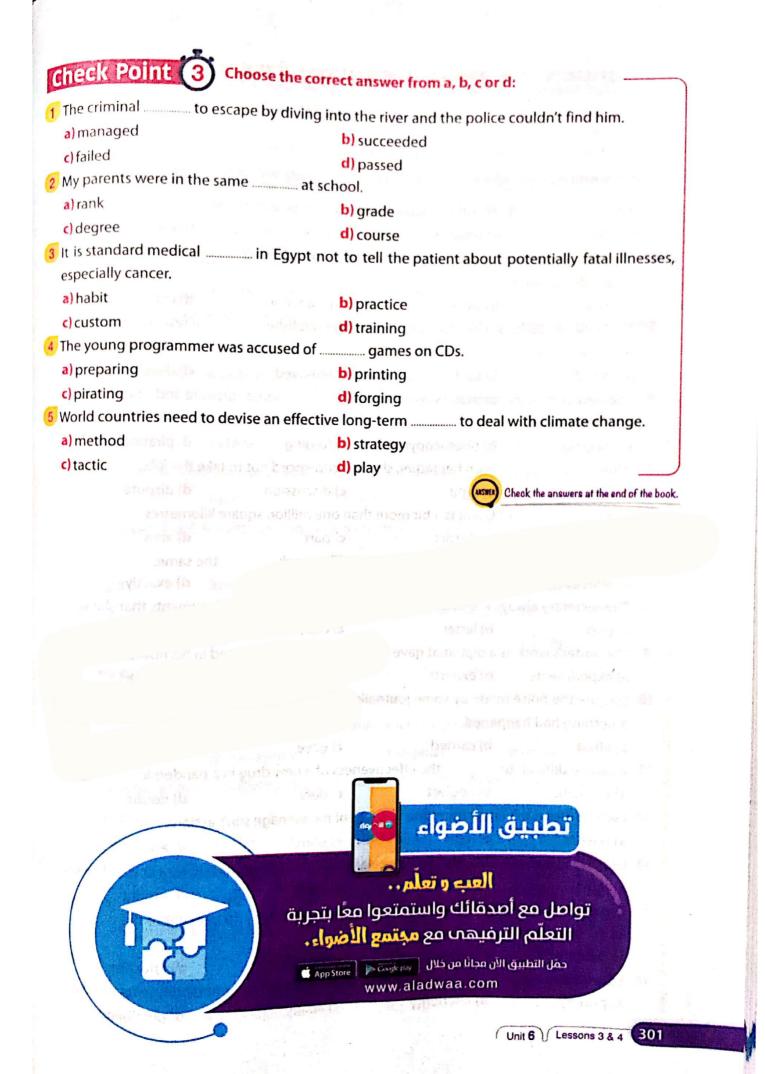
Looking back I should have done this before!

لاحظ استخدام (.should have+ p.p) هنا بمعنى الندم على شيء في الماضي.

So why not try it yourself?

لاحظ الصيغة غير الرسمية للاقتراح فيمكن أن يكون الاقتراح كالتالى:

So why don't you try it yourself?





Vocabulary Exercises

Rememt	pering Understanding	Applying S Analysing C Evaluat	ing Creating	
Ch	oose the correct ar	swer from a, b, c or d		100.00
(Ke	ey vocabulary, Readi	ng, Listening, Workbool	k Vocabulary & Vocabul	ary Notes
1	A fire wen	t off and the supermark	et had to be evacuated	d at once.
	a) arm	b) weapon	c) force	d) alarm
2	I think improving n	ublic transport is one o	f the most difficult	we face in Egypt, but
	we are doing bette			
	a) tasks	b) works	c) professions	d) expeditions
3				a few colour pictures to
100	the pages.	ok a lot more attractive	ii tiie paalisii	•
	a) added	b) took	c) removed	d) developed
4				vare and selling them unde
	different names.	company was accused		
	a) copying	b) photocopying	c) forging	d) pirating
5			as convinced not to tak	
	a) debate			d) dispute
6		don't	an one million square k	10.5 a. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
	a) region	b) district	c) part	d) area
7			rs. They look th	
	a) effectively	b) awfully	c) terribly	d) exactly
8	The secretary alway	ys keeps aof any o		cuments that she sends off.
	a) part	b) letter	c) copy	d) kind
9	The writer's work a	s a diplomat gave him	which he used i	
	a) experiments	b) experts		d) excuses
10	Despite the noise r	made by some journalis	ts, the spokeswoman	on her statement as
	if nothing had hap	pened.		
	a) lifted	b) carried	c) gave	d) lasted
11	It can be difficult to	the effectiven	ess of a new drug in a p	andemic.
	a) evaluate	b) neglect	c) defy	d) doubt
12	I sometimes don't	understand the	. of my teenage son's ac	tions.
	a) science	b) logic	c) search	d) art
13	Doctors always adv	ise mothers that a balan	cedis importar	nt for a child's development.
	a) right	b) diet	c) fight	d) insight
14	The essay is equiva	elent to 180 words and o	counts for nearly 10 per	cent of the marks
	of the test.			
á.	a) doubtful	b) flexible	c) overall	d) effectible
15	Education is a top.	in the governm	ent's policy, so a lot of n	noney is spent on it.
N.	a) priority	b) inferiority	c) ability	d) possibility

16	The balld gave a gi	reat at the ope	ning ceremony with the	alman a a			
3	27.12	Periormance	c) - ff				
17	felt very	after taking the short tr	c) affection	d) reflection			
	a) refreshed	b) concerned	ip in the great beaches				
18	Our football team I	nas changed the	c) depressed	d) gloomy			
	efficient one.	3-4 (1)	after losing four mate	thes and hired a more			
	a) trainee	b) owner	c) pitch	d) coach			
19	The government h	as developed a successi	fulfor dealing wi	th regional unemployment.			
	a) step	b) foundation	c) strategy	d) style			
20	An is a pie	ce of soft material that	you put into your ear to	keep out noise or water			
	a) earring	b) ear plug	c) earphone	d) eardrop			
E	xpressions, Idioms, P	repositions, Derivatives,	Synonyms & Antonyms	and the property of the second			
		od which makes me feel		twice a week.			
	a) health	and the state of the second stay of the state of the stat	c) back				
22	Experts say that chi	lorine can be added					
	a) for	b) of	c) to				
23	The only big drawb	ack with the plan was it		m of the noun "drawback"			
	is		land of the large	7 - 4			
•)	a) plight	b) error	c) disadvantage	d) advantage			
24		ve him the chance to					
	a) put	b) do	c) fly	d) design			
25	•	her has made a/an					
	a) reply	b) effect	c) way	d) difference			
26		w under new		fits.			
		h) management	c) managerial	d) managed			
27	a) manger	ob practice as possible	before the competition	. The synonym of the word			
-1	You must get as much practice as possible before the competition. The synonym of the word						
	"practice" is		c) custom				
0.0	a) training	b) habit					
28	The young weight li	fting champion	c) keep	d) reflect			
	a) miss	b) set					
29	After graduation, all	my brother's efforts w	ele locasea	d) on			
	a) by	b) of	- ost feeling relaxed and				
30	Josef returned from	vacation in the North C	Oast leening females and	d) refreshes			
	a) refresh	b) refreshment	C) Tellesiles	Unit 6 Lessons 3 & 4 303			
			136 7	Cint O III			



Lessons 3 & 4



Language

Causative (Extra points)

للماضي النسيط.).) السببية في السؤال (نستخدم do/does) للمضارع البسيط وdid ا
didn't للماضي البسيطان) السببية في النفي (نستخدم don't/doesn't للمضارع البسيط. و
Did you have your meal prepared?	7 / 12
- No, I didn't (have it prepared). I prepared it r	nyself.
it in	وني الأزمنة الأخرى نستخدم الفعل المساعد أو الناقص الموجود في أوا
السوال. Are you going to have your tooth pulled out l	ou the dentist?
Have you had your easily a land a land	by the defitist:
Have you had your car checked at the garage	(
• Will you have your house painted?	
Eller III	﴾ تستخدم get بدلًا من have ليفيد الصعوبة أحيانًا.
He finally got the seats booked.	
ِ فلو كان الفعل بـه ing فإننا نستخدم having وإن كان الفعل مصدرًا	﴾ يمكن القول إن have تأتي على شكل الفعل الذي يكون في المعلوم
t رمثل.	نستخدم have وإن كان المعل to + inf. فإننا نستخدم
She likes cleaning her house.	> She likes having her house cleaned.
She'd like(likes) to clean her house.	She'd like (likes) to have her house cleaned
	ه) ليس دائمًا استخدام غير العاقل بعد have/get في المجهول ولك
If you don't get out of my house, I'll have you	arrested
ا have a hard time/trouble مالقياس المعادة ال	ی هناك تعبیرات نستخدم معها v.ing مثلًا ویوجد بها have منها y
I have difficulty finding a flat nowadays.	٢) هناك تغبيرات نستخدم معها ٧٠١١١٠ مناد ويوجد بها ١١٣٧٠ سه ر
ا المعدد	؟) إذا حول الفعل make (الذي يأتي بعده المصدر) إلى المجهول فإننا
	I was made to clean the flat
د شخصا من عمل شیء. I couldn't <mark>stop</mark> her crying.	﴾ يمكن استخدام الفعل stop بدون from بنفس المعنى وهو يوقف
stop of The protesters stopped short of a violent conf	٩) لاحظ الفرق بين يوقف شخصًا من stop from ويتوقف قليلًا عن rontation.
A STANGER POST OF STANDERS	توقف المتظاهرون عن المواجهة العنيفة

Check Point 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

	•			·····································
1	I had my car repaire	ed, but I my ro	om painted.	
	a) didn't make	b) had	c) got	d) didn't get
2	your flat cle	aned every week?		eral institut and in
	a) Do you have	b) Did you have	c) Did you get	d) Have you had
3	She'd liketh	ne dinner prepared tor	night.	Militare you mad
	a) having	b) have	c) to have	d) get
4	I have difficulty	all these question	s.	get an age
1	a) answered	b) answering	c) to answer	d) answer
5	The children were r	made the hom	ework twice as a kind	Of Dunishment
1	a) write	b) writing	c) to writing	d) to write
		the state of the s		



Language Exercises

@ Rem	embering ⑤ Understanding	Applying Analysing	Evaluating • Creating	
(C	hoose the correct	answer from a, b, c o	or d:	
1	The sergeant mad	de the criminal talk. T	his means he	him to talk.
	a) asked	b) advised	c) persuaded	d) forced
2	The bodyguard w	on'tyou	into the center without y	our card.
	a) get	b) let	c) make	d) have
3	It is certainly true	, but I can't	you believe it.	
	a) make	b) allow	c) let	d) get
4	You should	him explain wh	y he made such a mista	ke.
	a) allow	b) get	c) have	d) have got
5	He asked if it was	possible for us to allo	ow himthe g	arden wall.
	a) painting	b) paint	c) painted	d) to paint
6	I have the mecha	nic my ca	r for repairs every year.	
	a) checking	b) checked	c) check	d) to check
7	I will have my hou	usenext r		
	a) redecorating			d) redecorate
8	We weren't	to take photog	raphs inside the palace b	
0,	a) allowed	b) made	c) had	d) got
9	His going on holi			them very furious.
	a) got	b) made	c) get	d) had
10	Lay the carpet on	paper to stop it	to the floor.	- v guttenfriction
	a) to stick	and the control of	b) stuck	
	c) stick	ment of the	d) from sticking	he garage
11	Fathy's car is reall		it cleaned at t	d) let
	a) cause	b) have	c) make	
12	When are you go	ng to get someone	the carpets?	d) clean
	a) cleaning	b) cleaned	dents to chew gum in th	
13	The teacher does		dents to chew gum in th	d) get
	a) allow	b) let	vour ol	der brother to help you.
14	If you don't know	how to use the comp	c) let	der brother to help you. d) get
	a) stop	D) Have	at the weekend.	
20			CIWalei	
10	a) been watered		her clothes yester	uuy.
10				
	a) got/to iron	make Wa	d) made/to iron	silu saurano estas
	c) lets / iron			Unit 6 Lessons 3 & 4 305

Section 1	17	The boss a so	uit, though he wanted to	wear sportswear.
1		a) got/wearing	b) makes/wear	
200		c) made/wear	d) had/worn	
	18	Alihis credit card	. two days ago.	
		a) made/to change	b) get/to change	
100 M		c) has/change	d) had/changed	
	19	The managerhis secretary	the documents	5.
		a) made/typed	b) had/type	
Special Services		c) got/type	d) had/typed	
	20	It is a very profitable business, but I could		up his mind to start is
		a) let/to make	b) get/to make	- Startil
		c) want/to make		
	21	We were made still with our a		
		a) sat b) to sitting		d) to sit
	22	My father blamed me for not letting the		
		a) trim b) not trim		d) trimming
9	23	The father has got his children		
		a) find b) to find	c) to found	d) founding
The second	24	Dad me use his car all weeker		Salaria de la companya de la company
),		a) makes b) got	c) lets	d) let
Standards (SA)	25	l couldn't stop myself		0000 00 000 #
Section of the last		a) from laugh b) to laugh	c) laughing	d) laugh
The same of	26	Teachers at my school don't allow	during exams.	
		a) cheating	b) to cheat	
A constitution of		c) to cheating	d) cheated	
1	27	Mum does not me me	. sweets very often.	
		a) get/have	b) make/to have	
-	200	c) get/to have	d) let/have	
S. C.		Hehis leg broken when he fel	l off his horse.	
		a) had b) was having	c) was getting	d) had had
		Which of the following is correctly structu	red? between Id	the received
		a) He let me use his computer now.		Algina bi rayopar sufficielli.
		b) He was allowed me to use his compute	r yesterday.	
	•	c) I was allowed to use his computer yeste	erday.	
		d) I was allowing to use his computer yest		
2		Which of the following isn't correctly struc		off sound environe the life
		a) He prevented me from interfering in his	s personal affairs.	
		b) He stopped me from interfering in his p	personal affairs.	
		c) He stopped me interfering in his person		over set and the
Ĭs		d) He stopped me of interfering in his pers	sonal affairs.	



Lessons 3 & 4



Don't forget to study this part from the Skills Booklet.



Writing

plan a text about your experiences of using two study tips from Lesson 3. Include the following:

- What you did.
- How you feel about the experiences from your position now.
- -The positive effects of using each study tips (if any).
- -The negative effects of using each study tips (if any).
- How helpful you found using the study tips overall.
- Plan a text about your experiences of using two study tips from experts.

Model comment

I had a problem raising my productivity and studying harder than before. My friends had three study tips for doing so. However, I decided to choose two of them to try. The first one was having a study plan. The second was revising with a friend before exams.

Firstly, I made a perfect study plan for my school subjects. I decided to study only two subjects after school. I also set a definite time for each subject. This really had a fantastic effect on my study and marks. My teachers were pleased with my progress at school.

Secondly, I decided to revise with my close friend before exams. We studied together at my house as I had my own room whereas he shared his room with his younger brother. Although we did well on the first day, we started wasting a lot of time chatting and surfing the internet on the second and third day. That's why we both decided to stop it and I began to revise alone.

In conclusion, I got a lot of benefits from these study tips. They really boosted my progress at school. I got the final marks in three exams and better marks in the others. I am really grateful to my friends who gave me this useful advice and I suggest that every student try these study tips to increase their productivity and change their study for the better.

Test Yourself "Car



Unit 6 Lessons 3 & 4

Evaluating
Oreating

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1	If thelight in the car of	goes on, you shou	uld fasten your seat be	elt.
	a) alarm b) arm	c)	disarm	d) armour
2	medicine can cure ma	any problems, bu	it not diseases like car	ncer.
	a) Nuclear b) Radio	logy c)	Alternative	d) Excessive
3	One of the most important wa	ays to the syn	nptoms of diabetes is	leading a healthy lifestyle
	a) direct b) mana	ge c)	vanish	d) display
4	Some animals give off a/an	smell that	keeps attackers away.	
	a) inflected b) cured	c)	pleasant	d) unpleasant
5	The police have arrested a nu	mber of people v	who tookin th	e criminal attacks.
	a) piece b) place			d) apart
6	The was about to wir	the race when h	is bicycle broke down	
		•		d) assistant
7	After this long and tiring day,	I'll be asleep as s	oon as my head hits t	he
	a) pillow b) chair	c)	case	d) safe
8	Karam Gaber became a/an	champion	after winning the gold	medal in the Olympics.
1	a) inventive b) reflec	tive c)	defective	d) Olympic
9	I liked him because he made	mea lot.		
0.)	a) laughed b) to lau	gh c)	laughing	d) laugh () i sodo o arg
a.	Students should be allowed	their own	decisions.	
	a) making b) to ma	ke c)	making	DA- I
	Ramy was absent this morning	ng because he had	d his tooth	
88 -	שון נט טפ	micu . C	filled	IN COLD
	When he reached the hotel, I a) to take b) taken	ne nad his luggag	Jeto his room	by the porter.
B 41	a) to take	()) take	
	When I was young, I used to a) ironed b) ironir	nave all thy clothe	es by my moth	er.
14	We had someoneou		to iron	
	a) painted b) to pa	int	ir and it still looks like i	new.
1!	The grass in my garden is too		paint	d) painting
	a) to cutting b) cutting		et a gardenerii cut	t.
10	6 Mohamed's house is very ho	t. He needs to get	t a technicia-	d) to cut
	a) to install b) instal	leta e c	Installed	
1	7 Theis a great achieve		ionalised during	d) installing
	a) Suez canal, Nasser's Reign	b) Suez Canal, nasser's R	10m s
8	c) Suez Canal, Nasser's reign.	dia by di) suez Canal, Nasser's r	eign.

- c) addition
 d) expressing cause and result
 Which of these is not a type of essay?
 - a) A narrative essay.b) A descriptive essay.c) A persuasive essay.d) A personal essay.

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

People thought that dreams always came true, and that they came from something outside the person dreaming. Since the end of the 19th century, physicians⁽¹⁾, psychologists⁽²⁾ and other scientists have been studying dreams. Although they still have much to learn, they think that dreams are created by the dreamer granted⁽³⁾, or in which they become somebody they would like to be. These are wish-fulfilling⁽⁴⁾ dreams; They occasionally dream they are being chased by robbers, or are in danger from fire or flood. These frightening dreams are called nightmares⁽⁵⁾. People usually have nightmares when they are upset about something.

Studies about the causes of dreams show many reasons. For example, changes in the brain occur during sleep, and these are probably related to (6) dreaming. But no one knows enough yet about the brain changes in dreaming to say exactly what they are. A dreamer's health affects his dreams. A person who is ill will have different kinds of dreams from those of one who is well. If a person is hungry, or cold, or tired, his dreams may include these feelings. In addition, a large part of any dream comes from the events of the day before. Often the persons or situations in a night dream are those the dreamer met during the day. The feelings of happiness or disappointment (7) which came out in dreams were probably in the dreamer before. All that dream does is to give them an outlet (8).

belore. All that dream does is to give them	and the late of	
Choose the right answer from a, b, c or d:	The transfer and the state of the second of	
20 Changes in the brain take placea) by dayc) during sleep	b) at night d) during meals	
a) A day-dream c) A dreamer	b) A nightmare d) Dreamland	
22 The underlined word "them" refers to	b) dreams d) dreamers	
23 Who have been studying dreams since the a) Scientists. c) Physicians.	e end of the 19 th century? b) Psychologists. d) All of these.	
 When do people usually have nightmares a) When they are disappointed and sad ab b) When they are happy and delighted ab 	out something.	
d) When they are about to die. d) When they are cold and hungry.	and the state of t	-
(7) خيبة امل (8) متنفس	نسى (3) منع (5) كوابيس (4) تحقيق (4) متعلقة بـ (6) متعلقة بـ	(1) طبیب (2) طبیب نا
	Unit 6 Lessons 3 & 4	309

25	The antonym of the word "disappointmen	nt" is
	a) displeasure	b) frustration
	c) satisfaction	d) distress
26	The brain changes in dreaming are	
	a) still a mystery	
9	b) known by all	
	c) known by physicians-psychologists and	other scientists
4750-	d) easy to understand	
27	While dreaming, people are	
	a) the same	b) different
	c) alike	d) similar

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d:

- Worrying about exams is normal. You need some level of worry or stress to motivate you to study. However, too much stress can limit your motivation and stop you from performing at your best.
 - القلق بشأن الامتحانات أمر مميز فأنت بحاجة إلى مستوى معين من القلق أو التوتر لتحفيزك على الدراسة ومع ذلك، فإن الكثير من التوتر
 يمكن أن يزيد من دوافعك ويمنعك من الأداء بأفضل ما لديك.
 - القلق بشأن الامتحانات أمر غير طبيعى فأنت بحاجة إلى مستوى معين من القلق أو التوتر لتعويدك على الدراسة ومع ذلك، فإن الكثير من
 التوتر يمكن أن يحد من دوافعك ويمنعك من الأداء بأفضل ما لديك.
 - القلق بشـان الامتحانات أمر طبيعى فأنت بحاجة إلى مسـتوى معين من القلق أو التوتر لتحفيزك على الدراسـة ومع ذلك، فإن الكثير من
 التوتر يمكن أن يزيد من دوافعك ويدفعك إلى الأداء بأفضل ما لديك.
 - d) القلق بشــأن الامتحانات أمر طبيعى فأنت بحاجة إلى مســتوى معين من القلق أو التوتر لتحفيزك على الدراســة ومع ذلك، فإن الكثير من التوتر يمكن أن يحد من دوافعك ويمنعك من الأداء بأفضل ما لديك.
 - 29 إن التعليم الفنى هو مستقبل مصر الفترة القادمة في ظل التنمية التي تشهدها الدولة المصرية لذا تقوم وزارة التربية والتعليم بإنشاء عدد من المدارس التكنولوجية في جميع المجالات.
 - a) Technical education is the future of Egypt in the coming period in shade of the development witnessed by the Egyptian state. Therefore, the Ministry of Education is establishing a number of technology schools in all fields.
 - b) Technical education is the future of Egypt in the coming period in light of the development witnessed by the Egyptian state. Therefore, the Ministry of Education is establishing a number of technology schools in all fields.
 - c) Technical education is the future of Egypt in the coming period in light of the development driven by the Egyptian state. Therefore, the Ministry of Education is establishing a number of technology schools in all fields.
- d) Technical education is the future of Egypt in the past period in shadow of the development witnessed by the Egyptian state. Instead, the Ministry of Education is establishing a number of technology schools in all fields.
- 30 تؤدى الرياضة إلى تقوية العلاقات بين أفراد المجتمع فمن يمارسون الرياضة يعتادون على الالتقاء بشكل منتظم ممًّا يوطُّد العلاقات بينهم. a) Sports strengthen relations between organs of society. Those who practise sports are accustomed to meeting regularly, that strengthens the relationship between them.
- b) Sports strengthen relations between members of society. Those who practise sports are accustomed to meeting gradually, that strengthens the relationship between them.
- c) Sports strengthen relations between members of society. Those who practise sports are accustomed to meeting regularly, which strengthens the relationship between them.
- d) Sports strengthen relations between organs of society. Those who practise sports are obliged to meeting regularly, which strengthens the relationship between them.

Study

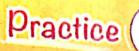
Chapter 6 (Great Expectations)

Vocabulary

affectionately (adv.)	بمودة	housekeeper (n)	مديرة منزل
anxious (adj)	قلق	life sentence (n)	حكم مؤبد
attention (n)	اهتمام	plenty (n)	كثرة/ وفرة
audience (n)	متفرجين	relief (n)	راحة
avoid (v) (ed)	يتجنب	remarkable (adj)	راثع
boast (v) (ed)	يتباهى	scars (n)	ندبات
competition (n)	منافسة	shiny (adj)	لامع
cough (v) (ed)	يسعل/ يكح	skill (n)	مهارة
enthusiastic (adj)	متحمس/ حماسی	sleeves (n)	أكمام
glad (adj)	سعيد 🕮 🔭	tutor (n)	معلم/ مرشد
guard (n)	حارس	wrist (n)	
hold on to(v)	يتمسك بـ		The same states and the same

Phrases, Expressions, Idioms & Prepositions

after all	على أية حال	came back to haunt me	عادت تطاردنى
as a form of entertainment	كنوع من التسلية	get too much attention إللازم	يحصل على اهتمام أكثر من ا
at the request of	بناء على طلب	took turns	يتبادل الأدوار
far from	بعید عن	ready for	جاهز/ مستعد لـ
keep away from	يبتعد عن	unfriendly to	غير لطيف مع





Great Expectations Exercises Chapter (6)

		Apptying Stanatysing Feature					
CI	noose the correct ar	nswer from a, b, c or d:					
1	1 He wasthat the weather would not improve in time for the party.						
	a) keen	b) relieved	c) cooled	d) anxious			
2	Mrs Hanan is alway	ysabout how w	vonderful her children a	re.			
	a) boasting	b) priding	c) pasting	d) blasting			
3	Make sure you win	d that bandage tightly	around yourso	that it doesn't move.			
1	a) wrath	b) wrest	c) wrist	d) wrap			
4	Mona wore a dress	with longat th	ne meeting this morning	j .			
	a) slaves	b) sleeves		d) sleets			
5	He has a large	on his arm from a c	cut he got while working	g in a logging camp last			
	summer.						
	a) scar	b) star	c) spar	d) spat			
6	Mr Ali has a	memory. He has the a	bility to remember thin	gs in great detail after			
	seeing them.						
	a) remarkable	b) regrettable	c) removable	d) reusable			
7	Ahmed is really	about his university	course. He can't wait for	the beginning of the term			
100		b) magnetic		d) fanatic			
	The girls were mad	e wards of court at the .	of a local autho	rity.			
).)	a) requirement	-,		d) order			
9	The boat sank and	all the crew drowned ex	cept young sailor, who h	neldsome floating			
	wood.						
	a) out	b) onto	-/	d) off			
10		at her son as h	ne was drawing pictures	at the table.			
	a) fortunately	b) effectively	c) affectionately	d) affectionate			
11			t to prison fors	entence.			
r y	a) life		C) HVIIII	d) dead			
12			losing it is an error that v	would come back to			
	you for yea						
	a) catch	b) hatch	c) hunt	d) haunt			
13	Ali cleaned and pol		noes. They look very	now,			
	a) shone	b) shine	c) shiny	d) light			
14	The were c	lapping for 10 minutes	after the play ended.				
	a) directors	b) audience	c) guards	d) crew			
15	There were two sec	urity on duty o	utside the building.				
	a) nets	b) fences	c) gaps	d) guards			

Unit 6

Advanced & Open General Exercises

Cł	oose the correct answer	frame	ting Creating	
1	At the summer camp	nom a, b, c or d:		إجابة هذه التعريبات موجودة بنهاية الكتا on dried grass and make a
	fire.	e were taught ho	W to the sun's rave	اجابه هده السريبات موجوده بنديد
	a) control		tile sails lays	on dried grass and make a
2	The journalist	nanage	c) focus	d) distant
	The journalist that the disturbed b) in	ne footballer to as	k exactly how he had br	oken his anti-
3	Samy was taken to	iterrupted	c) annoved	d) heckle
	Samy was taken to a) task b) d	for not finishir	ng his reports in time	d) neckie
4	Work on the now to	uty	c) work	d) job
-	Work on the new towers a) practice b) b	in the New Capita	al is now in	47,000
5	Llearned most of when the	reakthrough	c) advance	d) progress
ud -	I learned most of what I k a) accident b) co	know about garde	ning through trial and	u) progress
6	The exact price of the control of th	oincidence	c) error	d) misprint
400	The exact price of the tick a) stated b) d	kets isor	the back.	-, misprint
	-, stated	ecided		d) announced
440	Our officers have to conc a) research b) in	entrate 100 per ce	ent on the task in	- Jannounced
	≥ / 111	ispection	<u>^</u>	
	radiffied Affilias confide	nce, not to	the fact that she was i	d) hand ntelligent and well spoken.
9	After the terrorist action,	they will have the	presidentby a	n army battalion
/	m/ 5 mm m	guard	C) Quarding	d) guarded
10	some of my friends have	difficulty	unit (11), and so do I	1
	a) to understand b) ur	nderstanding	c) understand	d) understood
11	You are always free. Have		ng?	103 pt
172	a) do b) do		c) to do	d) doing
12	I had a hard time	. his house as it w	as dark and there was no	o one to ask.
	a) finding b) fir	nd	c) to found	d) found
13	You should the c	ar last w	eek.	
, de	a) have/repaired b) m	ake/repair	c) have had/repaired	d) had/repaired
14	A: Did someone really wri	ite those words o	n the wall?	
	B: Yes, I actually saw them	on the	wall.	
	a) to write b) wr	riting	c) to be written	d) written
15	A: Did they play that song	on the radio?		
	B: Well, I heard it		morning.	
	a) play b) pla		c) playing	d) to be played
16	Come in now. I'm sorry		g so long.	
		have got	c) to have let	d) to have had
	Every half hour he stops w	vorka cig	garette.	
		m smoking	c) to smoke	d) smoke
18	If you don't mind, we will	have the car	tomorrow.	and the second second
	in the second se		c) servicing	d) service
	a) being serviced b) to	service		Open General Everyland 313

Unit 6

Al-Adwaa Test

		Applying Analysing Evaluation	ig .	
1	Ch	oose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:		
	1	There is a growing at the increase	e in internet crimes such	as phishing in Egypt.
		a) arm h) rollof	c) alarm	,
۱	2	The judge told the lawyers that all the evidence	ence should be carefully	
į		a) duplicated b) dictated	c) ignored	d) evaluated
	3	The film's central is the relationship	in between noverty and	crime.
	•	The film's central is the relationship	ib permeen bovers,	d) reference
١.	4	a) ignorance b) focus	c) project	
	4	One of the drawbacks of some vaccines is the	hat they must be stored	at a very very competatule.
		The synonym of "drawback" is		d) benefit
		a) disadvantage b) advantage	c) relaxation	d) benefit
	5	If you want to stay in this job, you'll need to		d) massibility
	1523	a) reality b) productivity	c) similarity	d) possibility
	6	According to the latest reports, car sales ha	vesharply due	to the great rise in prices.
		a) inclined b) retried	c) declined	d) respired
	7	The water samples will be for the	presence of polluting ch	
		a) conducted b) infected	c) delayed	d) analysed
	8	I told my daughter to stop and sta	art studying quickly.	
		a) postponing b) procrastinating	c) analyzing	d) inspection
	9	The security guard doesn't let anyone		ut an invitation.
		a) entering b) to enter	The state of the s	d) entered
1	10	Hala alwaysher brothers tidy thei	r beds.	
		a) gets b) makes		d) allows
1	11	We our hous	_	rights of the transfer of the
		a) have/paint		
ř		c) let/paint	d) get/to painted	
ŀ	12	He'll stop his brotherTV because I	he wastes a lot of time	
	0,577	a) watching	b) to watch	
		c) watch	d) from watching	
١,	13	Heavy musicher nervous.	watching	
		a) lets b) has	c) makes	Stripe 1
١,	11			d) allows
	14	The pain of her broken leg got her	The Court and Advanced Advanced	
١.	45		c) cry out	d) to cry out
	15	When did youyour bank accounts		
		a) have/check	b) have/checked	
	15%	c) get/to check	d) make/checked	att yake a literation in
1	16	The orchestra members should get their mu	ısical instruments	and be ready to begin,
		a) tune	tuned	d) tuning
1	17	Quotation marks are put the word		
		a) before b) after	c) before and after	d) between
ĺ	18	Which of the following is correctly punctual	ted?	
		a) Waiting for the storm to stop, I was anxio	usly looking out the win	ndow
		b) Waiting for the storm to stop I was anxiou	usly looking out the win	dow
		c) Waiting for the storm to stop! I was anxio	usly looking out the win	dow
		d) Waiting for the storm to stop I was anxiou	usly looking out the win	dowl
		• • • • • • • • • • •		141 (1997)

19 In an essay about "Education" which of the following sentences can be a topic sentence? a) Education enlightens, empowers, and creates a positive development. b) As explained, there are three distinct types of Education. c) Education is a process of learning through which we acquire knowledge. d) Therefore, it is highly important to educate the children and youth to live a productive life. a) as the first word when you begin an article b) as the last word to end an article c) in a paragraph only once d) in a paragraph to show contrast

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

When we are young, we learn that tigers and sharks are dangerous animals. We might be scaredof them because they are big and powerful. As we get older, however, we learn that sometimes the most dangerous animals are also the smallest animals. In fact, the animal that kills the most people every year is one that you have probably killed yourself many times: the mosquito(1).

While it may seem that all mosquitoes are biters $^{(2)}$, this is not actually the case. Male mosquitoes eat plant nectar(3). On the other hand, female mosquitoes feed on animal blood. They need this blood to live and produce eggs. When a female mosquito bites a human being, it transmits(4) a small amount of saliva⁽⁵⁾ into the blood. This saliva may or may not contain a deadly disease. The result of the bite can be as minor⁽⁶⁾ as an itchy bump⁽⁷⁾ or as serious as death.

Because a mosquito can bite many people in the course of its life, it can carry diseases from one person to another very easily. Two of the most deadly diseases carried by mosquitoes are malaria and yellow fever.

Many scientists are working on safer and better ways to kill mosquitoes, but so far, there is no sure way to protect everyone in the world from their deadly bites. Mosquito nets can be placed over beds to protect people against being bitten. Mosquitoes have many natural enemies like bats, birds, dragonflies(8), and certain kinds of fish. Mosquitoes can be killed with poisons or sprays. Even though these sprays kill mosquitoes, they may also harm other plants or animals.

Although mosquitoes may not seem as scary(9) as larger, more powerful animals, they are far more dangerous to human beings. But things are changing. It is highly likely that one day

1	scientists will f	ind a way to kee	ep everyone sa	afe from mosquitoe	es and the diseases the	y carry.
21 22 23 24	Male mosquit a) the same ea c) a large fami To cut down t a) have cats an b) wear masks c) bring bats, l d) have poison This saliva ma a) the bite is c there is no c	ly he numbers of hd dogs in order not to pirds, dragonflic hs at all places ay or may not co ompletely safe langer in the bi	mosquitoes in be bitten es, and certain ontain a deadl	d) nothing to bite any area, we may with the bite is completed by the bite can care	ans pletely dangerous use death d) dangerous	
25	a) insignificantIf you get sicka) ordinary	t b) dead! with malaria or b) terribl	y yellow fever,) e	your chances of sui c) good	rvival are d) excellent	aines (1)
ST S		(9) مخيف	(7) حكة (8) اليعسوب	(5) لعاب (6) أقل لعمية	(4) تنقل	(2) لايغلت
Proces	many you				Unit 6 Al-Adwaa T	ost

- 26 Dragonflies might reduce the number of flies in a given area because dragonflies
 - a) cannot be killed by poisons or sprays

b) work together with mosquitoes

c) kill mosquitoes

d) attract bats

27 Which of the following isn't true?

- a) Mosquito nets can protect from deadly mosquitoes.
- b) Poisons and sprays can protect from deadly mosquitoes.
- c) The mosquito's natural enemies can protect from deadly mosquitoes.
- d) There is a perfect solution to the mosquito problem.

28 The best title to the passage is:

- a) Although it's very small, the mosquito is very scary
- b) The mosquito isn't very dangerous
- c) The dangers of tigers and sharks
- d) How to kill mosquitoes

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Amr was waiting for his father. His father was supposed(1) to be there at 11 o'clock promptly⁽²⁾ but it was already half-past 11 and yet there was still no sign of him. Amr was getting worried and impatient. He was supposed to arrive at his piano teacher's house at half past eleven. He paced the ground while looking at his watch time and again. To worsen things, he had forgotten to bring along his mobile phone today so there was no way for him to contact his father as well. Finally, after another fifteen minutes, Amr's father arrived, He looked all flustered(3) and upset.

"What happened, Dad? Why are you late today?"

Amr's father started telling him about the car accident that he was in. On his way to pick Amr up, a car had carelessly driven into his lane⁽⁴⁾ and knocked into his car. It was a good thing that his father was not driving at a high speed, otherwise the consequences would have been far worse than the scratched paintwork that his car had suffered. His father had to spend some time getting down the other driver's license details and taking photographs of the damage as evidence. However, the accident had put his father in a bad mood because his car was relatively⁽⁷⁾ new.

By the time Amr arrived at his piano teacher's house, he was already half an hour late for his lesson. His mother had called up his teacher earlier to explain the situation so she was not angry with him for being late.

A week after the accident, Amr's father told the family that the driver of the other car offered to pay for the damages of his car. Amr's father was relieved (8) that the matter was resolved so easily.

Choose the right answer from a, b, c or d:

- 29 The best title to the passage is:
 - a) The car accident delayed Amr's piano lesson.
 - b) Amr's piano lesson.
 - c) Amr's father's accident.
 - d) The piano teacher's forgiveness.
- 30 According to paragraph one, why did Amr pace the ground?
 - a) He was looking at his watch.
 - b) He was getting impatient.
 - c) He was going for his piano lesson.
 - d) He had forgotten to bring his mobile phone.
- 31 Which one of the following pieces of information is true?
 - a) Amr's father was upset because he was late.
 - b) Amr was worried because he had lost his mobile phone.
 - c) Amr waited 45 minutes for his father.
 - d) Amr was impatient because his father had been in an accident.



2 The car was	as a result of t	he accident		
a) dented	b) injured	- 1 1 1	d) scratched	
3 Amr's father w	as especially upset wi	th the accident because		
a) Ilis car was i	TICVV	h) his car lookoo	ugly now	
the other or	iver had been careless	d) the other driv	er had not been injured	
A How was the	matter resolved?			
a) The other d	r painted the car himse	elf. b) Amr's father r	epaired the car himself.	
. d) The other d	river repaired the dam	aged car.		
The piano tead	her was not anarywii	irs of the damaged car.		
a) she was so t	patient and kind.	th Amr for being late bec	baned and salmed her	
	er explained the situat	ion to her	honed and calmed her.	
d) Amr was alv	ways late so she was ac	ccustomed to it.		
6 The antonym	of the word "flustered"	' is		
a) agitated	b) nervous	c) disturbed	d) calm	
ead the sentence	es and choose the cor	rect translation from a,	b. c or d:	
			n air and the peace of mind a	re
beneficial for th	ne health. However, mai	ny neonle leave them for r	nany reasons such as finding job	s.
			a) هناك نقص في التســهيلات الحديثة في الـ	
رــــ ـــــر من ــــــر	ستجرم سيتان سنده وددا	ماصق المروية، بحل المواء التنفيف وا	لأسباب عديدة مثل العثور على وظائف.	
ير من الناس لأسباب	غيدان للصحة ومع ذلك، يتركها كث	ف، لكن الهواء النقى وسلامة العقل مد	b) هناك عجز فى التسهيلات المعاصرة فى الري	ř.
Cin.		Aprily	عديدة مثل العثور على وظائف.	
ركها كثير من الناس	ر المخ مفيدان للصحة ومع ذلك، ين	في الفلاحين، لكن الهواء النظيف وسلام	🧲) هناك حرمان في المرافق الجديدة في مناط	
		dú.	لأسباب عديدة مثل العثور على وظائف.	
تركما كثير من الناس	402 - 2 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0			
ترخسا ختیر س اندس	البال مميــدان للصحة ومع دلك، يا	ناطق الريفية، لكن الهواء النقى وراحة	d) هنــاك نقــص في المرافــق الحديثة في الم	
			لأسباب عديدة مثل العثور على وظائف.	_
Egypt has a rich	n history and culture da	ating back thousands of y	لأسباب عديدة مثل العثور على وظائف. ears, starting with the Pharaoni	c
Egypt has a rich culture, then C	n history and culture da hristianity and Islam. E	ating back thousands of y Egypt is among the earlie	لأسباب عديدة مثل العثور على وظائف. ears, starting with the Pharaoni st civilizations.	c
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Revision (2)

Vocabulary on Reading

ability (n)	قدرة/مقدرة
actually (adj)	بالفعل
alternatively (adv)	بدلًا من ذلك
avoid (v) (d)	يتجنب
blame (v) (d) (n)	يلوم/لوم
brain (n)	مخ
conflict (n)	صراع
efficiency (n)	كفاءة
imagine (v) (ed)	يتخيل المسلم
inevitable (adj)	محتوم/لا مفر منه

level (n)		مستوى
option (n)		اختيار
solution (n)	ner of unit of a	حل
survey (n)	egag seath lion in a si earthal ann an an 190	دراسة/تقييم
task (n)		مهمة
tough (adj)	ALL TO SHAPE IN SPECIAL	قاسِ/عنيف
unrealistic (adj)	- (Alb) 27	غير واقعى
virtual (adj)	Harring Walley at Allegia	افتراضى
whereas (conj.)		بينما

Expressions, Phrases & Prepositions

for a short period		لفترة قصيرة
get better at	The Mark of Street,	يتحسن في
in the first place		فى المقام الأول
compared to	Continue strain	
concentrate on	nestrony and the	يركز على

make changes to	يجرى تغييرات على
miss school	\
take part in	يشارك في
react to	
talk about	يتحدث عن مراجع بالمعالمة المالة



تطبيق الأضواء

جمّع نقاطك واستبدلها الآن بمجموعة من العروض الرائعة من خلال **شركاء الأضواء.**

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Reading Text (1)

Procrastination? Blame your brain!

Have you ever tried to get something done, but found that you don't make much progress? perhaps you do ten minutes of work, then start doing something else, like reading text messages. Starting one task then stopping to do something else or not starting the task in the first place is called procrastination. Everybody does it. Unfortunately, procrastinating often has a negative impact on your mental health. You may put yourself under a lot of pressure to catch up with the other students in your class or you might have set an unrealistic goal to get something done in a certain time. This can cause stress.

What is going on in the brain which makes us avoid doing something, even though we know we should do it? Scientists suggest we imagine that there are two parts of our brain: our present self and our future self. The present self wants to feel good right now and see the benefits of the work you're doing immediately. Whereas the future self is focused on achieving long-term goals. It's inevitable that the two selves come into conflict. If the present self-wins, you usually find yourself procrastinating.

How can you deal with these two different selves so you can keep up efficiency levels and improve your time management skills? One suggestion is that you try to please your present self. For example, give yourself little rewards after working for a short period of time, like checking messages after finishing a task. Alternatively, you could try to focus on the benefits that reaching your long-term goals will bring you. Try imagining how good it would feel to achieve them and holding on to that feeling.

Reading Text (2)



To: Ahmed@mail.com From: Ahmed@mail.com

Dear 11-year-old Ahmed,

I know you're finding life tough at the moment. You're experiencing stress at school and you're working hard with your sports training. You're finding it harder at your new school because the schoolwork is a lot more difficult than it was at your old school. You have more homework so it is harder to find time practise swimming and running. How about telling your teachers about the problems you're having and asking for help?

Try to remember that life is actually quite easy at the moment compared to how it will be later, even though you might not believe me about that. When you're my age, you'll be really good at time management. You'll be able to balance your schoolwork and your sport practice. I know you want to be like Ahmed Elgendy one day. Don't worry-you'll achieve amazing things.

Enjoy the free time that you have now! Don't forget to spend time doing things that improve your well-being, like talking to family. Play football with your friends at the weekend! You're going to be just fine, but remember to ask for help when you need it and enjoy the

free time that you have so you don't end up feeling exhausted and burnt out.

See you in 9 years, 20-year-old Ahmed

Listening Text (1)



Presenter: So, as you know, we recently made two changes to the way students practise English outside of the classroom. Six weeks after the introduction of the changes we carried out a survey to assess how students felt about them and what their impact had been. I'm going to take you through the results of this survey now. I should say that the aim of the two changes was to promote the use of technology in the learning of English outside of class. So, first of all, we asked students to use a digital version of their English workbook to do homework exercises. We wanted to find out what students felt about using these digital workbooks and here you can see the results. About 60 percent of students said they preferred using the digital workbooks, about 30 percent said they preferred the workbooks in book form and the rest said they had no preference. All in all, the students generally seem to be happy with this change. Secondly, we asked students to take part in a virtual meeting with a group of students to practise making conversation in English. We wanted to know how long students had met for in each of their meetings and you can see the results here. Almost 20 percent met for more than 60 minutes, about 45 percent met for 30 to 60 minutes, another 23 percent met for 15 to 30 minutes and the remaining 12 percent met for less than 15 minutes. A few students told us that they had problems installing the software for the virtual meetings and they couldn't join the meetings and this could explain why they reported being in each meeting for less than 15 minutes.

Listening Text (2)

Narrator: One

Hend: Hi everyone, it's me. Hello. Hello? Can you hear me? Hello? This is Hend. Can you hear me? Oh, I don't think you can hear me. Hang on a minute. Oh, my microphone is on

mute. Let me unmute it. That's it. Can you hear me now? ... Great.

Narrator: Two

Engy : I have the link for the virtual meeting in this email, but when I open it, I get a message

saying that I can't join the meeting. Hmmm ... why is this happening? I'll go back and read the email with the meeting invitation again. Oh, I see, I need to install the software

for the meeting on my computer. I'll do that now.

Narrator: Three

Bassem : I've written this email, but now I can't send it. Why won't it send? That's strange. I've

written the email and pressed 'Send', but nothing's happening. Am I connected to the internet? Oh no. My internet isn't working. I forgot to turn it back on again when I

turned it off yesterday. I'll turn it back on now.



a) to do

b) to doing

Workbook Exercises

Reme	mbering • Understanding • A	Applying 🙆 Analysing 🌑 Evaluating	Creating	
Ch	oose the correct wor	ds to complete the sente	ences:	
e			arm us. We should respect t	he law.
	a) revenge			d) advantage
2	Have you	spending the weekend in		
	a) considered	b) thought	c) decided	d) agreed
3		asked me for help if you w		
	a) has		c) had	d) have
4	Be careful, you must	making such m	istakes.	
Alle Y	a) enjoy	b) avoid	c) refuse	d) intend
5	When you are worri	ed about things, it is bes	t to concentrate on the th	nings you
4	control.			
	a) would	b) might	c) can	d) have
6	We really need to inc	rease ourif we v	want to meet our objective	S
	a) identity	b) facility	c) equality	d) productivity
7	I hopethe	biology exam; I'm so worr		
	a) will pass	b) pass	c) to pass	d) passing
8	Let's lookr	new ways of working.		
	a) on	b) into	c) to	d) back
9	My parents	. me finish my homework	before they allow me to wa	
	a) stop	b) get	c) tell	d) make
10		ject done last night so no		esta con la
	a) get	b) got	c) allow	d) make
11	Can youyo	ur screen so I can see wha	at the problem is, please?	Carlotte State State
	a) share	b) mute	c) install	d) join
12	I remember	this man in the club a ye	ar ago.	
	a) seeing	b) to see	c) had seen	d) to seeing
13	If I want to catch	with my classmates	, I need to study a lot this w	eekend.
	a) on	b) up	c) into	d) in
14		off the computer when	you've finished with it.	
		b) switch	c) to switch	d) to switching
15	The rainus	from playing football.	The last the state of the state	
	a) let	b) allowed	c) made	d) stopped
16	The students found th	ne test difficult and it led t	to ain their motiv	vation.
	a) produce	b) raise	c) progress	d) decline
17	Mental exhaustion an	d loss of energy are symp	otoms of	and the second
	a) turnout	b) strikeout	c) cutout	
18	What do you plan	when you go to Sh	narm El-Sheikh?	d) days are

c) will do

d) do

	19	is how	good you feel in your b	oody and how happy you	ale.
W. Controlled		a) Self-care	b) Stress	c) Well-being	d) Mental health
	20	I am going to ha	ve a new washing mach	ine	.D. I
		a) made	b) installed	c) instilled	d) done
	21	Turn the camera	l want to se	e you; I've missed you so	much, Mum.
		a) down	b) off	c) on	d) up
	22	Which of the foll	owing is punctuated co	rrectly?	
		a) Mona, who wa	as the first to offer help,	was a volunteer from the	UNICEF.
		b) Mona who wa	s the first to offer help,	was a volunteer from the	UNICEF.
		c) Mona; who wa	s the first to offer help,	was a volunteer from the	UNICEF.
		d) Mona; who wa	as the first to offer help	was a volunteer from the	UNICEF.
	23			ect to end the following	
		We all agree that	money is very importa	nt in our life. It enables u	s to lead a better life. We car
	•)				et, money can be the root o
		evil in life if it is us	ed badly. In addition, w	e can't buy all things with	money; for example, money
		can't bring happi	ness		
		a) To sum up, mo comfortable li		achieve your goals as wel	l as having a more
		b) Totally, we can	n say that money is the	cause of our happiness.	
		c) First of all, we things in life.	need to know why we r	need money and how to s	spend it on doing useful
			money is important by	It it is not everything in a	our life. It can't be a means to
		get all that yo		acticis not everything in o	ur me. It can't be a means to
	24	,		ow the result of somethin	α?
		a) Personally,	b) Whilst		Consequently,
		a di a la la la			consequently,

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Productivity: Tips from business leaders

The country's top business people have to make big decisions and juggle several priorities every day. We interviewed some of them to discover what tricks they use to increase their productivity.

The number one strategy that was mentioned by all of them was the ability to prioritise tasks according to what is most important. This involves a continuous process of deciding what is and isn't essential as you add new things to your 'to-do' list. The more you practise prioritising tasks, the easier it becomes and the more efficient it will make you.

Another time-consuming thing for business leaders is decision-making. Making decisions takes a lot of mental effort and this can lead to 'decision fatigue', which can cause burnout. It increases your productivity if you can save your mental energy for the bigger decisions by reducing the smaller ones.

Many of the most productive people realise how easy it is to get distracted. In order to stay focused, they keep a 'distraction list'. When a new thought or idea comes into their heads, they write it down and continue with what they were doing. When they have finished the task, they revisit the list.

The final trick from our interviewees is simple but highly effective. In order to raise your productivity levels, you should exercise your mind and your body. It has been suggested that physical activity can improve our levels of concentration and creativity. So, if you are trying to find a solution to something, identify the problem and then go for a walk or do some sport. You may discover the solution!

There are lots of strategies to choose from to increase your productivity. Our advice would be to experiment with different ones to find out what works best for you.

Ch	oose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	
25	You should reduce the decisions you mak	e to
	a) juggle several priorities	b) exercise your mind and body
	c) avoid bearing responsibilities	d) keep mental health and avoid burnout
26	According to the passage, there are a lot o	of strategies to
	a) enjoy free time	b) decrease consumption
600000000000000000000000000000000000000	c) raise productivity	d) imitate successful people
27	It's essential to prioritise tasks. The antony	m of essential is
	a) significant	b) unimportant
	c) urgent	
28	The main idea of the passage is how to	<u></u>
	a) avoid distraction	b) increase productivity
	c) identify a problem	d) prioritise tasks
29	The most popular strategy mentioned in t	he article is
	a) prioritising tasks according to their imp	ortance
	b) having a "to-do list"	والأسر واطلاب والكروب والمتعددة والمتعددة والمتعددة
	c) avoiding distraction	
i di	d) making big decisions	
30	According to the article, what is meant by	decision fatigue?
	a) The state of being unable to make simp	
		cause of the number of decisions one needs to take.
	c) Difficulty in making a good decision bed	cause of lack of efficiency.
	d) The state of being unable to bear respo	nsibility.
31	If you are trying to find a solution to a prob	olem,
	a) prioritico tacke	
	b) postpone dealing with that problem	
	c) identify the problem and refresh yourse	
20-	d) go for a walk and do some sport	
32	The underlined word "this" in the second p	aragraph refers to
	a) carrying out tasks	b) acting upon useful tips
	c) the ability to prioritise tasks	d) practising sport
33	According to the passage, what makes you	ir level of concentration better?
	a) Physical activity.	b) Deleting minor tasks.
	c) Having a "not to-do list".	d) Fresh food.

- 34 Top business people juggle several priorities to big tasks.
 - a) procrastinate

b) postpone

c) carry out

- d) delete
- 35 According to the passage, a lot of productive people try to
 - a) avoid distraction

- b) have peace of mind
- c) concentrate minor tasks
- d) avoid ordinary tips

Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from a, b, c or d.

- 36 A lot of people worked from home during the COVID-19 pandemic. Many employees say this has increased their efficiency and saved time and effort.
 - a) عمل الكثير من الناس من المنزل خلال جائحة كوفيد ٩ ، ويقول العديد من العلماء إن هذا زاد من رفاهيتهم ووفر الوقت والجهد.
 - b) عمل الكثير من الناس من المنزل خلال جائحة كوفيد ٩ ١، ويقول العديد من الموظفين إن هذا زاد من كفاءتهم ووفر الوقت والجهد.
 - حمل الكثير من الناس من المنزل بعد جائحة كوفيد ٩٠، ويقول العديد من أصحاب العمل إن هذا زاد من نشاط الموظفين ووفر الوقت والجهد.
 - d) أقام الكثير من الناس في المنزل خلال جائحة كوفيد ١٩، ويقول القليل من الموظفين إن هذا زاد من كفاءتهم ووفر الوقت والجهد.
- 37 Productivity is one of the most necessary qualities useful citizens should have. It enables them to share effectively in development projects as well as in most fields of work.
 - a) تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم السـمات التى يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطنون الصالحون، فهى تمكنهم من المشـاركة بفعالية فى مشـروعات
 التنمية وكذلك فى معظم مجالات العمل.
 - b) تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم المؤهلات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطنون الصالحون، فهي تمكنهم من المشاركة بفعالية في خطط التنمية وكذلك معظم مجالات العمل.
 - عقبر الإنتاجية من أهم السمات التى يجب أن يتمتع بها أى مواطن، فهى تمكنه من المشاركة بفعالية فى مشروعات الاستثمار وكذلك فى معظم مجالات العمل.
 - d) تعتبر جودة الإنتاج من أهم السمات التى يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطن المصرى، فهى تمكنه من المشاركة بفعالية فى مشروعات التنمية وكذلك فى معظم مجالات العمل.
 - 38 في رأيي، يجب على المعلمين والوالدين الاهتمام بالصحة العقلية ومهارات إدارة الوقت، وهذه المهارات ضرورية لتعزيز تحصيل الطلاب ومساعدتهم على تحقيق كل طموحاتهم في الحياة.
 - a) In general, teachers and parents should draw people's attention to mental health and time-management skills. These skills are necessary to enhance students' achievement and help them fulfil all their aspirations in life.
 - b) In conclusion, teachers and parents should pay attention to healthy food and time-management skills. These skills are necessary to enhance students' achievement and help them attain all their ambitions in life.
 - c) In my opinion, teachers and parents should pay attention to mental health and timemanagement skills. These skills are necessary to enhance students' achievement and help them fulfil all their aspirations in life.
 - d) In my opinion, scientists and parents should pay attention to mental health and timemanagement scales. These skills are necessary to enhance students' achievement and help them attain all their ambitions in life.

	39 تولى الحكومة المصرية اهتمامًا عظيمًا لتحسين معيشة المواطنين في كل أنحاء مصر وخاصة الريف والعشوائيات، وتعتبر مبادرة حياة
	a) The Egyptian organisations pay great attention to improving the lives of citizens in all cities of Egypt, especially the countryside and slums, and the Decent Life Initiative is the best proof of that.
	b) The Egyptian government pays great intention to improving the lives of employees in all parts of Egypt, especially the countryside and slums, and the experiment for a Decent Life Initiative is the best proof of that.
	c) The Egyptian government pays great attention to moving the lives of citizens in upper Egypt, especially the countryside and slums, and the Decent Life Initiative is the best proof of that.
	d) The Egyptian government pays great attention to improving the lives of citizens in all parts of Egypt, especially the countryside and slums, and the Decent Life Initiative is the best proof of that.
	Your friend is very stressed about exams and is having trouble relaxing. You are worried about his mental health. What advice would you give him/her? Write an email of about 200 words with your suggestions. You could include the following:
	1. Suggestions for self-care. 2. Advice on time management.
-	ياريت دعوه حلوه للشخص اللي صور الكتاب ده
***	ياريت دعوه حلوه للشخص اللي صور الكتاب ده ولك بالمثل،،



Al-Adwaa Test

Units 4, 5 & 6

Understanding

Choose the correct words to complete the sentences:						
		The boss sent a to all staff telling them about the change.				
		a) sign	b) memo	c) signal	d) mark	
	2	My brother is a private	e man; he is not very good			
		a) dividing	b) sharing		d) devising	
	3	-, sharing				
		a) dimmed		c) darkened	d) lighted	
	4		my thanks to my parent		a,gca	
		a) express	b) say	c) state	d) lecture	
	5	•	•			
		There's no in the decision to reduce staff when orders are the highest they have been for years.				
		a) science	b) logic	c) search	d) art	
	6	He was just looking for a/an to call his fiancée.				
		a) reason	b) explanation	c) excuse	d) cause	
	7	Did you any conclusions at the meeting this morning?				
The second		a) refuse	b) draw	c) take	d) give	
The second	8	The president held a meeting to discuss militarywith the Military Council yesterday.				
		a) method	b) strategy	c) tactic		
	9	taking the tr	ain to Assuit instead of yo		d) play	
C	5	a) Why didn't you		b) Why don't you		
ì		c) Have you thought	about	d) Let's		
20000	10	I think Omar was mistaken when he carried the heavy box on his own. He his brother to help him.				
١		a) should askc) shouldn't have asked		b) should have asked		
				d) could ask		
	1	11 You should avoidduring the rush hour.				
		a) travelling	b) to travel	c) traveled	d) to travalling	
		2 My brother is learningthe oud.			d) to travelling	
		a) play	b) to playing	c) to play	d) playing	
	1:	The company will ha	ve to close if it can't	the problems it faces.	d) playing	
	4	a) get off	b) turn over	c) run out	d) get over	
	1.	Passengers are allow	edone item of h	and luggage at a time.	d) get over	
		a) have	b) to have	c) having	d) to having	
	1		e our new furniture	tomorrow,	a) to naving	
		a) to deliver	b) deliver	c) delivered	d) delivering	
	1	Mother made Shaimaaher room before she went out.			_, achtening	
		a) tidy	b) to tidy	c) tidying	d) tidied	
	1	This punctuation ma	irk is used to separate iten	ns in a series when the item	is contain commas.	
		a) apostrophe	b) hyphen	c) semicolon	d) colon	

d) colon

- 18 Choose the sentence which has the correct punctuation.
 - a) Here is what you need to get at the supermarket bananas bread milk and biscuits.
 - b) Here is what you need to get at the supermarket: bananas bread milk and biscuits.
 - c) Here is what you need to get at the supermarket; bananas, bread, milk and biscuits.
 - d) Here is what you need to get at the supermarket: bananas, bread, milk and biscuits.
- 19 What type of ending should an essay conclusion have? It should leave the reader thinking about
 - a) how s/he will never get that time back.
 - b) make bank by publishing.
 - c) how the topic applies to him/her, and/or future possibilities.
 - d) what a genius the writer is.
- 20 Select the supporting detail that doesn't fit.

Topic Sentence: Reading class is really interesting.

- a) We learn interesting facts from the things we read.
- b) Our teacher gives us new ways to look at things.
- c) Sometimes we do dramatic readings of the text that are super engaging.
- d) It's my least favorite class.

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Everyone is afraid of something. Some of us are afraid of dogs, snakes, darkness and even babies. This kind of fear is called Phobia. A phobia is a very strong irrational fear or hatred of something. You can see lots of people having a kind of phobia. Maybe you have one. Some phobias are very interesting. Some of them are; Ailurophobia Fear of cats, Anglophobia - Fear of England, Aurophobia - Fear of gold, Bibliophobia - Fear of books, Chaetophobia - Fear of hair, Chionophobia - Fear of snow, Ecophobia - Fear of home, Logophobia - Fear of words, Nomatophobia - Fear of names. The names of these phobias are also very interesting, aren't they?

Some phobias can change our lifestyles. For example, if you have Dendrophobia (Fear of trees), you cannot walk around in the forest or even in the garden. Or, if you have Heliophobia (Fear of the sun), how can you go outside in the daylight? Or, if you are afraid of speaking (Lalophobia), can you make a presentation in the class? So, some phobias affect some people in an unpleasant way.

Once I have met a man, Adam. He has Cynophobia (Fear of dogs). I asked some questions about the reason for his phobia. He told his story. He said, "When he was a student, he went home on foot. There weren't school buses then. So, one day he was walking home. Tom and Mary were with him. On their way, they saw a dangerous big dog. It began to bark at them. They were afraid of the dog. So, they began to run. The dog followed them. He fell over and cut his knee. And that big dog came and bit his leg. Since then he has been afraid of anything barking. And he is not a friend with Tom and Mary anymore.)." I wonder if there's a phobia about the English language. Perhaps that's grammarphobia.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 21 What does a phobia mean?
 - a) A phobia is the fear of dogs.
 - b) A phobia is the fear of something nice.
 - c) A phobia is a very strong irrational fear or hatred of something.
 - d) A phobia is the fear of horrible things only.

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22 What is Ecophobia?	
a) The fear of dogs.	b) The fear of home.
c) The fear of books.	d) The fear of exams.
23 What can't you do if you have Lalo	phobia?
a) You can't use computers.	b) You can't write or read.
c) You can't look at or buy gold.	d) You can't speak in public.
24 What does the underlined pronour	
a) Adam, Tom and Mary.	b) The dogs.
c) The school buses.	d) Phobias.
25 How many people are there in the	story?
a) Two	b) Three
c) Four	d) Five
26 What is grammarphobia?	
a) The fear of the language.	b) The fear of grammar books.
c) The fear of the English language.	d) The fear of the homework.
27 The best title to the passage is	
a) The kinds of Phobia	b) Changing man's life
c) The weakness of man	d) How to avoid phobia
28 Fearing of the sun, trees or speaking	g to others makes you
 a) change your lifestyle. 	b) stay in bed all the time.
c) very ill.	 d) hate people and nature.

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

A Japanese journalist wrote a report about why she and millions of other Japanese have become lovers of running. "Twenty years ago when I started running, most runners were middle-aged men and high school athletes. Today I see young girls, old men and others of every age. We, also, have today thousands of running clubs and hundreds of special running

boutiques. Running suits are also offered now by top fashion designers."

The Japanese have looked at sports as good for both the mind and the body. And in recent years there has been an increased interest in physical fitness. In addition, facilities for most sports, such as golf and tennis are extremely limited and often very expensive. But running can be done almost anywhere and you do not have to spend a lot of money to do it.

Running can also be a part of daily routine, and help the individual to live a more orderly life. Most of us today live rather sedentary lives because we usually work sitting down, using our brains instead of our bodies. Daily we find ourselves under increasing mental and psychological pressure from our jobs. So running can be looked at as a medicine. While a person is running, he has time to be alone with his thoughts.

I think more and more people are becoming runners because they have realized that if they want a full and affluent life, they must be healthy, too. Running is the quickest and easiest way to achieve this balance."

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 29 What kind of people who used to run twenty years ago?
 - a) Young men.

b) Middle-aged women.

c) Old men.

- d) School children.
- 30 What is the best title to the passage?
 - a) Running suits.

b) Running and health.

c) A running magazine.

d) Running clubs.

31	What does sedentary life mean? a) Less thoughtful.	156.1			
	c) Under stress.	b) Sad.			
32	For what have the Japanese thought that	d) Sitting down.			
	a) Increasing mental and psychological pr	running is good?			
	b) Using our brains instead of our bodies.	ressure.			
	c) Our physical and mental health.				
	d) Physical fitness only.				
33	What does health lead to?			•	
a	a) Wealth. b) Happiness.	c) Running.	d) Stress.		
34	What parts of our bodies are used if we liv	re a sedentary life?	d) Stiess.		
	a) Our bodies instead of our brains.	b) Our brains inst	ead of our bodie	١ς	
	c) Our legs instead of our hands.	d) Our hands inst		J.	
35	Running is a medicine for		o. oe.gs.		
	a) phobia	b) our daily pressu	ure		
	c) injuries and cuts	d) all our diseases			
36	The synonym of the word 'affluent' is				
	a) deprived b) modest	c) poor	d) rich and lux	urious	
Rea	ed the sentences and choose the correct tra	anslation from a, b,	c or d:		
37	School is a meeting place of students and	teachers. From her	e, a student lear	ns how to	
OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	adjust himself to society in his later life.		,		
	فية تطوير المجتمع في حياته الأولى.	بن فمن هنا يتعلم الطالب كيا	كان لقاء الطلاب والمعلمي	a) إن المدرسة هي مك	
	فية تأقلم المجتمع في حياته الآخرة.	ين فمن هنا يتعلم الطالب كي	كان لقاء الطلاب والمعلم	b) إن المدرسة هي مك	
Marine and American					
Ĭ					
	فية التكيف مع المجتمع في حياته اللاحقة.				
38	Social media addiction is one of the most	common new-age	addictions gripp	oing people	
	across the world.				
	شيوعًـا والتى تجذب الناس حول العالم.				
	ندرة والتى تمسك الناس حول العالم.				
	شيوعًـا والتي تنفر الناس حول العالم.	ثر أنواع إدمان العصر الجديد	نواصل الاجتماعي أحد أك	ان إدمان وسائل ال	
	شيوعًـا والتي تهاجم الناس حول العالم.				
	له بطريقة مناسبة لترويج المشروعات التجارية.	ندمين فمن الممكن استخدام	اعدة عريضة من المستذ	39 لأن الفيسبوك له ة	
9)	a) Facebook has a large user basement so	it is suitable to use	it to announce l	ousinesses.	
	b) Facebook has a large user base so it is s	uitable to use it to	promote busine	sses.	
	c) Facebook has a large user foundation so	o it is unsuitable to	use it to promot	e businesses.	
	d) Facebook has a smaller user base so it is	s suitable to use it t	o devastate bus	inesses.	
	تقرار الاقتصاري	الواردات ضرورة لتحقيق الاس	وزيادة الصادرات وتقليل	40 إن تحسين الإنتاج ر	
	a) Improving products, decreasing export	s and increasing im	ports are necess	sary to achieve	
Ш,	000000000000000000000000000000000000000				
1	b) Proving products, increasing exports ar	nd reducing import	s are minor to a	thieve	
	c) Improving products, increasing exports	and reducing impo	orts are necessar	y to achieve	
	d) Improving products, increasing exports	s and reducing imp	orts are minor to	achieve	
	economic ability.				
	A	The second secon		and the same of th	
	Assess your progress < 50%	50:64%	65 : 84%	85 : 100%	
	* * * * Study again	Practise more	Take more exams	Well done!	
	Anna management and an anna and an		and the second s		Services phy
			Revision 2	Units 4, 5 & 6 329	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH



Great Expectations

Introduction

(A) The Writer

Charles Dickens was born in Portsmouth, on February 7, 1812. Charles was the second of eight and his wife Elizabeth Dickens. The Dickens family moved to موظف and his wife Elizabeth Dickens. The Dickens family moved when he was 12 years old. His مدثت when he was 12 years old. His father, who had a difficult time managing money and was constantly in debt, was imprisoned تم سجنه. Because of this, Charles left school and worked in a factory. This experience left great effects on Charles.

After a few months, Dickens's father was released from prison and Charles was allowed to go back to school. At fifteen his formal education ended and he found employment as an office boy. From and afterwards as a newspaper reporter. المحاكم and afterwards as a newspaper reporter.

In 1833 Dickens began to write short stories and essays to periodicals. Dickens's first book, a collection of stories titled Sketches by Boz, was published in 1836. In the same year, he married Catherine Hogarth. They had 10 children before they separated in 1858. His most famous novels are Oliver Twist, Nicholas Nickleby, A Christmas Carol, The Cricket on the Hearth, Hard Times, A Tale of Two Cities, and Great Expectations.

Charles Dickens died at home on June 9, 1870, after suffering a stroke ازمة. Contrary to his wish to be buried in Rochester Cathedral, he was buried in the Poets' Corner of Westminster Abbey. The inscription on his tomb reads:

"He was a sympathiser متعاطف to the poor, the suffering, and the oppressed المضطمدون; and by his death, one of England's greatest writers is lost to the world."

(B) The Novel (Great Expectations)

Great Expectations was first published serially in All the Year Round in 1860-61 and issued in book form in 1861. The classic novel was one of its author's greatest critical and popular successes. It الطبقة الاجتماعية she coming of age of the orphan Pip while also addressing such issues as social class الطبقة الاجتماعية and human worth قيمة الإنسان.

(C) Summary of the Plot

time in the future. He grows غير محدد the tale from an unspecified يحكى the tale from an unspecified ^{up in} Kent, where he lives with his sister and her husband, the blacksmith Joe Gargery. While Abel Magwitch, an escaped يقابل Abel Magwitch, an escaped , قبور the young Pip encounters يقابل Abel Magwitch, Pip brings him food and a file, but the fugitive and Compeyson—his former partner in crime and a supposed gentleman who is now his enemy—are soon caught. Later Pip is requested

Chapter 1 Great Expectations

to pay visits to Miss Havisham, a woman driven half-mad years earlier by her lover's departure on their wedding day. Living with Miss Havisham at Satis House is her adopted daughter, Estella, whom she is teaching to torment عدنب men with her beauty. Pip, at first cautious مريص, later falls in love with Estella, who does not return his affection. He grows increasing ashamed of his humble متواضع background and hopes to become a gentleman, in part to win over Estella. However, he is disappointed when he instead becomes Joe's apprentice متدرب صبى حرفة

Several years later a lawyer named Mr. Jaggers appears and informs Pip that an anonymous مجمول benefactor مجمول has made it possible for him to go to London for an education; Pip believes that the money is from Miss Havisham. Once in London, Pip is taught to be a gentleman by Matthew Pocket and his son Herbert, the latter of whom Pip met years earlier at Satis House. Also receiving instruction is the slow-witted متبلد العقل and unlikable Bentley Drummle.

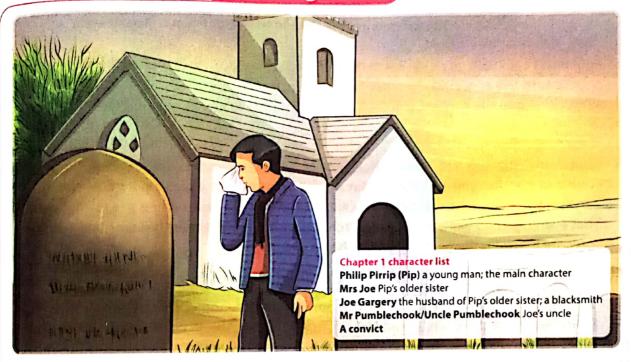
The increasingly snobbish مغرور Pip is later horrified to discover that his mysterious benefactor is Magwitch. Not only is Magwitch in danger of being arrested, Pip's social standing موقف اجتماعی is also threatened. Pip reveals the situation to Herbert, and it is decided that Magwitch and Pip should leave England. Before departing, Pip visits Satis House, where he confronts یواجه Miss Havisham for letting him believe she was his patron را الله He also professes یعترف his love to Estella, who rejects him. Knowing that Drummle is pursuing her, Pip warns her about him, but she announces that she plans to marry him. Pip makes several startling discoveries, notably that Magwitch is Estella's father and that Compeyson was Miss Havisham's lover. He also grows close to Magwitch, whom he comes to respect

As Pip and Magwitch attempt to leave London via a boat, the police and Compeyson arrive. The two convicts end up fighting in the Thames, and only Magwitch surfaces يظهر على السطح Compeyson's body is later recovered. The injured Magwitch is arrested, convicted, and dies awaiting execution وعدام . A despondent يائس Pip is arrested because of his debts, but his failing health prevents him from being jailed. Joe subsequently arrives and nurses Pip back to health. Joe also informs him that Miss Havisham has died. After Joe leaves, Pip discovers that his brother-in-law has paid all of his bills فواتير Pip later accepts a job offer at the Cairo branch of Herbert's firm, and he enjoys a simple but content life. After more than 10 years away, he returns to England and visits the place where Satis House once stood. There he encounters Estella, who is now a widow in the place where Satis House once stood. There he encounters Estella again.



Chapter 1

Reading Text



One cold, grey afternoon in the middle of winter, a small boy sat alone near the marshes(1). He was crying.

That small boy was me, Philip Pirrip. As my name was difficult to say when I was small, my name became Pip. I was crying because it was Christmas Eve(2), and I was an orphan(3) – my parents were dead, and so were five of my brothers and sisters. This happened when I was very young, so I did not remember them.

I had lived with my sister and her husband, Joe Gargery, for most of my life. Joe was the village blacksmith(4) and Mrs Joe was twenty years older than me. She was tall and thin and liked to complain about me; she was often angry, but Joe was my friend.

On this grey afternoon, when I was about seven years old, I had walked down to the graveyard (5) at the edge of the village. I sat by my parents' grave as the afternoon light slowly disappeared.

The marshes nearby became dark and frightening.

was going to leave and go home when a terrible voice shouted 'Quiet!'

Then a man appeared from behind a grave. I nearly jumped out of my skin⁽⁶⁾!

'What's your name, boy?' he shouted, walking slowly towards me.

'Pip, sir.'

'Show me where you live!' said the man.

pointed to my village, not far away.

'Who do you live with?'

'My sister, sir – Mrs Joe Gargery – she's the wife of Joe Gargery, the blacksmith, sir.'

'A blacksmith!'

The man looked down and I saw his leg-irons⁽⁷⁾. Then I noticed his old grey clothes and his thin dirty face. He was shaking.



(7) أغلال قدم

(5) مقبرة (6) خرجت من جلدي (3) يتيم (4) حداد (۱) مستنقعات

Chapter 1 Great Expectations

'Do you know what a blacksmith's file(1) is?' he asked.

'Yes, sir.'

He suddenly grabbed⁽²⁾ my shoulders and shook me.

'I want you to bring me that file early tomorrow morning. And some food, too. Then I will let you live! What do you say?'

I was frightened, so I promised to bring the file and the food to him the next day.

'Now go home!' he shouted.

I ran until I could run no more. When I looked back, I saw the man far out on the marshes, a black shape against the angry red sky. Once I got my breath back⁽³⁾ I hurried home as fast as I could.

When I ran into the kitchen, feeling happy to be home safely, Mrs Joe angrily asked me where I had been.

'Only to the graveyard,' I cried.

'Graveyard!' she shouted. 'You're lucky not to have been put in the graveyard long ago! It's because of me that you're still here. But I didn't want to look after you! It's bad enough being a blacksmith's wife. I never asked to be your mother!'

That evening, I had work to do in the kitchen as usual. It was almost bedtime and I was helping to prepare lunch for the next day, when I heard a loud noise.

'Listen! What is that?' I said.

'A convict⁽⁴⁾ escaped last night,' Joe explained.

'That noise was a warning to everyone in our village that another convict has got away(5)!'

'From the prison ships,' Mrs Joe added.

'What are they?' I asked.

'They're ships where they put people because they have committed a crime⁽⁶⁾,' replied my sister. 'Now go to bed!' she shouted.

I remembered that I had seen a broken old ship, far out on the marshes that day. Perhaps it was a prison ship.

As I fell asleep, I realised that the man I had met that day was one of the escaped convicts. He wanted a blacksmith's file so that he could take off his leg-irons and get away from the marshes quickly. He scared me, but I also felt sorry for him.

Early the next morning, I got up and went into the kitchen. It was Christmas Day, and guests were invited to dinner. There was some delicious cheese in the kitchen, as well as nuts, apples and oranges, and a cold meat pie⁽⁷⁾. I took them all. Then I went into Joe's workroom and found a blacksmith's file.

Closing the front door quietly behind me and holding all the food carefully, I set off⁽⁸⁾. I ran to the graveyard and then out into the mist and over the wet marshes.

Suddenly, quite by surprise, I saw a man in grey who seemed to be asleep. He wore leg-irons and stood up when he saw me. At first, I thought he was the man that I knew, but then I realised that his face was different.

He looked at me for a moment before disappearing into the mist. I wondered who he could be and what he was doing out here.

Soon afterwards, I found the man I was looking for. I gave him the food at once, and he ate it quickly as I told him about the other man that I had just seen. He wanted to know who he was and where he had gone, but I could not tell him. Then, as soon as he had eaten, he took the file from me and started trying to remove his leg-irons with an angry look on his face.



(7) فطيرة (8) يتجه إلى (5) مرب (6) ارتکب جریمة

(3) استعمت أنفاسى (4) مدان/سجين (1) ميرد (2) امسك يقوة



I was afraid again, so I ran home as fast as I could. As I ran back across the marshes, I could hear the sound of the file on the leg-irons through the mist(1).

Mrs Joe was busy preparing the house for guests, so Joe and I were alone together. I began to feel quilty(2) about the food and the file which I had stolen that morning, and I wanted to tell Joe what I had done. But then I thought he might not want to be my friend if I did, so I said nothing. It was not long before the guests arrived and we sat down to Christmas dinner.

At first, nobody noticed that anything was missing. But then, to my horror(3), Mrs Joe invited everyone to try the delicious meat pie that Joe's uncle, Mr Pumblechook, had given us. The guests happily agreed and she went to find it. Joe told me I could have some, and I felt very bad. At any moment, Mrs Joe was going to discover that the meat pie had disappeared from the kitchen.

Unable to stay at the table with all the guests any longer, I got up from my chair and ran to the front door. But when I opened it, a group of soldiers entered, just as Mrs Joe came back into the room shouting, 'The pie has gone!'

The appearance of a group of soldiers made the guests forget about the pie and they all stood up from the table. Everyone wondered why the soldiers had come, and we all felt nervous.

'We need a blacksmith to mend some handcuffs(4), please,' the first soldier said. 'We're looking for two convicts who broke their handcuffs and escaped. We think they are hiding out on the marshes, although they probably won't try to get away until tonight.'

When he asked if we had seen them, everybody else said no. I did not speak.

Joe mended the handcuffs for the soldiers, and they waited with us as he worked. When they were finished, Joe and I followed the soldiers out of the village and onto the marshes.

Thope we don't find the convicts, Joe, I said quietly.

'Me too, Pip,' Joe replied.

Day became night as we walked over the marshes. It was raining and the wind blew the rain into our faces.

Suddenly, we heard angry shouts nearby. I was afraid of what was about to happen.



(3) رعب/فزع (4) اغلال/قيود (1) شبورة/ضباب

(2) مذنب



Remembering Understanding Applying Analysing Evaluating Creating

Exercises on Chapter (1)

	Ch	oose the correct a	inswer from a, b, c or d:			
	1	We can't build ho	uses here because there is	s a The ground is	too wet.	(Workboo)
		a) well	b) marsh	c) valley	d) line	
	2	The metal was sha	arp and rough, so we used	d ato make it smoo	oth.	(Workbook
		a) kit	b) saw	c) hammer	d) file	
	3	The police arreste	d the man and put on	to stop him moving h	is hands.	(Workbook
		a) handcuffs	b) iron-legs	c) sleeve	d) necklac	e
	4	They put their wal	lking boots on and	early in the morning.		(Workbook
		a) set out	b) set up	c) set off	d) set in	
	5	In the past, all villa	ages had awho o	could make things from met	al.	(Workbook
		a) guard	b) carpenter	c) gardener	d) blacksm	ith
	6	Very dangerous	were put in leg-ir	ons in the past to stop the	m from runn	ing away
						(Workbook
		a) convicts	b) lawyers	c) employees	d) clerks	
	7	A/An is a	n area of land where peop	ole are buried.		(Workbook
		a) monument	b) graveyard	c) tower	d) valley	
	8	The war has left th	ousands of children as	with terrible memori	es.	
2		a) fighters	b) clients	c) orphans	d) judges	
7	9		y little daughter's arm to s	stop her from running into t	he road.	
		a) released	b) freed	c) shook	d) grabbed	i
1				a lot of money to their victir	ms.	
		a) cheerful	-,	c) guilty	d) honest	
1				mittedseveral crin	nes, includin	g fraud.
		a) fighting	b) committing	c) solving	d) turning	
1:	2	A is a bake	ed dish of fruit or meat an	d/or vegetables with pastry	on the bott	om, side
		and top.				
		a) pie	b) salad	c) curry	d) sochi	
13	3	People cried out in	as they watched	d the building burn.		
	ě) delight	b) horror	c) flight	d) dispute	
14	-	\is thin fo	og produced by very smal	ll drops of water collecting i	n the air just	above
	a	n area of ground o	or water.			
	a) slide	b) fist	c) mist	d) march	
15	Т	he old man leant a	gainst a tree until he had	his breath back.		
	a) got	b) lost	c) earned	d) won	
and the last						



Chapter 2

Chapter 2 character list

Mrs Joe Pip's older sister

Miss Havisham a rich, elderly lady

Joe Gargery the husband of Pip's older sister; a blacksmith

Biddy teacher and friend to Pip, Joe and Mrs Joe

Mr Pumblechook/Uncle Pumblechook Joe's uncle

Estella a young lady who lives with Miss Havisham

Reading Text

The soldiers ran into the marshes and we saw two men. They were fighting and covered in mud. The soldiers pulled them away from each other.

In the light of the soldiers' torches, I saw the man that I had helped. I wanted to say, 'I didn't tell the soldiers where to find you,' but all I could do was shake(1) my head. He gave me a long, strange look which I will never forget.

'I have something to say,' he said. 'It was me. I stole the food from the blacksmith's

house this morning.' He looked at Joe and added, 'I'm sorry that I ate your meat pie.'

'You're welcome. We don't want you to be hungry,' Joe replied kindly.

The man turned away. Then he was taken to a boat nearby which took him to the black prison ship, far out on the marshes. We watched as he climbed back onto the ship in the distance and disappeared. At that moment, the torches went out.

A year passed. I worked every day, helping neighbours with small jobs, but in the evening I went to the village school. The old lady who taught me often fell asleep, leaving her granddaughter, Biddy, to show me how to read and write.

One night, Joe saw me sitting by the fire, as I was practising my writing.

'You know, Pip, you are very clever!' he said.

'Did you never go to school, Joe?' I asked.

'No, Pip,' he replied. 'My father didn't let me go, but he had a good heart(2). He taught me to be a blacksmith. And after he died, I met your sister. She's a fine woman.'

I looked into the fire.

'I'm glad you think so, Joe,' I said at last.

'I wish she wouldn't hit you, though,' Joe said. 'I would rather she hit me than you!

We'll always be best friends, won't we, Pip?'

Just then Mrs Joe came in.

'If this boy isn't grateful(3) to me now, he never will be!' she said.

I tried to look grateful, but I didn't understand what Mrs Joe meant.

'Miss Havisham wants Pip to go to her house,' she said. 'And he must go, or I will make him work hard here!'

Everyone in the village had heard of Miss Havisham; she was a very rich lady who lived in the nearest town. However, most people had never seen her because she never left her large, old house.

'So how does she know Pip?' Joe asked.

'She doesn't know Pip. Uncle Pumblechook visited her, and she asked him if he knew a boy who would go there to play with a child who lives there, Mrs Joe replied. The boy will make his fortune(4) by going to Miss Havisham's house, and he's going there tomorrow!'

Then she jumped on me, like an eagle(5) on a lamb. I was washed very well that night. Uncle Pumblechook took me to Miss Havisham's house in my best clothes, the next day.



(5) نسر

(3) شاكر/ممنون

(4) ثروة

(١) يمز

(2) كان طيب القلب

Chapter 2 Great Expectations

We waited at the gate until a very pretty, but proud, young girl appeared.

'This is Pip,' said Mr Pumblechook.

'Come in, Pip,' she said, opening the gate.

Uncle Pumblechook was not invited in so I left him at the gate. I followed the girl through an untidy garden.

The house looked unused and most of the doors were closed. Everything was dark inside, and we went upstairs with a candle⁽¹⁾.

The girl left me at a door, telling me to enter.

Inside was a dressing room lit by candles; the curtains⁽²⁾ were closed, so no daylight could enter. And then I saw her: the strangest lady I had ever seen, or would ever see.

She was dressed completely in white, with a long white veil⁽³⁾ and flowers in her hair. But her hair was white, the flowers were dead, and the white dress was now yellow with age. I saw a bride⁽⁴⁾ in a wedding dress, but everything about her was old and sad.

'Let me look at you,' she said.

As I stood before her, I noticed that the clock had stopped at twenty to nine.

'Do you know what I have here?' the lady continued, her hands on her heart.

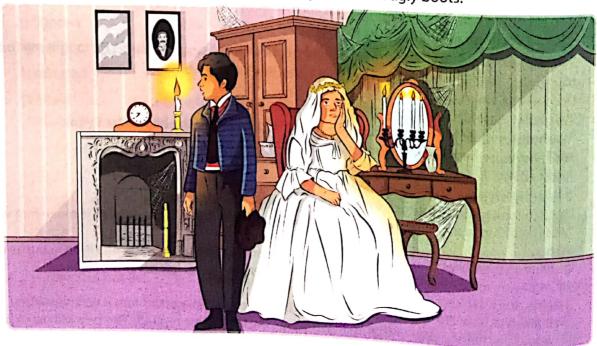
'Yes, madam.' I replied. 'It's your heart.'

'A broken heart⁽⁵⁾' she said. Then after a moment, she added, 'I am tired, and I am bored. Play!' I wondered what game I could play, so I replied that I could not play alone 'Call Estella!' the old lady said.

When Estella entered, I saw that she was the girl who had let me in. Now she was told to play with me. 'But he is just a poor working boy!' she complained.

Miss Havisham said something to her. I could not hear clearly, but I thought she said, 'Well? You can break his heart.'

And so Estella and I played games while Miss Havisham watched silently. 'What dirty hands you have!' Estella said, unkindly. 'And what ugly boots!'



I was ashamed. Finally, Miss Havisham called me to her side. 'What do you think of her?' she asked, looking at Estella.



(5) قلب محطم جزئا

:) حجاب /طرحة

(4) عروس

1) شععة 2) ستلار

'I think she is very proud. And very pretty. And very rude,' I said. 'I would like to go now, please.' Miss Havisham made me promise to come back in six days. Then Estella led me back through the dark house and out into the garden.

Before I left, Estella gave me some food and drink, but did not hand it to me. Instead, she put it on the ground. Tears came to my eyes. When she saw that I was crying, she smiled.

I returned home, hurt and ashamed of my simple life. In the kitchen, Mrs Joe and Uncle pumblechook were waiting for me. They wanted to know what had happened, but I didn't want to tell them the truth. Later, when I was alone with Joe, I told him everything. I said that the beautiful girl at Miss Havisham's house had said I was common⁽²⁾, and that I felt ashamed.



Joe told me to be happy with my position in life, but I could not forget what had happened. I knew that this was the beginning of something that would change the rest of my life. I decided to learn as much as I could at the village school. If I had a better education(3), perhaps Estella would be kinder.

Two days later, I asked Biddy if she would help me more with my lessons, and she happily agreed. The village school was very busy and noisy, but when I left it that evening I hoped that with hard work, I would one day leave my simple life behind and become a fine gentleman.

On my way home, I met Joe at the village inn. He was sitting with a man I had not met before. He looked at me strangely.

'lt's bad weather tonight,' Joe said. 'The mist is so thick, you wouldn't know there was

a prison ship out there on the marshes!' 'Oh, is there?' asked the man. 'I don't know this area. It seems very lonely out on those marshes.

'Marshes are always Ionely,' replied Joe.

'Perhaps you're right,' said the man.

The man then asked if any escaped convicts had been found recently, and I began to feel uncomfortable.

Then the man stirred⁽⁴⁾ his cup of tea, and I saw that he was using a blacksmith's file. It was the same file that I had taken from Joe's workshop a year ago! But Joe did not notice.



(3) تعليم



Exercises on Chapter (2)

Remembering Understanding Applying Analysing Evaluating Creating

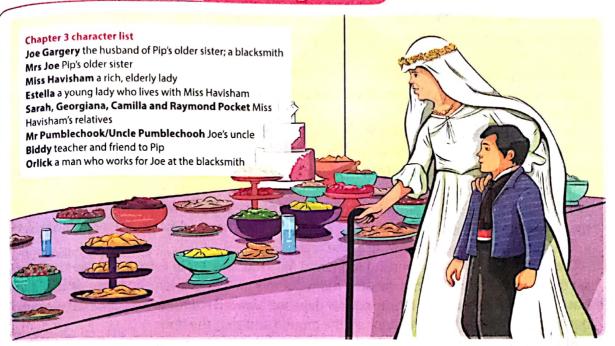
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1	١	When het	he box, he heard someth	ing rattling around inside.	(5)	tudent's book
	i	a) shook	b) destroyed	c) made	d) designe	d
2	-	The guide told us th	ne Pharaoh spent a	building his palace.	(St	udent's book
		a) mess	b) fortune	c) sum	d) quantity	/
3		The mother of the	cried during the	wedding.	(St	udent's book)
		a) planner	b) singer	c) bride	d) musicia	n
	1	The storm cut off th	ne electricity so we had to	use	(St	udent's book
		a) surprises	b) stations	c) machines	d) candles	
	5	The man was	to Pip for bringing hir	n something to eat.	(St	udent's book
		a) grumpy	b) gloomy	c) grateful	d) disappo	inted
	6	If you don't	the sauce, it won't be si	mooth.	(St	udent's book)
		a) cool	b) stir	c) freeze	d) drop	
	7	He wasth	at he had lied.		(St	udent's book)
0.)		a) ashamed	b) cheerful	c) grateful	d) deceived	d
	8	The bride wore a lo	ongon her head	that matched her wedding	dress. (Ste	udent's book)
		a) shawl	b) curtain	c) veil	d) necklace	2
	9	My grandmother	a good heart. She	e always offered us valuable	presents.	
		a) missed	b) had	c) helped	d) aifted	
	10	When I returned he	ome, I saw my wife standi	ng on a ladder hanging som	ne new	,
		a) curtains	b) carpets	c) pipes	d) slides	
	11	Our neighbour has		sband died six months ago		
		a) good	b) broken	c) delighted	d) spoken	
	12			e recalled his wife's death.		
		a) meditation	b) pleasure	c) tears	d) hope	
	13	Our boss thought	the new secretary was ve	eryand uneducate	d because of	f the way
		sne talked.				
	7990 120 110	a) disappointed	b) arrogant	c) popular	d) common	l
	14			nool without qualifications.		
	10	a) sight	b) education	c) thought	d) view	



Chapter 🖁

Reading Text



When I realised that the man in the inn had met the convict I helped on the marshes, I wanted to take Joe away. Before we could go, however, the man took out a new coin⁽¹⁾. He wrapped⁽²⁾ it in some paper and gave it to me.

'This is yours,' he said, 'but be careful!'

Feeling frightened, I took the coin and left with Joe. When we got home, we realised that the paper wrapped around the coin was a pound note⁽³⁾. Joe went back to the inn immediately to try to find the man and return his note to him. However, the man had left. Mrs Joe put the pound note on a shelf where it would be safe and there it remained.

On my next visit to Miss Havisham's house, Estella took me into a gloomy⁽⁴⁾ room where three ladies and a gentleman were waiting. They were Miss Havisham's relatives, Sarah, Georgiana, Camilla and Raymond Pocket, and they had also come to see her that day.

A bell rang far away. Miss Havisham was ready to see me. Holding up her candle, Estella led me through the dark house.

'Well, boy!' She asked. 'Am I pretty?'

'Yes, you are very pretty.'

'Why don't you cry?' She asked, looking unkindly at me.

'I'll never cry again,' I said.

Just then, we met a large, dark-haired man on the stairs.

'Ah, you are a neighbour, I think?' He asked.

'Yes, sir,' I replied.

'Why are you here, boy?'

'Miss Havisham asked for me,' I explained.

Well, behave yourself [5]! This is not a place for children to play, he said, before walking away.

I thought that he might be a doctor, and I continued walking up the stairs. I soon found myself in Miss Havisham's room again. Everything was the same as before.



(5) كن مؤدبًا

(3) عملة ورقية(4) كليب

(1) عملة معدنية

(2) ملفوف

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Chapter 3 Great Expectations

'So! Are you ready to play?' She asked.

'I don't think I am, madam,' I replied.

'Well, do you want to work then?'

I said that I did, and she told me to wait for her in the dining room opposite.

When I entered the dark room, I could see a long table laid with a table-cloth⁽¹⁾ and plates, prepared for a wedding celebration⁽²⁾, but now covered with spiders' webs⁽³⁾. The room looked like it had been exactly the same for many years. There were spiders and mice everywhere. I was looking around the room and watching the spiders when Miss Havisham came quietly into the room behind me.

'What do you think that is?' asked Miss Havisham, pointing at a tall shape in the centre of the table. I went closer.

'It's a cake, Pip. A wedding cake! Mine!' She went on. 'And now, walk with me.'

She asked me to walk with her around the room, which we did for some minutes until Estella and the Pockets came in. They asked about Miss Havisham's health and wished her a happy birthday, but she sent them away.

'That wedding cake was brought here, a long time before you were born,' Miss Havisham told me. 'And everything is still here.'

She stood for a long time, looking at the table.

Then we returned to her dressing room and Miss Havisham told Estella and me to play. So we sat down to play games in her dressing room but this time Estella refused to speak to me. Finally, Miss Havisham asked me to return in a few days and allowed me to leave. Estella led me out of the house, again put my food and drink on the ground and shut the door.

Alone in the garden, I was surprised to see another boy looking at me out of a window. He disappeared into the house, and then came out into the garden to speak to me. He had very pale⁽⁴⁾ skin and short fair hair, so in my mind, I called him 'the pale young gentleman'.

'Hello, who let you in?' he asked.

'Estella,' I replied.

'Come and fight, then!' he said, preparing to hit me.

The boy was my age, but much taller than me. I ran at him hard and he fell over. He jumped up, prepared to fight again, so I ran at him again. This time he got a black eye. He did not seem to be strong and never hit me hard.

The fight continued for several minutes until the boy was on his knees, saying, 'You have won!'





(3) شبكات العناكب (4) شاحب

(1) مفرش المنطب (2) تحتمق He was so brave(1) that I felt sorry for him.

'Can I help?' I asked.

'No, thank you. Goodbye,' he answered.

Iknew that it was time to leave.

I did not see the pale young gentleman at Miss Havisham's again, although my visits continued. Nothing ever changed. Miss Havisham sat in her wedding dress, in her dusty⁽²⁾ dressing room; Estella and I played games as she watched; and Miss Havisham asked if I thought Estella was pretty⁽³⁾. I always said yes, and Miss Havisham seemed happy with this answer.

'What will you be when you grow up, Pip?' she asked one day.

Mrs Joe and Uncle Pumblechook had been talking about the same thing ever since I had started to visit Miss Havisham. They were sure that she wanted to give me all her money, and they wanted my visits to continue.

'I am going to become Joe's apprentice(4) and learn to be a blacksmith,' I said.

'Then tell Joe to come here at once,' she replied.

When Joe came with me on my next visit, Miss Havisham gave him a large bag of money.

'Pip will become your apprentice now,' she said. 'He is a good boy and this is his reward. The money is to pay for his apprenticeship⁽⁵⁾. But that's your⁽⁶⁾ lot! This is all you will get from me, Mr Gargery!'

'Shall I visit you again, Miss Havisham?' I asked.

'No,' she replied, 'Joe is your boss now. Estella, show them out!'

And so my apprenticeship with Joe began.

But I had changed. I no longer wanted to be a blacksmith; now, I was ashamed of my home and my family.

Estella was often in my thoughts, although I did not see her anymore. I was sure that she did not like my position in life, so I continued my education and worked hard. This was largely thanks to Biddy, who gave me lessons and taught me as much as she knew. Although she was older than me, Biddy was my friend.

About a year after my apprenticeship with Joe had begun, I asked Joe for an afternoon's holiday, so that I could visit Miss Havisham and thank her for helping me. When Orlick, Joe's workman, heard that I was going, he was very angry. He did not think it was right that I should have an afternoon's holiday, but he could not. I did not like Orlick; he was large and slow, and he often tried to make my life difficult at work. An argument⁽⁷⁾ began between Orlick and Mrs Joe, who wanted me to see Miss Havisham again. In the end, Joe had to stop them. But there was something strange about Orlick, but I could not put my finger⁽⁸⁾ on what it was.'



(7) جدال (8) لم استطع وضع إصبعى على (5) فترة التدريب في المهنة (6) هذا هو نصيبك (3) جمیلة (4) صبی متمرن فی حرفة (1) شجاع (2) مترب



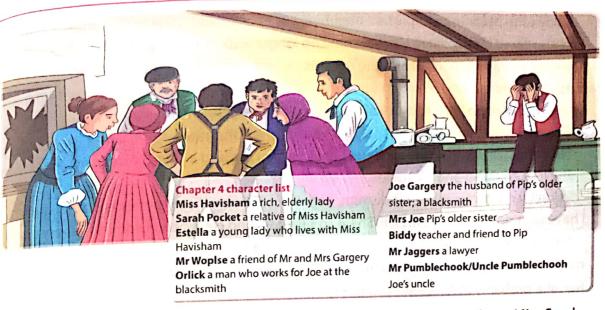
Exercises on Chapter (3)

•	Remer	mbering Understanding	🍮 Applying 💢 Analysing 👩 Evaluating	Creating	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Ch	oose the correct an	swer from a, b, c or d:		
	1	It was a grey and	day.		(Student's book)
		a) specific	b) bright	c) cheerful	d) gloomy
	2	There was a pile of	old books on the	e shelf.	(Student's book)
		a) uncovered	b) gloomy	c) dusty	d) departed
	3	My mother said, "	yourself" when I	ran in playing a game and	knocked over a chair.
					(Student's book)
		a) Believe	b) Behave	c) Apply	d) Reform
	4	l felt a spider's	brush against my fac	e as I walked through the d	oorway. (Student's book)
		a) web	b) net	c) basket	d) screen
	5	He worked for a year	ar as a builder's		(Student's book)
		a) boss	b) apprentice	c) trainer	d) coach
	6	The children had ar	າabout what ga	me to play.	(Student's book)
		a) argument	b) assignment	c) attainment	d) attachment
0	7	I'm going to apply i	for an when I fin	ish school.	(Student's book)
		a) extension	b) exercise	c) apprenticeship	d) existence
	8		nan was incredibly	to do a parachute jump.	
	, in.	a) disappointed	b) brave	c) arrogant	d) cowardly
Section 198	9	The referee flipped	a into the air to	decide which side would ba	at first.
100		a) coin	b) note	c) cheque	d) paper
	10	The bank only exch	angesand trave	ller's cheques; coins can't b	e exchanged.
		d) WIIIS	D) notes	c) shares	d) divisions
	11	There were wild str	eet when France	won the World Cup in 2018	8.
		a) laments	b) sorrows	c) celebrations	d) regrets
	12	The girl looked	in her simple cottor	n dress which all her friends	liked.
	ri (alian	a) ugly	b) common	c) strange	d) pretty
	13	The old man gave t	he servant a twenty-pour	nd note saying "that's your	,
The second second		a) toast	D) lot	c) coat	40.4
STATE OF STREET	14	ı can't my	ringer on it, but there's so	pmething different about yo	u today.
	TTA	a) put	b) cut	c) remove	d) touch



Chapter 4

Reading Text



When I visited Miss Havisham the next day, I was sorry that Estella was not there. Miss Sarah Pocket opened the door for me.

'What do you want?' Miss Havisham said angrily. 'I hope you don't want anything from me, because you will get nothing!"

Idon't want anything. I have come to say thank you – for my apprenticeship,'I explained. Well,' Miss Havisham replied, 'from now on(1), come to see me once a year, on your birthday!' Ipromised that I would.

You are looking for Estella, aren't you?' Miss Havisham continued. 'She has gone away for her education and she will become a lady. Do you feel that you have lost her, Pip?'

She laughed, and I did not know what to say. Then she asked me to leave, so I set off for home. On the way, I met Mr Wopsle, one of the guests from that Christmas dinner a few years ago, and we walked together. It was getting darker now. In the mist, a man came slowly towards us, and we realised it was Orlick. He told us that some more convicts had escaped from the prison ship, and he seemed to act strangely as he walked with us along the road back.

On my return to the house, I was surprised to find a crowd of people in the kitchen. While Joe had been out that evening, someone had broken into our house and they had hit Mrs Joe on the floor the head, injuring her badly. Nothing had been taken, but a convict's leg-irons lay on the floor. limmediately remembered the convict who I had helped two years before in the graveyard. However, I felt sure that the person who committed the crime was not him. I suspected⁽²⁾ Orlick because he had been so angry with my sister. However, I had no proof⁽³⁾.

Mrs Joe was unable to speak or walk again after the attack, but she could draw, and one day, she drew a hammer meant the blacksmith's hammer, which mass are could see that she was Which meant Orlick! When Mrs Joe was able to sit in the kitchen again, we could see that she was Scared(S) of him.

Mrs Joe could not hurt me now and because Joe needed help in the house, Biddy came to cook and clean for us. At last, my life was improving.

(5) مذعور

(3) دليل

(4) مطرقة

(1) من الأن فصاعدًا (2) يشك في

Great Expectations

Some years passed, and I continued my apprenticeship at the blacksmith's. My visits to Miss Havisham's house continued once a year. It seemed as though time, like her old clocks, had stopped there. I did not see Estella again during that time, although I often thought of her. And when it was time to leave, Miss Havisham always gave me a coin and told me to come back on my next birthday.

Biddy soon became an important member in our household(1). She looked after everything well. and also cared for my sister. Mrs Joe could no longer walk or speak, and now I felt sorry for her. As the weeks became months, and the months became years, I also saw how kind and good Biddy was.

One day, I said to her. 'Biddy, I want to become a fine gentleman.'

'But don't you think you are happier as you are, Pip?' She asked, surprised.

'No, Biddy,' I explained. 'I will never be happy unless I can lead a different life to the one I live now.' She looked down and was quiet.

'I don't want to be just a blacksmith,' I continued. 'Ever since I met Estella at Miss Havisham's, I have wanted to improve myself. She is so beautiful and clever, and I admire her very much!'

After a moment, Biddy asked quietly, 'Do you want to become a gentleman to upset(2) her, or to marry her? If you want to upset her, then you shouldn't care what she thinks; if you want to marry her, she probably isn't worth the effort(3).'

'That may be true,' I replied, 'but I still admire Estella so much!'

I knew that I was making a mistake, but I could not change my feelings.

Biddy told me then that she was glad I could talk to her, and said she would never tell anyone else.

'I will always tell you everything, Biddy!' I said.

'Until you're a fine gentleman,' she replied, in a strange, sad voice.

It seemed impossible that my wish to become a gentleman would come true. But one evening, while Joe and I were at the village inn, listening to Mr Wopsle reading aloud from a newspaper, I noticed that a stranger was looking at us. Then I remembered him. He was the gentleman I had met on the stairs at Miss Havisham's house, years before.

'Is your apprentice, Pip, here?'The dark man asked us, looking at Joe. 'I need to speak privately (4) to you both!

He sounded like an important man, so we invited him to come back to the workshop with us. Once there, he said he was Mr Jaggers, a lawyer from London.

'I am working for someone but I cannot tell you their name,' he explained. 'I have to tell you that Pip has great expectations(5). He will receive a large amount of property(6) in future, so now he must have an education. The only condition(7) is that he does not ask who his benefactor(8) is.

I immediately agreed. Joe was so surprised that he did not object at all when Mr Jaggers asked him if he could end my apprenticeship immediately.



(7) شرط (8) متبرع/ماعل خير

(5) توقعات/آمال (6) ملكية/ممتلكات

(3) يستحق الجعد (4) على انفراد

(1) لفراد العائلة (2) يزعج/يطليق 'I have a large sum of money for you,' Mr Jaggers continued, turning to me, 'and your education will begin soon in London, with Mr Matthew Pocket. He will be your teacher and he will make a gentleman of you! But first, take these twenty pounds to buy some new clothes.'

When Joe was asked if he needed any money for losing me at the blacksmith's, he replied, 'Pip is welcome to go and find his fortune. Money makes no difference to my feelings⁽¹⁾ for him. We will always be best friends.'

Joe was so good and kind, and really cared about me. When he and Biddy realised that I was to leave them in just a week, they both congratulated me, but they did not say much more than that. I knew that they were sad that I was leaving. My sister did not understand what was happening, although Biddy tried to explain everything to her.

I decided that when I had bought my new clothes, I would put them on at Uncle Pumblechook's house.

'I don't want all the poor people in this village to see me in my fine clothes,' I explained to Joe and Biddy.

They were both silent⁽²⁾. Uncle Pumblechook, however, was delighted.

'I will never forget you, Joe,' I said, as I left the blacksmith's a week later. However, in truth⁽³⁾, I had begun to feel more and more ashamed of Joe's poor education. When I said goodbye to Biddy, I asked if she could teach Joe to speak better, but to my surprise she refused. Suddenly, I felt lonelier than ever before.







(3) في الواقع

(1) مشاعر (2) صامت

Chapter 4 Great Expectations

347

Practice (



Exercises on Chapter (4)

•	Remembering)
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	Unde	rstand	ina
•	OLIVE:	S DIMENTS	17 YC

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-	•	940 J		9	



(Choose the correct	answer from a, l	o, c or d:	
	1 My grandparent	ts bought	in Cairo when they were younger.	(Student's book
	a) availability	b) equality	c) ability	d) property
	2 That rich man w	as a to h	elp build the hospital.	(Student's book
	a) criminal	b) charity	c) benefactor	d) oppressed
	3 We need to use	thisto hi	t the nails into the wood.	(Student's book
	a) saw	b) hammer	c) drill	d) file
	4 Everyone	that these two	people were responsible.	(Student's book
	a) suspects	b) evades	c) avoids	d) releases
	5 My dad said that	from now	, I must do my homework as soon	as I get home.
				(Student's book
	a) in	b) on	c) about	d) to
•	6 The necklace we	found in the car is	s that she took it.	(Student's book
	a) key	b) reason	c) proof	d) doubt
7	My brother has w	orked very hard o	n his art project, but he thinks the har	d work will be
}	the effort.			(Student's book
•	a) equal	b) worth	c) worse	d) clear
8	I haveth	nat good things ar	re going to come my way this year.	(Student's book
	a) implications	b) fights	c) fears	d) expectations
9	I knew it wouldn'	t be easy to becor	ne a scientist, but my was s	set on my goal.
				(Student's book
	a) brain	b) neck	c) heart	d) felling
10	My mum was	that I'd forgo	otten her birthday.	(Student's book
	a) upset	b) pleased	c) joyful	d) excited
11	The students were	asked to remain	while their names are calle	ed before the test.
	a) moving	b) silent	c) shy	d) ashamed
12	Our parents will g	ive us the money	on one—that we pay it ba	
	a) state	b) test	c) condition	d) position
3	The nursery schoo	l teacher asked to	talk to the boy's parents	a, position
	a) sadly	b) vainly	c) publically	d) privately
4	The young actress	laughed and cha	tted but was, truth, not ha	Ving much fun
	a) at	b) about	c) in	d) on



Chapter 5

Reading Text

Chapter 5 character list

Miss Havisham a rich, elderly lady

Mr Jaggers a lawyer

Matthew Pocket Miss Havisham's cousin; father of Hebert Pocket; Pip's

teacher in London

Mr Wemmick Mr Jaggers' clerk

Herbert Pocket a relative of Miss Havisham; who Pip will live with in London

Miss Havisham a rich, elderly lady

Estella Miss Havisham's adopted daughter

Miss Havisham's half-brother

Miss Havisham's fiancé

Startop a man who is staying with Herbert Pocket and Pip

Bentley Drummir a man who is staying with Herbert Pocket and Pip



I visited Miss Havisham, wearing my new clothes.

Thave been given a fortune since I last saw you, Miss Havisham, I said. 'And I am so grateful!'

'I know,' she replied, 'and you have a good life ahead of you. But remember to follow Mr Jaggers advice!'

She looked pleased as I said goodbye, and I felt sure that she was my secret benefactor. After all, Mr Jaggers had told me that I was to be educated in London by Mr Matthew Pocket, one of Miss Havisham's relatives(1).

When I was sitting on the coach to London the next day, after a quick goodbye to Joe, my sister and Biddy, I felt as though the whole world was waiting for me.

It was five long hours before I arrived at Mr Jaggers' office in London. His clerk(2), Mr Wemmick, explained that because Mr Jaggers was still at work, I should wait for him in his office. It was an unpleasant place, and I was sad that I had left the blacksmith's.

When Mr Jaggers returned, he said that I should go to my lodgings(3) at Barnard's Inn, where would share rooms with Mr Matthew Pocket's son. He wanted to take me to his father's house in a few days' time, so that I could meet my new teacher.

Here is some money, Pip, Mr Jaggers continued. It is a lot of money! But don't worry; I will know how much you spend, in case there are any difficulties.'

This was good news! I felt happier now, and I agreed to go to my lodgings with Mr Wemmick. He told me that Mr Matthew Pocket lived in Hammersmith, five miles away.

When we came to Barnard's Inn, I was disappointed. It looked dusty and gloomy. Mr Wemmick left me at the door, but no one answered it.

I thought that no one would come and let me in, but after about half an hour, I heard footsteps(4). A tall, thin young man

'Mr Pip?' he asked. 'I am sorry! I went to buy some fruit at the market and I thought you would arrive later than this.'

He invited me in. It was only when he turned to speak to me, in the light of the window, that I saw who he was - the pale young gentleman!



(3) مسكن (4) خطوات أقدام

Herbert Pocket was the pale young man. He was not handsome⁽¹⁾, but his face was cheerful, and I liked him at once. However, I had a strange feeling that he would never become rich.

We immediately began talking. I discovered that Miss Havisham had once thought she might adopt Herbert, so she had invited him to visit her. That was on the day that I had met Herbert, and fought with him in the garden. After that visit, however, Herbert was not invited to Miss Havisham's again.

'She didn't think I was suitable,' Herbert told me. 'But if she had adopted me, I would probably be rich now. And if that had happened, then I might even be Estella's fiancé(3), too!'

'You must be disappointed!' I said.

'No, not at all,' he replied. 'I think I have had a lucky escape! Estella is proud and cruel. Miss Havisham adopted her, you know. She wants to use her – to take revenge on on men!'

I was very surprised. Estella was adopted! Why did Miss Havisham want to use her in such a strange way?

When we sat down to eat, Herbert continued to tell me about Miss Havisham. First, however, he told me how to behave at the dinner table, for which I was grateful.

I soon discovered from Herbert that Mr Jaggers was Miss Havisham's lawyer. Mr Jaggers had suggested that Herbert's father, Mr Matthew Pocket, should be my teacher in London. I was convinced now that Miss Havisham was my secret benefactor!

Herbert told me more about Miss Havisham. He explained that when she was a young woman, she and her half-brother had inherited⁽⁵⁾ a fortune from their father.

It was not long, however, before her half-brother spent his share⁽⁶⁾ of the money and became jealous of her. He wanted to have her money, and he started to think about how he could get it from her. He didn't care if he had to hurt her to get it.

Soon afterwards, Miss Havisham got engaged⁽⁷⁾. During this time, she gave most of her fortune to her fiancé. This was against the advice of her cousin, Matthew Pocket, who warned her not



to trust her future husband too much. Miss Havisham became very angry with Matthew Pocket and ordered him to leave her house. He has never been there since.

'Is your father still angry with Miss Havisham for ordering him to leave?' I asked Herbert.

'No, he's not angry at all,' replied Herbert. 'But when Miss Havisham sent him away that day, she said that he wanted to get her money himself. If he visited now, it would look as if he still wanted her money.'

On the morning of the wedding, when everything was ready and the guests were expected, there was some bad news. Miss Havisham's fiancé had left her! She received the news at twenty to nine in the morning, while she was getting dressed. Ever since that time, more than twenty-five years ago, neither Miss Havisham, nor her house, had changed at all. Even the clocks in the house had been stopped.



(7) مخطوبة

(5) ورث

(6) نصيب

(3) خطیب

(4) يثار من

(۱) وسيم

'But why didn't Miss Havisham's fiancé marry her?' I asked. 'He would have had all her property then.' perhaps he was already married,' Herbert said.

It seemed that the fiance had, in fact, planned everything with Miss Havisham's half-brother, hoping to take as much money from her as they could. Nobody knew if the two men were still alive(1), or not.

The following day, I was taken to meet the Pocket family at their home in Hammersmith in West London. They lived by the river in an old house. When we arrived, we found Herbert's younger brothers and sisters playing noisily in the garden. Despite the place being very ordinary, it was a happy house, and I immediately felt comfortable there.

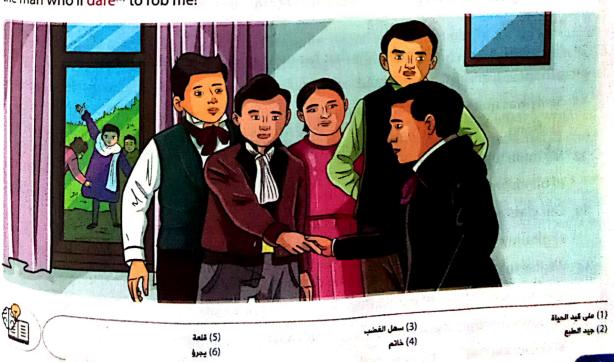
Mr Matthew Pocket and his wife were as cheerful as their son, and made me welcome. After they showed me my room, they introduced me to two other young men who were also staying there. We soon got to know each other very well. Startop was good-natured⁽²⁾, but Bentley Drummle was proud and grumpy⁽³⁾.

lwas learning how to live like a young gentleman and improving my education because I would be very rich one day. Mr Jaggers gave me more money whenever I asked, which was quite often. Inoticed, however, that he never laughed, and everyone seemed scared of him.

One day, while waiting in Mr Jaggers' office, I had a conversation with Mr Wemmick about Mr Jaggers' work. I noticed that Mr Wemmick was proudly wearing a ring⁽⁴⁾. He told me that it was a present from people he had worked with.

Iwas invited to Mr Wemmick's house. He lived with his father some distance from the centre of London, in a strange building that looked like a small wooden castle⁽⁵⁾.

Mr Wemmick told me that all of London's criminals were afraid of Mr Jaggers, so they left him alone. I learnt that Mr Jaggers did not even lock his house at night, and often said, 'I want to see the man who'll dare' to rob me!'



Chapter 5 Great Expectations



Exercises on Chapter (5)

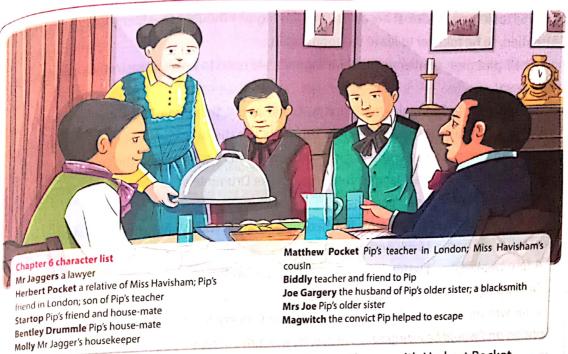
Understanding Applying analysing Evaluating Creating

No. of Contrast	Cn	oose the correct ar	nswer from a, b, c or d:			
Total Control	1	Ashraf was feeling	lonely, so I suggested tha	at hea cat.		(Workbook)
		a) adopt	b) adapt	c) torture	d) punish	
	2	The manager aske	d the to type the	e letter on the computer.		(Workbook)
		a) servant	b) clerk	c) customer	d) produce	r 1
Automotive	3	Manar came in last	t in the race, so she's feelir	ng quite		(Workbook)
		a) successful	b) cheerful	c) grumpy	d) optimist	ic
	4	Rasha got engage	d. Yesterday, she and her	Adam, plan to have	a wedding i	reception
		in June.				(Workbook)
-		a) assistant	b) classmate	c) colleague	d) fiancé	
	5	The Smiths are now	w very rich thanks to their	grandfather's		(Workbook)
		a) debts	b) inheritance	c) heritage	d) quality	
	6	The teacher asked	the students to	their answers with the rest o	of the class.	(Workbook)
		a) hide	b) divide	c) share	d) prevent	
	7	The family was aske	ed to forgive the thieves fo	or stealing their food, rather t	han	revenge
		on them.				(Workbook)
		a) earn	b) lose	c) give	d) take	
	8	My parents said the	ey were very of r	me when they saw my grade	es.	(Workbook)
	, . , .	a) disappointed	b) proud	c) oppressed		ul
	9			complains about everythin	g! - 12	(Workbook)
		a) grumpy	b) cheerful	c) kind-hearted	d) well-beh	aved
	10		. when she saw that her n	ew shoes were broken.		(Workbook)
		a) impressive	b) delighted	c) vain	d) disappo	inted
The second second	11		after being ill.			(Workbook)
The same of		a) strong	b) wealthy	c) pale	d) plump	
Sept Charles	12		look verywith n	ny new haircut!		(Workbook)
and the second		a) handsome	b) cheerful	c) virtual	d) affection	nate
1	40				an anection	
Carles princes of			for the extra help	o our English teacher gives u	ıs.	(Workbook)
STATE OF THE PARTY		a) gloomy	b) grateful	c) embarrassed	us. d) strange	(Workbook)
「日本の一日本の一日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日	14	a) gloomy We live in an		c) embarrassed	ıs.	(Workbook)
ではないよう 一日 一日 日本	14	a) gloomy	b) grateful	c) embarrassed	ıs.	1
The state of the s	14	a) gloomy We live in an a) inventive	b) grateful house near the station	c) embarrassed n. c) ordinary	us. d) strange	1
ではない 本の できませる はままできる はないないのできない ちゅうしゅう	14 15	a) gloomy We live in an a) inventive	b) grateful house near the stationb) innovative	c) embarrassed n. c) ordinary	us. d) strange	(Workbook)



Chapter 6

Reading Text



A few days afterwards, I was invited to dinner at Mr Jaggers' house with Herbert Pocket, Startop and Bentley Drummle.

Mr Jaggers lived in a large, gloomy building, not far from his office. We all sat down at a big table. There was plenty for everyone to eat and drink, but Mr Jaggers kept everything at his side, and served us himself.

When he saw Drummle, he immediately asked me who he was.

'That is Bentley Drummle,' I replied.

'So, Bentley Drummle is his name, is it?' he said. Mr Jaggers thought about this information for amoment before saying, 'I like the look of him!'

Mr Jaggers spent a lot of time looking at Drummle. He talked to Drummle for a long time, and Iheard Drummle boasting(1) that he was much stronger than Startop and me. We were both annoyed, and Startop and I found ourselves talking boastfully as well. Our conversation became a competition to show who had the best skills.

Mr Jaggers seemed to enjoy our talk as a form of entertainment⁽²⁾. But I didn't enjoy it at all. Idon't know why I said some of the things I did, but being among these people seemed to make me behave that way.

Just then, a woman of about forty entered the room. She was tall and thin, with pale eyes and long hair, and she gave Mr Jaggers an anxious(3) look as she put more food on the table. She seemed to be worried that Mr Jaggers would say something bad about the food. He introduced her as Molly, his housekeeper⁽⁴⁾.

Now, if you gentlemen want to see some real strength, show them your wrists(5), Molly! Mr Jaggers continued.



(5) معصمین

(3) قلق (4) مديرة منزل (١) متبلميًا

(2) ترفیه

She pulled up her sleeves⁽¹⁾ and showed them to us. One of her wrists had terrible scars⁽²⁾ on it; it must have been cut badly in the past.

'I have never met a man or a woman with stronger hands than Molly,' Mr Jaggers said. 'They are remarkable'.'! Don't you just think so?'

We all took turns to look at her arms. Then, Mr Jaggers thought that Molly was getting too m_{Uch} attention, so he told her to leave the room again.

'At half-past nine, gentlemen,' said Mr Jaggers, 'we need to finish. Please make good use of your time here.'

Until that time, Drummle continued to boast about things he had done, which Mr Jaggers seemed to encourage. However, when Drummle left the house with Startop, Drummle realised that he no longer had an enthusiastic⁽⁴⁾ audience for his boasting, and the two started to argue.

Before leaving, I told Mr Jaggers that I did not like Drummle at all. He advised me to keep away⁽⁵⁾ from him and then he said good night.

Fortunately, however, Drummle finished his education with Mr Matthew Pocket soon afterwards and returned home, to my great relief⁽⁶⁾.

A few weeks later, a letter arrived from Biddy. She wrote:

Dear Mr Pip,

I am writing to you at the request of (7) Mr Joe Gargery to let you know that he is going to be in London and would be very glad to see you. He will arrive at nine o'clock in the morning and hopes that this will be a good time for you. I am sure that you will be happy to see him because you always had a good heart.

Your poor sister is much the same as when you left. We talk about you every day and think about what you are saying and doing.

Yours sincerely,

Biddy

I wished that I could pay Joe not to come. He was my friend, but I was ashamed of him now. He wanted to visit me at Barnard's Inn, where I still had lodgings with Herbert. It was lucky, I thought, that he was not visiting me at my tutor's home in Hammersmith. I didn't want to introduce him to everyone there.

Early one morning, Joe arrived at my lodgings. He would not sit down. He looked very uncomfortable and he remained standing. He held on to⁽⁹⁾ his hat nervously. He seemed anxious not to do or say the wrong thing, but I was annoyed. If only he would not call me 'Sir' so often!

We ate breakfast with Herbert, who tried to help Joe to feel comfortable. But Joe coughed too much, sat too far away from the table, and dropped food everywhere. It was only when Herbert left for work, and we were alone, that I found out why he had come.

'Miss Havisham wishes to see you, Sir,' Joe said. 'And she wants you to know that Estella has come home.'

I hoped that Joe could not see how I felt.

'Pip, my dear friend,' he said, affectionately(10). 'I wish you well!'



(9) تمسك بـ (10) بمودة (7) بناء على طلب (8) معلم/مرشد

(5) يېتعد (6) راحة

(3) رائع (4) متحمس/حمه ا) انعلم [] نتيات Then he left. A few minutes later, I was sorry that I had been so unfriendly to Joe. I hurried outside, hoping to call him back, but it was too late. I could not see him anywhere.

Idecided to go home the following day. Although I thought of staying with Joe, I told myself that a room would not be ready for me at the blacksmith's.

Itold myself that it would be better for Joe if I stayed at a hotel instead, so I found one near Miss Havisham's house.

As I was waiting to leave London on the coach(1), I saw two convicts standing nearby. They wore leg-irons and handcuffs; their guard had a gun. I recognised one of the convicts immediately. It was the man who had given me a shiny new coin at the village inn a long time ago. I hoped that he would not recognise me. After all, I was older now, and dressed like a gentleman!

When the coach arrived, the two convicts and their guard climbed up, sitting just behind me. Itried not to look at them, but I could not avoid their conversation.

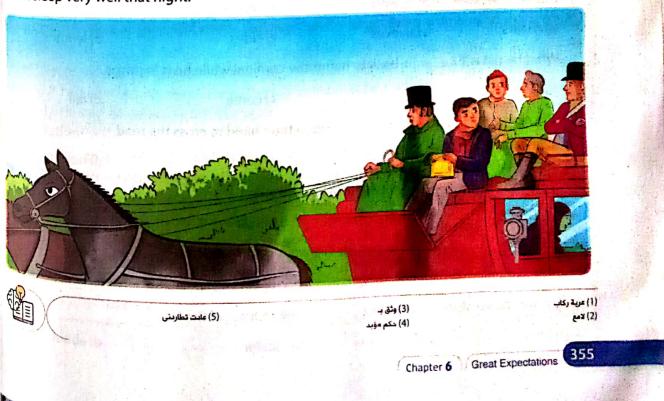
When I first went to prison,' I heard the first convict saying. 'I was only inside for a few months. When I was told that I could leave, another convict, Magwitch, asked me to help him. He wanted me to find a boy who had helped him, years before when he had escaped and was hiding on the marshes. Magwitch didn't know me then, but he gave me a shiny (2) new coin to give to that boy, if lever found him. And I did!'

'So the convict I gave the food and file to, all those years ago, is called Magwitch!' I thought. 'Huh!' said the second convict. 'Magwitch trusted⁽³⁾ you then, did he?'

Yes, he did,' the first convict replied. 'But he didn't know me very well.'

'Magwitch got a life sentence(4) for that escape, you know!' the guard said.

Memories came back to haunt me⁽⁵⁾, and I was scared. I got off the coach as soon as I could, and walked the rest of the way. It was late when I arrived at the hotel. I was feeling very tired, but I didn't sleep very well that night.





Exercises on Chapter (6)

Remembering

Understanding

Applying

Analysing

Evaluating

Creating

Choose the correct answer f	rom a, l	b, c or d:
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1	When a criminal is a	arrested, the police put ha	andcuffs on their		(Workbook)
	a) wrists	b) knees	c) legs	d) ankles	
2	My sister told me he		and smiled at me		(Student's book)
	a) strangely	b) affectionately	c) sadly	d) sorrov	
3			k leather shoes. Look at ho		,
	,	ia polistica my new blac	a leather should be		(Student's book)
	a) fixed	b) dim	c) shiny	d) dull	(Students book)
4			he best runner in our schoo		(Student's book)
	a) suspect	b) depress	c) grieve	d) boast	(Student's BOOK)
5	t a to		aiting to get our exam resu		a we hadn't
	done very well.	Wille We Wele W	anting to get our examines	into in cast	
	a) arrogant	b) boastful	c) remarkable	d) apviou	(Workbook)
6		opular that app has become		d) anxiou	
	a) cheerful	b) remarkable			(Student's book)
7			c) boring emain in prison his whole lif	d) patien	
1.7	a) sentence	b) statement			(Workbook)
8		-shirts with long	c) speech	d) jury	
0	a) collars	b) sleeves			(Student's book)
			c) sides	d) length	ıs
9			criminal while he is in prisor	n. ,	(Workbook)
144		b) go		d) fall	
10			neir hand to cross the road.		(Student's book)
	a) relieve	b) catch	c) grab	d) hold	
11		on hiş knee from an ope			(Workbook)
	a) sign	b) star	c) scar	d) signal	
12		about tennis. He is alway	s talking about it.		(Student's book)
	a) pessimistic	b) enthusiastic	c) optimistic	d) affecti	onate
13	The footballer sign	ed the T-shirt the	e request of the fan.		(Student's book)
	a) at	b) in	c) for	d) about	40本。新



Video Scripts

Video Script (Unit 3)

presenter: We asked three students to research the latest inventions and come back and tell us about their favourites. OK, first Omar...what did you find?

Omar:

The best invention I read about was these smart trainers. They have 'smart' transport tickets sewn into the insides of the shoes. This means if you're travelling on public transport and you're wearing the trainers you can just get on the bus, tram or underground without having to show your ticket. At the moment, they cost about £140, so I don't think a huge number of people will be wearing them yet. But there were big queues outside shoe shops when they first went on sale.

Presenter: Eman ... how about you?

Eman:

I found out about some amazing inventions, but my favourite invention is this robobird. It's already been used at the Edmonton International airport in Canada. It's a robot bird which chases away real birds. It seems that in the past real birds have caused problems for planes taking off and landing. These robotic birds look like real falcons, which are hunting birds, and scare other types of birds away. They can even move their wings up and down like real birds. They'll make airports much safer.

Presenter: Samir ... what did you discover?

Samir:

The best invention I found for sure is a high-tech robot tutor. It's about 16 inches tall and has arms, legs and a face. It has a camera which can tell if the student is losing attention and will adapt its style, so you don't get bored. The best thing is that it dances when you get a question right!

0-			
ĬI	Þ١	4)	0:00





Video Script (Unit 4)

Whilst it's important to keep informed about current affairs, reading the news when it's mostly bad can cause anxiety and stress. Bad news seems to get more attention, so this is what the media give us.

One 16-year-old said he had started worrying constantly about things he was reading in the news and it had affected his sleep. He told researchers that he had started avoiding the news completely. He said he generally felt better, but on the downside, he wasn't able to contribute to conversations with friends, and felt left out when they were talking about current affairs.

This solution may seem a little bit extreme, but there are ways we can reduce stress and anxiety caused by negative news. We spoke with psychologist Alison Carey about the issue. She advised young people to take a break sometimes, or to limit the amount of time they spend reading news to once every two days, or once a week. She also suggested that we interact more with positive news sources, such as the goodnewsnetwork or positivenews.com.

Most importantly, she said that getting out into nature, listening to music, spending less time On your screen and more time in face-to-face conversations would all help reduce stress and ^{anxiety} caused by bad news.

0:00





For decades now, there has been a fear that humans will be replaced by robots in the workplace. But is this something we really need to worry about?

The trend over the last few decades has been for repetitive, predictable work to be replaced by technology. A typical example of this is supermarket check-out assistants.

Supermarket workers are increasingly being replaced by self-service check-outs. Most supermarkets do still have more traditional check-outs with a human assistant as well. But the job of supermarket check-out assistant could soon completely disappear.

Developments in technology don't always mean that humans lose jobs though – they can create jobs, too.

Let's look at two examples. The internet gives us access to an enormous amount of information, but we still need humans to check how reliable this data is and analyse it.

That's what a data scientist does.

The internet has also given rise to a wide range of online learning courses. To be effective, these courses need to be designed in a user-friendly way. This is where a user-experience designer is needed. These jobs didn't exist before the advent of the internet, and we will probably see many more new types of jobs emerge in the next few decades.

So, it seems that there are two sides to the debate and the question remains: will human workers be completely replaced by technology? Or will human jobs simply change?



Video Script (Unit 6)

Reflection is something that more and more people are talking about today. We're told that it will help us to improve our performance – either at school or in the workplace. But a lot of us aren't sure exactly what reflection is. The simplest definition of reflection is that it's careful thought. It involves thinking about what has happened to you and analysing your actions and the beliefs that led to them in a lot of detail. When you reflect, your brain can take a break from the chaos of normal life, organise the experiences you have had and find some meaning in them. Reflection is, therefore, a learning process that lets you grow and develop as a person.

And the evidence suggests that reflection is a learning process that improves our quality of life. For example, a study of people travelling to work in the UK, found that the commuters who used their journey to work to think about their day and plan the next day were happier, more productive and less burned out than those who didn't.

So why do people often avoid reflection? Some people find it difficult to think back to and analyse to what they've done, and others think it's better to just take action instead. Whatever your opinion about reflection, it might be worth at least giving it a try and finding out if it can make you happier and more productive.





Advanced and Open General Ex. Answers

Unit 1 Unit 4 - diplomatic incident هنا بمعنى (أزمة دبلوماسية). 1, a) incident 1. d) promoted 2. c) demand - on demand هنا بمعنى (عند الطلب). - promote هنا بمعنى (يرقى إلى وظيفة أعلى). - spin هنا بمعنى (يغزل خيوطًا). 2. c) concentrated 3. d) spins 4.b) positive - positive هنا بمعنى (متأكد). - concentrated هنا بمعنى (مركز في مكان محدد). 3.a) particular 5. c) course - course هنا بمعنى (مسار الحياة). 6.d) spreads - spread هنا بمعنى (يمكن فرده على خبز). - تستخدم particular هنا بمعنى (شديد الحرص على). 4.b) cleared 7.a) impact - on impact منا بمعنى (أثناء الاصطدام). a, b) position - position هنا بمعنى (رأى/انطباع/وجهة نظر). - يستخدم clear off بمعنى (يختفي). 5. c) reason 9. a) bias - bias هنا يمعنى (موهبة فطرية). - يستخدم reason هنا بمعنى (العقل). 10.b) supports 6. d) has been working - support بمعنى (يدعم/يمكنه تشغيل ملف في كمبيوتر أو تليفون محمول). 7.b) opens 8. c) will have started 11.d) had had 9.a) tastes 16. b) didn't 10. b) use to 12.b)arrived/was getting 17. c) but 11. d) ever 13.a) was found/die 18. d) interview 12.a) appears 13.c) had 14 c) were 19. a) for 14. d) was having 15.b) have known 15. a) is 20. d)used to be/was Unit 5 Unit 2 1.c) qualify - qualify منا بمعنى (يجعله مؤهلًا لـ). 1.b) caught - get caught up in هنا بمعنى (يتورط في). 2.b) inspired - inspired determination هنا بمعنى (يوحي/يعطي شعورًا بالعزيمة). 2. c) turned - turn up بمعنى (يحضر). 3.b) straw - straw هنا بمعنى (شفاطة). 3. a) declined - decline هنا بمعنى (يرفض). 4. a) produce - produce بمعنّى (إنتاج زراعي). 4. d) communicated - communicate هنا بمعنى (بنقل مرض). 5.d) grade - make the grade هنا بمعنى (يفي بالشروط). 5.c) highlights - highlights هنا بمعنى (اللقطات البارزة/العلمة من). 6. c) equal - on equal terms هنا بمعنى (على قدم المساواة/متساو مع). 6.b) order - in order بمعنى (منظم/متبع للقواعد). 7.d) argued - argue into هنا بمعنى (يقنع بفعل شيء). 7. a) express 8. a) majority - express هنا بمعنى (سريع). - age of majority هنا بمعنى (سن البلوغ). - become an icon هنا يمعني (يصبح لحد الأيقونات/العلامات في مجال). 8. b) icon 9.b) award - award هنا بمعنى (زيادة منتظمة في أجر/مرتب). 9. c) background - bureaucratic obstacle هنا بمعنى (عقبة روتينية بيروقراطية). obstacle هنا بمعنى (عقبة روتينية بيروقراطية). - historical background هنا بمعنى (الخلفية التاريخية). 11.d) had been left 10. d) slide - slide عنا بمعنى (انخفاض). 12. b) was listening 16. d) both a & b 13.c) the police chased him 11.d) to visit 17.b) played 14. a) had gone 12. b) to be seen 18. c) has been working 15. c) hadn't taken 13. c) breaking 19. a) Had you really never seen 14, a) came 20. c) had always thought 15. b) smoking 1.d) approach Unit 3 16, d) write 17. c) He always thinks about the past and can't change it. 2.a) system - approach هنا بمعنى (يقترب من) 18. a) being 3. c) surface 19. b) be carried - system بمعنى (احد لجمزة الجسم) 20. c) on him wearing - scratch the surface هنا بمعنى (يخدش/يتعامل مع السطح (القبر القليل من) 4. b) survived 5. a) roll - survive بمعنى (يعيش بعد وفاة أحد الأقارب) Unit 6 1. c) focus 6. a) treated ـ focus منا بمعنى (يركز أشعة الشمس). - roll هنا بمعنى (قائمة أسماء) 2.b) interrupted 7.d) benefit - interrupt هنا بمعنى (يقاطع اثناء الكلام). - treat هنا بمعنى (يعالج بمادة كيميائية) 3. a) task - تستخيم be) taken to task) هنا بمعنى (يتعرض للوم أو التوبيغ). 8. b) individual - unemployment benefit منا بمعنى (إعانة بطالة) 4. d) progress 9, c) issue ـ in progress بمعنى (مستمر/متقدم). 5. c) error - individual هذا بمعنى (متميز). 10.d) escaped - trial and error هنا بمعنى (التجرية والخطأ). 6. a) stated 11. d) will have been flying - issue هنا بمعنى (طبعة/إصدار). - stated منا بمعنى (محدد/معلن/مطبوع). 12. d) will have/have finished 7. d) hand - escape death هنا بمعنى (ينجو من الموت). م in hand هذا بمعنى (يتم التعامل معه). 8. c) mention 16. d) to cook 14. a) will be treating - تستخدم not to mention بمعنى (ناهيك عن/مع إغفال). 17. c) to have been built 15.b) fears/will be killed 9. d) guarded

18. b) is about to start

20. d) will have read

19. a) is due to be published

Advanced and Open of

14. d) written

15. b) played

16. a) to have kept

17. c) to smoke

18. d) service

10. b) understanding

13. c) have had/repaired

11. c) to do

12. a) finding



Check Point Answers

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	Check Point 2	1. b	2. c	3. a	4. d	5. c	1. d		3. d	4. c	5. c
	Check Point 3	1. b	2. d	3. c	4. b	5. a	1. a	2. c			
	Check Point 4	1. a	2. c	3. d	4. b	5. d	1. a	2. d	3. c	4. b	5. a
	Check Point 5	1. d	2. c	3. b	4. a	5. b	1. a	2. d	3. c	4. b	5. b
	Check Point 1	1. c	2. d	3. b	4. a	5. c	1. d	2. c	3. b	4. a	5. c
	Check Point 2	1. a	2. c	3. d	4. a	5. b	1. c	2. a	3. d	4. b	5. a
	Check Point 3	1. c	2. d	3. a	4. c	5. a	1. c	2. d	3. c	4. a	5. b
	Check Point 4	1. a	2. c	3. b	4. d	5. c	1. a	2. d	3. c	4. a	5. d
	Check Point 5	1. c	2. a	3. b	4. d	5. a	1. b	2. a	3. c	4. d	5. b
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	Check Point 1	1. c	2. d	3. b	4. a	5. b	1. b	2. d	3. c	4. a	5. c
&2	Check Point 2	1. c	2. d	3. b	4. a	5. b	1. b	2. c	3. d	4. b	5. a
15.1	Check Point 3	1. d	2. c	3. a	4. c		1. c	2. a	3. d	4. a	5. b
Lessons 3 & 4 Lessons 1 & 2	Check Point 4	1. d	2. c	3. a	4. b	5. d	1. d	2. b	3. c	4. a	5. d
	Check Point 5						1. b	2. c	3. a	4. d	5. b
	Check Point 6		7	1			1. b	2. c	3. a	4. d	5. c
	Check Point 1	1. c	2. b	3. a	4. d	5. a	1. c	2. b	3. d	4. b	5. a
	Check Point 2	1. b	2. d	3. c	4. b	5. a	1. c	2. a	3. d	4. b	5. d
	Check Point 3	1. d	2. a	3. b	4. c		1. c	2. a	3. b	4. d	
	Check Point 4	1. d	2. b	3. c	4. a	5. a	1. d	2. a	3. c	4. b	5. c
	Check Point 5	1. c	2. a	3. b	4. d	5. c	1. d	2. c	3. a	4. b	5. d
	Check Point 6	1. b	2. c	3. a	4. d	5. a					
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8	Check Point 3	1. c	2. d	3. a	4. c	5. a	1. a	2. b	3. d	4. a	5. c
Lessons 3 & 4 Lessons 1 &	Check Point 4	1. d	2. c	3. a	4. b	5. d	1.da	2. c	3. c	4. a	5. d
	Check Point 5	1. d	2. a	3. c	4. d	5. b			3. a	4. b	5. c
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	Check Point 7	1. c	2. a	3. b	4. d	5. a					
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	Check Point 2	1. a	2. b	3. c	4. d	5. c	1. b	2. c	3. b	4. a	5. d
	Check Point 3	1. d	2. b	3. c	4. a		1. a	2. d	3. c	4. b	5. a
	Check Point 4	1. c	2. a	3. d	4. b	5. c	1. d	2. b	3. b	4. c	5. b
	Check Point 5	1. c	2. b	3. b	4. d	5. a		2. a	3. c	4. b	5. d
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